***JENKINS:***

***Jenkins*** is a **Continuous Integration (CI) server** or tool which is written in java. It provides Continuous Integration services for software development, which can be started via command line or web application server.

**Continuous Integration (CI)** is a development practice that requires developers to integrate code into a shared repository several times a day. It is a process of running your tests on a non-developer (say testers) machine automatically when someone pushes new code into the source repository. The below diagram shows the CI workflow.



The above diagram is depicting the following functions:

* First, a developer commits the code to the source code repository. Meanwhile, the Jenkins server checks the repository at regular intervals for changes.
* Soon after a commit occurs, the Jenkins server detects the changes that have occurred in the source code repository. Jenkins will pull those changes and will start preparing a new build.
* If the build fails, then the concerned team will be notified.
* If built is successful, then Jenkins deploys the built in the test server.
* After testing, Jenkins generates a feedback and then notifies the developers about the build and test results.
* It will continue to check the source code repository for changes made in the source code and the whole process keeps on repeating.



fig: The Continuous Build System here is Jenkins

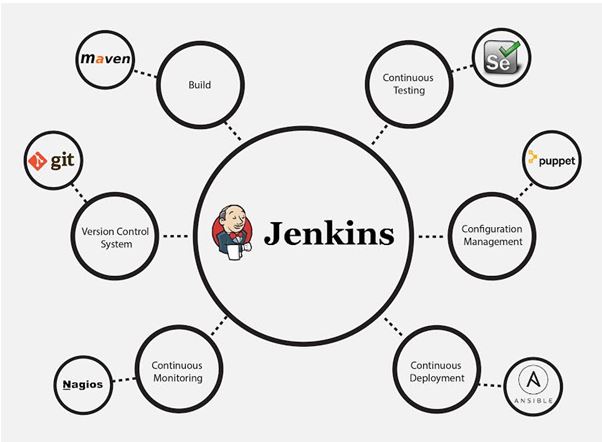
Some of the attractive reasons why you need automate build testing and integration are:

* **Developer time is concentrated on work that matters:**the developer’s time is saved without wasting.
* **Software quality is made better:**Issues are detected and resolved almost right away.
* **Makes development faster:**Most of the integration work is automated. Hence integration issues are less.

**Advantages of Jenkins**

* **Jenkins** is an open source tool with much support from its community.
* Installation is easier.
* It has more than 1000 plug-in to make the work easier.
* It is easy to create new Jenkins plugin if one is not available.
* It is a tool which is written in Java. Hence it can be portable to almost all major platforms.

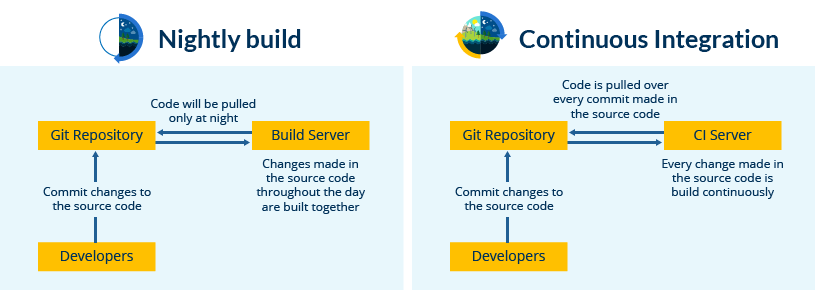
The diagram below depicts that Jenkins is integrating various DevOps stages:



Once the project is configured in Jenkins then all future builds are automated. It has basic reporting features like

1. status
2. weather reports (job health).

So overall to say, Jenkins integrates development life-cycle processes of all kinds which include building, documenting, testing, packaging, staging, deploying, static analysis and plenty more.



**Steps:**

* 1. go to google type Jenkins and open the first link
  2. then find **.war** file to download
  3. then copy that file to a folder
  4. open command in windows and open that folder where .war file is stored
  5. type this command : **java -jar jenkins.war**
  6. this will run and return an admin password copy it somewhere
  7. now Jenkins is running at **localhost:8080**
  8. go there and enter the copied password
  9. now it will redirect to next page with two options ,to install suggested plugins and to install by your own
  10. install suggested plugins
  11. then new page opens, where we can create new users or continue as admin(note: admin is username and the password is the generated one)
  12. after logging Welcome to Jenkins appear

**Installing Tomcat(not necessary):**

1) What’s needed : Tomcat 5 or above and Java 7 or above and also set PATH variable for java jdk

2) Download and unzip tomcat in any folder and then copy the Jenkins.war file in **tomcat/webapps** folder

3) Open command prompt and goto path **tomcat /bin** (whatever the full path is)

and type startup.bat

4) Tomcat would run on localhost:8080 and Jenkins would be on

**localhost:8080/Jenkins**

NOTE: to directly run Jenkins now (as Jenkins cant run on 8080 now as on that tomcat is running) we need to use different port :

**Java –jar Jenkins.war --httpPort=9090**

**How to change home directory in Jenkins?**

C:\Users\moabbasi\.jenkins

For instance the above will be the default home directory for any **job details, logs, plugins and configuration** (in my case).

So why to change it:

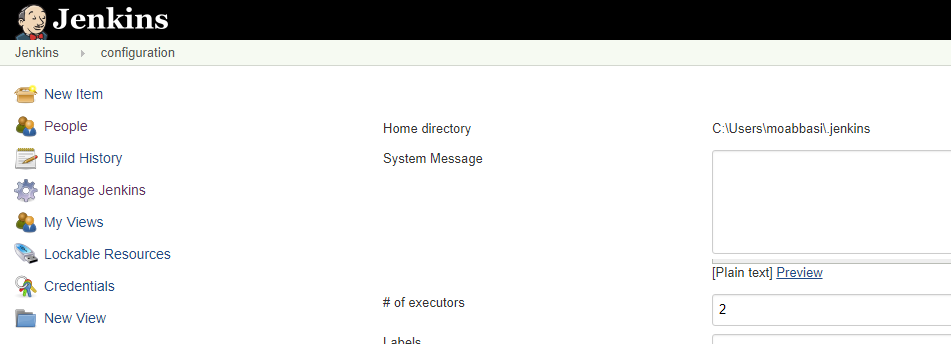
1) Project requirement

2) Enough disk space is required

How to change:

1) Check your current home directory by running Jenkins and then go to

Manage Jenkins -> Configure System



Here we can see the Home directory as: C:\Users\moabbasi\jenkins

Step 1: Check your current home directory

Step 2: Create a new folder (which will be new home directory)

Step 3: Copy all data from old directory to new directory

Step 4: change environment variable - JENKINS\_HOME and set to new directory Windows - change environment variable

Step 5: restart Jenkins (from command prompt or type **localhost:8080/restart**)

**How to use cli Jenkins?**

Step 1: start Jenkins

Step 2: goto Manage Jenkins - Configure Global Security - enable security

Step 3: goto - **http://localhost:8080/cli**

Step 4: download jerkins-cli jar

. Place at any location.

Step 5:Open command line and goto the path and copy the line displayed on **http://localhost:8080/cli** of your browser

For ex : **java -jar** [**jenkins-cli.jar**](http://localhost:8080/jnlpJars/jenkins-cli.jar) **-s http://localhost:8080/ help**

If an error to authenticate comes try this:

Go to Manage Jenkins -> Configure Global Security ->

1. Enable Security Checked
2. Authorization -> Logged-in Users can do anything -> Checked allow anonymous read access

Restart Jenkins and try running

If asks for pass phrase goto : admin-> configure->SSH public keys

**How to create Users + Manage + Assign Role ?**

Step 1: Create new users, goto: manage Jenkins->manage users->create user

Step 2: Configure users goto: top right corner with user name written->configure

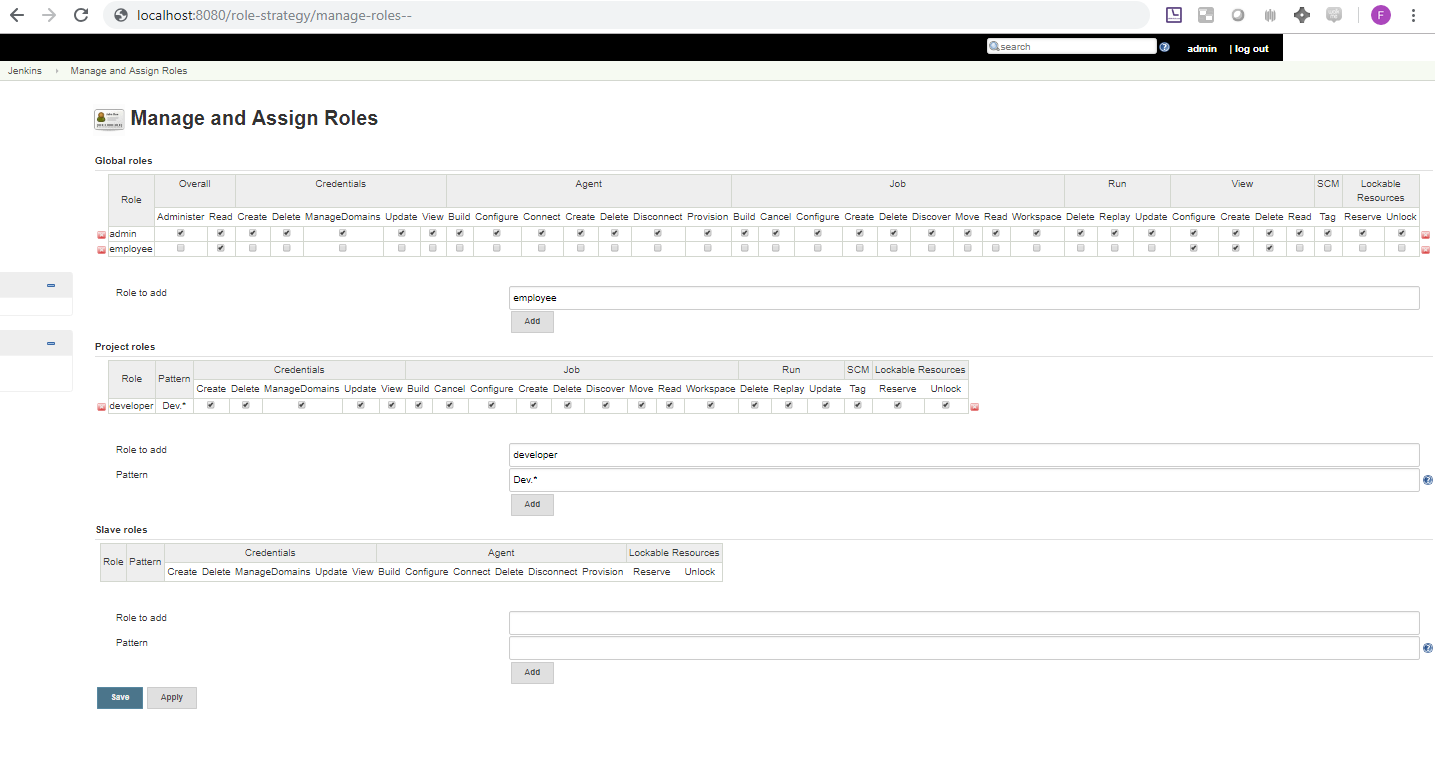
But Since every user has all the permissions so

Step 3: Create and manage user roles: manage Jenkins->manage plugins->in Available search for [Role-based Authorization Strategy](https://plugins.jenkins.io/role-strategy) , **download** - restart jenkins and then goto step 4

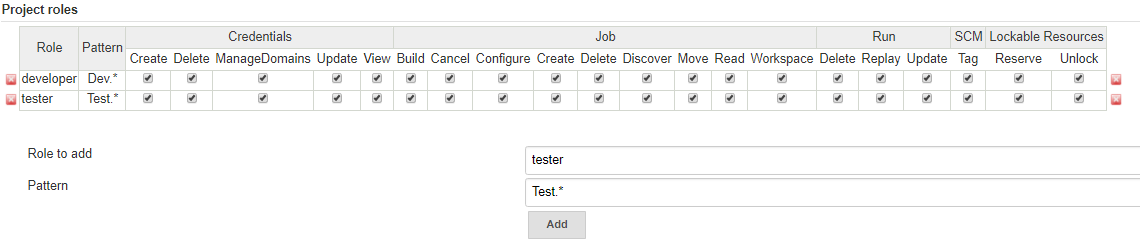
Step 4: Manage Jenkins - Configure Global Security - Authorization - Role Based Strategy (do this as admin) and now when we login from as user we get error:  
**user1 is missing the Overall/Read permission**

So now goto step 5

Step 5: goto manage and Assign roles ->manage roles(create a new role) and control on the access



In image: Here created a global Role(employee with access to read and view(complete))and a project role(developer with access to all Dev.\* files i.e files starting with Dev)

 In image: added one more project role named tester with access to all Test.\* file

Now Assigning the roles

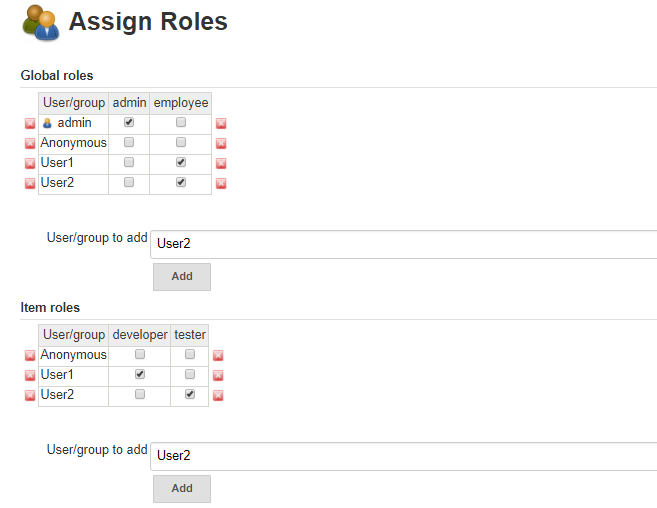


Image: Both User1 and User2 are employee but User1 is a developer (with access to Dev.\* files) and User2 is a tester (with access to Test.\* files)

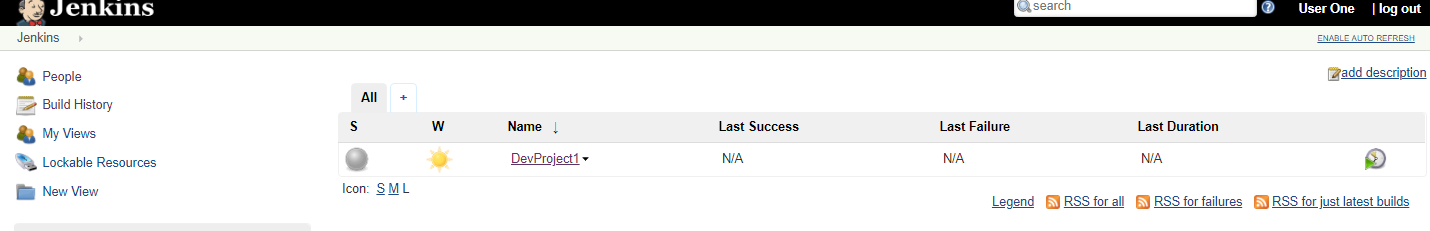
Step 6: Validate authorization and authentication are working properly

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Image: created two projects with Dev and Test prefix in names

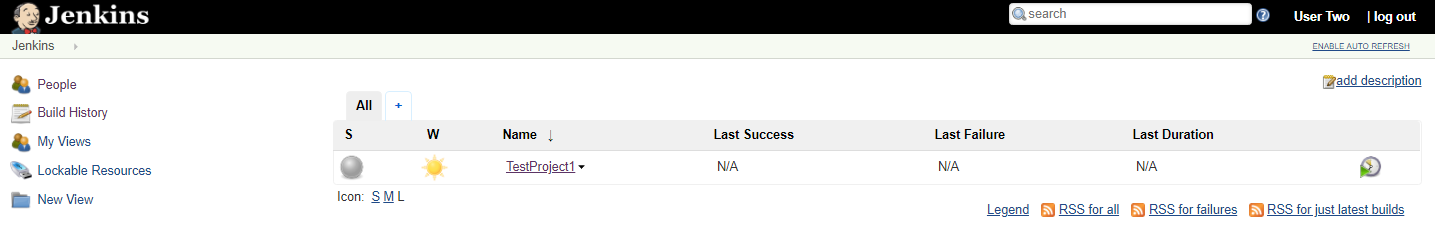
Now login as User1 who is a developer and has access to Dev.\* projects

(NOTE: for the User1 the global permission does not give permission to see manage Jenkins etc.)



Now login as User2 who is a tester and has access to Test.\* projects

(NOTE: for the User2 also the global permission does not give permission to see manage Jenkins etc.)



**How to create a new JOB ?**

Click on new item->enter a name->select from templates->then follow the steps

Jenkins Integration with git scm

1. Create a python program and run it through command line

2. Create a Jenkins job to run the python program by going in new item and then in build triggers -> execute windows batch command and copy the following:

***cd path\_of\_name.py\_file***

***python name.py***

and then build the item.

3. Add this program/project to Git

4. Jenkins - add git plugin .Now create new Project in Jenkins , and configure it as:

Source Code Management: Git->Repositories->repository URL ->(paste the git file path)

Note: if error occurs goto Manage Jenkins->Global Tool Configuration->

Git->Path to Git executable->(here give the git.exe full path where it is installed in your pc)->apply and save

5. Configure Jenkins job to trigger the execution when a change is pushed to GitHub

Build Triggers : Poll SCM (to trigger the job on any push in the github repo)

Apply and Save

6.Now make some changes in git repository by updating and pushing the file and notice that the job in Jenkins is automatically triggered is set in configure part.

**What is catlight and how to use it?**

# **CatLight is a notification app for developers.  It shows the current status of continuous delivery, tasks and bugs in the project and informs when attention is needed****.**

**What is Automated Deployment ?**

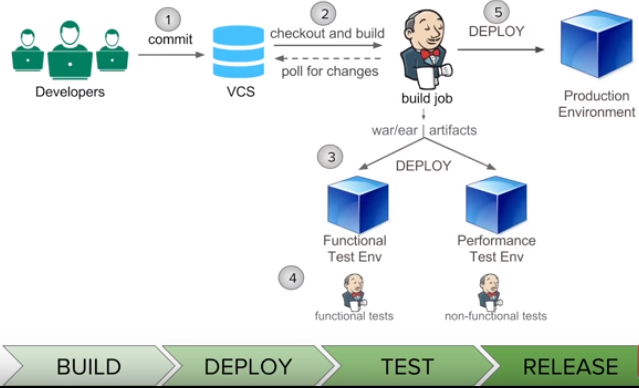
It is the process of automating the deployment process in CDS.Main stages in Continuous delivery and deployment pipeline :

a. BUILD

b. DEPLOY

c. TEST

d. RELEASE



**How to do automated deployment ?**

Step 1: Run Jenkins

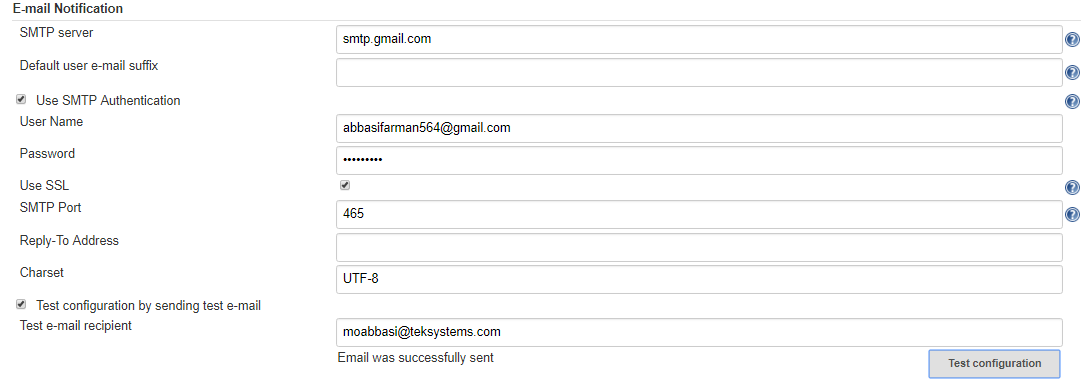
Step 2: Install plugin called : Deploy to container Plugin

Step 3: Create a new project (we can use one from internet for testing type : sample war file download in google) and copy the sample.war file in .jenkins folder-> workspace -> inside the project name we have created.

Note: war/ear file is created as a result of a build job here we are downloading one just for practice

Step 4:configure Post build Action note( we want tomcat running for this)

**How to send email?**

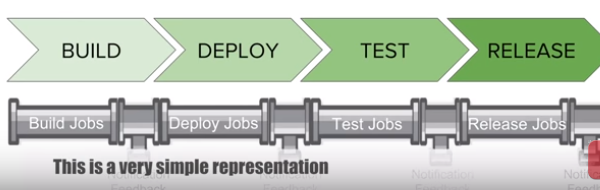
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**Note:** goto gmail sign in ptions and set less secure applications on for the sender email id

And then email can be configured for particular jobs->configure->post build actions-> email-notification

**What is Pipeline in Jenkins ?**

Pipeline - is a workflow with group of events or jobs that are chained and integrated with each other in sequence. Every job in a pipeline has some dependency on one or more other jobs

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