



Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

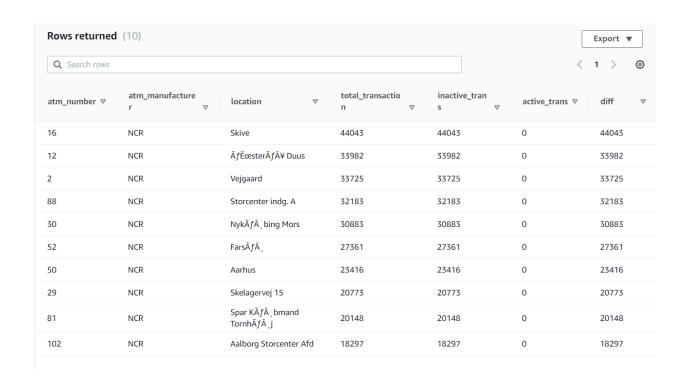
Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

```
select
       d.atm number,
       d.atm manufacturer,
       I.location,
       count(*) as total transaction,
       sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive_trans,
       sum(case when atm status = 'Active' then 1 else 0 end) as active trans,
       sum(case when atm status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) - sum(case when atm status
= 'Active' then 1 else 0 end) as diff
from
       etlproject.fact atm trans f
inner join
       etlproject.dim_atm d
on
       d.atm id = f.atm id
inner join
       etlproject.dim location l
on
        I.location_id = d.atm_location_id
where
       atm_status in ('Inactive', 'Active')
group by d.atm number, d.atm manufacturer, l.location
order by diff desc
limit 10
```







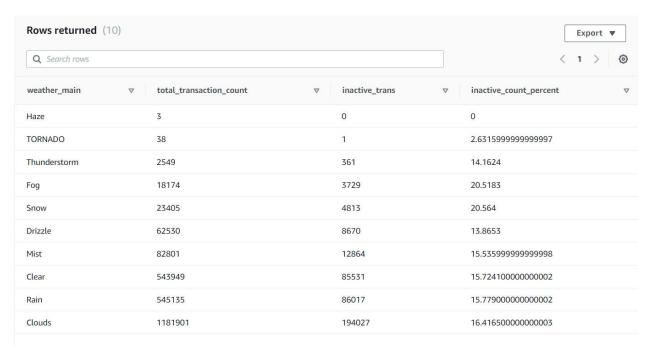




2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

```
select
    weather_main,
    count(*) as total_transaction_count,
    sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive_trans,
    round(cast(sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as
float)/cast(count(*) as float) * 100.00, 4) as inactive_count_percent

from
etlproject.fact_atm_trans f
where
    atm_status in ('Inactive', 'Active')
    and weather_main <> "
group by weather_main
;
```







3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

```
select
       d.atm_number,
       d.atm_manufacturer,
  I.location,
  count(*) as total_transaction
from
       etlproject.fact atm trans f
inner join
       etlproject.dim_atm d
on
       d.atm_id = f.atm_id
inner join
       etlproject.dim_location I
on
       I.location_id = d.atm_location_id
group by d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, I.location
order by total_transaction desc
limit 10
```

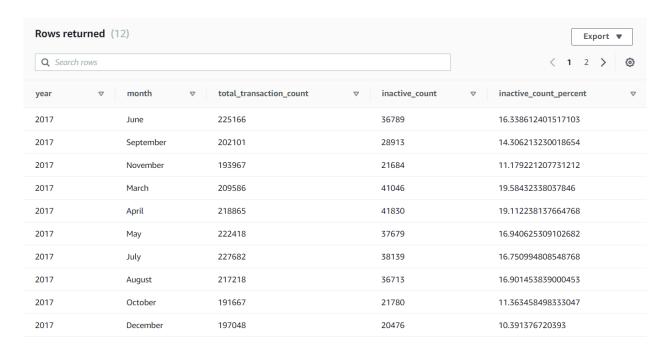
Q. Search rows						< 1 >	
atm_number	∇	atm_manufacturer	∇	location	∇	total_transaction	
9		NCR		Svenstrup		55380	
20		NCR		Bispensgade		54211	
0		NCR		NÃ f Â $_{,}$ rresundby		53794	
24		NCR		Hobro		53378	
15		NCR		Abildgaard		53198	
6		NCR		Skive		44043	
0		Diebold Nixdorf		Frederikshavn		43767	
		NCR		N $\tilde{\mathbf{A}}f\hat{\mathbf{A}}$ rstved		42787	
1		Diebold Nixdorf		Skagen		42732	
18		Diebold Nixdorf		Br $\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$, nderslev		42493	





4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

```
select
    year,
    month,
    count(*) as total_transaction_count,
    sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) inactive_count,
    cast(sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as float)/cast(count(*) as float)*100.0 inactive_count_percent
from
    etlproject.fact_atm_trans f
inner join
    etlproject.dim_date dt
on
    dt.date_id = f.date_id
group by month, year
:
```







5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

```
select
       d.atm_number,
       d.atm_manufacturer,
       I.location,
       sum(transaction_amount) as total_transaction_amount
from
       etlproject.fact atm trans f
inner join
       etlproject.dim atm d
on
       d.atm id = f.atm id
inner join
       etlproject.dim_location I
on
       I.location_id = d.atm_location_id
group by d.atm_number, d.atm_manufacturer, I.location
order by total transaction amount desc
limit 10
```

Rows returned (10) Q. Search rows							Export ▼ < 1 > ◎	
atm_number	∇	atm_manufacturer	\triangledown	location	∇	total_transaction_amount	7	
39		NCR		Svenstrup		277097637		
20		NCR		Bispensgade		271008803		
24		NCR		Hobro		268289882		
10		NCR		$N\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$, rresundby		267379103		
45		NCR		Abildgaard		265639616		
16		NCR		Skive		220677013		
40		Diebold Nixdorf		Frederikshavn		219812287		
41		Diebold Nixdorf		Skagen		214127315		
1		NCR		N $\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$ ¦stved		213721117		
48		Diebold Nixdorf		$Br\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$, nderslev		212883099		





6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

```
select

dm.card_type,

count(*) as total_transaction_count,

sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive_count,

cast(sum(case when atm_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as float)/ cast(count(*) as

float) * 100.0 as inactive_count_percent

from

etlproject.fact_atm_trans f

inner join

etlproject.dim_card_type dm

on

dm.card_type_id = f.card_type_id

where

atm_status in ('Inactive', 'Active')

group by dm.card_type
.
```

Rows returned (12)			Export ▼
Q Search rows			< 1 2 > ©
card_type	total_transaction_count	▼ inactive_count	▽ inactive_count_percent ▽
Visa Dankort - on-us	748805	112972	15.086971908574329
Visa Dankort	427840	60547	14.151785714285714
VISA	170828	30713	17.97890275598848
Dankort	28581	4557	15.94415870683321
Mastercard - on-us	458226	86000	18.768031495375645
$H\tilde{A}f\hat{A}_{i}^{l}$ vekort - on-us	62487	10331	16.533038872085392
MasterCard	400507	63482	15.850409605824616
Dankort - on-us	143813	24680	17.161174580879337
CIRRUS	17362	2953	17.008409169450527
$ extsf{H} ilde{A}f\hat{A}_{ extsf{i}}^{ extsf{I}} extsf{vekort}$	8459	1208	14.28064783071285



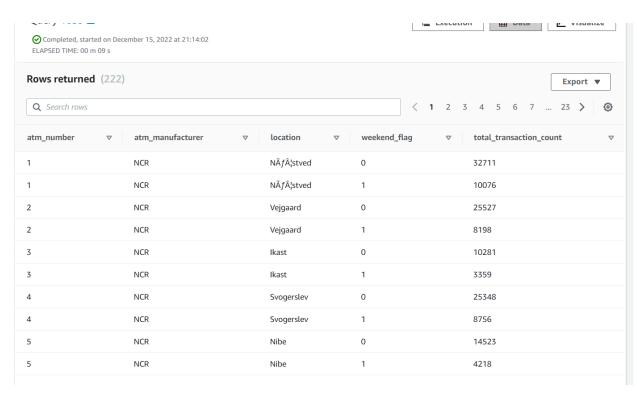


7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM_number, ATM_manufacturer, location, weekend_flag and then total_transaction_count

```
select
       d.atm number,
       d.atm_manufacturer,
       I.location,
       case when dt.weekday in ('Sunday', 'Saturday') then 1 else 0 end as weekend flag,
       count(*) as total transaction count
from
       etlproject.fact atm trans f
inner join
       etlproject.dim atm d
on
       d.atm id = f.atm id
inner join
       etlproject.dim location l
on
       I.location id = d.atm location id
inner join
       etlproject.dim_date dt
on
       dt.date id = f.date id
group by d.atm number, d.atm manufacturer, I.location, weekend flag
order by d.atm number, d.atm manufacturer, l.location, weekend flag, total transaction count
```











8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

```
with t1 as (
 select
   d.atm number,
   d.atm_manufacturer,
   I.location,
   dt.weekday,
    count(*) as total transaction count
 from
   etlproject.fact_atm_trans f
 inner join etlproject.dim atm d
   d.atm id = f.atm id
 inner join
    etlproject.dim_date dt
   dt.date_id = f.date_id
 inner join
    etlproject.dim location l
    I.location id = d.atm location id
 where
   I.location = 'Veigaard'
 group by d.atm number, d.atm manufacturer, l.location, dt.weekday
),
t2 as (
       select * from t1
select
       atm_number,
  atm manufacturer,
  location,
       weekday,
  total transaction count
from
       t1 t
where
       t.total_transaction_count = (select max(total_transaction_count)
                                            from t2
                                     where
                                            t.atm number = t2.atm number
                    )
```





