Sum and Reverse of Digits in a Number

```
\#! bin/bash
echo 'enter the number'
read num
s=0
rev=0
\mathbf{while}((\text{num}>0))
do
((rem=num%10))
((rev=rem+(rev*10)))
((sum=sum+rem))
((num=num/10))
done
echo Sum is $sum
echo Reverse is $rev
Output
42813@user:/mnt/42813/os$ bash sum3.sh
enter the number
12
Sum is 3
Reverse is 21
```

Factorial of A Number

```
\#! bin/bash
fact()
if (($1==0))
then
\mathrm{res}\!=\!\!1
else
expr=\$((\$1-1))
fact $expr
res=$((res*($1)))
fi
echo 'Enter Number'
read num
fact $num
echo Factorial is $res
Output
42813@user:/mnt/42813/os$ bash fact.sh
Enter Number
Factorial is 120
```

3

Fibonacci Series

```
\#! bin/bash
n1 = 0
n2=1
echo 'Enter the range'
read num
echo 'Series is:'
echo $n1
if ((num>=2))
then
echo n2
fi
((num=num-2))
\mathbf{while}((\text{num}!=0))
do
((n=n1+n2))
((n1=n2))
((n2=n))
((num=num-1))
echo $n
done
Output
\#42813@user:/mnt/42813/os\$ bash fib.sh
Enter the range
Series is:
0
1
1
2
```

#! bin/bash

Armstrong Number

echo 'Enter the number'

```
read num
i = 0
sum=0
((num1=num))
((num2=num))
while ((num>0))
do
((rem=num\%10))
((num=num/10))
((i=i+1))
done
while ((num1>0))
((rem=num1\%10))
((num1=num1/10))
res=1
j=1
while((j<=i))
((res=res*rem))
((j=j+1))
done
((sum=sum+res))
done
if ((sum=num2))
then
echo $num2 is an armstrong number
echo $num2 is not an Armstrong number
fi
Output
42813@user:/mnt/42813/os$ bash arms.sh
Enter the number
141
141 is not an Armstrong number
42813@user:/mnt/42813/os$ bash arms.sh
Enter the number
153
153 is an armstrong number
```