

# Detecting and Analyzing the Zeus Banking Trojan

## Objective

This project focuses on detecting and analyzing the Zeus Banking Trojan using various tools and techniques. The analysis includes malware simulation, network monitoring, memory analysis, and signature-based detection.

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## Prerequisites

- **Virtual Machine:** Install and set up a VM (e.g., VirtualBox or VMware) with an isolated network environment.
- **Operating System:** Ensure the VM uses an operating system compatible with the Zeus Trojan binary (e.g., Windows).
- **Tools Required:**
  - Suricata
  - Splunk
  - Volatility Framework
  - YARA
  - theZoo repository: [Zeus Banking Trojan Binary](#)

**Note:** Ensure strict isolation for the malware environment to avoid unintentional infections.

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## Steps to Implement

### 1. Simulate Malware Execution

- Set up a VM and download the Zeus Banking Trojan from theZoo repository.
- Execute the malware in a controlled environment.

### 2. Configure Suricata for Network Monitoring

- Install Suricata on the host machine or within the VM.
- Monitor network traffic using Suricata's default rules to detect common threats.
- Write custom Suricata rules for Zeus-specific patterns (e.g., Command and Control (C2) communication).
- Forward Suricata alerts to Splunk for centralized log analysis.

### 3. Integrate with Splunk

- Ingest logs from Suricata and the VM system logs into Splunk.
- Create correlation rules in Splunk to:
  - Detect abnormal outbound traffic.
  - Link network anomalies with system activities, such as file system changes or process creation.
- Build visual dashboards in Splunk to monitor malicious activities.

### 4. Analyze Memory with Volatility

- Capture a memory dump from the infected VM.
- Use Volatility Framework to:
  - Identify active and injected processes related to Zeus.
  - Analyze Zeus-specific network connections.

### 5. Detect Zeus with YARA Signatures

- Write custom YARA rules to detect Zeus-related patterns in binaries, configuration files, and memory dumps.
- Scan the infected system and memory dumps using YARA to identify Zeus artifacts.

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#### Important Notes

- **Malware Safety:** Execute the Zeus Trojan only within a controlled and isolated environment. Ensure it does not affect the host system or other networked devices.
- **Legal Compliance:** Ensure compliance with all applicable laws and regulations regarding malware analysis and usage.

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#### Detailed Setup Instructions for Tools

##### 1. YARA Installation on Windows

###### Prerequisites:

- Ensure Python 3.x is installed on your system.

###### Installation Steps:

1. **Download YARA:**
  - Visit the [YARA releases page](#) and download the latest precompiled binary for Windows.
  - Alternatively, you can build YARA from source using the following commands.
2. **Install YARA Using Python (optional):**

3. pip install yara-python

4. **Verify Installation:**

- Open a Command Prompt and type:
- yara --version
- If installed correctly, it will display the YARA version.

5. **Create and Test Rules:**

- Create a .yar file with your custom rules.
  - Run YARA against a file or directory:
  - yara <rule\_file> <target\_file\_or\_directory>
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## 2. Volatility Installation on Windows

**Prerequisites:**

- Ensure Python 3.x is installed.
- Install necessary dependencies.

**Installation Steps:**

1. **Download Volatility:**

- Visit the [Volatility GitHub page](#) and download the source code.

2. **Install Volatility:**

- Open Command Prompt and navigate to the downloaded folder.
- Install the required dependencies:
- pip install -r requirements.txt

3. **Set Environment Variables (optional):**

- Add the path of the Volatility folder to your system's environment variables for easier access.

4. **Test Installation:**

- Run the following command to verify:
- python vol.py -h

5. **Analyze Memory Dumps:**

- Capture a memory dump using tools like FTK Imager or DumpIt.
  - Analyze the dump:
  - python vol.py -f <memory\_dump> --profile=<profile\_name> <plugin>
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### 3. Splunk Installation

#### Prerequisites:

- Minimum 8 GB RAM and 20 GB storage available.

#### Installation Steps:

##### 1. Download Splunk:

- Go to the [Splunk Downloads page](#) and download the free trial for Splunk Enterprise.

##### 2. Install Splunk:

- Run the downloaded installer and follow the on-screen instructions.
- Set up an admin username and password during the installation.

##### 3. Start Splunk:

- Open the Splunk web interface by navigating to:
- <http://localhost:8000>
- Log in using your credentials.

##### 4. Ingest Data:

- Add Suricata logs and other logs to Splunk:
  - Go to **Settings > Add Data > Upload Files**.
  - Configure the data source and indexing.

##### 5. Create Dashboards:

- Use the data to create custom dashboards and correlation rules for monitoring malicious activities.
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### 4. Suricata Installation

#### Prerequisites:

- Windows 10 or 11 (64-bit).
- WinPcap or npcap (network packet capture libraries).

#### Installation Steps:

##### 1. Download Suricata:

- Visit the [Suricata Downloads page](#) and download the Windows installer.

##### 2. Install Suricata:

- Run the installer and follow the prompts.
- During installation, ensure you enable the option to install WinPcap/npcap.

### 3. **Configure Suricata:**

- Navigate to the Suricata installation directory.
- Edit the suricata.yaml configuration file to:
  - Specify the network interface to monitor.
  - Enable logging options (e.g., JSON logging for integration with Splunk).

### 4. **Start Suricata:**

- Run Suricata in IDS mode using Command Prompt:
- `suricata -c suricata.yaml -i <network_interface>`

### 5. **Write Custom Rules:**

- Add Zeus-specific rules in the rules directory:
- `alert http any any -> any any (msg:"Zeus C2 traffic detected"; content:"zeus"; sid:100001;)`

### 6. **Test Configuration:**

- Run Suricata in test mode to validate the setup:
  - `suricata -T -c suricata.yaml`
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