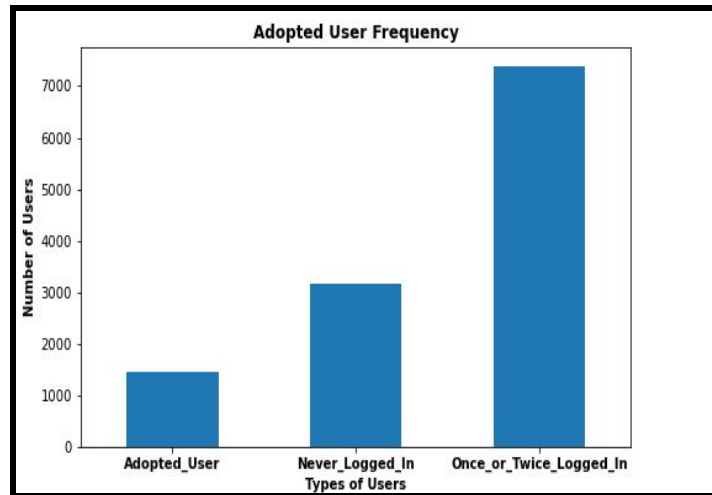


## Take Home Challenge: Fariha Baloch

**Objective:** Identify features that predict future Adopted\_User.

**Approach:** The end goal here is to predict a user's adoption level which I classified into three levels, Adopted\_User, Once\_or\_Twice\_Logged\_In and Never\_Logged\_In. The distribution of users per adoption level is shown on the right, which also shows that the data is quite unbalanced.

**Feature Selection:** In order to train a model I choose the features that a user will most likely be able to put into his/her creation of an account phase or fields that



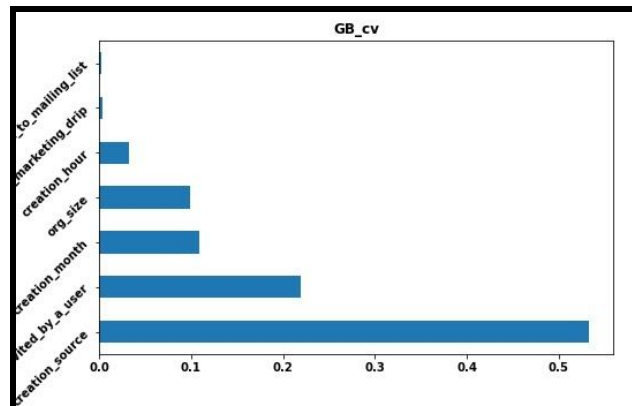
are automatically filled in like creation\_dates. Added year, month and day to each user's record from creation\_date; Added org\_size feature by looking at the total data present from different organizations.

**Model:** To predict type to a user several classification models were tested. Gradient Boost showed best accuracy. Following shows which features GB gave importance to. The accuracy of this model is 50%.

The top 3 features of importance are creation\_source, invited\_by\_a\_user, and creation\_month.

Consider a scenario where the marketing team wants to push out new deals to the users in hopes to convert users to "adopted users". Their primary target should be 'Once\_or\_Twice\_Logged\_In' users. So if the model predicts a user as that and if the prediction is wrong, there won't be any huge loss. Therefore since Recall score (0.51) for this model is less than Precision (0.63) for class 1 (once or twice logged in) it is a 'not so bad' model to adopt.

Based on the figures below class 1 users can be



targeted in May(5) and in 'ORG\_INVITE' category to get more Adopted Users.

**Other data that could have added value:**

User's Age and User's Job Title

