

HR 1 Human Resources Security Policy

		Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
HR 1.1		care entity shall develop, enforce and maintain a human resources icy covering the security aspects of employment and termination	
	The policy s	shall:	
	1. Define	management requirements on;	
	a.	Background verification for employees and contractors	
	b.	Roles and responsibilities	
	C.	Compliance with acceptable usage and other organizational security policies	Basic
	d.	Training and awareness needs	
	e.	Return of assets during exit	
		te the requirements of non-disclosure and confidentiality during er employment	
	3. Include	reference to organizational disciplinary process	

UAE IA Reference: M_{3.1.1}, M_{4.1.1}



HR 2 Prior to Employment

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
HR 2.1	The healthcare entity shall conduct background verification checks on all candidates for employment, contractors and third-party users The healthcare entity shall: 1. Define background verification process addressing provisions of government mandates and entity demands 2. Establish criteria for background verification checks based on: a. Role of the individual b. Classification of information access needed c. Access to critical areas d. Risk identified	Basic
HR 2.2	The healthcare entity shall establish specific terms and condition of employment The terms and condition shall: 1. Include control requirement specific to employees, contractors and third parties, relevant to their roles and risk profiles 2. Include information security responsibilities of the healthcare entity and of the employees, contractors and third parties 3. Include standard information security requirements 4. Be read, understood, agreed and signed by employees, contractors and third parties The healthcare entity shall: 5. Conduct mandatory briefing sessions to employees, contractors and third parties on standard and specific information security requirements of the terms and condition 6. Maintain adequate records on employee, contractor and third party briefing 7. Maintain terms and conditions signed by employee, contractor and third-party resources in-line with entity retention requirements	Basic

UAE IA Reference: M4.2.1, M4.2.2



HR 3 During Employment

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
HR 3.1	The healthcare entity management shall ensure employees, contractors and third party users adopt and apply security in accordance with established entity policies and procedures	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure employees, contractors and third party users are briefed on the entity's information security compliance requirements	Basic
	2. Establish acceptable usage policy and ensure users read, accept and sign the policy prior to the provision of system, application or information access	
	3. Consider segregation of duties to avoid potential misuse of position or conflict of interest	
HR 3.2	The healthcare entity shall develop new or modify existing awareness and training programs to include requirements of governmental and organizational information security demands	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure all employees and where relevant contractors and third parties receive appropriate awareness and training to enhance the entity's security posture and to minimize probabilities of information security risks	Transitional
	2. Ensure that an awareness and training program is formally launched and professionally managed	
	3. Enhance training contents and enrich delivery of awareness aspects based on evolving needs	
	4. Evaluate effectiveness and maintain appropriate record of awareness and trainings delivered	
HR 3.3	The healthcare entity shall identify and address skill and competency demands and gaps	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Basic
	Assess and identify skill and competency gaps on information security demands	Dasic
	2. Implement skill and competency development programs	



HR 3.4	The healthcare entity shall conduct periodic security awareness campaigns, based on established yearly schedules The healthcare entity shall: 1. Conduct awareness campaign for general and targeted user groups 2. Identify innovative methods and medium to communicate security requirements 3. Include incentive programs for user participation and adherence to security practices The awareness campaign shall: 4. Present current risks around the work and industry, and ways to address 5. Present learning from incident 6. Demonstrates the need to protect healthcare information 7. Include benefit of information security compliance 8. Demonstrate stakeholder responsibilities 9. Highlight entity, government and regulatory demands	Basic
HR 3.5	The healthcare entity shall establish and enforce a disciplinary process for employees, where relevant contractors and third parties, who have committed security breaches The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure employees, contractors and third party resources are aware of the entity's disciplinary processes 2. Enforce disciplinary processes and maintain necessary records on the breaches and on management's actions	Transitional

 $\textbf{UAE IA Reference:}\ M_{3.2.1},\ M_{3.3.1},\ M_{3.3.2},\ M_{3.3.3},\ M_{3.3.4},\ M_{3.3.5},\ M_{3.4.1},\ M_{4.3.1},\ M_{4.3.2}$



HR 4 Termination or Change of Employment and Role

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
HR 4.1	The healthcare entity shall define responsibilities concerning information security for performing employment termination or change of employment The healthcare entity shall: 1. Establish internal and external communication protocol on employment exit 2. Ensure adequate knowledge transfers and responsibility handovers	Basic
HR 4.2	The healthcare entity shall ensure recovery of all organizational assets upon termination of employment, contract or agreement The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure all organizational assets are recovered and necessary acknowledgement and clearance obtained from appropriate stakeholders 2. Ensure all information, with special focus on healthcare information, has been recovered and cannot be misused anywhere, anytime 3. Ensure resources leaving the entity formally acknowledges and conforms that no information is under their direct or indirect possession or use	Basic
HR 4.3	The healthcare entity shall remove access rights and revoke privileges of individuals upon termination of employment, contract or agreement The healthcare entity shall remove access to systems, applications, information, secure areas, and work areas. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure access to systems, application, information, secure areas, work areas and identified critical areas are revoked upon termination 2. Communicate with health sector regulator or Abu Dhabi government to revoke any relevant system and application access upon termination	Basic
HR 4.4	 The healthcare entity shall develop internal process to manage internal transfers and change of role The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure communication to all necessary internal and external stake holders on change of role or internal transfers 2. Revoke access and privileges associated with old role and reassign privileges on system, application and information access and utilization consistent with their new role based on necessary authorization 	Basic

UAE IA Reference: M4.4.1, M4.4.2, M4.4.3



2. Asset Management

Asset Management is an essential part of effective healthcare Information Security management. Healthcare entities are witnessing an influx of new asset classes that are very different from the ones they used to deal with. Innovative care delivery mandates that healthcare entities and professionals deal with a large number of relatively small, mobile and sophisticated pieces of equipment/devices, and to keep them running at all times as they are often critical to the patient's health, safety and wellbeing. In order to be effective and supportive of organizational business and security objectives, healthcare entities shall maintain an updated version of asset inventory, available to relevant management, business and support stakeholders.

Information assets includes information/data in all its form, as well as the underlying application, technology, and physical infrastructure to support its processing, storing, communicating and sharing. The following are considered information assets:

- Information (in physical and digital forms)
- Medical device and equipment
- Applications and Software
- Information System
- Physical Infrastructure (Data centre, access barrios, electrical facilities, HVAC systems, etc)
- Human resources (in support of care delivery)

Objective:

The regulatory structure surrounding nearly every facet of the healthcare operations, from protecting patient data and improving health outcomes, to reporting on compliance-related issues, necessitates healthcare entities to monitor and record the use of information assets.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Data Retention and Disposal Policy
- Physical and Environment Policy
- 3) Portable Device Security Policy
- 4) Acceptable Usage Policy



AM 1 Asset Management Policy

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AM 1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, implement and maintain an asset management policy to:	
	Be relevant and appropriate for entities operational and risk environment	
	2. Establish framework to effectively manage the entity's information assets through ownership assignment, accountability & responsibility definition, recording and maintaining of all/relevant properties of asset	
	 Define roles and responsibilities for actions expected out of asset management policy, and shall have functional KPI's for business/function leaders 	Paris
	4. Define and enforce classification schemes, as applicable for AD Health Sector (Public, Restricted, Confidential & Secret)	Basic
	5. Identify requirements of data retention, handling and disposal	
	6. Have provisions to manage Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) arrangements	
	7. Be reviewed, updated and maintained at planned intervals or during significant changes to operating or risk environment, whichever is earlier	
	8. Be approved by the entity's top management or its head and shall be communicated to all employees and third parties having a role in care delivery	
AM 1.2	 Where applicable, the healthcare entity shall pay specific attention to medical equipment and devices while defining policy, and shall categorically address the following demands: Roles that will be allowed to access, use and maintain medical devices and equipment shall be established To the extent possible, medical devices and equipment to authenticate users, based on healthcare entity authentication and authorization process The need for handling procedures for each medical device and equipment in use shall be defined and updated as required to stay current The need to establish and maintain risk log concerning medical devices and equipment Decommissioning and/or disposal of medical devices and equipment 	Basic

UAE IA References: T_{1.1.1}



AM 2 Management of Assets

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AM 2.1	The healthcare entity shall have all their information assets identified, recorded and maintained through an information asset inventory.	
	The inventory shall be updated periodically, or during change in the environment, and shall be accurate and reliable	
	2. The inventory can be centralized or distributed (function/line-of-business/service wise) based on the entity's internal structures, and shall be updated	Basic
	3. The inventory shall establish the relations between various types of information assets, in support of care delivery;	
	Sample illustration: Service A → needs B Information → supplied by C Device/Equipment/Process/Dependent-Service → processed using D Application (ERP/EMR/Office Automation Applications/etc.) → running on E Technology (server/systems) → supported/operated/managed by XYZ Roles (human resources involved in care delivery)	
AM 2.2	Ownership for each identified assets shall be assigned to a designated role:	
	The owner of an information asset shall define/identify the control requirements to minimize the impact of risk, due to the compromise of assets under his ownership	
	2. The owner shall review the adequacy of implemented control measures periodically and amend/modify the control environment as necessary	
	3. The owner shall ensure effectiveness of the implemented controls, in addressing the risk environment	Basic
	4. Access and/or use of information assets shall be authorized by the asset owner	
	Ownership of shared IT resources (email system, Active Directory, Common File Server, etc.) shall be collectively owned by the entity's Information Technology/System or Information and Communication Technology Function.	



AM 2.3	The healthcare entity shall establish and enforce rules on the acceptable use of information assets:	
	The rules shall be communicated to all employees and contractors in support of care delivery, and shall be read and acknowledged by all	
	Entities shall maintain records of user acceptance on the acceptable use of information assets	Basic
	The rule shall consider general requirements and industry best practices and shall have management requirements to reduce probabilities of information leakage/loss/theft and system compromises.	
AM 2.4	Entity management shall be aware of emerging cyber risks, and shall address risk due to the exploitation of the concept-in-practice "Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)"	
	Probabilities of compromise through the use of personal devices shall be addressed through suitable rules and role-based usage agreements	Dorin
	2. Authorization to use personal devices to access/view/use/share/process/store personal health information is subject to user acknowledgement on the usage agreements	Basic
	Control process and technology solution shall be implemented to reduce/address/contain factors of risk.	

UAE IA References: T1.2.1, T1.2.2, T1.2.3 & T1.2.4



AM 3 Asset Classification and Labelling

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AM 3.1	The healthcare entity shall classify all information assets, that categorises information assets into one of the following classification scheme: • Public • Restricted	Basic
	ConfidentialSecret	
AM 3.2	Information classification shall consider value of the information and shall be more restrictive/deterrent based on the entity's tolerance of financial impact due to compromise of the information considered.	Transitional
AM 3.3	The level of essential protection needed for an asset shall be considered while determining asset classification.	Transitional
AM 3.4	The healthcare entity shall establish process to reassess and/or change information classification, based on the following: 1. Change in the value of information 2. Changes to environment (location, access, storage, processing, usage, etc.) 3. Changes in protection levels	Transitional
AM 3.5	The healthcare entity shall establish process to interpret classification schemes, while receiving information from other entities/3rd parties and shall apply all essential control measures to safeguard/protect against compromise.	Transitional
AM 3.6	The healthcare entity shall establish criteria for automated classification of information and shall consider using technology solutions to do so based on established classification scheme and criteria.	Advanced
AM 3.7	The healthcare entity shall establish process to label its information assets in all its form (physical & digital) in a way that is consistent with its classification scheme.	Basic

UAE IA Reference: T1.3.1, T1.3.2



AM 4 Asset Handling

Control Demands		Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AM 4.1	Handling procedures shall be defined for information, consistent with their classification.	
	Handling procedures shall detail security requirements during:	
	Access granting and privilege allocation	
	• Processing	_
	• Storing	Basic
	Communication/sharing	
	Printing	
	2. Security requirements based on asset value shall be considered in the handling procedures	
AM 4.2	Ensure adoption and application of handling procedures while handling information.	Basic
AM 4.3	The healthcare entity shall manage removable media in accordance with the classification scheme, handling procedures and acceptable use of assets.	
	The entity shall:	
	Establish media management procedures to address lifecycle requirements (setup, distribution, utilization and disposal)	Basic
	2. Implement rules and guidelines for protecting assets against unauthorised access, misuse or corruption during movement.	
AM 4.4	Access and usage of removable media shall be controlled and shall be based on the entity's management approval.	
	Entity management shall:	Basic
	 Accept all involved/inherent risk concerning the use of removable media, and shall bear all responsibilities and is held accountable for the risks inherent in authorizing the use of removable media 	24310
AM 4.5	The healthcare entity shall establish medical devices and equipment management procedures for each category of identified medical devices and equipment.	Basic



AM 4.6	Access and privilege allocation for medical devices shall be provided to defined roles, with essential qualification and experience required to operate. The healthcare entity shall: Secure and safe-guard medical devices and equipment in accordance with its classification scheme and risk factor	Basic
AM 4.7	The healthcare entity shall prevent unauthorized disclosure, modification, destruction or loss of patient health information stored on medical devices and equipment. Entities shall ensure; 1. Information stored within the medical devices and equipment shall be encrypted 2. Electronic communication between medical devices and equipment shall be encrypted 3. Healthcare entities shall define minimum essential qualification required to operate and/or handle medical devices and equipment 4. Copies of valuable health data is moved to a secure storage/location to reduce the risk of its data damage or loss	Transitional
AM 4.8	Healthcare facilities shall consider wired communication facility for medical devices and equipment. Usage of wireless communication facility with medical devices and equipment shall be avoided to the extent possible.	Transitional
AM 4.9	Entity shall deploy technology solution to white list removable media, and shall be complemented by content encryption and biometric based access provisioning.	Advanced
AM 4.10	The healthcare entity shall establish control procedures for the removal, movement, and transfer of information assets (information, equipment, medical devices, and information processing equipment/systems). Healthcare entities shall; 1. Authorize removal, movement and transfer of information assets 2. Maintain records of removal, movement and transfer	Transitional

UAE IA Reference: T1.3.3, T1.4.1, T2.3.7



AM 5 Asset Disposal

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AM 5.1	The healthcare entity shall dispose information assets, when no longer required: • by the entity • on basis of regulatory demands • for legal proceedings	Basic
AM 5.2	The healthcare entity shall establish a control process that ensures data once destroyed is not recovered	Basic
AM 5.3	Media, both digital and physical, when no longer required shall be destroyed by the entity	Basic
AM 5.4	The healthcare entity shall establish control procedures for the secure disposal or reuse of media, equipment, devices and systems, containing classified information. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure sensitive data and licensed software has been securely removed beyond recovery, prior to disposal	Transitional
AM 5.5	Retention requirement of data/information contained within media and system shall be verified and complied with, prior to disposal	Basic
AM 5.6	All disposal requirement shall be authorized by entity management prior to disposal	Basic
AM 5.7	The healthcare entity shall maintain records, on media disposal. The records shall have, but not be limited to, the following fields: • Information and/or asset owner • Type of media • Classification • Disposal type • Reason for disposal • Retention expiry date (if data) • Data removal confirmation and evidence • Disposal authorized by	Advanced

UAE IA Reference: T1.4.2, T2.3.6



3. Physical and Environmental Security

Information and information processing equipment(s)/facilities has greater dependence on physical environment to achieve business objectives. Physical environment and its security are foundational elements to define secure data processing, data storage, data communication/sharing, data hosting and data disposal. Physical and environmental security programs and efforts define the various measures or controls that protect healthcare entities from loss of connectivity, availability of information processing facilities, storage (backup and archival) equipment(s)/facilities and medical equipment's/devices caused by theft, fire, flood, intentional destruction, unintentional damage, mechanical failure, power failure, etc. Physical security measures shall be adequate to deal with foreseeable threats and should be tested periodically for their effectiveness.

The following aspects of physical and environmental security shall be considered;

- Physical protection of data center and information processing equipment(s)/facilities
- Physical entry control for secure areas
- Medical devices/equipment(s) protection
- Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning of critical areas and work places
- Supporting mechanical and electrical equipment's
- Surveillance of critical areas and work places
- Security and protection of physical archives
- Fire and environmental protection
- Visitor management

Objective:

To ensure that information assets receive adequate physical and environmental protection, and to prevent or reduce probabilities of physical and environmental control/security compromises (loss, damage, theft, interference, etc.)

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

1) Clear Desk and Clear Screen Policy



PE 1 Physical and Environmental Security Policy

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
PE 1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, implement and maintain a physical and environmental security policy, to ensure adequate physical and environmental protection of entities information assets.	
	The policy shall:	
	Be relevant and appropriate for entities operational and risk environment, concerning internal and external threats	
	2. Address requirements of secure storage of hazardous or combustible materials that ensures avoidance of:	
	human injuries or loss of life	
	damage to information and information systems	Basic
	3. Consider classification of information assets and their physical presence	
	4. Define roles and responsibilities for actions expected out of physical and environmental security policy	
	5. Be reviewed, updated and maintained at planned intervals or during significant changes to operating or risk environment, whichever is earlier	
	6. Be read and formally acknowledged by all users	
	 Be approved by entity's top management or head of the entity, and shall be communicated to all employees and third parties having role in care delivery 	
PE 1.2	The healthcare entity shall establish procedures and guidelines in support of policy implementation	Transitional
PE 1.3	The physical and environmental policy shall consider equipment and medical devices, with specific focus on their:	
	Physical and environmental demands, as needed by the manufacturer recommendations and regulatory requirements	Basic
	2. Placement and physical access	
	3. Probabilities of data loss during maintenance, decommissioning and/ or authorized off-site activities	

UAE IA Reference: T2.1.1, T2.3.5



PE 2 Secure Areas

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
PE 2.1	The healthcare entity shall define and use security perimeters to protect facilities that contain information and information systems.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify secure areas, and define security perimeter, based on information assets contained within or information being processed	
	2. Ensure adequate security counter measures are applied to identified secure areas to protect information and information systems within	Basic
	3. Secure areas of medical equipment and devices hosting or usage to avoid and minimize probabilities of unauthorized access and usage	
	4. Consider the impact of compromise of confidentiality, integrity and availability of information or information assets while applying security counter measures	
PE 2.2	Allocate secure private areas to discuss personal health information by authorized stakeholders	Advanced
PE 2.3	Secure areas shall be protected by appropriate control measures to ensure only authorized personnel are provided access and authorized activities are being conducted.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Maintain List of authorised personnel having access to secure areas	
	2. Authenticate all persons accessing secure areas	
	3. Maintain records for secure area access	
	4. Ensure that all employees and contractors wear distinguished form of visible identification (Badge/ID cards) within the premises of the entity	Basic
	5. Ensure the locking mechanisms on all access doors are adequate, and alarms configured to alert prolonged open-state of doors	
	6. Escort contractors or third parties while inside the secure areas	
	7. Deploy closed circuit television (CCTV/surveillance camera) in identified vantage points of secure areas as required by Monitoring and Control Centre (MCC) Abu Dhabi	
	8. Preserve CCTV footage for a period as required by Monitoring and Control Centre (MCC) Abu Dhabi	



PE 2.4	The healthcare entity shall nominate owners for each identified secure areas.	
	Nominated owners of secure area shall:	
	Review access records/logs and surveillance footage at least on a quarterly basis	Transitional
	Reconcile list of authorized users, having access to secure areas	
	3. Maintain a list of physical key inventory, as with whom the keys of secure areas are with	
PE 2.5	Offices, meeting rooms and facilities in support of healthcare service delivery shall be equipped with adequate physical security measures.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Demarcate and isolate public access areas and key work areas, to restrict public or visitor or customer access to key work areas of the facilities	Basic
	Avoid obvious signs that indicates the type of information or activities in the secure areas	
PE 2.6	The healthcare entity shall design and apply physical protection against natural disasters, environmental threats, external attacks and/or accidents.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that fall-back equipment, device, system and backup media are protected from damage caused by natural or man-made disasters	Basic
	Battery power backup shall be available to provide power to key information systems and critical data centre infrastructures	
PE 2.7	The healthcare entity shall ensure that physical and environmental protection countermeasures and procedures applied are aligned with the outcome of Risk Assessment and regulatory mandates.	Transitional
PE 2.8	The healthcare entity shall design physical protection and guidelines for working in secure areas.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Supervise activities in secure areas	Basic
	Control access of mobile, portable and surveillance devices/equipment/utilities, to secure areas	
PE 2.9	Ensure all personnel accessing secure areas is aware of security requirements and arrangements, and accepts rules and guidelines concerning security measures.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Educate employees and contractors, not to discuss personal health information in public areas	



PE 2.10	The healthcare entity shall have segregated delivery and loading areas and shall establish control measures over entry and exit.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish access procedures to loading and unloading areas to restrict access to only authorized personnel	Basic
	Inspect and register incoming and outgoing materials, in accordance with healthcare entity's asset management procedures	

 $\textbf{UAE IA Reference:} \ \mathsf{T2.2.1, T2.2.2, T2.2.3, T2.2.4, T2.2.5, T2.2.6}$



PE₃ Equipment Security

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
PE 3.1	 The healthcare entity shall site/position equipment and medical devices in manner that they are always protected. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Establish guidelines on physical protection and unauthorized access of equipment and medical devices 2. Consider environmental risk condition while positioning of equipment and medical devices 	Basic
PE 3.2	The healthcare entity shall protect equipment and medical devices from disruptions caused by failures in supporting utilities. The healthcare entity shall; 1. Ensure uninterrupted power provisions to information processing systems	Transitional
PE 3.3	 The healthcare entity shall maintain supporting equipment, to ensure their continued availability. The healthcare entity shall: Document suppliers' recommendations for the maintenance of equipment and make them available to maintenance personnel. Establish operating procedures for commissioning, maintenance and decommissioning of equipment activities Establish maintenance schedule of supporting utilities, and maintain upto date records for maintenance carried out 	Advanced
PE 3.4	Power, telecommunication and cables carrying data shall be secured and protected. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure that power, telecommunication and data cables are protected against physical tampering 2. Segregate power and telecommunication/data cables to avoid interference	Basic



PE 3.5	The healthcare entity shall identify and apply security measures to protect equipment, medical devices and information processing systems while offsite.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Ensure manufacturer's recommendation and instructions are followed, while equipment, medical devices and information processing systems are off-site	Advanced
	2. Ensure that movement and possession (chain of custody) logs for off-site equipment, medical devices and information processing systems maintained and verified	
	3. Ensure security measures are applied to protect off-site equipment, medical devices and information processing systems from probabilities of information leakage, tampering and unauthorized activities	
PE 3.6	The healthcare entity shall ensure that unattended equipment, medical devices and information processing systems are protected against information leakage and unauthorized activities. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Define user responsibilities and establish procedures when leaving equipment, medical devices and information processing systems unattended	Basic
	Implement controls to protect equipment, medical devices and information processing systems when left unattended	
PE 3.7	The healthcare entity shall define and enforce a clear desk and clear screen policy to paper documents, removable storage media, and information processing systems.	
	The clear desk and clear screen policy shall:	
	Define user responsibilities with respect to clear desk and clear screen requirements	Basic
	2. Be appropriate to the purpose and objectives of the healthcare entity	
	3. Read and acknowledged by all employees and contractors of the healthcare entity	

 $\textbf{UAE IA Reference:} \ \mathsf{T2.3.1, T2.3.2, T2.3.3, T2.3.4, T2.3.5, T2.3.7, T2.3.8, T2.3.9$



4. Access Control

Healthcare entities ability to provide authorized access and its commitment to control unauthorized access to information and information processing systems under its custody are key elements to demonstrate the entities' objective interest to protect information that belongs to:

- Its customers,
- Patients of the Abu Dhabi healthcare ecosystem,
- The Government, and
- The healthcare entities themselves.

The influence of information on the delivery of healthcare and related services and the increased dependence on application and technology, demands that the avenues and provisions of access are strictly controlled. It is essential that healthcare entities understand the responsibilities concerning access management and are accountable for the consequences arising from breaches or disclosures from their respective areas of authority. Healthcare entities shall define policy mandates and process mechanisms essential to secure and protect their information and information systems. Healthcare entities shall take specific care when personal health information is being accessed and used s, and shall define access criteria that conforms to the following facts:

- A healthcare relationship exists between the user and the data subject (the subject of care whose personal health information is being accessed),
- The user is carrying out an activity on behalf of the data subject,
- There is a need for specific data to support care delivery or continuum of care.

Healthcare entity's management shall be aware of the risk environment and outcomes of unauthorized access, and are accountable for any and all consequences and impact on:

- Abu Dhabi Government
- Abu Dhabi Healthcare-ecosystem or Health Sector
- Patients concerned
- Healthcare entity itself



Objective:

To ensure access to information and information systems are controlled, and to minimize probabilities of information leakage, tampering, loss and system compromises.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Clear Desk and Clear Screen Policy
- 2) Network Access Control Policy
- 3) Password Management Policy
- 4) Information Access Management as part of Administrative Safeguards of HIPAA
- 5) Facility Access Control as part of Physical Safeguards of HIPAA
- 6) Access Control as part of Technical Safeguards of HIPAA

The level of applicability of above-mentioned policies will vary depending on the individual healthcare entity.



AC 1 Access Control Policy

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain an access control policy to ensure access to information and information systems are adequately controlled and secured.	
	The policy shall:	
	Be relevant and appropriate to control and secure access to information, application, technology, medical devices and equipment	
	2. Include management demands and directions, scope and specific applicability based on:	
	a. Type of service	
	b. Information	
	c. Application	
	d. Technology e. Medical devices and equipment	
	3. Emphasize the requirement-of-need and role-based access principles	
	4. Establish criteria for access, with core focus on;	
	a. granting of access	
	b. access authorization	n - i -
	c. access revocation	Basic
	d. access termination	
	5. Address the healthcare entity needs on secure password management and practices	
	6. Mandate the usage of unique identity and complex password	
	7. Where relevant, define control measures and provisions for portable/mobile	
	devices, including user owned devices, that handle the healthcare entity's data or has the healthcare entity application(s) to conduct business	
	transactions	
	8. Include control requirements for the access and use of network services	
	9. Include management actions on violations and deviations	
	10. Define roles and responsibilities for actions expected	
	11. Be reviewed, updated and maintained at planned intervals or during	
	significant changes to operating or risk environment, whichever is earlier	
	12. Be approved by the entity's top management and shall be communicated to	
	all employees and third parties having a role in care delivery	
	13. Be read and formally acknowledged by all relevant stakeholders	
	all employees and third parties having a role in care delivery 13. Be read and formally acknowledged by all relevant stakeholders	

UAE IA Reference: T_{5.1.1}



AC 2 User Access Management

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AC 2.1	The healthcare entity shall implement a formal user registration and deregistration process.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure request for user registration and de-registration are process driven, and are in compliance with established criteria for access	
	2. Ensure unique user accounts are created for each individual requiring access, and prohibit sharing of same account with multiple users	
	3. Ensure group user account are not created or used	Basic
	4. Revoke user accounts during employee exit	
	5. Revalidate access requirements during role change	
	6. Maintain records/list of persons authorised to use healthcare entity's information systems, applications, medical devices and equipment	
	7. Establish and follow separate user registration and de-registration process for temporary and third party user account requirements	
Ac 2.2	The healthcare entity shall restrict and control allocation of privileges, based on principles of need to know.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure normal user accounts are not used as service accounts or used to conduct privileged application and system level activities	
	2. Privilege or administrative accounts shall be used by individual with a role to conduct privilege activities	
	3. Ensure users privileges are restrictive in nature, and are assigned based on needs to conduct business activities	Advanced
	4. Privilege or administrative accounts shall not be used for conducting normal day to day operational activity	
	5. Ensure usage of service accounts are controlled, and are not hardcoded in application codes are scripts	
	6. Enforce multifactor authentication scheme for all administrative access	
	7. Mandate administrative or privilege access and associated activities are logged and audited	



AC 2.3 The healthcare entity shall establish process for secure allocation, use and management of security credentials.

The healthcare entity shall:

- Ensure default application and system passwords are changed and not being used
- 2. Ensure passwords are always hashed and stored in encrypted format
- 3. During initial user account creation, communicate details of user account and password in two different communication modalities
- 4. Enforce complexity requirements on password characters, and shall have at least:

a. Eight characters

- b. One number, one upper-case and lower-case character, and a special character
- 5. Enforce passwords, including that of service accounts and privileged accounts, are recycled at an entity-defined time frame
- 6. Ensure that password history is maintained, and shall restrict users from using immediately used previous passwords (at least 3 previous passwords)
- 7. Educate users to adopt good practices while selecting and using passwords

Basic

UAE IA Reference: T5.2.1, T5.2.2, T5.2.3, T5.3.1, T5.5.3



AC 3 Equipment and Devices Access Control

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AC 3.1	The healthcare entity shall protect confidential and secret information on portable or removable media, mobile or portable devices, and medical equipment or devices.	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Authenticate user, where relevant, access to equipment, devices and media	
	2. Ensure media containing confidential and secret information is password protected and encrypted	Transitional
	3. Where relevant, control access to medical equipment and devices through password enforcement in compliance with the healthcare entities password complexity and usage requirements	
	4. Control access to mobile and portable devices hosting confidential and secret information	
	5. Establish mobile device management process to protect entity information being used, processed or stored in mobile devices	
AC 3.2	The healthcare entity shall control access to equipment, devices, system and facilities at teleworking sites.	
	The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure access to equipment, devices, system and facilities at teleworking	
	sites are authenticated, and their access to entity resources are authorized based on need	
	2. Ensure confidentiality and protection of healthcare and personal health information while providing/consuming services through teleworking principles, including telemedicine related services	Transitional
	3. Conduct random audit of equipment, devices, system and facilities at teleworking sites	
	4. Maintain an inventory of assets in use at teleworking sites	

UAE IA Reference: T_{5.7.1}, T_{5.7.2}



AC 4 Access Reviews

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
Ac 4.1	 The healthcare entity shall review access and privileges granted to its user. The healthcare entity shall: Establish process for the reviewing of user access and associated privileges to various entity resources Define responsibility for access and privileges review, based on entity resources being accessed Conduct user access and privileges review at least once a year or earlier, as required by the entity's risk environment Maintain an up to date inventory of access granted and privileges assigned Define the criteria for the automatic revocation of user access and privileges based on the entity's defined period of inactivity or non-usage of resources 	Basic

UAE IA Reference: T_{5.2.4}



AC 5 Network Access Control

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
Ac 5.1	Access to the entity's network and network services shall be controlled, and shall be provided based on specific need for which the user is authorized for	Basic
AC 5.2	The healthcare entity shall use appropriate authentication methods to control access of remote users The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure all remote login and access are only through secure channels 2. Consider usage of multifactor authentication scheme to control access by remote users	Basic
AC 5.3	The healthcare entity shall identify all equipment and devices connected to its network, and shall have automated mechanism to detect unauthorized equipment and devices	Basic
AC 5.4	 The healthcare entity shall control access for the purpose of diagnostic and configuration The healthcare entity shall: Identify and whitelist all ports, services and utilities that are used for troubleshooting, and for diagnostics and configuration purposes Define protection mechanism for the diagnostic and configuration services and utilities that are essential, and disable services and utilities that are not required. Restrict access for remote troubleshooting, diagnostic and configuration to authorized roles and shall be allowed from authorized workstations Log all remote access activities related to troubleshooting, diagnostic and configuration 	Advanced
AC 5.5	User access to shared and isolated networks shall be restricted The healthcare entity shall: 1. Provide access to shared and isolated networks in line with its Access Control Policy, requirements of business applications and need to access shared resources	Basic



AC 5.6	The healthcare entity shall define and implement network routing controls to ensure information flow and system, devices, equipment connections are not compromised and are in line with requirements of Access Control Policy	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Establish processes for secure configuration and rules application for network routing requirements	
	2. Always ensure source and destination address and services or ports are used while defining and applying routing rules	
	3. Enable routing protection countermeasures to avoid manipulation of routing systems and tables	
	4. Define and implement network architecture that segregates and isolates internal and publically accessible systems.	Transitional
	 External connections to information systems and networks outside entity shall be managed through interfaces consisting of perimeter protection devices (such as firewalls) 	
	6. Ensure that communications with external systems, networks and key internal systems are always monitored for malicious and suspicious payloads	
	7. Periodically scan for any covert channel connections to public networks bypassing entity security defence	
AC 5.7	The healthcare entity shall ensure wireless access within the entity is secured. The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish usage restrictions and secure configuration requirements	
	2. Establish authorization process for wireless access and usage	
	3. Ensure public and guest access are segregated and isolated from the entity's internal network	
	4. Ensure that internal wireless is not broadcasted	Transitional
	5. Authenticate wireless connections using strong encryption mechanism and based on entity's internal authentication scheme	
	6. Control privileged and administrative activities are not carried out through the entity's wireless network	
	7. Restrict wireless access capabilities of medical equipment and devices	

 $\textbf{UAE IA Reference:} \ T_{5.4.1}, T_{5.4.2}, T_{5.4.3}, T_{5.4.4}, T_{5.4.5}, T_{5.4.6}, T_{5.4.7}$



AC 6 Operating System Access Control

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AC 6.1	 The healthcare entity shall establish and enforce secure log-on and log-off procedures to control access to system and applications. The healthcare entity shall: Ensure that access to entities systems, applications and services that process, use or store healthcare information are authenticated Enforce automated locking of workstation/system after a predefined period of inactivity Establish authorization procedures, based on classification of systems, application, services and information in scope Establish and enforce idle session time-out requirements Automatically terminate inactive sessions after a predefined period of session inactivity Display a logon banner that requires the user to acknowledge and accept 	Basic
	security terms and their responsibilities before access to the system is granted	
AC 6.2	The healthcare entity shall create unique identifier (user ID) for each users who require access to entities systems, applications or services, and shall implement a suitable authentication technique. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Grant each user with a unique identifier 2. Ensure all user activities are logged with the associated identifier	Basic
AC 6.3	The healthcare entity shall restrict and control the use of utility programs and tools that might be capable of overriding system and application controls. The healthcare entity shall: 1. Identify essential system utilities and tools and enforce appropriate controls for use 2. Provide access to system utilities and tools based on appropriate authorization 3. Maintain inventory of access to system utilities and tools 4. Monitor use of system utilities and tools	Advanced

UAE IA Reference: T5.5.1, T5.5.2, T5.5.4



AC 7 Application and Information Access Control

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
AC 7.1	 The healthcare entity shall restrict access to information and application system functions in accordance with the access control policy. The healthcare entity shall: Ensure access to information and application access is restricted and based on need-to-know principles and appropriate authorization Enforce role-based access mechanisms The need for access shall be justified by individuals responsibilities Ensure that office assistants, cleaning staffs and other unauthorized personnel do not have access to healthcare data 	Basic
AC 7.2	The healthcare entity shall isolate sensitive systems in a dedicated environment.	Transitional
AC 7.3	 The healthcare entity shall implement controls and shall not expose non-public information to the general public. The healthcare entity shall: Establish and enforce procedures for publishing of public information to ensure non-public information is not exposed accidently or deliberately Establish and enforce procedure to periodically validate that non-public information is not exposed to the public domain Validate relevance of publicly available information Ensure no healthcare and related data is exposed to the public domain 	Transitional

UAE IA Reference: T5.6.1, T5.6.2, T5.6.3



5. Operations Management

Healthcare entities continual effort to sustain and improve risk environment demands the need for effective management of operational activities in support of information handling, processing, sharing and storage. Operations management aims to establish and/or strengthen healthcare entities processes and efforts to improve and enhance control environment. Objective outcome of effective operations management includes, but is not limited to:

- Improved security and reduce probabilities of compromise
- Reduced errors
- Controlled unauthorized activities
- Regulated efforts
- Increased efficiency
- Reduced security incidents

The objectivity of providing healthcare services shall consider security and safety of assets (data, technology, and application) in support of service delivery and healthcare entities shall demonstrate commitment in defining and controlling of operational activities concerning service delivery.

Objective:

To ensure that activities concerning support and maintenance of data, technology, and application are controlled and carried out in a standardized manner to reduce probabilities of errors and compromises, and to increase efficiency and security.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- Change Management Policy
- 2) Capacity Management Policy
- 3) System Acceptance Policy
- 4) Quality Management Policy
- 5) Backup Policy
- 6) Monitoring Policy



OM 1 Operations Management Policy

		Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 1.1	The healt managem data, tech		
	The policy	shall:	
		evant and appropriate to the healthcare entity's operational and risk nment concerning data, technology and application	
	2. Estab	ish management demands on:	
	a.	Segregation of duties	
	b.	Configuration management	
	c.	Change control	
	d.	Baselines and minimum security configurations	Basic
	e.	Standard operating procedures	
	f.	Capacity management	
	g.	System acceptance	
	h.	Malware control	
	i.	Quality management	
	j.	Backup management	
	k.	Logging and monitoring	
	l.	Patch management	
	3. Provid	le framework for managing operational activities	

UAE IA Reference: T_{3.1.1}



OM 2 Operational Procedures

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 2.1	The healthcare entity shall develop and enforce baseline and recommended configuration settings for common information technology products and applications, medical devices and equipment	
	The healthcare entity, while developing baseline and recommended configuration setting, shall consider:	
	Manufacturer's security recommendations	Transitional
	2. Requirements of this Standard	
	3. Industry best practices	
	4. Risk mitigation strategies	
	5. Corrective and preventive actions (audit, assessment and incident outcomes)	
OM 2.2	The healthcare entity shall document operating procedures for all support, operational and maintenance activities of information systems and application, medical devices and equipment	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Disseminate operating procedures and ensure all relevant stakeholders are aware of their responsibilities as needed by their role	Transitional
	2. Ensure operating procedures are relevant and are updated on defined timelines or when essential	
	3. Ensure system documentation includes up-to-date diagrams.	



OM 2.3	The healthcare entity shall control changes to information systems and application, medical devices and equipment	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish a Change Advisory Board to authorize changes	
	Define and enforce a change management process that addresses the following elements:	
	a. Identification and recording of significant changes	
	b. Planning and testing of changes	
	c. Assessment of potential impacts	Transitional
	d. Formal approval procedure	
	e. Communication of change to all relevant stakeholders	
	f. Roll-back plan to be utilized during unsuccessful changes	
	g. Post implementation assessment	
	h. Maintenance of previous version of software, code and configurations	
	3. Define information systems and applications, medical devices and equipment that shall be covered by the Change Management Process	
OM 2.4	The healthcare entity shall establish a process that controls transition of information systems and applications	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Ensure that movement of system and applications from development or project state to operational or production state are managed through the Authorization and Change Process	Hansidonai
OM 2.5	The healthcare entity shall identify and segregate roles of conflicting interests and assign responsibilities accordingly	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Implement suitable alternative or compensating controls when roles of conflicting interests cannot be assigned to different individuals	
OM 2.6	 The healthcare entity shall identify and separate development, test, staging and operational environments The healthcare entity shall: Identify the appropriate level of protection between operational, staging, test, and development environments Document and apply clear processes for the transfer of data, information, code, configuration, software and systems between environments Ensure as-is operational data is not used in test environment Restrict usage/migration of test data into operational environment 	Transitional

UAE IA Reference: T₃.2.1, T₃.2.2, T₃.2.3, T₃.2.4, T_{.3}.2.5



OM 3 Planning and Acceptance

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 3.1	The healthcare entity shall identify and document current and future capacity requirements while planning for new information systems and applications The healthcare entity shall:	
	Have the ability to monitor and measure the capacity of current systems and estimate future information systems and application demands	
	2. Ensure there is sufficient capacity with information systems to support good system performance and reliability.	Advanced
	3. Identify capacity thresholds for all information systems and applications, and shall define advance escalation matrix to ensure capacity demands are met	Advanced
	4. Establish process to:	
	a. decommission systems that are no longer needed	
	b. optimise databases	
	c. archive data that is not accessed regularly	
OM 3.2	The healthcare entity shall establish acceptance criteria for new information systems and applications, changes, upgrades and releases, in addition to satisfactory test results	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	 Establish processes for system acceptance, and ensure system acceptance is acknowledged by the relevant authoritative individual Develop test cases for each of the requirements and changes and ensure tests are carried out and test results documented prior to usage in an operational environment Ensure testing is never performed on production systems Ensure user profiles (with permissions appropriate for the tasks) used for testing are different from the ones used for operational and development activities Ensure development tools and/or editors are not installed on operational systems 	Transitional

UAE IA Reference: T_{3.3.1}, T_{3.3.2}



OM 4 Malware Protection

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 4.1	The healthcare entity shall protect its information assets from malware The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure minimum security configurations is maintained in all information assets, as applicable and as relevant 2. Implement anti-malware and anti-virus protection mechanisms for network and individual information systems (server, workstation, mobile/portable computing devices) 3. Ensure anti-malware and anti-virus protections mechanisms are updated and current 4. Enable real-time protection capabilities 5. Establish and enforce periodic scan schedules 6. Scan removable media for viruses and malware on all occasions when they are connected to information systems 7. Disable auto-run features for removable media on information systems 8. Configure anti-malware and anti-virus protection systems to alert responsible stakeholders on event, incident or anomaly detection	Basic/Transitional/Advanced Basic
	9. Provide ongoing awareness for users on techniques, tactics and procedure to avoid and minimize probabilities of malware and virus attacks	
OM 4.2	 The healthcare entity shall deploy gateway level protection mechanisms to detect and defend against malware and viruses The healthcare entity shall: Deploy gateway level protection for web and email traffic from and to the entity Implement technology that can detect and prevent access to malicious websites or sites from prohibited categories. 	Advanced

UAE IA Reference: T_{3.4.1}



OM 5 Backup and Archival

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 5.1	The healthcare entity shall maintain backup copies of essential information and software needed to support care delivery and its operations	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish backup management process that identifies;	
	 Essential and critical information in support of care delivery, business and entity operations 	
	b. Data owner	Basic
	c. Data recovery point and time requirements	
	d. Backup frequencies, time of execution and methods	
	e. Data restoration frequencies and test criteria	
	2. Ensure backup of all identified essential and critical data	
	3. Ensure data restoration requirements for continuity and recovery are adequately met	
OM 5.2	The healthcare entity shall establish data archival requirements that satisfies entities retention demands	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Establish formal processes for archival and destruction of data	
	2. Identify data-sets and establish retention requirements as needed by law, regulation, and entity demands	
	 Identify and enforce archival criteria (what and when to archive, how long to archive) and methods (physical/electronic) that satisfies established retention timelines 	Advanced
	4. Preserve data during archival	
	 Destroy data that has crossed retention timelines and are no longer required by the entity 	
	6. Maintain adequate record on archival and destruction	

UAE IA Reference: T_{3.5.1}



OM 6 Monitoring and Logging

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 6.1	The healthcare entity shall establish and enforce monitoring procedures for information systems and application, medical devices and equipment	
	Monitoring procedures shall:	
	 Identify aspects (system use, changes, unauthorized activities, internal processing, exception, information exchange, integration, access, etc.) to be monitored 	
	 Establish frequency and methods (dashboards, web-link, mobile-app, scheduled tasks, parameter validation, logs, records, manual verification, etc.) of monitoring 	Advanced
	3. Establish minimum information gathering requirements for each monitoring activities	
	4. Define minimum time requirements for maintaining information gathered from monitoring activities	
	5. Define criteria for alerting and escalation	
	6. Have defined criteria that quantifies specific outcomes of monitoring as incidents	
	7. Establish roles for monitoring activities and assign specific responsibilities	
OM 6.2	The healthcare entity shall enable audit logs recording administrator, operator and user activities, exceptions and security events. The log shall include faults related to information processing and communication	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	 Identify all activities to be captured in logs for all hardware devices, equipment, operating systems and applications 	
	2. Identify minimum required information to be logged	Advanced
	3. Define minimum frequency requirements for reviewing each type of log	
	4. Define minimum time requirements for maintaining each type of log commensurate with legal, regulatory and entity demands	
	5. Ensure that logs are not tampered with or modified or destroyed	
	6. Ensure unauthorized access to logs are controlled	



OM 6.3	The healthcare entity shall preserve logs in a centralized log management system	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Control access to the centralized log management solution	
	2. Ensure the centralized log management solution is managed by individuals who do not have operational role in implementing or maintain information systems or application	
	3. Retain logs for a period commensurate with legal, regulatory and entity demands on each type of log	Advanced
	4. Define use cases and dashboards based on the entity's needs and industry recommendations, and shall consider:	
	a. System utilisation and performance trends	
	b. Deviation from entity policy and procedures	
	c. Access control variances and violations	
	d. Any potential sign of security breach or attack	
OM 6.4	The healthcare entity shall synchronize clock of all information systems with an agreed time source	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Standardize date/time format and enforce the standard time to be used in all systems	Basic
	Ensure clock of medical devices and equipment are same as that of the connected systems	
	3. Regularly check that the clocks of all relevant information processing systems are synchronized.	
OM 6.5	The healthcare entity shall define and establish formal procedure for updates and patching of information system and application, medical devices and equipment	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure all systems and devices that process or communicate information are patched and protected	
	Define criteria and process for application of standard, urgent and critical patches	Basic
	3. Ensure all critical security patches are applied as soon as practicable from the date of release.	
	4. Ensure patches are deployed to a subset of systems or devices to allow testing before deployment to all.	
	5. Ensure firmware on devices are updated	



OM 6.6	The healthcare entity shall monitor information processing systems to prevent opportunities for information leakage	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Implement data leakage prevention (DLP) measures	

UAE IA Reference: T₃.6.1, T₃.6.2, T₃.6.3, T₃.6.4, T₃.6.5, T₃.6.6, T₃.6.7, T₇.6.4, T₇.7.1



OM 7 Security Assessment and Vulnerability Management

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
OM 7.1	The healthcare entity shall conduct periodic independent assessment to ensure information assets are secure and always protected The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish yearly schedules and conduct:	
	a. Penetration testing on the entity's system, network, applications and security infrastructures and environment	
	b. Vulnerability assessment on all entity's system, network, applications and security infrastructures and environment	
	c. Web security assessments on web applications accessible over internet	
	2. Establish processes to conduct security testing and authorization by authorized business and security stakeholders for new system/application and upgrades prior to production roll-out and usage	Transitional
	3. Establish processes to mitigate and manage identified findings and vulnerabilities	
	4. Share reports on identified findings and vulnerabilities and the status of mitigation with:	
	a. The entity's management	
	b. Department of Health, Abu Dhabi's health sector regulator	
	5. Periodically follow up on the progress and status of mitigation measures with the appropriate stakeholders	
	6. Verify effectiveness and efficiency of mitigation measures	
OM 7.2	The healthcare entity shall ensure that assessment data is not available with third parties engaged to conduct assessments beyond the time of engagement The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that system, network, applications and security related information is shared with third parties when they are on-site	
	2. Ensure that all information related to the entity's system, network, applications and security infrastructures and environment and assessment outcomes are erased from the involved third party's assets and environment after the completion of the assessment activity	Transitional
	3. Ensure that any shared reports are suitably protected through an adequate encryption mechanism	

UAE IA Reference: T7.7.1



6. Communications

Abu Dhabi Government's vision towards modernization and enhancement of society and services necessitates sharing of appropriate information with eligible stakeholders within and across entities. Stakeholder utilization of information from within and across entity has influenced decisions, and improved outcomes. It is essential that the communication between various information processing components are provisioned through controlled communication process and channel. It is essential healthcare entities define criteria, rules and controls that secure communication processes, components, interfaces, channels and stakeholders to securely aid human to machine, machine to machine, machine to human and human to human communication to facilitate information exchange.

Risk environment of the connected world demands that an entity's management be conscious of the current risk environment concerning communication and information exchange, and that it defines proactive measures that shall:

- Secure entities communication infrastructures
- Ensure information exchange are controlled through formal exchange agreements and controls
- Ensure information is delivered to right stakeholders or information processing components
- Minimize probabilities of unauthorized access

Objective:

To ensure information exchanged between authorized resources are secured within and across entity boundaries.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Communication & Operation Management Policy
- 2) Cryptography Policy
- 3) Network Access Policy
- 4) Wireless Access Control Policy
- 5) Cloud Security Policy



CM 1 Communications Policy

		Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
CM 1.1	pol	e healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain a communications icy, to ensure information in transit and information being exchanged are equately protected	
	Th	e policy shall:	
	1.	Be relevant and appropriate to the entity's information exchange and communications demands	
	2.	Demonstrate management commitment, objectives and directions	
	3.	Establish management demands on:	
		a. Protection of communication infrastructure	
		b. Communication and protection of personal health information	Basic
		c. Information exchange agreements	
		d. Integration methods	
		e. Physical mode of information exchange	
		f. Electronic and/or online transactions	
		g. Information exchange within and beyond entity boundaries	
		h. Business information systems	
	4.	Provide framework to protect information in transit from interception, copying, modification, misrouting, destruction and any other unauthorized activities	

UAE IA Reference: T4.1.1



CM 2 Information Exchange

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
CM 2.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain formal procedures on information exchange and transfer incorporating control measure that protects information during information exchange and transfer	
	The procedures shall:	
	Include control measures to protect and reduce probabilities of compromise during information exchange and transfer taking into account:	
	a. Classification and value of information	Transitional
	b. Information exchange and processing environment	
	c. Stakeholders involved	
	Identify minimum technical standards for packaging and transmission of health information	
	3. Establish responsibilities and sanctions for actions and deviations	
	4. Define actions to be taken during issues, incidents and deviations	
CM 2.2	The healthcare entity shall ensure that critical and private information is protected while in transit	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that user-name and password are communicated using two different communication channels (email and SMS-text, or email and phone, etc.)	Basic
	2. Encrypt critical information before transferring and sharing encryption/decryption key using a different communication channel	
CM 2.3	The healthcare entity shall develop secure practices and capabilities while sharing information	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Protect information that is exchanged within the entity	
	2. Ensure that information exchanged between entities, and information sharing communities are protected	Basic
	3. For custom-developed applications, ensure that the exchange or transfer of information between systems and applications uses appropriate interoperability standards	
	4. Identify and implement security requirements for exchanging information and software with third parties	



4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
and software: 1. Brief and agree with the external parties on all security requirements to be included in the agreement 2. Include additional control requirements when exchange of information includes: a. Protected health information (PHI) b. Personally identifiable information (PII) 3. Clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party to the agreement 4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented	2.4	
be included in the agreement 2. Include additional control requirements when exchange of information includes: a. Protected health information (PHI) b. Personally identifiable information (PII) 3. Clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party to the agreement 4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
includes: a. Protected health information (PHI) b. Personally identifiable information (PII) 3. Clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party to the agreement 4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
b. Personally identifiable information (PII) 3. Clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party to the agreement 4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
3. Clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party to the agreement 4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
4. Establish non-disclosure agreements for all disclosures between the entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
entity and the external parties 5. Include in the agreements: a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		Basic
a. Definitions of information to be protected b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
b. Duration of agreement c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
c. Process for notification of leakage d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
d. Ownership e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
e. Right to audit and monitor activities that involve personal health information and personally identifiable information CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
CM 2.5 The healthcare entity shall ensure that external parties involved in the exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
exchange of information and software are aware of the security requirements to be implemented		
	2.5	
The healthcare entity shall:		Transitional
Ensure all security requirements formally agreed between the entity and the external parties are implemented and are effective		



CM 2.6	The healthcare entity shall protect physical media containing information during transit	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify and ensure that physical media containing sensitive is classified in accordance with the established classification scheme	
	2. Ensure that physical media in transit containing sensitive information is protected against:	
	a. Information disclosure or leakage	Basic
	b. Loss of information or media	
	c. Modification	
	d. Unauthorized access	
	3. Ensure that physical media in transit containing sensitive information is adequately tracked	
	4. Utilize trusted entity staff or courier service for transporting media	
CM 2.7	The healthcare entity shall protect information involved in electronic messaging	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify and categorize all means of electronic messaging through which the entity information can be transmitted	
	2. Define specific control requirements for each identified category of electronic messaging	Transitional
	3. Ensure exchange of information is based on need and are addressed to authorized and legitimate resources	
	4. Ensure appropriate electronic signatures containing legal disclaimers are used for electronic messaging.	
CM 2.8	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain procedures to secure information transferred across business information systems	
	The procedures shall:	
	Identify all points of interconnections and integrations between business information systems and identify the information to be protected	Advanced
	2. Identify adequate security measures to be applied to protect each type of information	
	1	

UAE IA Reference: T4.2.1, T4.2.2, T4.2.3, T4.2.4, T4.2.5



CM₃ Electronic Commerce

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
CM 3.1	The healthcare entity shall protect electronic commerce service and information involved passing over public and untrusted networks from service compromise and fraudulent activity, contract dispute, unauthorized disclosure and modification	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Maintain a list of electronic commerce services along with details of:	
	a. Service details and information involved	Transitional
	b. Electronic commerce service provider and partner detail	
	c. Beneficiary details	
	2. Identify and implement security measures to protect information used in electronic commerce services	
	3. Ensure security requirements are agreed and captured in service agreements with electronic commerce partners	
CM 3.2	The healthcare entity shall protect information involved in online transactions against incomplete transmission, misrouting, unauthorized message alteration, unauthorized disclosure and unauthorized message duplication or replay	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify all information used in online transactions	Transitional
	Identify and implement security measures to protect information used in online transactions	
	3. Ensure security requirements are agreed and captured in service agreements with partners involved in online transactions	
CM 3.3	The healthcare entity shall protect information available through the publicly accessible system	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify all information available through the publicly accessible system	
	2. Establish process to publish and maintain information on the publicly accessible systems	Advanced
	3. Ensure information is sanitized and approved before publication	
	4. Define security measures to publish information on publicly accessible systems	
	5. Ensures that information available through the publicly accessible system is always available and is protected against unauthorized modification	

UAE IA Reference: T4.3.1, T4.3.2, T4.3.3



CM 4 Information Sharing Platforms

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
CM 4.1	The healthcare entity shall ensure that connectivity to information sharing platforms is secure and controlled	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Maintain a list of information sharing platforms that the entity connects to and/or operates	
	2. Determine security requirements for connecting to or release of information into identified information sharing platforms	Advanced
	3. Establish security requirement for accessing entity operated information sharing platforms	
	4. Develop required capabilities to establish secure connectivity to any required sector, national or international information sharing community	
CM 4.2	The healthcare entity shall not use cloud services or infrastructure to store, process or share information that contains health information	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that healthcare information is not transmitted outside the UAE	
	2. Identify and disconnect integration of system that process, store or utilize health information with any of the entity's systems that connect or utilize cloud services	Basic
	3. Not share identified or de-identified health information with 3rd parties, inclusive of counterparts and partners, unless authorized by the health sector regulator of Abu Dhabi	
CM 4.3	The healthcare entity shall ensure that access to health information exchange platforms within the UAE is strictly controlled	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that access to health information exchange platforms are provided to resources with an authorized need and are not misused	
	2. Periodically validate and verify access requirements to health information exchange platforms	Basic
	3. Conduct frequent assessments and audits to identify misuse and ensure compliance	
	4. Report on incidents and misuse to the health information exchange operator and the health sector regulator of Abu Dhabi	

UAE IA Reference: T4.4.1, T4.4.2. T.6.3.1



CM 5 Network Security Management

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
CM 5.1	The healthcare entity shall ensure that all networks and supporting infrastructures are adequately managed, controlled and protected	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that all network components and interconnections are identified and sufficiently documented, including documentation of updates incorporated via the change management process	
	2. Ensure that network documentation includes up to date diagrams	
	3. Identify threats and vulnerabilities affecting network components and network as a whole	Basic
	4. Implement specific security controls to mitigate identified vulnerabilities	
	5. Centralize the management of access control to networking components	
	6. Ensure that only trusted devices and users can gain access to internal networks	
	7. Continually monitor implemented controls for their efficiency and effectiveness	
CM 5.2	The healthcare entity shall identify and enforce security requirements, service levels, and management requirements as part of relevant network services agreements	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Specify specific security requirements essential for each of its network services	Transitional
	2. Establish minimum security requirements for each identified service	
	3. Establish service levels for internal and external network service providers	
	4. Evaluate service level compliance and report deviation to relevant authorities	



CM 5.3	The healthcare entity shall segregate physical, logical and wireless network based on criticality, nature of services and users information systems	5
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Establish criteria for network segregation	
	2. Establish and maintain appropriate network security zones, allowing data flow follow through controlled path	g Basic
	3. Establish minimum and specific security requirements for each of the segregated networks, zones and resources	2
	4. Periodically evaluate the adequacy of implemented segregation strategy	,
CM 5.4	The healthcare entity shall ensure that all wireless networks are adequately protected	y
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Conduct site survey to determine the optimal physical location for the placement of wireless access-points or devices to avoid stray signal leaking outside the entity's physical boundary	I
	2. Ensure that wireless access points are configured to use strong authentication and cryptographic methods	Basic
	3. Ensure that only trusted devices and users gain access to internative networks via wireless access	I
	4. Ensure that guest access provided to visitors and guest are physically and logically isolated and shall not traverse through the entity's internative network	I
	5. Monitor access and usage of guest wireless facilities	

UAE IA Reference: T4.5.1, T4.5.2, T4.5.3, T4.5.4



7. Health Information and Security

Health information has become fundamental to the provision of healthcare services. Healthcare entities generate and utilize healthcare information and establish relations with individuals to give the information a persistent value during its lifecycle of usage and references.

Privacy of health information is a patient's basic right, by law and principles, and shall be protected. Healthcare entities shall demonstrate care, prudence and determination in protecting healthcare information under their custody, and uphold the public trust placed on them.

It is a government mandate that healthcare information be considered as highly classified data element, to be protected through its lifecycle. Healthcare entities shall establish control measures that shall prevent and minimize probabilities of:

- Unauthorized access and/or usage of healthcare data
- Unauthorized or accidental modification of healthcare data
- Leakage of healthcare data
- Loss of healthcare data

Healthcare entities shall consider critical:

- One's physical or mental health conditions or state,
- Clinical decisions and healthcare services provided
- Payments concerning healthcare services provided or envisioned

Objective:

To ensure healthcare information are suitably protected to uphold public trust and reliability on governmental interest and values, and to sustain entity reputation in the provisioning of healthcare services.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Information Security Management Policy
- 2) Acceptable Usage Policy
- 3) Compliance Policy
- 4) Disciplinary Actions Policy



HI 1 Health Information Protection Policy

	Control Demands		
HI 1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain a health information protection policy that ensures management's commitment to protect healthcare information		
	The policy shall:		
	Define management requirements on;		
	a. Criteria for access and acceptable usage	Daria.	
	b. Accountability and/or data ownership	Basic	
	c. Healthcare data communication or sharing		
	2. Mandate the requirements of non-disclosure and confidentiality during and after employment		
	3. Define government sanctions and legal obligations		
	4. Include reference to organizational disciplinary process		

UAE IA Reference: M_{5.2.4}



HI 2 Health Information Privacy and Protection

		Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
HI 2.1	The		
	The	e healthcare entity shall:	
	1.	Conduct orientation on healthcare information protection and sanctions to all its employees, relevant contractors and third parties prior to their access to healthcare information	
	2.	Establish stricter process to ensure clear desk and clear screen practices are adhered to in areas where healthcare information is used, processed or handled	
	3.	Define and enforce criteria for healthcare information access	
	4.	Ensure access to health information systems and applications are restricted for individuals possessing a valid licence to practice their profession within the UAE, and any exception shall be authorized by entity CISO based on adequate justification	
	5.	Control and restrict privileges for printing and sharing of healthcare information	Basic
	6.	Ensure cleaning staff access to areas where patient related healthcare information is being viewed, accessed, used, processed, stored and/or destroyed are monitored or under surveillance coverage	
	7.	Ensure any hardcopy/media containing healthcare information is shredded after its usefulness	
	8.	Establish processes for shredding all hardcopy documents before their disposal	
	9.	Ensure that healthcare information with personal identifiers is not available unattended	
	10.	Ensure printing of healthcare information is limited to local printers and are not printed through uncontrolled network printers	
	11.	Establish processes to notify the health sector regulator of any probabilities of breaches involving healthcare information	

UAE IA Reference: M_{5.2.4}



8. Third Party Security

Operational efficiency, time to deliver and cost saving aspects compels entity management to utilize third party services or resources to complement service delivery. Involvement of third parties in the process of care delivery and associated areas are inevitable and needs stronger control measures to secure entity assets and information.

Healthcare entity management shall be cognizant of the fact that a significant portion of privacy breaches originates with organizations that contracted activities and services to third parties. Adequate due diligence to activities and services to be contracted, and a proactive identification and definition of control environment to secure privacy and information assets would minimize damages and benefit healthcare entities and the government. Entities that entrust access to third parties acknowledge and share responsibilities for the breaches.

A healthcare entity's management shall be aware of the risk environment related to third party services and resources, establish a suitable framework for third party management and define a control environment that shall:

- Reduce probabilities of information leakage and loss
- Secure information assets
- Minimize unauthorized access and usage
- Uphold organizational and governmental reputation
- Ensure service continuity

Objective:

To ensure third party services are controlled through suitable procedural obligations and contractual terms to secure privacy and protect information assets.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Access Control Policy
- 2) Operations Management Policy
- 3) Procurement Policy
- 4) Supply Chain Management Policy
- 5) Compliance Policy





TP 1 Third Party Security Policy

			Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
TP 1.1	sec	e health curity pol luce prob		
	The	e policy s	hall:	
	1.	Be relev	vant and appropriate to the relationship of the entity and the third	
	2.	Establis	sh a framework that facilitates:	
		a.	Secure management of third party services and their role in healthcare and/or related services	
		b.	Defining and including information security objectives	_
		C.	Third party briefing of security requirements	Basic
		d.	Definition of roles and responsibilities	
	3.	Demon	strate management's commitment, objectives and directions	
	4.	Establis	sh management's expectations on:	
		a.	Privacy and protection of information assets	
		b.	Access to system, application, device, equipment and critical area	
		C.	Non disclosures and terms of use	
	5.		ad and acknowledged by stakeholders and third party ntatives authorized to sign on their behalf	

UAE IA Reference: T6.1.1



TP 2 Third Party Service Delivery and Monitoring

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
TP 2.1	The healthcare entity shall identify and enforce security requirements, service levels and management requirements as part of relevant third party services agreements	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure that specific security requirements essential for each of type of services are included in the service delivery agreement	
	2. Establish minimum security requirements for each identified service	
	3. Ensure measures and minimum baselines for each of the identified security requirements are established and monitored	
	4. Establish service levels for each of the service through third parties	Basic
	5. Define and document the type of information that third party service provider needs access to	
	6. Assign responsibility for managing third party relationships to an individual or service management team	
	7. Identify and include Right-to-Audit terms specific to the provisions and environment of service management	
	8. Coordinate with entity contract management and legal teams for third party service requirements that needs the storing, processing and transmission of health and/or personally identifiable information	
TP 2.2	The healthcare entity shall monitor and review services provided and reports and records submitted by third parties	
	The healthcare entity shall;	
	Monitor compliance of security requirements identified in agreements with third parties	
	2. Monitor third party services and ensure required reports are received and reviewed by qualified entity resource	Transitional
	3. Implement controls for monitoring the exchange of information between various parties to ensure security compliance	
	4. Manage incidents and contingencies associated with access and violations	
	5. Assess and manage business, commercial, financial and legal risk associated with third party services	
	6. Perform audits of third parties services on a regular basis	



TP 2.3		e healthcare entity shall manage changes to the provisions of third party vices through a formal management process	
	Th	e healthcare entity shall:	
	1.	Ensure that changes to activities and provisions are in compliance with security requirements	Transitional
	2.	Include as part of the agreement, formal processes to manage changes	
	3.	Define parameters of change that shall be communicated and agreed between the entity and the third party	

UAE IA Reference: T6.2.1, T6.2.2, T6.2.3



9. Information Systems Acquisition, Development, and Maintenance

The demand for systems and applications to host and process information to deliver business values needs careful assessment of lifecycle aspects. Wide options and cost effective delivery models attract entities to determine easy to use and cost effective solutions, ignoring security aspects in order to quickly deliver on business values.

Healthcare entity management shall identify the relevant health information systems and applications, related risk factors that impact the entities ability to provide reliable services, reputation and reliability of the solution/product or vendor. Healthcare entity management should be aware of the fact that the solution or the product selected will probably introduce new risks that shall managed through their lifecycles.

Based on detailed assessment and entity risk appetite, the healthcare entity's management shall choose from one of the below options:

- In-house development, maintenance and support of application and systems
- Outsource the development, maintenance and support of application and systems
- Out-of-shelf product deployment, maintained and support by the vendor
- Cloud-based application utilization
- Hybrid approach for the development, maintenance and support requirements

Objective:

To emphasis the need for healthcare entities to adopt secure system and software development lifecycle management processes and to ensure that systems and applications in use are securely managed and supported to avoid misuse of privileges and authority, reduce probabilities of information, system and application compromises, and to uphold entity and Abu Dhabi government's reputational value and public trust.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Access Control Policy
- 2) Operations Management Policy
- 3) Communications Policy
- 4) Procurement Policy
- 5) Third party security policy
- 6) Compliance Policy





SA 1 Information Systems Acquisition, Development, and Maintenance Policy

			Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 1.1	sys	e healtho stems ac plementa		
	The	e policy s	hall:	
	1.		vant and appropriate to the model and relationship of the entity olved internal and external stakeholders	
	2.	Demon	strate management's commitment, objectives and directions	
	3.	Establis	sh a framework that facilitates:	
		a.	Defining and including information security objectives	
		b.	Selection of the right model and approach	
		C.	Identification and mitigation of risks in involved business and application processes	Basic
		d.	Definition of roles and responsibilities	
	4.	Establis	sh management expectations on:	
		a.	Privacy and protection of information assets	
		b.	Secure design, development, testing, deployment, maintenance and support	
		c.	Secure access to systems, applications, devices, and equipment	
		d.	Secure processing and communication of information and data	
		e.	Non-disclosures requirements	
		f.	Cryptographic controls and requirements	
	5.	Be read	and acknowledged by involved internal and external stakeholders	

UAE IA Reference: T7.1.1, T7.4.1



SA 2 Security Requirement of Information Systems and Applications

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 2.1	 The healthcare entity shall analyse, identify, develop and implement information security requirements for new information systems and applications or enhancements to existing systems and applications The security requirement shall: Be relevant to be used for new information systems or enhancements to existing information systems Be approved by individuals authorized to do so on behalf of business and information security Be compliant with the requirements of this standard and secure coding practices Address all risk elements identified during risk assessments Outline validation criteria to verify control efficiency and effectiveness Define system acceptance criteria Be included and maintained in business and technical requirement documents 	Transitional
SA 2.2	The healthcare entity shall ensure developer of information systems, system components or information system services are provided suitable training prior to their involvement in development activities The healthcare entity shall: 1. Identify baseline training requirements that are essential to the developer 2. Acknowledge that developer(s) received relevant baseline training prior to their involvement in development activities 3. Identify training requirements based on implemented security functions and features 4. Design and execute training programs to address additional and future security requirements 5. Include training requirement in agreements, when the requirements are delivered and managed by third parties	Transitional

UAE IA Reference: T7.2.1, T7.2.2



SA ₃ Correct Processing in Applications

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 3.1	The healthcare entity shall validate data input to applications to ensure that the data is correct and appropriate	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Define criteria, rules and validation parameters to validate data input into applications	Transitional
	2. Develop or configure applications to drop input data that is identified as incorrect or inappropriate	
SA 3.2	The healthcare entity shall incorporate validation checks into applications to detect any corruption of information through processing errors or deliberate acts	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish minimum requirements for validation checks on internal processing of application under development to ensure correct processing of data	Transitional
	2. Require application developers to provide evidence of compliance with minimum requirements	
	3. Ensure that the incorporated validation checks are valid and relevant over a period of time and meet minimum requirements through the applications' lifecycles	
SA 3.3	The healthcare entity shall ensure the authenticity and integrity of messages in applications	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Identify and enforce requirements to ensure authenticity and integrity of messages transmitted between systems and applications	
SA 3.4	The healthcare entity shall validate data output from applications to ensure that data is correct and appropriate	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Define criteria, rules and validation parameters to validate data output from applications	



SA 3.5	The healthcare entity shall ensure that all distributed and mobile applications are designed with the ability to tolerate communication failure	
	Distributed and mobile applications shall:	Transitional
	Include off-line and duplicate or out-of-sequence response message handling capabilities	

UAE IA Reference: T7.3.1, T7.3.2, T7.3.3, T7.3.4



SA 4 Cryptographic Controls

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 4.1	The healthcare entity shall establish key management to support the entity's use of cryptographic techniques	
	Healthcare entities shall:	
	1. Establish process to:	
	a. Securely generate and use cryptographic keys	
	b. Revoke/block keys	Transitional
	c. Repair damage or corrupted keys	
	2. Define standards for:	
	a. Key strength for various environments	
	b. Key storage	
	3. Protect secret and private keys against unauthorized use and disclosures	

UAE IA Reference: T7.4.2



SA 5 Security of System Files

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 5.1	The healthcare entity shall control the installation of software on operational systems	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Ensure software installations are carried out only by authorized resources	Advanced
	2. Keep a copy of all software installed, including any previous versions	
	3. Ensure software installed in production systems are subject to entity change management process and approval	
SA 5.2	The healthcare entity shall protect system test data	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Use sample data sets to test application, business and security functionalities	
	2. Restrict the use of real data from production systems for testing, allowing it based on appropriate control and authorization from authoritative business and information security stakeholders	Transitional
	3. Maintain records of copying, using and erasing of operational information in test environment	
	4. Ensure that personally identifiable information is not used as test data	
	5. Erase any data from test applications immediately after completion of the test	
SA 5.3	The healthcare entity shall restrict access to program source code	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Transitional
	Ensure that access to program source code is strictly based on need and is in compliance with entity access control policy	Hansidonal

UAE IA Reference: T7.5.1, T7.5.2, T7.5.3



SA 6 Outsourced Software Development

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 6.1	The healthcare entity shall supervise and have control over outsourced software development	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	1. Establish and enforce a secure coding policy	
	2. Define quality assurance processes	
	3. Include in the outsourced software development agreement the requirement to comply with:	
	 a. All relevant healthcare entity policies, including information security and quality related policies, requirements and functionalities 	
	b. Provisions of this Standard	Transitional
	c. Regulatory and legal requirements	
	d. Industry specific secure coding practices (OWASP)	
	4. Include in the agreement the right to audit clause	
	5. Conduct source code review to identify potential vulnerabilities, back-door and malicious code	
	6. Control the number, rotation and termination of staff involved in outsourced development activities to restrict:	
	a. Unauthorized access	
	b. Leakage of information	

UAE IA Reference: T₇.6.5



SA 7 Supply Chain Management

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SA 7.1	The healthcare entity shall develop a comprehensive information security strategy against supply chain threats to the information systems and application, medical devices and equipment	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Define policy to regulate the acquisition of products and services	
	2. Limit sharing of configuration and architecture with suppliers	
	3. Define system acceptance criteria for all new system purchase	
	4. Ensure product compliance with entity information security requirements	Advanced
	5. Include in the contract:	
	a. Right-to-Audit clause	
	b. Non-disclosure requirements	
	c. Terms to comply with entity information security policy and requirements	
	d. Terms to comply with relevant federal and local government requirements	
SA 7.2	The healthcare entity shall conduct supplier review prior to entering into contractual agreement to acquire information systems, medical devices and system/devices components or information system services	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Define an evaluation process for suppliers of information systems, system components, medical devices and services	Advanced
	2. Periodically review supplier compliance to terms of the agreement and evaluation requirements	
	3. Include federal and local government requirements as part of supplier review	
SA 7.3	The healthcare entity shall identify and limit harm from potential adversaries targeting the entity's supply chain	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Limit information sharing with suppliers	Advanced
	2. When essential, share securely relevant and needed information through secure channel	
	3. Engage with a diverse set of suppliers for critical products and services	



SA 7.4	 The healthcare entity shall employ security controls to protect supply chain operations The healthcare entity shall: Evaluate risks to its information systems, medical devices, services and support operations Agree with suppliers of systems, applications, medical devices equipment, related products/services on control measures and include them in the supplier contract 	Advanced
SA 7.5	The healthcare entity shall ensure a reliable (i.e. not modified to provide back-door access or covert channels) delivery of information systems, medical devices or system/devices components The healthcare entity shall: 1. Ensure information systems, system components, and medical devices are genuine and are satisfying system acceptance requirements 2. Ensure software delivered has not been altered or modified	Advanced
SA 7.6	The healthcare entity shall establish processes to address weakness or deficiencies in supply chain elements The healthcare entity shall: 1. Identify and document supply chain elements and their interdependencies 2. Identify and address issues concerning supply chain elements 3. Conduct regular assessments and audits of supply chain elements	Transitional
SA 7.7	 The healthcare entity shall ensure adequate supplies of critical information systems, medical devices and system/devices components The healthcare entity shall: Establish contingency plans for the supply of any critical information systems, medical devices and system/devices components Consider stockpiling of essential and critical spare components Utilize multiple suppliers for critical components 	Advanced

UAE IA Reference: T7.8.1, T7.8.2, T7.8.3, T7.8.4, T7.8.5, T7.8.6, T7.8.7



10. Information Security Incident Management

The value of information has grown exponentially and has become a soft target for malicious intent communities, individuals and nation states to disrupt an organization's ability to conduct and sustain business or to be in business, and to disrupt government's ability to provide services to its citizens and resident communities. Healthcare entities' utilization of technological advancement and innovation shall not be limited to service delivery; rather it shall also be to defend and respond to deliberate and accidental attempts to disrupt the entities' services.

A healthcare entity's ability to quickly and confidently respond to and restore service disruption attempts contributes the entity management's commitment to its vision and objective values towards service delivery. Healthcare entity's management shall be aware that information security incidents may not always be preventable. But adequate procedures, process and technologies to detect, report and handle, combined education and awareness can minimize their frequency, severity and impact on an entity's asset, reputation, financial and legal values.

It is essential that serious information security incidents that can potentially disrupt critical business processes and services are promptly communicated to the appropriate authorities so that they get involved early in the decision-making and communication.

Objective:

To ensure that healthcare entities define and utilize suitable processes and resources to identify and respond to information security and cyber security incidents, that they are not severely impacted by incident outcomes and that they are able to restore affected operations within an acceptable timeframe.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Access Control Policy
- 2) Operations Management Policy
- 3) Communications Policy
- 4) Third party security policy
- 5) Compliance Policy



IM 1 Information Security Incident Policy

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
IM 1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain an information security incident management policy, to manage and guide the entity's response to information security incidents	
	The policy shall:	
	Be relevant and appropriate to the entity's operation and risk environment	
	2. Demonstrate management commitment, objectives and directions	
	3. Establish incident management roles and responsibilities	
	4. Establish a proactive, collaborative and sustainable process of identifying and resolving adverse information security incidents.	Basic
	5. Establish management demands on:	
	a. Incident identification	
	b. Incident response	
	c. Incident notification/communication	
	d. Learning from incident	
	6. Be read and acknowledged by involved internal and external stakeholders	

UAE IA Reference: T8.1.1



IM 2 Incident Management and Improvements

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
IM 2.1	The healthcare entity shall establish process(es) to guide information security and cyber security incident response activities The process(es) shall: 1. Have tested procedures to handle incident situations before, during and after the occurrence of the incident 2. Plan for incident communication to affected stakeholders and relevant authorities 3. Management approval on plans and procedures	Transitional
IM 2.2	 The healthcare entity shall establish a Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT) responsible for incident management and response efforts The healthcare entity shall: Establish CSIRT organization with adequate authority, essential roles and responsibilities Identify and nominate competent resources for each identified role of the CSIRT Establish communication and response protocols Allocate adequate funds for CSIRT operations Entity CSIRT shall coordinate with its counterparts within the health sector regulator of Abu Dhabi for incidents which will have significant/severe impact on the entity's assets or operations Ensure that significant/severe impact incidents are reported to the health sector regulator of Abu Dhabi Provide suitable training to members of the CSIRT to cover: a. Past incidents and lessons learnt b. Current threat environment of the entity c. New threats and attack trends across the world 	Advanced
IM 2.3	The healthcare entity shall assess and classify information security incidents The healthcare entity shall: 1. Establish an incident classification scheme in line with the recommendations of the health sector regulator of Abu Dhabi 2. Define workflows to handle incidents of various classifications/severity	Transitional



IM 2.4	The healthcare entity shall test its Computer Security incident response capabilities	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Develop test procedures to validate the effectiveness of its incident response capabilities	Transitional
	Establish the expected outcome of test and compare test results to identify gaps	
	3. Modify process and procedures to address gaps identified	
IM 2.5	The healthcare entity shall document and preserve records on all information security incidents	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Identify all relevant data and evidence to be collected during and after realization of an information security incident	
	2. Establish procedures for collecting evidence taking into account the:	
	a. Chain of custody	
	b. Safety of evidence	Tuonoitional
	c. Safety of personnel	Transitional
	d. Roles and responsibilities of personnel involved	
	e. Competency of the personnel	
	f. Documentation	
	g. Briefing	
	h. Other identified requirements	
	3. Preserve documents, records and evidences in compliance with the entity's retention policy	
IM 2.6	The healthcare entity shall institutionalize the learning from information security incidents	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Ensure lessons learnt from past information security incidents are maintained and shared with relevant stakeholders to aid in:	Advanced
	a. Addressing future information security incidents	
	b. Minimizing the recurrence of such incidents	
	Build knowledge database on information security incident diagnosis and response	

 $\textbf{UAE IA Reference:} \ \mathsf{T8.2.1, T8.2.2, T8.2.3, T8.2.4, T8.2.5, T8.2.7, T8.2.8, T8.2.9$



IM 3 Information Security Events and Weakness Reporting

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
IM 3.1	The healthcare entity shall develop a situational awareness culture by participating in the information sharing community and obtaining cybersecurity information from various sources	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	 Identify priority information and share it internally to build the entity's business model based-context 	
	2. Ensure all identified cybersecurity information is relevant to the:	Advanced
	a. Entity's business operations	Advanced
	 Entity's information system and application, medical devices and equipment 	
	c. Entity's processes and control environment	
	d. Entity's risk environment	
	3. Establish and coordinate with the healthcare sector regulator of Abu Dhabi to receive relevant cybersecurity information	
IM 3.2	The healthcare entity shall report information security events through appropriate management channels	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Establish a formal channel for entities and external stakeholders to report information security events	
	2. Ensure all employees and third parties are aware of the need for reporting of information security events and breaches	Advanced
	3. Assign designated points of contact for information security events	
	4. Establish information security event reporting procedures	
	5. Establish information security event communication and reporting protocol to relevant stakeholders and authorities (including the healthcare sector regulator)	



IM 3.3	we	ne healthcare entity shall report observed or suspected information security eaknesses in systems or application services (inclusive of medical devices and equipment)	
	Th	ne healthcare entity shall;	
	1.	Establish a formal channel for entities and external stakeholders to report information security weakness as soon as they are identified	Advanced
	2.	Ensure all employees and third parties are aware of the need for reporting of information security weakness	
	3.	Ensure no user exploits information security weakness	

UAE IA Reference: T8.3.1, T8.3.2, T8.3.3



11. Information Systems Continuity Management

Information systems and applications have become fundamental to business operations. The ability of a healthcare entity's systems and applications to support identified critical services and processes would demonstrate the maturity of the healthcare entity's operational capabilities.

Even-though the demand on system and applications are identified through a different management process (Organizational Business Continuity), it is relevant for healthcare entities to align with such process to establish system, application and resource requirements concerning critical services and processes.

Healthcare entities shall be proactive in identifying threat scenarios that may impact their information systems and application environment, and device strategies and plans to ensure system, application and resource availability to support service continuity of identified critical services.

Objective:

To ensure systems, applications and resources are available to support service continuity requirements of identified critical services and processes during abnormal situations or environment.

Supporting or dependent entity policy references:

- 1) Entity Business Continuity Policy
- 2) Entity Business Continuity/Recovery Plan
- 3) Operations Management Policy
- 4) Communications Policy
- 5) Compliance Policy



SC 1 Information Systems Continuity Management Policy

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SC 1.1	The healthcare entity shall develop, enforce and maintain an information system continuity planning policy to manage scenarios that challenge the continued availability of information systems and applications supporting critical business services	
	The policy shall:	
	 Be relevant and appropriate to the entity's information systems and applications continuity demands 	Transitional
	2. Demonstrate management commitment, objectives and directions	
	3. Establish roles and responsibilities of involved stakeholders	
	4. Establish management expectations on:	
	 a. Planning for information system and application continuity during adverse situations 	
	b. Compliance with organizational business continuity plans	
	c. Testing of continuity and restoration plans	
	5. Be read and acknowledged by involved internal and external stakeholders	

UAE IA Reference: T_{9.1.1}



SC 2 Information Systems Continuity Planning

	Control Demands	Control Criteria Basic/Transitional/Advanced
SC 2.1	The healthcare entity shall develop information systems and application continuity plans that shall prevent or minimize interruptions to critical business services and processes during adverse situations	
	The plan shall:	
	Identify information systems, processes and information supporting critical business services and processes	
	2. Be harmonized and support organizational business continuity planning and/or disaster recovery demands	Advanced
	3. Identify individuals with assigned roles and responsibilities, along with necessary contact information	
	4. Define call tree matrix and escalation matrix	
	5. Defined criteria and conditions for plan activation	
	6. Have provisions to address information security incident based scenarios and provide guidance to operate and support critical business services during such scenarios	
SC 2.2	The healthcare entity shall implement the established information system and application continuity plans	
	The healthcare entity shall:	Advanced
	Ensure that the capabilities and requirements of the information system and application continuity plans are established and available to be used during plan activation	navaneed
SC 2.3	The healthcare entity shall test, reassess and maintain its information systems and application continuity plans	
	The healthcare entity shall:	
	Define schedules and test information system and application continuity plans to ensure:	
	 a. Adequacy and effectiveness of the plans b. Entity and resource readiness to execute the plans 2. Document test outcomes and lessons learned 	Advanced
	3. Assess plan adequacy during changes to business services, systems and applications	
	4. Update and maintain information system and application continuity plans based on lessons learned and assessment outcome	

UAE IA Reference: T9.2.1, T9.2.2, T9.3.1