Evaluation of Postfix Expression

```
//Evaluation of Postfix expression
\#include < stdio.h >
\#include < math.h >
void push(char b);
void push1(int n);
char pop();
int pop1();
int icp(char p);
int isp(char q);
char a [100], a1 [100], out [20], e [20];
int top=-1,max=20;
main()
  char item, op, x, y;
  int t, value, num;
  int i=0,c=0,j,p,q;
  printf("\nEnter an infix expression\t");
  scanf("%s",e);
  for (j=0; e[j]!= '\setminus 0'; j++);
  e[j] = ') ';
  push ('(');
  while (top>-1)
       item=e[i++];
       if (item == ' \setminus 0')
    break;
  }
       else if(isalnum(item))
    out [c]=item;
    c++;
       else if (item==')')
  {
    x = pop();
    while (x!='('))
       {
         out [c]=x;
         c++;
         x = pop();
  }
       else if (isp(a[top]) > = icp(item))
  {
```

```
x = pop();
  while (isp(x)>=icp(item))
       out [c]=x;
       c++;
      x = pop();
  push(x);
  push(item);
    else if (isp (a [top]) < icp (item))
  push(item);
    else
printf("invalid expression");
top=-1;
for (j=0; out [j]!= ' \setminus 0'; j++);
out[j]='#';
out [j+1] = ' \setminus 0';
i = 0;
while (item!='#')
    item=out[i];
    if(isalnum(item))
  printf("Enter the value of %c\t", item);
  scanf("%d",&num);
  push1(num);
    else
{
  op=item;
  p=pop1();
  q=pop1();
  switch (op)
    {
    case '+':
       t=q+p;
       break;
    case '-':
       t=q-p;
       break;
    case ', ':
       t=pow(q,p);
       break;
    case '* ':
```

```
t=q*p;
        break;
      case '/':
         t=q/p;
         break;
    push1(t);
       i++;
  value=pop1();
  printf("\nThe value is \t");
  printf("%d\n", value);
}
void push (char b)
  if(top>=(max-1))
      printf("stack overflow\n");
  else
       top=top+1;
      a[top]=b;
}
void push1(int n)
  if(top>=(max-1))
      printf("stack overflow\n");
  _{
m else}
      top=top+1;
      a1 [top] = n;
}
char pop()
  int d;
  if(top < 0)
       printf("the stack is empty\n");
```

```
else
      d=a[top];
       top = top - 1;
  return d;
}
int pop1()
  int d;
  if(top>=0)
      d=a1[top];
      top=top-1;
  return d;
int isp(char q)
  if(q==', ', ')
    return 3;
  else if (q=='*')
    return 2;
  else if (q=='/')
    return 2;
  else if (q=='+')
    return 1;
  else if (q=='-')
    return 1;
  else if (q=='('))
    return 0;
}
int icp (char p)
  if(p==', ', ')
    return 4;
  else if (p=='*')
    return 2;
  else if (p=='/')
    return 2;
  else if (p=='+')
    return 1;
  else if (p=='-')
    return 1;
  else if (p=='('))
```

```
return 4;
}
Output

Enter an infix expression (a^b)/(c*d)
Enter the value of a 2
Enter the value of b 4
Enter the value of c 8
Enter the value of d 1

The value is 2
```

Array Implementation of Linear Queue

```
//Array Implementation of Linear Queue
\#include < stdio.h >
void insert();
void delete();
void display();
int rear = 0, front = 0, size;
int queue [20];
main()
{
  int i, choice;
  printf("\nEnter the Size of Queue: ");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  do
      printf("Enter your choice ");
      scanf("%d",&choice);
      switch (choice)
  case 1:
    insert();
   break;
  case 2:
    delete();
   break;
  case 3:
    display();
   break;
  case 4:
    \mathbf{exit}(0);
  default:
    printf("\nInvalid entry");
    \} while (choice !=4);
void insert()
  int i;
  if (rear=size)
      printf("\nQueue is full\n");
  else
      for (i = 0; i < 1; i++)
```

```
{
    rear = rear + 1;
    printf("\nEnter the element to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d",&queue[rear]);
  if(front==0)
      front=1;
void delete()
  int item;
  if(front==0)
      printf("\nQueue is empty\n");
  else
      item=queue[front];
      printf("\nThe deleted element is %d", item);
      if (front=rear)
    front = 0;
    rear = 0;
      else
    front=front+1;
void display()
  int i;
  if(front==0)
      printf("\nQueue is empty\n");
  else
      printf("\nThe queue is\n");
      for ( i=front ; i <= rear ; i++)
          printf(" %d ",queue[i]);
    }
```

```
}
Output
Enter the Size of Queue: 5
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 6
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 7
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 8
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 9
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice 3
The queue is
 6 7
       8
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
```

Data Structures Lab

- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice 2

The deleted element is 6

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice 2

The deleted element is 7

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice 1

Enter the element to be inserted: 5

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice 3

The queue is

8 9 5

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice 4

Implementation of Circular Queue

```
//Implementation of Circular Queue
\#include < stdio.h >
void insert();
void delete();
void display();
int rear = 0, front = 0, size;
int cqueue [5];
main()
  printf("\nEnter the Size of the circular Queue : ");
  scanf ("%d", & size);
  int i, choice;
  do
      printf("\nMenu\n1. Enqueue\n2. Dequeue\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your choice: ");
      scanf("%d",&choice);
      switch (choice)
  case 1:
    insert();
    break;
  case 2:
    delete();
    break;
  case 3:
    display();
    break;
  case 4:
    \mathbf{exit}(0);
  default:
    printf("\nInvalid entry");
    \} while (choice !=4);
}
void insert()
  int i;
  if(((rear\%size)+1)=front)
      printf("\nCircular Queue is full\n");
  else
      for (i = 0; i < 1; i++)
```

```
rear = ((rear\%size) + 1);
    printf("\nEnter the element to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d",&cqueue[rear]);
  if(front==0)
      front=1;
void delete()
  int item;
  if(front==0)
      printf("\nCircular Queue is empty\n");
  else
      item=cqueue[front];
      printf("\nThe deleted element is %d", item);
      if (front=rear)
    front = 0;
    rear = 0;
      else
    front = (front\%size) + 1;
    }
void display()
  int i;
  if(front==0)
      printf("\nCircular Queue is empty\n");
  else
      printf("\nThe circular queue is\n");
      for (i=front; i!=rear; i=((i\%size)+1))
          printf(" %d ",cqueue[i]);
      printf(" %d ",cqueue[rear]);
```

```
}
}
Output
Enter the Size of the circular Queue: 5
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 1
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 2
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 3
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 4
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be inserted: 5
Menu
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
```

Data Structures Lab

- 3. Display 4. Exit
- Enter your choice: 1 Circular Queue is full

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3 The circular queue is 1 2 3 4 5

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2 The deleted element is 1

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2 The deleted element is 2

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3 The circular queue is 3 4 5

Menu

- 1. Enqueue
- 2. Dequeue
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 4