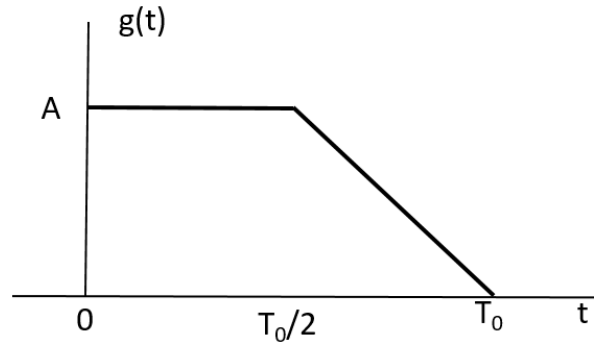




Faculty of Engineering and Technology  
Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering  
Summer Semester 2021/2022  
**Communication Systems ENEE 3309**  
**Course Project; Due Date January 22, 2023**

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Consider the periodic signal  $g(t)$ , for which one period is shown in the figure below



One Period of the periodic signal  $g(t)$

where  $A=1$  and  $T_0 = 0.1$  sec. This signal can be expanded in a trigonometric Fourier series as:

$$g(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos n\omega_0 t + b_n \sin n\omega_0 t)$$

Now, consider the approximate signal:

$$g_a(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^K (a_n \cos n\omega_0 t + b_n \sin n\omega_0 t)$$

1. Find  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, b_1, b_2,$  and  $b_3$  (you can use matlab or any other code to find numerical values of the coefficients)
2. Use matlab to plot  $g(t)$  and  $g_a(t)$  for  $K = 3$ , on the same figure for one cycle of  $g(t)$ .
3. The mean square error between  $g(t)$  and  $g_a(t)$  is defined as

$$MSE = \frac{1}{T_0} \left( \int_0^{T_0} (g(t) - g_a(t))^2 dt \right)$$

Find the mean square error for  $K=1, 2$ , and  $3$ . Summarize your results in a table.

4. If  $g_a(t)$  (when  $K = 3$ ) is multiplied by the carrier  $c(t) = 10 \cos 2\pi(200)t$  followed by an ideal bandpass filter to generate the single sideband signal  $s(t)$ , find  $s(t)$  and its spectrum.