Instructor: Shusen Pu

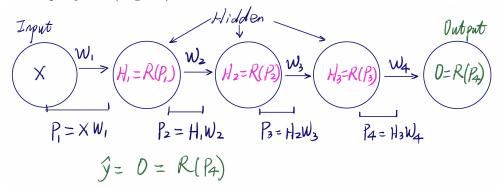
Farooq Mahmud Group #\_10 Student Name (print): \_

Question:	1	2	3	Total
Points:	10	10	20	40
Score:				

**Instructions:** This homework assignment is divided into three sections:

- The first section requires you to calculate derivatives either by typing or handwriting
- The second section, labeled as problem 2, combines traditional problem-solving with programming. You will begin by manually working out the problem, then you'll develop your own Python code to further solve it. Please submit an *ipynb* file that successfully runs and solves parts c through f, including the generation of relevant plots. This submission should also include a master script that triggers all results and additional functions that support the script.
- The third section repeats the format of last week's coding assignment.

1. (10 points) Let the cost function  $C = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{y} - y)^2$  for the following neural network model with input x and output  $\hat{y} = O$  (in green).



(a) What is the derivative of the cost function with respect to  $W_4$ ?

$$(\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)H_3$$

(b) What is the derivative of the cost function with respect to  $W_3$ ?

$$(\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)H_2$$

(c) What is the derivative of the cost function with respect to  $W_1$ ?

$$(\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2R_1(P_1)\tilde{x}$$

(d) What is the output layer error for this network model?

$$\hat{y} - y$$

(e) What is the derivative of the cost function with respect to the hidden layer input  $P_2$ ?

$$(\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)$$

- 2. (10 points) **Newton's Method** Use Newton's method to approximate  $\sqrt[4]{30}$  and stop the iteration when it is accurate up to 7 decimals.
  - (a) Form this question into a mathematical problem

$$x^4 - 30 = 0$$

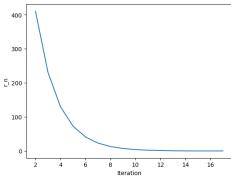
(b) Use Newton's Method to find the (iterative) updating formula for  $x_n$  based on  $x_{n-1}$ 

$$x_n = x_{n-1} - (rac{x_{n-1}^4 - 30}{4x_{n-1}^3})$$

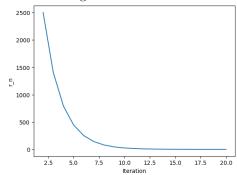
- (c) Write a Python function that finds the solution to this problem with a tolerance  $\tau = 10^{-8}$ , where  $\tau = |x_n x_{n-1}|$ . Instructions:
  - Write your code from scratch without using any packages
  - Your code should be flexible so that you can change the initial conditions and tolerance
- (d) Set your initial condition  $x_0 = 81$ . How many iterations are needed? Write down all the intermediate results (i.e., output  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ ).

#### 17 iterations are needed

(e) Let  $r_n = (x_n - x_{n-1})^2$ , plot  $r_n$  in Python and save it in eps (Encapsulated PostScript) format (attach the plot with this homework).



(f) Change the initial condition to  $x_0 = 200$ ,  $\tau = 10^{-9}$  and repeat steps (d)-(e). Also, attach the plot with this assignment.



#### 20 iterations needed

(g) Upload your code for this problem on Canvas under this assignment. I will subsequently review and run your code in order to grade your assignment.

- 3. (20 points) Complete the coding tasks in the file titled Homework2.ipynb Instructions:
  - The code with other example codes are available in Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1Gc6XcHc7Qr3EGQ\_dzpkEdeNdwHdSkbr0?usp=sharing
  - Once you've finished, save your work and rename the file by appending your initials. For instance, if your name is Shusen Pu, you should rename the file as "Homework2-SP.ipynb".
  - Make sure all your inputs in the code are saved. Then close and reopen the renamed file (in my case, "Homework2-SP.ipynb") to confirm that all your answers have been saved properly.
  - Upload your code on Canvas under this assignment.

I will subsequently review and run your code in order to grade your assignment.

#### Given: $\hat{y} = O = R_4(P_4)$ $P_4 = H_3w_4$ $H_3 = R_3(P_3)$ $P_3 = H_2w_3$ $H_2 = R_2(P_2)$ $P_2 = H_1w_2$ $H_1 = R_1(P_1)$ $P_1 = xw_1$ $C = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{y} - y)^2$

## 1 Find $\frac{d}{dw_4}[C]$ :

$$= (\hat{y} - y) \frac{d}{dw_4} \hat{y}$$

$$= (\hat{y} - y) \frac{d}{dw_4} [R_4(P_4)]$$

$$= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 (P_4) \frac{d}{dw_4} [H_3 w_4]$$

$$= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 (P_4) H_3$$

## 2 Find $\frac{d}{dw_3}[C]$ :

$$\begin{split} &= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) \frac{d}{dw_3} [H_3 w_4] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) w_4 \frac{d}{dw_3} [H_3] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) w_4 \frac{d}{dw_3} [R_3 (P_3)] = (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) w_4 R_3 \acute{(}P_3) \frac{d}{dw_3} [P_3] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) w_4 R_3 \acute{(}P_3) \frac{d}{dw_3} [H_2 w_3] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y) R_4 \acute{(}P_4) w_4 R_3 \acute{(}P_3) H_2 \end{split}$$

# 3 Find $\frac{d}{dw_1}[C]$ :

$$\begin{split} &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)\frac{d}{dw_3}[H_2w_3] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3\frac{d}{dw_1}[H_2] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3\frac{d}{dw_1}[R_2(P_2)] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)\frac{d}{dw_1}[P_2] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)\frac{d}{dw_1}[H_1w_2] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2\frac{d}{dw_1}[R_1(P_1)] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2R_1(P_1)\frac{d}{dw_1}[P_1] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2R_1(P_1)\frac{d}{dw_1}[xw_1] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2R_1(P_1)\frac{d}{dw_1}[xw_1] \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2)w_2R_1(P_1)x \end{split}$$

#### 4 Output layer error

 $\hat{y} - y$ 

5 Find 
$$\frac{d}{dP_2}[C]$$
:

$$\begin{array}{l} = & (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3\frac{d}{dP_2}[R_2(P_2)] \\ = & (\hat{y} - y)R_4(P_4)w_4R_3(P_3)w_3R_2(P_2) \end{array}$$