## Homework on Object-Oriented Programming

Let n be a positive integer. Define a function th(n) as the sum of the digits of n when expressed as a decimal numeral. For instance, th(348) = 3 + 4 + 8 = 15, th(15) = 1 + 5 = 6, etc. Define

$$sh(n) =_{def} \begin{cases} n, & \text{if } n < 10. \\ sh(th(n)), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For instance sh(348) = sh(15) = 6.

Define a positive integer n as a *sohot number* if it satisfies the following three conditions:

- $n \ge 10$ .
- sh(n) = 2, 3, 5, or 7.
- For every k < n such that k is a solot number, k cannot divide n.

For instance, 10 is not sohot. 11, 12, 14, 16, 20, 21, 23, 25, 29, etc. are sohot.

In this homework, you are asked to write a C++/Java program to compute all the sohot numbers less than 200. You need to follow an object-oriented paradigm. You may modify the program *Eratosthenes's Sieve* for this homework.

Here is the source code of *Eratosthenes's Sieve*.

- (1) #include <stdio.h>
- (2) class Item {
- (3) public:
- (4) Item \*source;
- (6) virtual int out() {return 0}
- (7) };
- (8) class Counter:public Item {

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(9)
        int value;
(10) public:
                                    { return value++;}
(11)
         int out()
             Counter(int v):Item(0) {value = v;}
(12)
(13) };
(14) class Sieve:public Item {
(15) public:
(16)
        int out();
(17)
            Sieve(Item *src):Item(src) { }
(18) };
(19) class Filter:public Item {
(20)
        int factor;
(21) public:
(22)
        int out();
(23)
            Filter(Item *src, int f):Item(src) {factor = f;}
(24) };
(25) main() {
(26)
          Counter c(2);
(27)
          Sieve
                 s(&c);
(28)
          int
                   next;
(29)
          do {
(30)
             next = s.out();
(31)
             printf(%d ,next);
          } while (next < 61);</pre>
(32)
(33)
          printf(\n);
(34) }
(35) int Sieve::out() {
(36)
        int n = source->out();
(37)
        source = new Filter(source, n);
(38) return n;
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(39) };
(40) int Filter::out() {
(41)     while(1) {
(42)         int n = source->out();
(43)         if (n \% factor) return n;
(44)     };
(45) };
```