

Traversal

(Left Root left Right)

① preorder (Recursive & Iterative)

→ (DFS)

* Recursive : ⇒

Recursive case {
 cout << root->data;
 preorder(root->left);
 preorder(root->right);

Base case ← { root == null
 " " " "

** Iterative : ⇒

(1) stack < Node* > stack;
 stack.push(root);

Node* temp = stack.top();
~~root~~ stack.pop();
 cout << root->data;

Because
stack is
LIFO)

{ (2) Goto right
 (3) Goto left

while(!stack.empty())

(Left Right Root)

Postorder (Recursive & Alternative)

→ DFS

* Recursive :

Recursive {
 $\begin{matrix} \text{postorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{left}) \\ \text{postorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{right}) \\ \text{root} \rightarrow \text{data} \end{matrix}$

Base { Root == null

** Alternative (Two stack needed)

① stack<Node*> s1;
 push(root);

temp = s1.top();
 s1.pop();
 s2.push(temp->data);

unless
 stack is not
 empty.

② Goto left

③ Goto Right

④ pop & print
 from s2

(Left Root Right)

Inorder Traversal \Rightarrow (Recursive & Iterative)
 \rightarrow DFS

Recursive \Rightarrow

Recursive case $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{inorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{left}) \\ \text{cout} \ll \text{root} \rightarrow \text{data}; \\ \text{inorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{right}); \end{array} \right.$

Base case $\leftarrow \text{root} == \text{Null};$

Iterative \Rightarrow

$\text{stack} \langle \text{Node}^* \rangle \text{ s};$
 $\text{Node}^* \text{ temp} = \text{root};$

while (!stack.empty()) {
 if (temp != Null) {
 // extreme left
 stack.push(temp);
 temp = temp -> left;
 // points left subtree
 }
 else {
 temp = s.top();
 s.pop();
 cout << temp -> data << " ";
 temp = temp -> right;
 // points Right
 }
 }

while (!stack.empty()) {
 temp = s.top();
 s.pop();
 cout << temp -> data << " ";
 temp = temp -> right;
 }

* Level order Traversal (Recursive)

→ BFS

Recursive: ⇒

- i) calculate height of tree
- ii) print current level
- iii) print whole tree

(1)

```

Recur-
sive
case {
    int lheight = height(root → left);
    int rheight = height(root → right);
    return max(rheight + lheight) + 1;
}
    
```

```

Base
case {
    if (Node == Null)
        return 0;
}
    
```

(2) print current level: ⇒

```

void printCurrent(Node* root, k)
{
    if (root == NULL)
        return;
    if (k == 1)
        cout << root → data;
    printCurrent(root → left, k-1);
    printCurrent(root → right, k-1);
}
    
```

(3) printing whole tree: ⇒

```

for (int i = 1; i <= h; i++)
{
    printCurrent(root, i);
}
    
```