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# 3D Human Pose Estimation

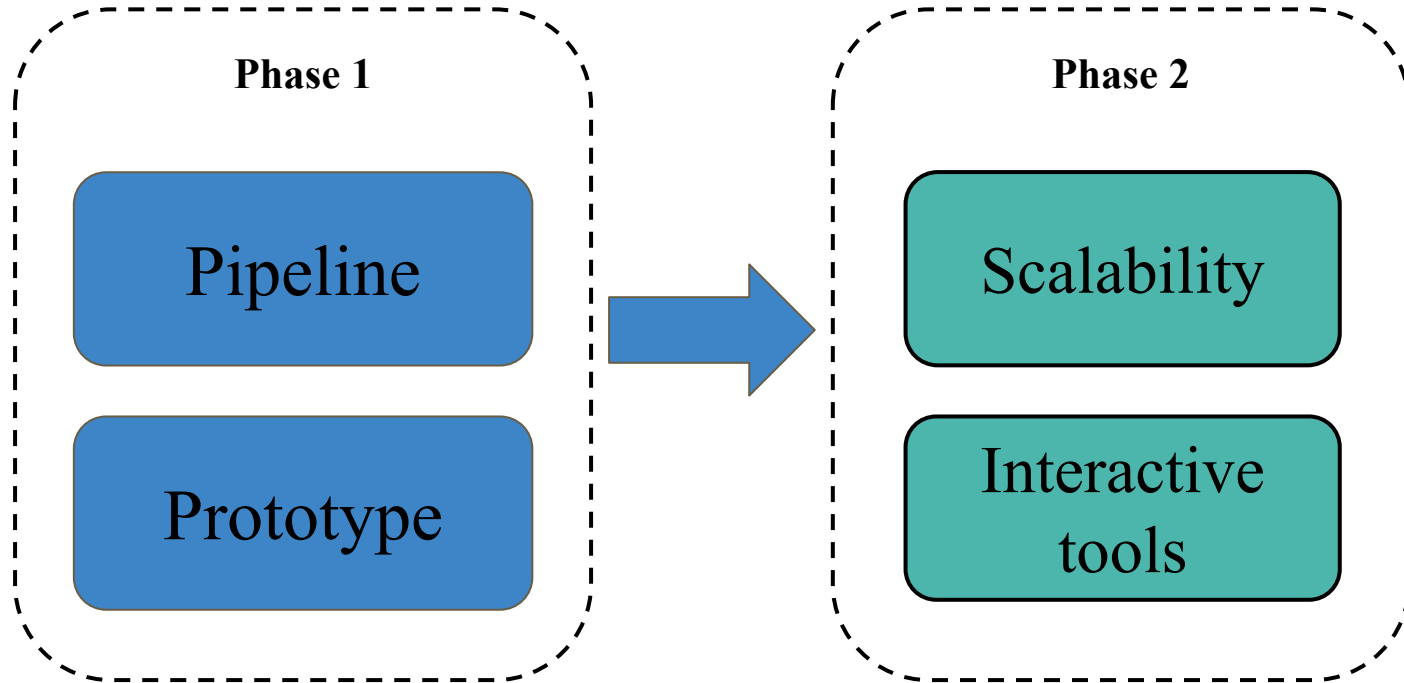
— Farhanur Rahim Ansari, Vidhey Oza, Minji Lee —

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# Project Goal

Perform 3D human pose estimation on monocular RGB images and videos, and make an interactive tool that helps in using this technology with convenience.

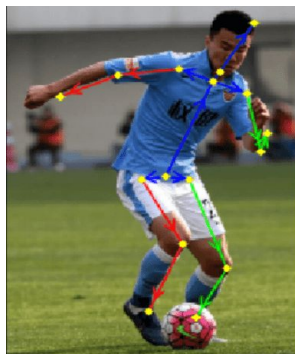
# Summary of Phase 1



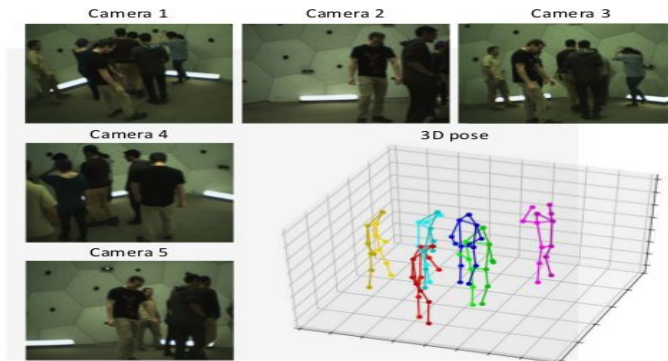
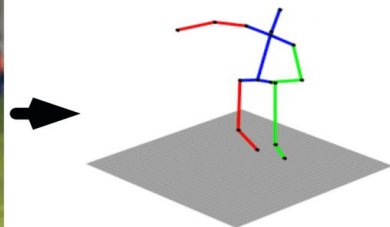
# Where Can We Use It?



**Robotics**



**Motion Capture**



**Surveillance**



**CGI**

# What are the main challenges?



Self  
Occlusion

Depth  
Ambiguity

Jitter

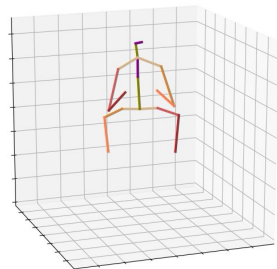
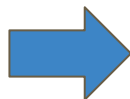
# How to estimate 3D pose from monocular RGB Image?

- One step method directly estimates 3D poses from RGB images in an end-to-end fashion

**One-step  
Method:**



3D Pose  
Estimation

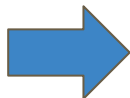


- Two-step method first predict 2D keypoints from RGB images and then lift them to 3D poses.

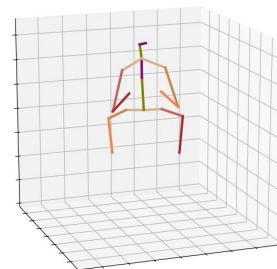
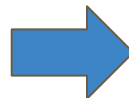
**Two-step  
Method:**



2D Keypoint  
Prediction



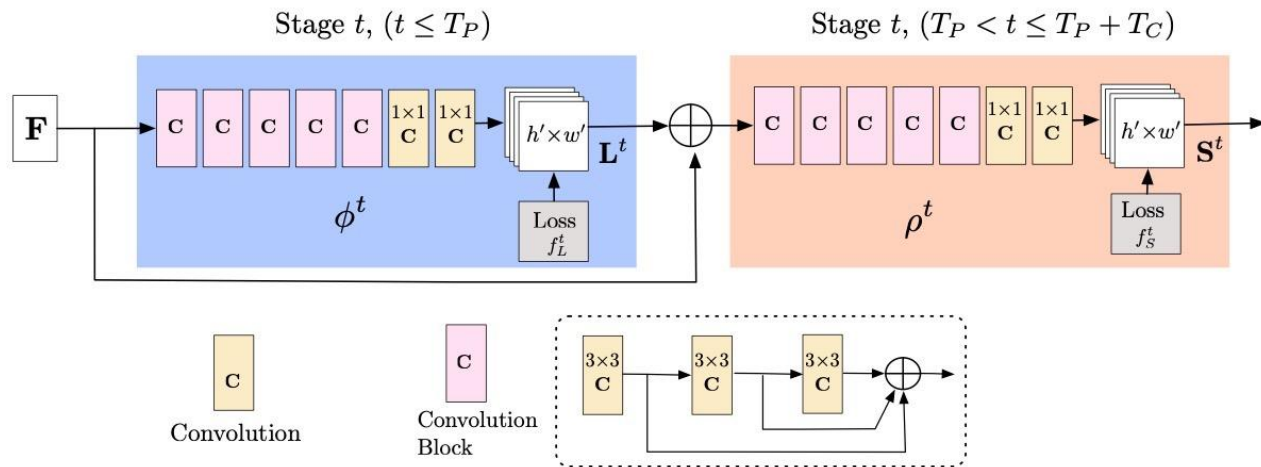
3D Pose  
Reconstruction



## Why two-step methods?

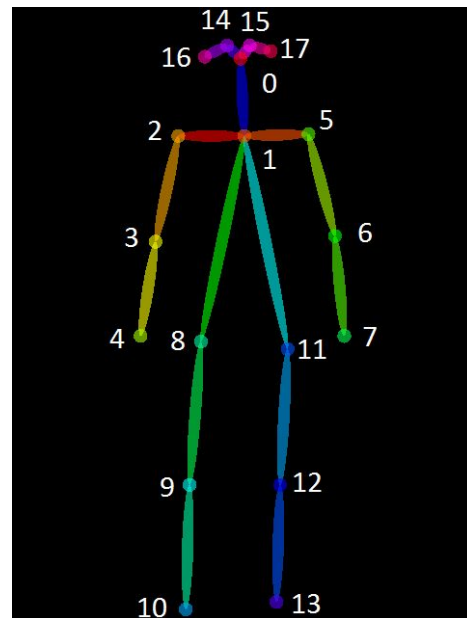
- Compatible with existing 2D pose estimation methods
- Avoids influence of background and human surface features
- 2D pose acts as auxiliary output for better convergence
- Has better generalization in the wild

# OpenPose (Input-to-2D)



(Top): OpenPose Architecture for the multi-stage CNN.

(Right): 18 Keypoint skeleton for COCO Dataset

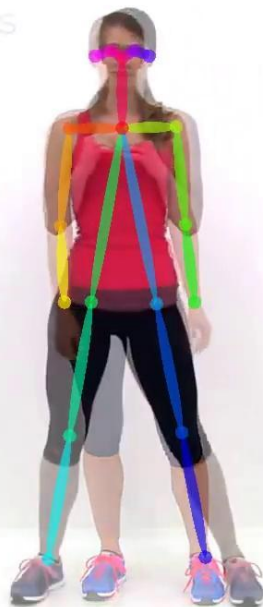




# OpenPose Output

Squats: 2D keypoint prediction

Roundabout Squats  
30 Repetitions



CALORIES 14 - 21

# GAST-Net (2D-to-3D)

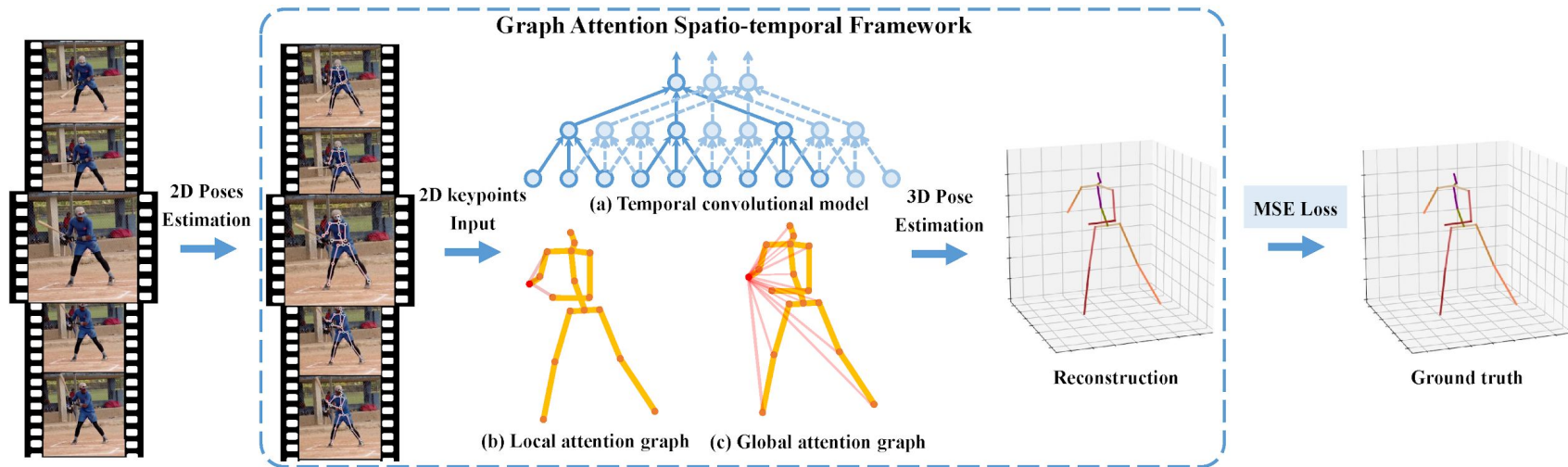
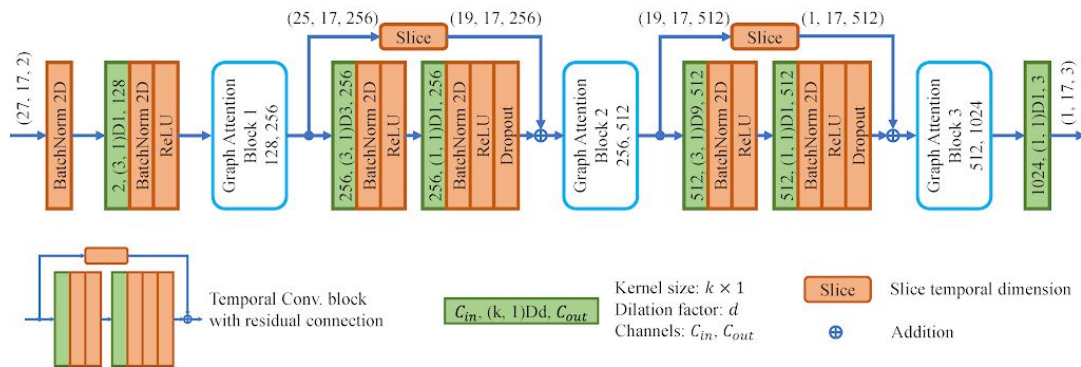
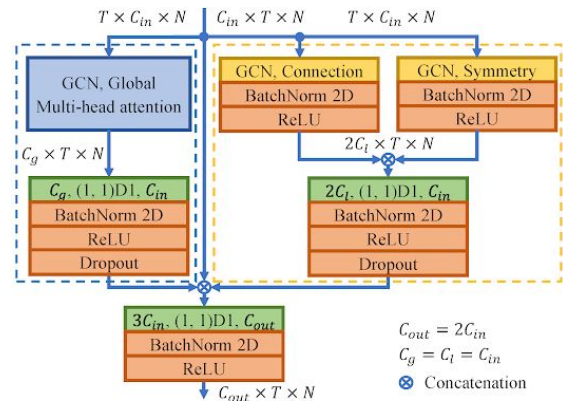


Fig: Schematic overview of GAST-Net Framework

# GAST-Net (2D-to-3D)



(a) Graph attention spatio-temporal convolutional networks

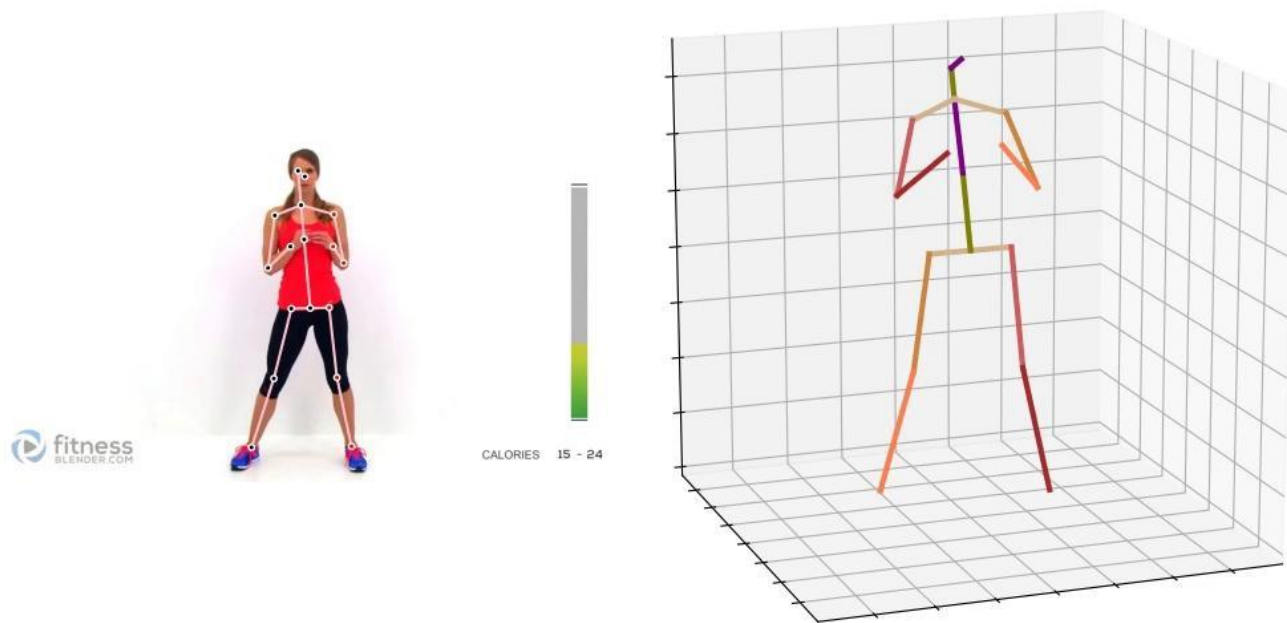


(b) Graph attention block

Fig: GAST-Net Architecture

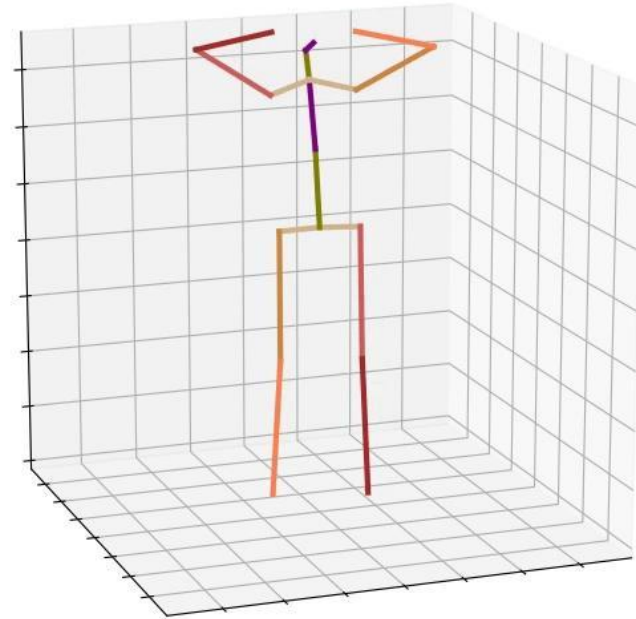
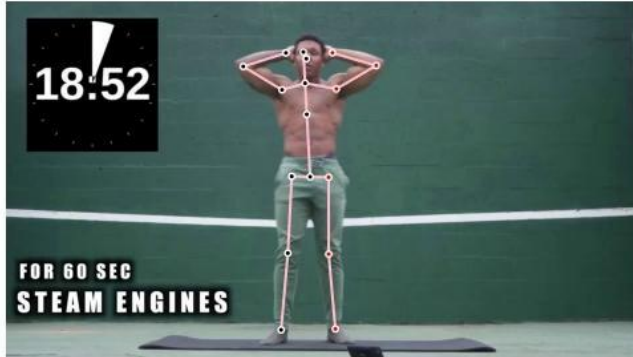
# GAST-Net Output

Squats: 3D pose reconstruction using 2D Keypoints



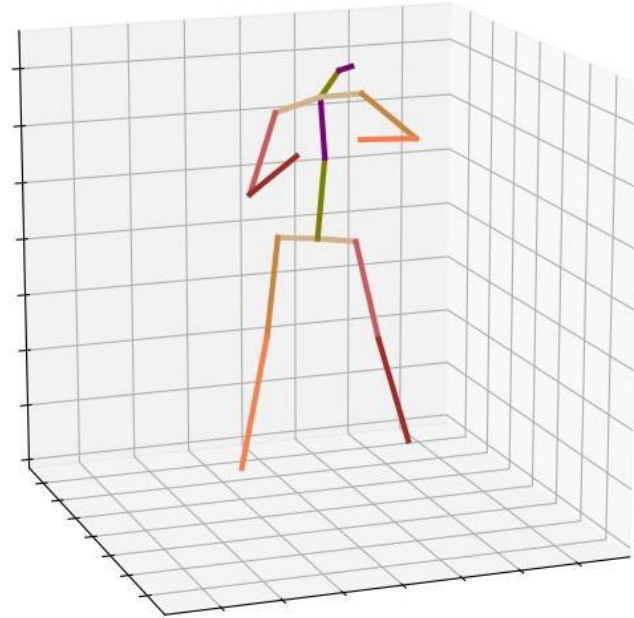
# Unstable 3D Estimation because of Jittering

Complicated exercises makes the 2D keypoints tracking difficult



# Self occlusion makes the estimation go haywire

Hidden body parts are difficult to assign a keypoint



# Future Work

- Fixing existing problem
- Retraining model
- Improving results
- Developing interactive tool for application usage
- Improving Scalability

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# Thank You!

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