

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL

School of Mathematics

**ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY**

MATHM0036

(Paper code MATH–M0036)

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May/June 2023   2 hours 30 minutes

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The exam contains FOUR questions  
All Four answers will be used for assessment

Calculators of an approved type (permissible for A-Level examinations) are permitted.

**Candidates may bring four sheets of A4 notes written double-sided into the examination.**

Candidates must insert these into their answer booklet(s) for collection at the end of the examination.

On this examination, the marking scheme is indicative and is intended only as a guide to the relative weighting of the questions.

*Do not turn over until instructed.*

Q1. A *sheaf*  $\mathcal{F}$  of rings associated to a topological space  $X$  consists of the following data:

- (i) To each open set  $U \subseteq X$ , it associates a ring  $\mathcal{F}(U)$ .
- (ii) To each inclusion of open sets  $U \hookrightarrow V$ , there exists a map  $\text{res}_{V,U} : \mathcal{F}(V) \rightarrow \mathcal{F}(U)$  called the restriction map from  $\mathcal{F}(V)$  to  $\mathcal{F}(U)$ . These maps satisfy the property that  $\text{res}_{U,U} = \text{id}_{\mathcal{F}(U)}$  and  $\text{res}_{V,U} \circ \text{res}_{W,V} = \text{res}_{W,U}$ , where  $U \subseteq V \subseteq W$  are open sets.

These data satisfy the following properties:

- (iii) Suppose that  $f_i \in \mathcal{F}(U_i)$  are a collection of sections that agree on overlaps (formally,  $\text{res}_{U_i, U_i \cap U_j} f_i = \text{res}_{U_j, U_i \cap U_j} f_j$  whenever the intersection exists). Then they lift to a section  $f \in \mathcal{F}(U)$  which has the property that  $\text{res}_{U, U_i} f = f_i$  for all  $i \in I$ .
- (iv) Suppose that  $f, f' \in \mathcal{F}(U)$  and that  $\text{res}_{U, U_i} f = \text{res}_{U, U_i} f'$  for all  $i \in I$ . Then  $f = f'$ .

Let  $X$  be an irreducible quasi-projective variety.

- (a) (i) (**5 marks**) Assume that  $U$  and  $V$  are open subsets of  $X$  with  $U \subseteq V$ . Briefly explain why  $f \in \mathcal{O}_X(V)$  implies that  $f|_U \in \mathcal{O}_X(U)$ .
- (ii) (**5 marks**) Briefly explain why the collection of sets of functions  $\mathcal{O}_X(U)$ , where  $U$  ranges over all open subsets of  $X$ , forms a sheaf on  $X$ .
- (b) (**15 marks**) Prove that any regular function on  $X$  is continuous.

Q2. Consider the product varieties  $X = \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ ,  $Y = \mathbb{V}(xw - yz) \subseteq \mathbb{P}^3$  and the *Segre* morphism

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi : X &\longrightarrow Y \\ ([s : t] \times [u : v]) &\longmapsto [su : sv : tu : tv]. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) (**15 marks**) Find the inverse map  $\psi : Y \rightarrow X$ . (Hint. Describe the map  $\varphi$  in some affine charts.)
- (b) (**10 marks**) Prove that  $\psi$  is a morphism.

Continued...

- Q3. (a) **(10 marks)** Consider the family of algebraic varieties, with parameter  $t \in \mathbb{C}$ , given by

$$V_t := \mathbb{V}(xy - t) \subseteq \mathbb{A}^2.$$

Sketch the variety of  $V_0, V_1$ , and  $V_2$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Determine whether or not these varieties are smooth. Briefly justify your answers.

- (b) **(15 marks)** Let  $V \subseteq \mathbb{A}^n$  and  $W \subseteq \mathbb{A}^m$  be two affine algebraic varieties, and

$$\varphi : V \longrightarrow W$$

a morphism. Show that the pullback

$$\varphi^* : \mathbb{C}[W] \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}[V]$$

is injective if and only if  $\varphi$  is *dominant*. Recall that a map  $\varphi$  is called dominant if its image,  $\varphi(V)$ , is dense in  $W$ .

- Q4. Let  $\Sigma$  be the fan consisting of

- $\sigma_1$  cone spanned by  $\{(1, 0), (0, 1)\}$ ;
- $\sigma_2$  cone spanned by  $\{(1, 0), (1, -1)\}$ ;
- $\tau$  cone spanned by  $\{(1, 0)\}$ .

- (a) **(6 marks)** Determine whether or not the toric variety  $X_\Sigma$  has the following properties. Briefly justify your answer.

- (i) smooth;
- (ii) complete.

- (b) **(9 marks)** Describe the coordinate rings of  $X_{\sigma_1}$ ,  $X_{\sigma_2}$ , and  $X_\tau$ .

- (c) (i) **(5 marks)** Explain why we have the inclusions  $\mathbb{C}[X_{\sigma_1}] \subseteq \mathbb{C}[X_\tau]$ ,  $\mathbb{C}[X_{\sigma_2}] \subseteq \mathbb{C}[X_\tau]$ ;  
 (ii) **(5 marks)** Describe the gluing of  $X_{\sigma_1}$  and  $X_{\sigma_2}$  along  $X_\tau$ .

*End of examination.*