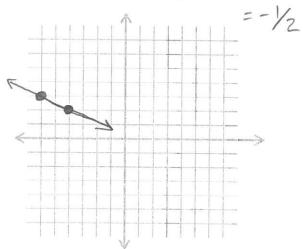
Exercises:



Find the slope and graph the line for the following:

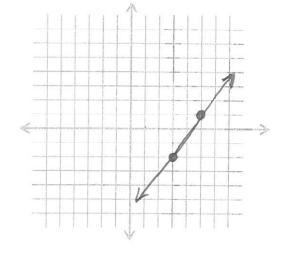
1.
$$(-4,2)&(-6,3)$$

$$M = \frac{3-2}{-6-4} = \frac{1}{-2}$$

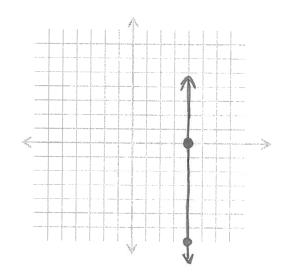


3.
$$(3,-2)&(5,1)$$

$$M = \frac{1-2}{5-3} = \frac{3}{2}$$

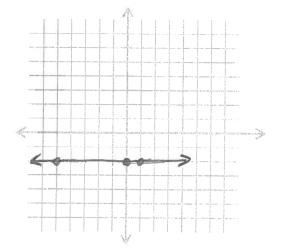


$$2.(4,0)&(4,-7)$$



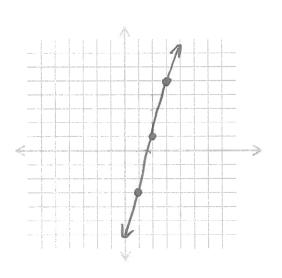
$$4.(1,-2)&(-5,-2)$$

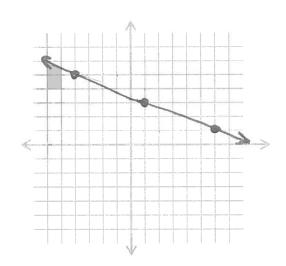
$$M = \frac{-2-2}{-5-1} = 0$$



Graph the following:

5.
$$P = (2,1); m = 4$$
 6. $P = (1,3); m = -\frac{2}{5}$





Find an equation of the line in standard form for the following:

7. Slope = $\frac{1}{2}$; passing through (3,1).

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 3)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}x + y + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

8. Having x- intercept = -4 and y-intercept = 4.

$$M = \frac{4-0}{0-4} = 1$$

$$y = mx + b$$

 $y = 1x + 4$ $-x + y - 4 = 0$

9. Containing the points (2,5)&(-1,4).

$$M = \frac{5-4}{2--1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y - 4 = \frac{1}{3}(x-1)$$

$$y - 5 = \frac{1}{3}(x-2)$$

$$y - 5 = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}x + y - \frac{13}{3} = 0$$

$$\left[-\frac{1}{3}x + y - \frac{13}{3} = 0\right]$$

10. Containing the points (4, -3)&(1,1).

$$M = \frac{1 - 3}{1 - 4} = \frac{4}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 1) \qquad 00$$

$$y - 3 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$y + 3 = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{16}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{3}x + y - \frac{7}{3} = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{3}x + y - \frac{7}{3} = 0$$

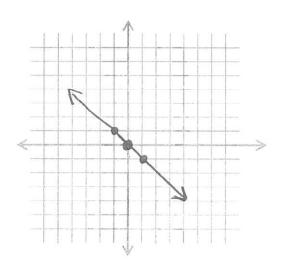
Find the slope and y-intercept for the following and graph.

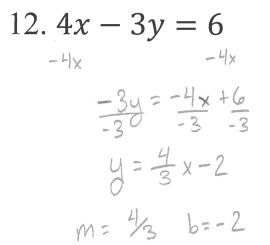
$$11. 3x + 3y = 0$$

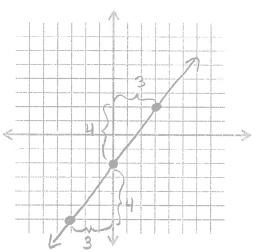
$$-3x - 3x$$

$$3y = -3x$$

$$3y$$







13. Find an equation for the y -axis.

The y-axis corresponds to the coordinates when x is O. It is a vertical line, so an equation is |X=0|