Farouq Adepetu's Math Engine

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Chapter 1

Namespace Index

1.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

FAMath

Has the classes Vector2D, Vector3D, Vector4D, Matrix2x2, Matrix3x3, Matrix4x4, Quaternion, and utility functions

2 Namespace Index

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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FAMath::Matrix3x3	
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FAMath::Quaternion	
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FAMath::Vector2D	
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A vector class used for 3D vectors/points and their manipulations	59
FAMath::Vector4D	
A vector class used for 4D vectors/points and their manipulations	63

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Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

C:/Users/Work/Desktop/First Game Engine/First-Game-Engine/FA Math Engine/Header Files/FAMathEngine.h

6 File Index

Chapter 4

Namespace Documentation

4.1 FAMath Namespace Reference

Has the classes Vector2D, Vector3D, Vector4D, Matrix2x2, Matrix3x3, Matrix4x4, Quaternion, and utility functions.

Classes

class Matrix2x2

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

class Matrix3x3

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

class Matrix4x4

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

class Quaternion

A quaternion class used for quaternions and their manipulations.

class Vector2D

A vector class used for 2D vectors/points and their manipulations.

class Vector3D

A vector class used for 3D vectors/points and their manipulations.

class Vector4D

A vector class used for 4D vectors/points and their manipulations.

Functions

• bool CompareFloats (float x, float y, float epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

• bool CompareDoubles (double x, double y, double epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector2D &a)

Returns true if a is the zero vector.

Vector2D operator+ (const Vector2D &a, const Vector2D &b)

Adds a with b and returns the result.

Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &v)

Negates the vector v and returns the result.

Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &a, const Vector2D &b)

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Vector2D &a, float k)

Returns a * k.

Vector2D operator* (float k, const Vector2D &a)

Returns k * a.

Vector2D operator/ (const Vector2D &a, const float &k)

Returns a / k. If k = 0 the returned vector is the zero vector.

• float DotProduct (const Vector2D &a, const Vector2D &b)

Returns the dot product between a and b.

float Length (const Vector2D &v)

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 2D vector v.

Vector2D Norm (const Vector2D &v)

Normalizes the 2D vector v. If the 2D vector is the zero vector v is returned.

Vector2D PolarToCartesian (const Vector2D &v)

Converts the 2D vector v from polar coordinates to cartesian coordinates. v should = (r, theta(degrees)) The returned v vector = v vector

Vector2D CartesianToPolar (const Vector2D &v)

Converts the 2D vector v from cartesian coordinates to polar coordinates. v should = (x, y) If vx is zero then no conversion happens and v is returned.

The returned 2D vector = (r, theta(degrees)).

Vector2D Projection (const Vector2D &a, const Vector2D &b)

Returns a 2D vector that is the projection of a onto b. If b is the zero vector a is returned.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector3D &a)

Returns true if a is the zero vector.

Vector3D operator+ (const Vector3D &a, const Vector3D &b)

Adds a and b and returns the result.

Vector3D operator- (const Vector3D &v)

Negates the vector v and returns the result.

Vector3D operator- (const Vector3D &a, const Vector3D &b)

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (const Vector3D &a, float k)

Returns a * k.

Vector3D operator* (float k, const Vector3D &a)

Returns k * a.

Vector3D operator/ (const Vector3D &a, float k)

Returns a / k.

• float DotProduct (const Vector3D &a, const Vector3D &b)

Returns the dot product between a and b.

Vector3D CrossProduct (const Vector3D &a, const Vector3D &b)

Returns the cross product between a and b.

float Length (const Vector3D &v)

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 3D vector v.

Vector3D Norm (const Vector3D &v)

Normalizes the 3D vector v.

Vector3D CylindricalToCartesian (const Vector3D &v)

Converts the 3D vector v from cylindrical coordinates to cartesian coordinates.

Vector3D CartesianToCylindrical (const Vector3D &v)

Converts the 3D vector v from cartesian coordinates to cylindrical coordinates.

Vector3D SphericalToCartesian (const Vector3D &v)

Converts the 3D vector v from spherical coordinates to cartesian coordinates.

Vector3D CartesianToSpherical (const Vector3D &v)

Converts the 3D vector v from cartesian coordinates to spherical coordinates.

Vector3D Projection (const Vector3D &a, const Vector3D &b)

Returns a 3D vector that is the projection of a onto b.

void Orthonormalize (Vector3D &x, Vector3D &y, Vector3D &z)

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector4D &a)

Returns true if a is the zero vector.

Vector4D operator+ (const Vector4D &a, const Vector4D &b)

Adds a with b and returns the result.

Vector4D operator- (const Vector4D &v)

Negatives v and returns the result.

Vector4D operator- (const Vector4D &a, const Vector4D &b)

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Vector4D &a, float k)

Returns a * k.

• Vector4D operator* (float k, const Vector4D &a)

Returns k * a.

Vector4D operator/ (const Vector4D &a, float k)

Returns a / k.

• float DotProduct (const Vector4D &a, const Vector4D &b)

Returns the dot product between a and b.

float Length (const Vector4D &v)

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 4D vector v.

Vector4D Norm (const Vector4D &v)

Normalizes the 4D vector v.

Vector4D Projection (const Vector4D &a, const Vector4D &b)

Returns a 4D vector that is the projection of a onto b.

void Orthonormalize (Vector4D &x, Vector4D &y, Vector4D &z)

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

Matrix2x2 operator+ (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Negates the 2x2 matrix m.

Matrix2x2 operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ } m$ and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const Vector2D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Vector2D &v, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void SetToldentity (Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool IsIdentity (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix2x2 Transpose (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix2x2 Scale (const Matrix2x2 &cm, float x, float y)

Construct a 2x2 scaling matrix with x, y, z and it post-multiplies by cm.

Matrix2x2 Scale (const Matrix2x2 &cm, const Vector2D &scaleVector)

Construct a 2x2 scaling matrix with the x, y and z values of scaleVector and it post-multiplies by cm.

Matrix2x2 Rotate (const Matrix2x2 &cm, float angle)

Construct a 2x2 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) post-multiplies it by cm;.

double Determinant (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the determinant m.

double Cofactor (const Matrix2x2 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

• Matrix2x2 Adjoint (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

• Matrix2x2 Inverse (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix3x3 operator+ (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Negates the 3x3 matrix m.

Matrix3x3 operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const Vector3D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (const Vector3D &v, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void SetToldentity (Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool IsIdentity (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix3x3 Transpose (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix3x3 Scale (const Matrix3x3 &cm, float x, float y, float z)

Construct a 3x3 scaling matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix3x3 Scale (const Matrix3x3 &cm, const Vector3D &scaleVector)

Construct a 3x3 scaling matrix with scale Vector and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix3x3 Rotate (const Matrix3x3 &cm, float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Construct a 3x3 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis (x, y, z) and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix3x3 Rotate (const Matrix3x3 &cm, float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Construct a 3x3 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis and post-multiplies it by cm.

double Determinant (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the determinant m.

• double Cofactor (const Matrix3x3 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

· Matrix3x3 Adjoint (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix3x3 Inverse (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix4x4 operator+ (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Negates the 4x4 matrix m.

Matrix4x4 operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const Vector4D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Vector4D &v, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void SetToldentity (Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool IsIdentity (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix4x4 Transpose (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix4x4 Translate (const Matrix4x4 &cm, float x, float y, float z)

Constructs a 4x4 translation matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix4x4 Translate (const Matrix4x4 &cm, const Vector3D &translateVector)

Constructs a 4x4 translation matrix with the x, y and z values of translateVector and post-multiplies it by cm.

• Matrix4x4 Scale (const Matrix4x4 &cm, float x, float y, float z)

Construct a 4x4 scaling matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix4x4 Scale (const Matrix4x4 &cm, const Vector3D &scaleVector)

Construct a 4x4 scaling matrix with the x, y and z values of the scaleVector and post-multiplies it by cm.

• Matrix4x4 Rotate (const Matrix4x4 &cm, float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Construct a 4x4 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis (x, y, z) and post-multiplies it by cm.

Matrix4x4 Rotate (const Matrix4x4 &cm, float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Construct a 4x4 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis and post-multiplies it by cm.

double Determinant (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the determinant m.

double Cofactor (const Matrix4x4 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix4x4 Adjoint (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

• Matrix4x4 Inverse (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Quaternion operator+ (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q1 + q2.

Quaternion operator- (const Quaternion &q)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of -q.

Quaternion operator- (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q1 - q2.

Quaternion operator* (float k, const Quaternion &q)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of k * q.

Quaternion operator* (const Quaternion &q, float k)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q * k.

Quaternion operator* (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q1 * q2.

bool IsZeroQuaternion (const Quaternion &g)

Returns true if quaternion q is a zero quaternion, false otherwise.

bool IsIdentity (const Quaternion &q)

Returns true if quaternion q is an identity quaternion, false otherwise.

Quaternion Conjugate (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the conjugate of quaternion q.

float Length (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the length of quaternion q.

· Quaternion Normalize (const Quaternion &q)

Normalizes q and returns the normalized quaternion.

Quaternion Inverse (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the invese of q.

• Quaternion RotationQuaternion (float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Returns a rotation quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

Quaternion RotationQuaternion (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

Quaternion RotationQuaternion (const Vector4D & angAxis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

Vector3D Rotate (const Quaternion &q, const Vector3D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

Vector4D Rotate (const Quaternion &q, const Vector4D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Has the classes Vector2D, Vector3D, Vector4D, Matrix2x2, Matrix3x3, Matrix4x4, Quaternion, and utility functions.

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 Adjoint() [1/3]

Returns the adjoint of m.

4.1.2.2 Adjoint() [2/3]

Returns the adjoint of *m*.

4.1.2.3 Adjoint() [3/3]

Returns the adjoint of *m*.

4.1.2.4 CartesianToCylindrical()

Converts the 3D vector v from cartesian coordinates to cylindrical coordinates.

```
v should = (x, y, z).
```

If vx is zero then no conversion happens and v is returned.

The returned 3D vector = (r, theta(degrees), z).

4.1.2.5 CartesianToPolar()

Converts the 2D vector v from cartesian coordinates to polar coordinates. v should = (x, y) If vx is zero then no conversion happens and v is returned.

The returned 2D vector = (r, theta(degrees)).

4.1.2.6 CartesianToSpherical()

Converts the 3D vector *v* from cartesian coordinates to spherical coordinates.

If v is the zero vector or if vx is zero then no conversion happens and v is returned.

The returned 3D vector = (r, phi(degrees), theta(degrees)).

4.1.2.7 Cofactor() [1/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.2.8 Cofactor() [2/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.2.9 Cofactor() [3/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.2.10 CompareDoubles()

```
bool FAMath::CompareDoubles ( \label{eq:compareDouble} \begin{tabular}{ll} double $x$, \\ double $y$, \\ double $epsilon$ ) [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Returns true if x and y are equal.

Uses exact *epsilion* and adaptive *epsilion* to compare.

4.1.2.11 CompareFloats()

Returns true if x and y are equal.

Uses exact epsilion and adaptive epsilion to compare.

4.1.2.12 Conjugate()

```
Quaternion FAMath::Conjugate ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )}\quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns the conjugate of quaternion q.

4.1.2.13 CrossProduct()

Returns the cross product between a and b.

4.1.2.14 CylindricalToCartesian()

Converts the 3D vector v from cylindrical coordinates to cartesian coordinates.

```
v should = (r, theta(degrees), z).
The returned 3D vector = (x, y, z).
```

4.1.2.15 **Determinant()** [1/3]

Returns the determinant *m*.

4.1.2.16 Determinant() [2/3]

Returns the determinant m.

4.1.2.17 Determinant() [3/3]

Returns the determinant *m*.

4.1.2.18 DotProduct() [1/3]

Returns the dot product between a and b.

4.1.2.19 DotProduct() [2/3]

Returns the dot product between a and b.

4.1.2.20 DotProduct() [3/3]

Returns the dot product between a and b.

4.1.2.21 Inverse() [1/4]

Returns the inverse of *m*.

If *m* is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.2.22 Inverse() [2/4]

Returns the inverse of m.

If *m* is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.2.23 Inverse() [3/4]

Returns the inverse of *m*.

If *m* is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.2.24 Inverse() [4/4]

```
Quaternion FAMath::Inverse ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ )\quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns the invese of q.

If q is the zero quaternion then q is returned.

4.1.2.25 IsIdentity() [1/4]

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.2.26 Isldentity() [2/4]

Returns true if *m* is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.2.27 Isldentity() [3/4]

Returns true if *m* is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.2.28 IsIdentity() [4/4]

```
bool FAMath::IsIdentity (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\quad [inline]}
```

Returns true if quaternion q is an identity quaternion, false otherwise.

4.1.2.29 IsZeroQuaternion()

```
bool FAMath::IsZeroQuaternion (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\quad [inline]}
```

Returns true if quaternion q is a zero quaternion, false otherwise.

4.1.2.30 Length() [1/4]

```
float FAMath::Length (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\ [inline]}
```

Returns the length of quaternion q.

4.1.2.31 Length() [2/4]

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 2D vector v.

4.1.2.32 Length() [3/4]

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 3D vector v.

4.1.2.33 Length() [4/4]

```
float FAMath::Length ( {\tt const\ Vector4D\ \&\ v\ )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns the length(magnitude) of the 4D vector v.

4.1.2.34 Norm() [1/3]

Normalizes the 2D vector v. If the 2D vector is the zero vector v is returned.

4.1.2.35 Norm() [2/3]

Normalizes the 3D vector v.

If the 3D vector is the zero vector *v* is returned.

4.1.2.36 Norm() [3/3]

Normalizes the 4D vector v.

If the 4D vector is the zero vector *v* is returned.

4.1.2.37 Normalize()

```
Quaternion FAMath::Normalize ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )}\quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Normalizes q and returns the normalized quaternion.

If q is the zero quaternion then q is returned.

4.1.2.38 operator*() [1/24]

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ m}$ and returns the result.

4.1.2.39 operator*() [2/24]

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ m}$ and returns the result.

4.1.2.40 operator*() [3/24]

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ m}$ and returns the result.

4.1.2.41 operator*() [4/24]

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

4.1.2.42 operator*() [5/24]

Multiplies *m* with *v* and returns the result.

The vector v is a column vector.

4.1.2.43 operator*() [6/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.2.44 operator*() [7/24]

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

4.1.2.45 operator*() [8/24]

Multiplies *m* with *v* and returns the result.

The vector *v* is a column vector.

4.1.2.46 operator*() [9/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.2.47 operator*() [10/24]

Multiplies *m* with *k* and returns the result.

4.1.2.48 operator*() [11/24]

Multiplies *m* with *v* and returns the result.

The vector v is a column vector.

4.1.2.49 operator*() [12/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.2.50 operator*() [13/24]

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q * k.

4.1.2.51 operator*() [14/24]

```
Quaternion FAMath::operator* (  {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q1, \\ {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q2~) \quad [inline]
```

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q1 * q2.

4.1.2.52 operator*() [15/24]

Returns a * k.

4.1.2.53 operator*() [16/24]

Multiplies *v* with *m* and returns the result.

The vector *v* is a row vector.

4.1.2.54 operator*() [17/24]

Returns a * k.

4.1.2.55 operator*() [18/24]

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

The vector v is a row vector.

4.1.2.56 operator*() [19/24]

Returns a * k.

4.1.2.57 operator*() [20/24]

Multiplies *v* with *m* and returns the result.

The vector *v* is a row vector.

4.1.2.58 operator*() [21/24]

```
Quaternion FAMath::operator* ( \label{eq:float} \mbox{float } k, \\ \mbox{const Quaternion & $q$ ) [inline]
```

Returns a quaternion that has the result of k * q.

4.1.2.59 operator*() [22/24]

Returns k * a.

4.1.2.60 operator*() [23/24]

Returns k * a.

4.1.2.61 operator*() [24/24]

Returns k * a.

4.1.2.62 operator+() [1/7]

Adds *m1* with *m2* and returns the result.

4.1.2.63 operator+() [2/7]

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

4.1.2.64 operator+() [3/7]

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

4.1.2.65 operator+() [4/7]

Returns a quaternion that has the result of q1 + q2.

4.1.2.66 operator+() [5/7]

Adds a with b and returns the result.

4.1.2.67 operator+() [6/7]

Adds a and b and returns the result.

4.1.2.68 operator+() [7/7]

Adds a with b and returns the result.

4.1.2.69 operator-() [1/14]

Negates the 2x2 matrix m.

4.1.2.70 operator-() [2/14]

Subtracts *m2* from *m1* and returns the result.

4.1.2.71 operator-() [3/14]

Negates the 3x3 matrix m.

4.1.2.72 operator-() [4/14]

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

4.1.2.73 operator-() [5/14]

Negates the 4x4 matrix m.

4.1.2.74 operator-() [6/14]

Subtracts *m2* from *m1* and returns the result.

4.1.2.75 operator-() [7/14]

```
Quaternion FAMath::operator- ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\quad [inline]}
```

Returns a quaternion that has the result of -q.

4.1.2.76 operator-() [8/14]

Returns a quaternion that has the result of *q1* - *q2*.

4.1.2.77 operator-() [9/14]

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

4.1.2.78 operator-() [10/14]

Negates the vector *v* and returns the result.

4.1.2.79 operator-() [11/14]

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

4.1.2.80 operator-() [12/14]

Negates the vector *v* and returns the result.

4.1.2.81 operator-() [13/14]

Subtracts b from a and returns the result.

4.1.2.82 operator-() [14/14]

Negatives *v* and returns the result.

4.1.2.83 operator/() [1/3]

Returns a/k. If k = 0 the returned vector is the zero vector.

4.1.2.84 operator/() [2/3]

Returns a / k.

If k = 0 the returned vector is the zero vector.

4.1.2.85 operator/() [3/3]

Returns a / k.

If k = 0 the returned vector is the zero vector.

4.1.2.86 Orthonormalize() [1/2]

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

Uses Classical Gram-Schmidt.

4.1.2.87 Orthonormalize() [2/2]

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

Uses Classical Gram-Schmidt.

4.1.2.88 PolarToCartesian()

Converts the 2D vector v from polar coordinates to cartesian coordinates. v should = (r, theta(degrees)) The returned 2D vector = (x, y)

4.1.2.89 Projection() [1/3]

Returns a 2D vector that is the projection of a onto b. If b is the zero vector a is returned.

4.1.2.90 Projection() [2/3]

Returns a 3D vector that is the projection of a onto b.

If *b* is the zero vector a is returned.

4.1.2.91 Projection() [3/3]

Returns a 4D vector that is the projection of a onto b.

If *b* is the zero vector a is returned.

4.1.2.92 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol()

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

q should be a unit quaternion.

4.1.2.93 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow()

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

q should be a unit quaternion.

4.1.2.94 Rotate() [1/7]

Construct a 2x2 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) post-multiplies it by cm;.

Returns cm * rotate.

4.1.2.95 Rotate() [2/7]

Construct a 3x3 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * rotate.

4.1.2.96 Rotate() [3/7]

Construct a 3x3 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis (x, y, z) and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * rotate.

4.1.2.97 Rotate() [4/7]

Construct a 4x4 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * rotate.

4.1.2.98 Rotate() [5/7]

Construct a 4x4 rotation matrix with angle (in degrees) and axis (x, y, z) and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * rotate.

4.1.2.99 Rotate() [6/7]

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.2.100 Rotate() [7/7]

Rotates the specified point/vector *p* using the quaternion *q*.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.2.101 RotationQuaternion() [1/3]

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

The x value in the 4D vector v should be the angle(in degrees). The y, z and w value in the 4D vector v should be the axis.

4.1.2.102 RotationQuaternion() [2/3]

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

The angle should be given in degrees.

4.1.2.103 RotationQuaternion() [3/3]

Returns a rotation quaternion from the axis-angle rotation representation.

The angle should be given in degrees.

4.1.2.104 Scale() [1/6]

Construct a 2x2 scaling matrix with the x, y and z values of scale Vector and it post-multiplies by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.105 Scale() [2/6]

Construct a 2x2 scaling matrix with x, y, z and it post-multiplies by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.106 Scale() [3/6]

Construct a 3x3 scaling matrix with scale Vector and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.107 Scale() [4/6]

Construct a 3x3 scaling matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.108 Scale() [5/6]

Construct a 4x4 scaling matrix with the x, y and z values of the scale Vector and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.109 Scale() [6/6]

Construct a 4x4 scaling matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * scale.

4.1.2.110 SetToldentity() [1/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.2.111 SetToldentity() [2/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.2.112 SetToldentity() [3/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.2.113 SphericalToCartesian()

```
\begin{tabular}{lll} Vector 3D & FAMath:: Spherical To Cartesian ( & const & Vector 3D & v & v & [in line] \end{tabular}
```

Converts the 3D vector *v* from spherical coordinates to cartesian coordinates.

```
v should = (pho, phi(degrees), theta(degrees)).
The returned 3D vector = (x, y, z)
```

4.1.2.114 Translate() [1/2]

Constructs a 4x4 translation matrix with the x, y and z values of translate Vector and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * translate.

4.1.2.115 Translate() [2/2]

Constructs a 4x4 translation matrix with x, y, z and post-multiplies it by cm.

Returns cm * translate.

4.1.2.116 Transpose() [1/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix *m*.

4.1.2.117 Transpose() [2/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix *m*.

4.1.2.118 Transpose() [3/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

4.1.2.119 ZeroVector() [1/3]

Returns true if *a* is the zero vector.

4.1.2.120 ZeroVector() [2/3]

Returns true if *a* is the zero vector.

4.1.2.121 ZeroVector() [3/3]

Returns true if *a* is the zero vector.

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 FAMath::Matrix2x2 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

• Matrix2x2 ()

Creates a new 2x2 identity matrix.

Matrix2x2 (float a[][2])

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix2x2 (const Vector2D &r1, const Vector2D &r2)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

Matrix2x2 (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix2x2 (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

• float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

· Vector2D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

Vector2D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector2D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector2D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

• Matrix2x2 & operator= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator+= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Adds this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator-= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Subtracts m from this 2x2 matrix stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with k and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

• Matrix2x2 & operator*= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 2x2 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 Matrix2x2() [1/5]

```
FAMath::Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 2x2 identity matrix.

5.1.2.2 Matrix2x2() [2/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 2x2 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.1.2.3 Matrix2x2() [3/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.1.2.4 Matrix2x2() [4/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

5.1.2.5 Matrix2x2() [5/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * FAMath::Matrix2x2::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.1.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * FAMath::Matrix2x2::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.1.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector2D FAMath::Matrix2x2::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.1.3.4 GetRow()

```
Vector2D FAMath::Matrix2x2::GetRow (
          unsigned int row ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.1.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,1]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.1.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,1]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.1.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with k and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 2x2 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 2x2 matrix stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

5.1.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.1.3.13 SetCol()

```
void FAMath::Matrix2x2::SetCol (
          unsigned int col,
          Vector2D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.1.3.14 SetRow()

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

5.2 FAMath::Matrix3x3 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

· Matrix3x3 ()

Creates a new 3x3 identity matrix.

Matrix3x3 (float a[][3])

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix3x3 (const Vector3D &r1, const Vector3D &r2, const Vector3D &r3)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

• Matrix3x3 (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix3x3 (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

· Vector3D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

Vector3D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector3D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

• void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector3D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

Matrix3x3 & operator= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

• Matrix3x3 & operator= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets the values of each row to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator+= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Adds this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator-= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Subtracts m from this 3x3 matrix stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with k and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

• Matrix3x3 & operator*= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 3x3 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.2.1 Matrix3x3() [1/5]

```
FAMath::Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 3x3 identity matrix.

5.2.2.2 Matrix3x3() [2/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 3x3 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.2.2.3 Matrix3x3() [3/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.2.2.4 Matrix3x3() [4/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last value of the first two rows is set to 0. The last row is set to (0, 0, 1);.

5.2.2.5 Matrix3x3() [5/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

5.2.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * FAMath::Matrix3x3::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.2.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * FAMath::Matrix3x3::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.2.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector3D FAMath::Matrix3x3::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.2.3.4 GetRow()

```
Vector3D FAMath::Matrix3x3::GetRow (
          unsigned int row ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.2.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,2]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.2.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The row and col values should be between [0,2]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.2.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with *k* and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 3x3 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 3x3 matrix stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last value of the first two rows is set to 0. The last row is set to (0, 0, 1);.

5.2.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the values of each row to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.2.3.13 SetCol()

```
void FAMath::Matrix3x3::SetCol (
          unsigned int col,
          Vector3D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.2.3.14 SetRow()

```
void FAMath::Matrix3x3::SetRow (
          unsigned int row,
          Vector3D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

5.3 FAMath::Matrix4x4 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

• Matrix4x4 ()

Creates a new 4x4 identity matrix.

Matrix4x4 (float a[][4])

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix4x4 (const Vector4D &r1, const Vector4D &r2, const Vector4D &r3, const Vector4D &r4)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

Matrix4x4 (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix4x4 (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first three values of the first three rows being set to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets the first three values of the first three rows to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

Vector4D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

Vector4D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector4D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector4D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

Matrix4x4 & operator+= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Adds this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator-= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Subtracts m from this 4x4 matrix stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with k and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator*= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 4x4 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 Matrix4x4() [1/5]

```
FAMath::Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 4x4 identity matrix.

5.3.2.2 Matrix4x4() [2/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 4x4 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.3.2.3 Matrix4x4() [3/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.3.2.4 Matrix4x4() [4/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last two values of the first two rows are set to (0, 0). The values of the 3rd row is set to (0, 0, 1, 0). The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.2.5 Matrix4x4() [5/5]

```
FAMath::Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4 ( {\tt const~Matrix3x3~\&~m~)} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first three values of the first three rows being set to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

The last values of the first three rows are set to 0. The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * FAMath::Matrix4x4::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.3.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * FAMath::Matrix4x4::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.3.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector4D FAMath::Matrix4x4::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.3.3.4 GetRow()

```
Vector4D FAMath::Matrix4x4::GetRow (
          unsigned int row ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.3.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,3]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.3.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,3]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.3.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with *k* and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 4x4 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 4x4 matrix stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last two values of the first two rows are set to (0, 0). The values of the 3rd row is set to (0, 0, 1, 0). The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the first three values of the first three rows to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

The last values of the first three rows are set to 0. The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3.13 SetCol()

```
void FAMath::Matrix4x4::SetCol (  \mbox{unsigned int } col, \\ \mbox{Vector4D } v \mbox{) [inline]}
```

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.3.3.14 SetRow()

```
void FAMath::Matrix4x4::SetRow (
          unsigned int row,
          Vector4D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• C:/Users/Work/Desktop/First Game Engine/First-Game-Engine/FA Math Engine/Header Files/FAMath ← Engine.h

5.4 FAMath::Quaternion Class Reference

A quaternion class used for quaternions and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

• Quaternion (float scalar=1.0f, float x=0.0f, float y=0.0f, float z=0.0f)

Constructs a quaternion with the specified values.

Quaternion (float scalar, const Vector3D &v)

Constructs a quaternion with the specified values.

Quaternion (const Vector4D &v)

Constructs a quaternion with the given values in the 4D vector v.

• float GetScalar () const

Returns the scalar component of the quaternion.

float GetX () const

Returns the x value of the vector component in the quaternion.

• float GetY () const

Returns the y value of the vector component in the quaternion.

float GetZ () const

Returns the z value of the vector component in the quaternion.

Vector3D GetVector () const

Returns the vector component of the quaternion.

void SetScalar (float scalar)

Sets the scalar component to the specified value.

void SetX (float x)

Sets the x component to the specified value.

· void SetY (float y)

Sets the y component to the specified value.

void SetZ (float z)

Sets the z component to the specified value.

void SetVector (const Vector3D &v)

Sets the vector to the specified vector.

Quaternion & operator+= (const Quaternion &q)

Adds this quaternion to /a q and stores the result in this quaternion.

Quaternion & operator-= (const Quaternion &q)

Subtracts the quaternion q from this and stores the result in this quaternion.

Quaternion & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this quaternion by k and stores the result in this quaternion.

Quaternion & operator*= (const Quaternion &q)

Multiplies this quaternion by q and stores the result in this quaternion.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

A quaternion class used for quaternions and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

5.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.4.2.1 Quaternion() [1/3]

```
FAMath::Quaternion::Quaternion (  float \ scalar = 1.0f, \\ float \ x = 0.0f, \\ float \ y = 0.0f, \\ float \ z = 0.0f ) \ [inline]
```

Constructs a quaternion with the specified values.

If no values are specified the identity quaternion is constructed.

5.4.2.2 Quaternion() [2/3]

```
\label{eq:family} \begin{tabular}{ll} FAMath::Quaternion::Quaternion ( & float $scalar$, & const $Vector3D \& $v$ ) [inline] \\ \end{tabular}
```

Constructs a quaternion with the specified values.

5.4.2.3 Quaternion() [3/3]

```
\label{eq:pamath::Quaternion::Quaternion} \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{const Vector4D \& $v$ ) [inline]}
```

Constructs a quaternion with the given values in the 4D vector v.

The x value in the 4D vector should be the scalar. The y, z and w value in the 4D vector should be the axis.

5.4.3 Member Function Documentation

5.4.3.1 GetScalar()

```
float FAMath::Quaternion::GetScalar ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the scalar component of the quaternion.

5.4.3.2 GetVector()

```
Vector3D FAMath::Quaternion::GetVector ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the vector component of the quaternion.

5.4.3.3 GetX()

```
float FAMath::Quaternion::GetX ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the x value of the vector component in the quaternion.

5.4.3.4 GetY()

```
float FAMath::Quaternion::GetY ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the y value of the vector component in the quaternion.

5.4.3.5 GetZ()

```
float FAMath::Quaternion::GetZ ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the z value of the vector component in the quaternion.

5.4.3.6 operator*=() [1/2]

```
Quaternion & FAMath::Quaternion::operator*= (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Multiplies this quaternion by q and stores the result in this quaternion.

5.4.3.7 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this quaternion by k and stores the result in this quaternion.

5.4.3.8 operator+=()

Adds this quaternion to /a q and stores the result in this quaternion.

5.4.3.9 operator-=()

Subtracts the quaternion q from this and stores the result in this quaternion.

5.4.3.10 SetScalar()

Sets the scalar component to the specified value.

5.4.3.11 SetVector()

Sets the vector to the specified vector.

5.4.3.12 SetX()

```
void FAMath::Quaternion::SetX ( \label{float x } \mbox{ float } \mbox{ x } \mbox{ } \mbox{ [inline]}
```

Sets the x component to the specified value.

5.4.3.13 SetY()

Sets the y component to the specified value.

5.4.3.14 SetZ()

Sets the z component to the specified value.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

5.5 FAMath::Vector2D Class Reference

A vector class used for 2D vectors/points and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

• Vector2D (float x=0.0f, float y=0.0f)

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

Vector2D (const Vector3D &v)

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 3D vector.

Vector2D (const Vector4D &v)

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 4D vector.

float GetX () const

Returns the x component.

· float GetY () const

Returns the y component.

void SetX (float x)

Sets the x component of the vector to the specified value.

void SetY (float y)

Sets the y component to the specified value.

Vector2D & operator= (const Vector3D &v)

Sets the x and y components of this 2D vector to the x and y values of the 3D vector.

Vector2D & operator= (const Vector4D &v)

Sets the x and y components of this 2D vector to the x and y values of the 4D vector.

Vector2D & operator+= (const Vector2D &b)

Adds this vector to vector b and stores the result in this vector.

Vector2D & operator-= (const Vector2D &b)

Subtracts the vector b from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

Vector2D & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

Vector2D & operator/= (float k)

Divides this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

A vector class used for 2D vectors/points and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

5.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.5.2.1 Vector2D() [1/3]

```
\label{eq:famath::Vector2D::Vector2D} \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{float } x = 0.0f, \\ \mbox{float } y = 0.0f \mbox{ ) [inline]}
```

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

5.5.2.2 Vector2D() [2/3]

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 3D vector.

5.5.2.3 Vector2D() [3/3]

Creates a new 2D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 4D vector.

5.5.3 Member Function Documentation

5.5.3.1 GetX()

```
float FAMath::Vector2D::GetX ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the x component.

5.5.3.2 GetY()

```
float FAMath::Vector2D::GetY ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the y component.

5.5.3.3 operator*=()

Multiplies this vector by *k* and stores the result in this vector.

5.5.3.4 operator+=()

Adds this vector to vector *b* and stores the result in this vector.

5.5.3.5 operator-=()

Subtracts the vector *b* from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

5.5.3.6 operator/=()

Divides this vector by *k* and stores the result in this vector.

If *k* is zero, the vector is unchanged.

5.5.3.7 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the x and y components of this 2D vector to the x and y values of the 3D vector.

5.5.3.8 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the x and y components of this 2D vector to the x and y values of the 4D vector.

5.5.3.9 SetX()

Sets the x component of the vector to the specified value.

5.5.3.10 SetY()

Sets the y component to the specified value.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

5.6 FAMath::Vector3D Class Reference

A vector class used for 3D vectors/points and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

Public Member Functions

Vector3D (float x=0.0f, float y=0.0f, float z=0.0f)

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

Vector3D (const Vector2D &v, float z=0.0f)

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 2D vector and the specified z value:.

Vector3D (const Vector4D &v)

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the x, y and z values of the 4D vector.

· float GetX () const

Returns the x component.

· float GetY () const

Returns y component.

• float GetZ () const

Returns the z component.

void SetX (float x)

Sets the x component to the specified value.

void SetY (float y)

Sets the y component to the specified value.

void SetZ (float z)

Sets the z component to the specified value.

Vector3D & operator= (const Vector2D &v)

Sets the x and y components of this 3D vector to the x and y values of the 2D vector and sets the z component to 0.0f.

Vector3D & operator= (const Vector4D &v)

Sets the x, y and z components of this 3D vector to the x, y and z values of the 4D vector.

Vector3D & operator+= (const Vector3D &b)

Adds this vector to vector b and stores the result in this vector.

Vector3D & operator== (const Vector3D &b)

Subtracts b from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

Vector3D & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

Vector3D & operator/= (float k)

Divides this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

A vector class used for 3D vectors/points and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.2.1 Vector3D() [1/3]

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

5.6.2.2 Vector3D() [2/3]

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 2D vector and the specified z value;.

5.6.2.3 Vector3D() [3/3]

Creates a new 3D vector/point with the components initialized to the x, y and z values of the 4D vector.

5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

5.6.3.1 GetX()

```
float FAMath::Vector3D::GetX ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the x component.

5.6.3.2 GetY()

```
float FAMath::Vector3D::GetY ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns y component.

5.6.3.3 GetZ()

```
float FAMath::Vector3D::GetZ ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the z component.

5.6.3.4 operator*=()

Multiplies this vector by *k* and stores the result in this vector.

5.6.3.5 operator+=()

Adds this vector to vector *b* and stores the result in this vector.

5.6.3.6 operator-=()

Subtracts b from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

5.6.3.7 operator/=()

Divides this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

If *k* is zero, the vector is unchanged.

5.6.3.8 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the x and y components of this 3D vector to the x and y values of the 2D vector and sets the z component to 0.0f.

5.6.3.9 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the x, y and z components of this 3D vector to the x, y and z values of the 4D vector.

5.6.3.10 SetX()

Sets the x component to the specified value.

5.6.3.11 SetY()

Sets the y component to the specified value.

5.6.3.12 SetZ()

Sets the z component to the specified value.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• C:/Users/Work/Desktop/First Game Engine/First-Game-Engine/FA Math Engine/Header Files/FAMath ← Engine.h

5.7 FAMath::Vector4D Class Reference

A vector class used for 4D vectors/points and their manipulations.

```
#include "FAMathEngine.h"
```

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Public Member Functions

• Vector4D (float x=0.0f, float y=0.0f, float z=0.0f, float w=0.0f)

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

Vector4D (const Vector2D &v, float z=0.0f, float w=0.0f)

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 2D vector and the specified z and w values.

Vector4D (const Vector3D &v, float w=0.0f)

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to x, y and z values of the 3D vector and the specified w value.

· float GetX () const

Returns the x component.

· float GetY () const

Returns the y component.

float GetZ () const

Returns the z component.

· float GetW () const

Returns the w component.

void SetX (float x)

Sets the x component to the specified value.

void SetY (float y)

Sets the y component to the specified value.

void SetZ (float z)

Sets the z component to the specified value.

· void SetW (float w)

Sets the w component to the specified value.

Vector4D & operator= (const Vector2D &v)

Sets the x and y components of this 4D vector to the x and y values of the 2D vector and sets the z and w component to 0.0f.

Vector4D & operator= (const Vector3D &v)

Sets the x, y and z components of this 4D vector to the x, y and z values of the 3D vector and sets the w component to 0.0f.

Vector4D & operator+= (const Vector4D &b)

Adds this vector to vector b and stores the result in this vector.

Vector4D & operator= (const Vector4D &b)

Subtracts the vector b from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

Vector4D & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

Vector4D & operator/= (float k)

Divides this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

A vector class used for 4D vectors/points and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float

5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.2.1 Vector4D() [1/3]

```
\label{eq:FAMath::Vector4D::Vector4D} \begin{tabular}{ll} float $x=0.0f$, \\ float $y=0.0f$, \\ float $z=0.0f$, \\ float $w=0.0f$ ) [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to the arguments.

5.7.2.2 Vector4D() [2/3]

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to the x and y values of the 2D vector and the specified z and w values.

5.7.2.3 Vector4D() [3/3]

Creates a new 4D vector/point with the components initialized to x, y and z values of the 3D vector and the specified w value.

5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

5.7.3.1 GetW()

```
float FAMath::Vector4D::GetW ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the w component.

5.7.3.2 GetX()

```
float FAMath::Vector4D::GetX ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the x component.

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5.7.3.3 GetY()

```
float FAMath::Vector4D::GetY ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the y component.

5.7.3.4 GetZ()

```
float FAMath::Vector4D::GetZ ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the z component.

5.7.3.5 operator*=()

Multiplies this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

5.7.3.6 operator+=()

Adds this vector to vector *b* and stores the result in this vector.

5.7.3.7 operator-=()

Subtracts the vector *b* from this vector and stores the result in this vector.

5.7.3.8 operator/=()

```
\begin{tabular}{lll} Vector 4D & FAMath:: Vector 4D:: operator/= ( & float $k$ ) [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Divides this vector by k and stores the result in this vector.

If k is zero, the vector is unchanged.

5.7.3.9 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the x and y components of this 4D vector to the x and y values of the 2D vector and sets the z and w component to 0.0f.

5.7.3.10 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the x, y and z components of this 4D vector to the x, y and z values of the 3D vector and sets the w component to 0.0f.

5.7.3.11 SetW()

Sets the w component to the specified value.

5.7.3.12 SetX()

Sets the x component to the specified value.

5.7.3.13 SetY()

Sets the y component to the specified value.

5.7.3.14 SetZ()

Sets the z component to the specified value.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• C:/Users/Work/Desktop/First Game Engine/First-Game-Engine/FA Math Engine/Header Files/FAMath ← Engine.h

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Chapter 6

File Documentation

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <cmath>
5 #if defined(_DEBUG)
6 #include <iostream>
7 #endif
10 #define EPSILON 1e-6f
11 #define PI 3.14159f
12 #define PI2 6.28319f
17 namespace FAMath
19
       class Vector2D;
20
       class Vector3D;
      class Vector4D;
21
22
      class Matrix2x2;
      class Matrix3x3;
24
25
30
       inline bool CompareFloats(float x, float y, float epsilon)
31
           float diff = fabs(x - y);
32
           //exact epsilon
33
            if (diff < epsilon)
35
36
                return true;
37
38
           //adapative epsilon return diff <= epsilon \star (((fabs(x)) >(fabs(y))) ? (fabs(x)) : (fabs(y)));
39
42
47
       inline bool CompareDoubles (double x, double y, double epsilon)
48
           double diff = fabs(x - y);
49
           //exact epsilon
            if (diff < epsilon)
52
53
               return true;
54
55
56
            //adapative epsilon
            return diff <= epsilon * (((fabs(x)) > (fabs(y))) ? (fabs(x)) : (fabs(y)));
58
59
60
61
      class Vector2D
68
      public:
69
70
73
           Vector2D(float x = 0.0f, float y = 0.0f);
           Vector2D(const Vector3D& v);
```

```
78
           Vector2D(const Vector4D& v);
82
           float GetX() const;
8.5
86
           float GetY() const;
89
93
           void SetX(float x);
94
           void SetY(float y);
97
98
101
            Vector2D& operator=(const Vector3D& v);
102
105
            Vector2D& operator=(const Vector4D& v);
106
109
            Vector2D& operator+=(const Vector2D& b);
110
            Vector2D& operator-=(const Vector2D& b);
113
114
117
            Vector2D& operator*=(float k);
118
            Vector2D& operator/=(float k);
123
124
        private:
125
126
             float mX;
127
             float mY;
128
129
130
131
132
        //Vector2D Constructor
133
134
        inline Vector2D::Vector2D(float x, float y) : mX{ x }, mY{ y }
135
136
137
138
139
        //Vector2D Getters and Setters
140
141
        inline float Vector2D::GetX()const
142 {
143
            return mX;
144
145
146
        inline float Vector2D::GetY()const
147 {
148
            return mY;
149
150
151
        inline void Vector2D::SetX(float x)
152
153
            mX = x;
154
155
156
        inline void Vector2D::SetY(float y)
157
158
            mY = y;
159
160
161
162
163
164
165
        //Vector2D Memeber functions
166
167
        inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator+=(const Vector2D& b)
168
            this->mX += b.mX;
169
170
            this->mY += b.mY;
171
172
            return *this;
173
174
175
        inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator==(const Vector2D& b)
176
177
            this->mX -= b.mX;
178
            this->mY -= b.mY;
179
            return *this:
180
        1
181
182
        inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator*=(float k)
183
184
185
            this->mX \star= k;
186
            this->mY \star= k;
187
188
            return *this;
```

```
189
190
191
         inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator/=(float k)
192
193
             if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
194
195
                 return *this;
196
197
198
            this->mX /= k;
            this->mY /= k;
199
200
201
             return *this;
202
203
204
205
206
207
         //Vector2D Non-member functions
208
211
         inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector2D& a)
212
             if (CompareFloats(a.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(a.GetY(), 0.0f, EPSILON))
213
214
215
                 return true;
216
217
218
             return false;
219
        }
220
223
         inline Vector2D operator+(const Vector2D& a, const Vector2D& b)
224
225
             return Vector2D(a.GetX() + b.GetX(), a.GetY() + b.GetY());
226
227
         inline Vector2D operator-(const Vector2D& v)
230
231
232
             return Vector2D(-v.GetX(), -v.GetY());
233
234
237
         inline Vector2D operator-(const Vector2D& a, const Vector2D& b)
238
             return Vector2D(a.GetX() - b.GetX(), a.GetY() - b.GetY());
239
240
241
244
         inline Vector2D operator*(const Vector2D& a, float k)
245
246
             return Vector2D(a.GetX() * k, a.GetY() * k);
247
248
251
         inline Vector2D operator*(float k, const Vector2D& a)
252
253
             return Vector2D(k * a.GetX(), k * a.GetY());
2.54
255
         inline Vector2D operator/(const Vector2D& a, const float& k)
259
260
261
             if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
262
263
                 return Vector2D();
2.64
265
266
             return Vector2D(a.GetX() / k, a.GetY() / k);
267
         }
268
271
         inline float DotProduct(const Vector2D& a, const Vector2D& b)
2.72
273
             return a.GetX() * b.GetX() + a.GetY() * b.GetY();
274
278
         inline float Length(const Vector2D& v)
279
280
             return sqrt(v.GetX() * v.GetX() + v.GetY() * v.GetY());
281
282
286
         inline Vector2D Norm(const Vector2D& v)
287
288
             // \texttt{norm}(\texttt{v}) \; = \; \texttt{v} \; / \; \texttt{length}(\texttt{v}) \; == \; (\texttt{vx} \; / \; \texttt{length}(\texttt{v}) \, , \; \; \texttt{vy} \; / \; \texttt{length}(\texttt{v}) \, )
289
290
             //v is the zero vector
291
             if (ZeroVector(v))
292
293
                 return v;
294
             }
295
296
             float mag{ Length(v) };
297
```

```
298
            return Vector2D(v.GetX() / mag, v.GetY() / mag);
299
300
        inline Vector2D PolarToCartesian(const Vector2D& v)
305
306
307
             //v = (r, theta)
308
            //x = rcos((theta)
309
             //y = rsin(theta)
310
             float angle{ v.GetY() * PI / 180.0f };
311
            return Vector2D(v.GetX() * cos(angle), v.GetX() * sin(angle));
312
313
        }
314
320
        inline Vector2D CartesianToPolar(const Vector2D& v)
321
            //v = (x, y)

//r = sqrt(vx^2 + vy^2)

//theta = arctan(y / x)
322
323
324
325
326
             if (CompareFloats(v.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON))
327
328
                 return v;
329
            }
330
331
             float theta{ atan2(v.GetY(), v.GetX()) * 180.0f / PI };
332
            return Vector2D(Length(v), theta);
333
334
        inline Vector2D Projection(const Vector2D& a, const Vector2D& b)
338
339
340
             //Proib(a) = (a dot b)b
341
            //normalize b before projecting
342
343
            Vector2D normB(Norm(b));
344
            return Vector2D(DotProduct(a, normB) * normB);
        }
345
346
347
348 #if defined(_DEBUG)
349
        inline void print(const Vector2D& v)
350
            std::cout « "(" « v.GetX() « ", " « v.GetY() « ")";
351
352
353 #endif
354
355
356
357
358
359
360
366
        class Vector3D
367
        public:
368
369
372
            Vector3D(float x = 0.0f, float y = 0.0f, float z = 0.0f);
373
            Vector3D(const Vector2D& v, float z = 0.0f);
376
377
            Vector3D(const Vector4D& v);
380
381
384
            float GetX() const;
385
388
            float GetY() const;
389
            float GetZ() const;
392
393
396
            void SetX(float x);
397
400
            void SetY(float y);
401
            void SetZ(float z);
404
405
408
            Vector3D& operator=(const Vector2D& v);
409
412
            Vector3D& operator=(const Vector4D& v);
413
            Vector3D& operator+=(const Vector3D& b);
416
417
420
            Vector3D& operator-=(const Vector3D& b);
421
424
            Vector3D& operator*=(float k);
425
            Vector3D& operator/=(float k);
430
431
```

```
432
        private:
433
            float mX;
434
            float mY;
435
            float mZ;
436
437
438
439
        //Vector3D Constructors
440
        inline Vector3D::Vector3D (float x, float y, float z) : mX{x}, mY{y}, mZ{z}
441
442
443
444
445
446
447
        //Vector3D Getters and Setters
448
449
        inline float Vector3D::GetX()const
450 {
451
            return mX;
452
453
        inline float Vector3D::GetY()const
454
455 {
456
            return mY;
457
458
459
        inline float Vector3D::GetZ()const
460 {
461
            return mZ;
462
463
464
        inline void Vector3D::SetX(float x)
465
466
            mX = x;
467
468
469
        inline void Vector3D::SetY(float y)
470
471
            mY = y;
472
473
474
        inline void Vector3D::SetZ(float z)
475
476
477
478
479
480
481
482
        //Vector3D Memeber functions
483
484
        inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator+=(const Vector3D& b)
485
            this->mX += b.mX;
486
            this->mY += b.mY;
487
488
            this->mZ += b.mZ;
489
490
            return *this;
491
        }
492
493
        inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator-=(const Vector3D& b)
494
495
            this->mX -= b.mX;
496
            this->mY -= b.mY;
497
            this->mZ -= b.mZ;
498
499
            return *this:
500
        }
501
502
        inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator*=(float k)
503
504
            this->mX \star= k;
            this->mY *= k;
505
506
            this->mZ *= k;
507
508
            return *this;
509
510
        inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator/=(float k)
511
512
            if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
513
514
515
                return *this;
516
517
518
            this->mX /= k;
```

```
519
            this->mY /= k;
520
           this->mZ /= k;
521
522
           return *this;
523
524
525
526
527
528
        //Vector3D Non-member functions
529
        inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector3D& a)
532
533
            534
535
536
537
                return true;
538
            }
539
540
            return false;
541
542
545
        inline Vector3D operator+(const Vector3D& a, const Vector3D& b)
546
547
            return Vector3D(a.GetX() + b.GetX(), a.GetY() + b.GetY(), a.GetZ() + b.GetZ());
548
549
552
        inline Vector3D operator-(const Vector3D& v)
553
554
            return Vector3D(-v.GetX(), -v.GetY(), -v.GetZ());
555
556
559
        inline Vector3D operator-(const Vector3D& a, const Vector3D& b)
560
561
            return Vector3D(a.GetX() - b.GetX(), a.GetY() - b.GetY(), a.GetZ() - b.GetZ());
562
563
566
        inline Vector3D operator*(const Vector3D& a, float k)
567
568
            return Vector3D(a.GetX() * k, a.GetY() * k, a.GetZ() * k);
569
570
573
        inline Vector3D operator*(float k, const Vector3D& a)
574
575
            return Vector3D(k * a.GetX(), k * a.GetY(), k * a.GetZ());
576
577
582
        inline Vector3D operator/(const Vector3D& a, float k)
583
            if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
584
585
            {
586
                return Vector3D();
587
588
            return Vector3D(a.GetX() / k, a.GetY() / k, a.GetZ() / k);
589
590
        }
591
594
        inline float DotProduct(const Vector3D& a, const Vector3D& b)
595
596
            //a dot b = axbx + ayby + azbz
            return a.GetX() * b.GetX() + a.GetY() * b.GetY() + a.GetZ() * b.GetZ();
597
598
599
602
        inline Vector3D CrossProduct(const Vector3D& a, const Vector3D& b)
603
604
            //a \times b = (aybz - azby, azbx - axbz, axby - aybx)
605
            return Vector3D(a.GetY() * b.GetZ() - a.GetZ() * b.GetY(),
606
               a.GetZ() * b.GetX() - a.GetX() * b.GetZ(),
a.GetX() * b.GetY() - a.GetY() * b.GetX());
607
608
609
610
613
        inline float Length (const Vector3D& v)
614
            //length(v) = sqrt(vx^2 + vy^2 + vz^2)
615
616
617
            return sqrt(v.GetX() * v.GetX() + v.GetY() * v.GetY() + v.GetZ() * v.GetZ());
618
619
62.4
        inline Vector3D Norm(const Vector3D& v)
625
626
            //norm(v) = v / length(v) == (vx / length(v), vy / length(v))
627
            //v is the zero vector
628
            if (ZeroVector(v))
629
            {
630
                return v;
631
            }
```

```
632
633
            float mag{ Length(v) };
634
            return Vector3D(v.GetX() / mag, v.GetY() / mag, v.GetZ() / mag);
635
636
637
643
        inline Vector3D CylindricalToCartesian(const Vector3D& v)
644
645
            //v = (r, theta, z)
646
            //x = rcos(theta)
            //y = rsin(theta)
647
            //z = z
648
649
            float angle{ v.GetY() * PI / 180.0f };
650
651
            return Vector3D(v.GetX() * cos(angle), v.GetX() * sin(angle), v.GetZ());
652
        }
653
        inline Vector3D CartesianToCylindrical(const Vector3D& v)
660
661
            //v = (x, y, z)
//r = sqrt(vx^2 + vy^2 + vz^2)
662
663
664
            //theta = arctan(y / x)
            //z = z
665
            if (CompareFloats(v.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON))
666
667
            {
668
                return v;
669
670
671
            float theta{ atan2(v.GetY(), v.GetX()) * 180.0f / PI };
672
            673
        }
680
        inline Vector3D SphericalToCartesian(const Vector3D& v)
681
682
            // v = (pho, phi, theta)
            //x = pho * sin(phi) * cos(theta)

//y = pho * sin(phi) * sin(theta)
683
684
685
            //z = pho * cos(theta);
686
            float phi{ v.GetY() * PI / 180.0f };
float theta{ v.GetZ() * PI / 180.0f };
687
688
689
            return Vector3D(v.GetX() * sin(phi) * cos(theta), v.GetX() * sin(phi) * sin(theta), v.GetX() *
690
      cos(theta));
691
       }
692
698
        inline Vector3D CartesianToSpherical(const Vector3D& v)
699
            //v = (x, y, z)
//pho = sqrt(vx^2 + vy^2 + vz^2)
700
701
            //phi = arcos(z / pho)
702
703
            //theta = arctan(y / x)
704
705
            if (CompareFloats(v.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON) || ZeroVector(v))
706
707
                return v;
708
709
710
            float pho{ Length(v) };
            float phi{ acos(v.GetZ() / pho) * 180.0f / PI };
711
            float theta{ atan2(v.GetY(), v.GetX()) * 180.0f / PI };
712
713
714
            return Vector3D(pho, phi, theta);
715
        }
716
721
        inline Vector3D Projection(const Vector3D& a, const Vector3D& b)
722
723
            //Projb(a) = (a dot b)b
724
            //normalize b before projecting
725
726
            Vector3D normB(Norm(b));
727
            return Vector3D(DotProduct(a, normB) * normB);
728
        }
729
734
        inline void Orthonormalize(Vector3D& x, Vector3D& y, Vector3D& z)
735
736
            x = Norm(x);
737
            y = Norm(CrossProduct(z, x));
738
            z = Norm(CrossProduct(x, y));
        1
739
740
741
742 #if defined(_DEBUG)
743
        inline void print(const Vector3D& v)
744
            std::cout « "(" « v.GetX() « ", " « v.GetY() « ", " « v.GetZ() « ")";
745
746
        }
```

```
747 #endif
748
749
750
751
752
753
754
760
       class Vector4D
761
762
       public:
765
           Vector4D(float x = 0.0f, float y = 0.0f, float z = 0.0f, float w = 0.0f);
766
769
770
           Vector4D(const Vector2D& v, float z = 0.0f, float w = 0.0f);
773
           Vector4D(const Vector3D& v, float w = 0.0f);
774
777
           float GetX() const;
778
781
           float GetY() const;
782
           float GetZ() const;
785
786
789
           float GetW() const;
790
793
           void SetX(float x);
794
           void SetY(float y);
797
798
801
           void SetZ(float z);
802
805
           void SetW(float w);
806
           Vector4D& operator=(const Vector2D& v);
809
810
813
           Vector4D& operator=(const Vector3D& v);
814
817
           Vector4D& operator+=(const Vector4D& b);
818
           Vector4D& operator-=(const Vector4D& b);
821
822
825
           Vector4D& operator*=(float k);
826
831
           Vector4D& operator/=(float k);
832
833
       private:
834
           float mX;
835
           float mY;
836
           float mZ;
837
           float mW;
838
       };
839
840
841
       //Vector4D Constructors
843
       844
       {}
845
846
847
848
849
       //Vector4D Getters and Setters
850
851
       inline float Vector4D::GetX()const
852 {
853
           return mX;
854
855
856
       inline float Vector4D::GetY()const
857 {
858
           return mY;
859
860
861
       inline float Vector4D::GetZ()const
862 {
863
           return mZ;
864
865
       inline float Vector4D::GetW()const
866
867 {
868
           return mW;
869
870
       inline void Vector4D::SetX(float x)
871
872
```

```
873
           mX = x;
874
875
876
       inline void Vector4D::SetY(float y)
877
878
           mY = y;
879
880
881
       inline void Vector4D::SetZ(float z)
882
883
           mZ = z:
884
885
886
        inline void Vector4D::SetW(float w)
887
888
           mW = w;
889
890
891
892
893
894
        //Vector4D Memeber functions
895
896
       inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator+= (const Vector4D& b)
897
898
           this->mX += b.mX;
899
           this->mY += b.mY;
900
           this->mZ += b.mZ;
           this->mW += b.mW;
901
902
903
           return *this:
904
       }
905
906
       inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator==(const Vector4D& b)
907
           this->mX -= b.mX;
908
           this->mY -= b.mY;
909
910
           this->mZ -= b.mZ;
911
           this->mW -= b.mW;
912
913
           return *this;
       }
914
915
916
       inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator*=(float k)
917
918
           this->mX \star= k;
919
           this->mY \star= k;
           this->mZ \star= k;
920
921
           this->mW *= k;
922
923
           return *this;
924
925
926
       inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator/=(float k)
927
928
            if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
929
930
               return *this;
931
932
           this->mX /= k;
933
           this->mY /= k;
934
935
           this->mZ /= k;
936
           this->mW /= k;
937
938
           return *this;
939
       }
940
941
942
943
944
        //Vector4D Non-member functions
945
       inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector4D& a)
948
949
           950
951
952
953
               return true;
954
           }
955
956
           return false;
957
958
961
       inline Vector4D operator+(const Vector4D& a, const Vector4D& b)
962
963
           return Vector4D(a.GetX() + b.GetX(), a.GetY() + b.GetY(), a.GetZ() + b.GetZ(), a.GetW() +
```

```
b.GetW());
964
965
968
        inline Vector4D operator-(const Vector4D& v)
969
970
             return Vector4D(-v.GetX(), -v.GetY(), -v.GetZ(), -v.GetW());
971
972
975
        inline Vector4D operator-(const Vector4D& a, const Vector4D& b)
976
977
             return Vector4D(a.GetX() - b.GetX(), a.GetY() - b.GetY(), a.GetZ() - b.GetZ(), a.GetW() -
      b.GetW());
978
979
982
         inline Vector4D operator*(const Vector4D& a, float k)
983
             return Vector4D(a.GetX() * k, a.GetY() * k, a.GetZ() * k, a.GetW() * k);
984
985
986
989
         inline Vector4D operator*(float k, const Vector4D& a)
990
991
             return Vector4D(k * a.GetX(), k * a.GetY(), k * a.GetZ(), k * a.GetW());
992
        }
993
998
        inline Vector4D operator/(const Vector4D& a, float k)
999
1000
              if (CompareFloats(k, 0.0f, EPSILON))
1001
1002
                   return Vector4D();
1003
1004
1005
              return Vector4D(a.GetX() / k, a.GetY() / k, a.GetZ() / k, a.GetW() / k);
1006
1007
1010
          inline float DotProduct(const Vector4D& a, const Vector4D& b)
1011
1012
              //a 	ext{ dot } b = axbx + ayby + azbz + awbw
              return a.GetX() * b.GetX() + a.GetY() * b.GetY() + a.GetZ() * b.GetZ() + a.GetW() * b.GetW();
1013
1014
1015
1018
         inline float Length (const Vector4D& v)
1019
              //length(v) = sqrt(vx^2 + vy^2 + vz^2 + vw^2)
1020
1021
               return sqrt(v.GetX() * v.GetX() + v.GetY() * v.GetY() + v.GetZ() * v.GetZ() + v.GetZ() *
      v.GetW());
1022
1023
1028
         inline Vector4D Norm(const Vector4D& v)
1029
1030
               //norm(v) = v / length(v) == (vx / length(v), vy / length(v))
1031
               //v is the zero vector
1032
               if (ZeroVector(v))
1033
1034
                   return v;
1035
1036
1037
              float mag{ Length(v) };
1038
1039
              return Vector4D(v.GetX() / mag, v.GetY() / mag, v.GetZ() / mag, v.GetW() / mag);
1040
         }
1041
1046
         inline Vector4D Projection(const Vector4D& a, const Vector4D& b)
1047
1048
               //Projb(a) = (a dot b)b
1049
               //normalize b before projecting
1050
              Vector4D normB(Norm(b));
1051
              return Vector4D(DotProduct(a, normB) * normB);
1052
         }
1053
1058
          inline void Orthonormalize(Vector4D& x, Vector4D& y, Vector4D& z)
1059
1060
               FAMath::Vector3D tempX(x.GetX(), x.GetY(), x.GetZ());
              FAMath::Vector3D tempY(y.GetX(), y.GetY(), y.GetZ());
FAMath::Vector3D tempZ(z.GetX(), z.GetY(), z.GetZ());
1061
1062
1063
1064
              tempX = Norm(tempX);
1065
              tempY = Norm(CrossProduct(tempZ, tempX));
1066
              tempZ = Norm(CrossProduct(tempX, tempY));
1067
               \begin{array}{lll} x = FAMath::Vector4D(tempX.GetX(), tempX.GetY(), tempX.GetZ(), 0.0f); \\ y = FAMath::Vector4D(tempY.GetX(), tempY.GetY(), tempY.GetZ(), 0.0f); \\ z = FAMath::Vector4D(tempZ.GetX(), tempZ.GetY(), tempZ.GetZ(), 0.0f); \end{array} 
1068
1069
1070
1071
1072
1073
1074 #if defined(_DEBUG)
1075
         inline void print (const Vector4D& v)
```

```
1076
1077
               \texttt{std} : \texttt{cout} \, \, \texttt{ " (" \  \  \, v.GetX() \  \  \, ", \  \  \, " \  \  \, v.GetY() \  \  \, ", \  \  \, " \  \  \, v.GetZ() \  \  \, ", \  \  \, " \  \  \, v.GetW() \  \  \, ")";}
1078
1079 #endif
1080
1081
1082
1083
1084
1085
1093
         class Matrix2x2
1094
         public:
1095
1096
1099
              Matrix2x2();
1100
              Matrix2x2(float a[][2]);
1105
1106
1109
              Matrix2x2(const Vector2D& r1, const Vector2D& r2);
1110
1113
              Matrix2x2(const Matrix3x3& m);
1114
              Matrix2x2(const_Matrix4x4& m):
1117
1118
1121
              float* Data();
1122
1125
              const float* Data() const;
1126
1131
              const float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
1132
1137
               float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
1138
1143
              Vector2D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
1144
              Vector2D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
1149
1150
1155
              void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector2D v);
1156
1161
              void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector2D v);
1162
              Matrix2x2& operator=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1165
1166
1169
              Matrix2x2& operator=(const Matrix4x4& m);
1170
1173
              Matrix2x2& operator+=(const Matrix2x2& m);
1174
1177
              Matrix2x2& operator = (const Matrix2x2& m);
1178
1181
              Matrix2x2& operator *= (float k):
1182
1185
              Matrix2x2& operator*=(const Matrix2x2& m);
1186
1187
          private:
1188
1189
               float mMat[2][2];
1190
1191
1192
1193
          inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2()
1194
               //1st row
1195
1196
              mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
1197
              mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
1198
1199
               //2nd
              mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
1200
              mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
1201
1202
          }
1203
1204
          inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(float a[][2])
1205
1206
               //1st row
              mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];
1207
1208
              mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];
1209
1210
              mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
1211
1212
1213
         }
1214
1215
          inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(const Vector2D& r1, const Vector2D& r2)
1216
          {
1217
               SetRow(0, r1);
1218
              SetRow(1, r2);
1219
1220
```

```
1221
         inline float* Matrix2x2::Data()
1222
1223
              return mMat[0];
1224
         }
1225
1226
         inline const float* Matrix2x2::Data()const
1227 {
1228
              return mMat[0];
1229
1230
         inline const float& Matrix2x2::operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
1231
1232 {
1233
              if (row > 1 || col > 1)
1234
1235
                  return mMat[0][0];
1236
1237
             else
1238
             {
1239
                  return mMat[row][col];
1240
1241
1242
1243
         inline float& Matrix2x2::operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1244
1245
              if (row > 1 || col > 1)
1246
              {
1247
                  return mMat[0][0];
1248
1249
              else
1250
             {
1251
                  return mMat[row][col];
1252
1253
1254
1255
         inline Vector2D Matrix2x2::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
1256 {
1257
              if (row < 0 || row > 1)
1258
                  return Vector2D(mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1]);
1259
1260
                  return Vector2D(mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1]);
1261
12.62
1263
1264
         inline Vector2D Matrix2x2::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
1265 {
1266
              if (col < 0 || col > 1)
1267
                  return Vector2D(mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0]);
1268
              else
                  return Vector2D(mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col]);
1269
1270
1271
1272
         inline void Matrix2x2::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector2D v)
1273
1274
              if (row > 1)
1275
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
mMat[0][1] = v.GetY();
1276
1277
1278
1279
1280
                  mMat[row][0] = v.GetX();
mMat[row][1] = v.GetY();
1281
1282
1283
1284
1285
1286
         inline void Matrix2x2::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector2D v)
1287
              if (col > 1)
1288
1289
              {
1290
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
1291
                  mMat[1][0] = v.GetY();
1292
1293
              else
1294
                  mMat[0][col] = v.GetX();
mMat[1][col] = v.GetY();
1295
1296
1297
1298
1299
1300
         inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator+=(const Matrix2x2& m)
1301
1302
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1303
1304
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1305
                      this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
1306
1307
```

```
1308
1309
1310
             return *this;
1311
         }
1312
         inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator-=(const Matrix2x2& m)
1313
1314
1315
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1316
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1317
1318
1319
                     this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
1320
1321
1322
1323
             return *this;
1324
1325
1326
         inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator*=(float k)
1327
1328
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1329
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1330
1331
1332
                     this->mMat[i][j] *= k;
1333
1334
1335
1336
             return *this;
1337
         }
1338
1339
         inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator*=(const Matrix2x2& m)
1340
1341
             Matrix2x2 res;
1342
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1343
1344
1345
                 res.mMat[i][0] =
1346
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
1347
                      (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]);
1348
1349
                 res.mMat[i][1] =
                     (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) +
1350
                      (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]);
1351
1352
1353
1354
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1355
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1356
1357
1358
                     mMat[i][j] = res.mMat[i][j];
1359
1360
1361
1362
             return *this:
1363
        }
1364
1367
         inline Matrix2x2 operator+(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
1368
1369
             Matrix2x2 res;
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)</pre>
1370
1371
1372
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1373
1374
                      res(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
1375
1376
             }
1377
1378
             return res;
1379
         }
1380
1383
         inline Matrix2x2 operator-(const Matrix2x2& m)
1384
             Matrix2x2 res:
1385
1386
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1387
1388
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1389
1390
                      res(i, j) = -m(i, j);
1391
1392
             }
1393
1394
             return res;
1395
1396
1399
         inline Matrix2x2 operator-(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
1400
```

```
1401
             Matrix2x2 res;
1402
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1403
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1404
1405
1406
                      res(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
1407
1408
1409
1410
              return res;
         }
1411
1412
1415
         inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const Matrix2x2& m, const float& k)
1416
1417
              Matrix2x2 res;
1418
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1419
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1420
1421
1422
                      res(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
1423
1424
1425
1426
              return res;
1427
         }
1428
1431
         inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const float& k, const Matrix2x2& m)
1432
1433
              Matrix2x2 res;
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1434
1435
1436
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1437
1438
                      res(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
1439
1440
1441
1442
              return res;
1443
1444
1449
         inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
1450
              Matrix2x2 res:
1451
1452
1453
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
1454
1455
                  res(i, 0) =
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) +
1456
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0));
1457
1458
1459
                  res(i, 1) =
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1));
1460
1461
1462
                  res(i, 2) =
1463
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) +
1464
1465
                       (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2));
1466
1467
                  res(i, 3) =
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3));
1468
1469
1470
1471
1472
              return res;
1473
1474
1479
         inline Vector2D operator*(const Matrix2x2& m, const Vector2D& v)
1480
1481
1482
1483
              res.SetX(m(0, 0) * v.GetX() + m(0, 1) * v.GetY());
1484
1485
              res.SetY(m(1, 0) * v.GetX() + m(1, 1) * v.GetY());
1486
1487
              return res;
1488
1489
1494
         inline Vector2D operator*(const Vector2D& v, const Matrix2x2& m)
1495
1496
              Vector2D res:
1497
1498
              res.SetX(v.GetX() * m(0, 0) + v.GetY() * m(1, 0));
1499
              res.SetY(v.GetX() * m(0, 1) + v.GetY() * m(1, 1));
1500
1501
1502
              return res;
1503
         }
```

```
1504
1507
          inline void SetToIdentity(Matrix2x2& m)
1508
               //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f
1509
1510
               //1st row
1511
              m(0, 0) = 1.0f;

m(0, 1) = 0.0f;
1512
1513
1514
1515
              //2nd row
              m(1, 0) = 0.0f;

m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
1516
1517
1518
1519
1522
          inline bool IsIdentity(const Matrix2x2& m)
1523
               //Is the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
1524
      0.0f
1525
1526
               for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1527
1528
                   for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1529
                        if (i == j)
1530
1531
1532
                            if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
1533
                                 return false;
1534
1535
                        }
1536
                        else
1537
                            if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
1538
1539
                                 return false;
1540
1541
1542
1543
1544
         }
1545
1548
          inline Matrix2x2 Transpose(const Matrix2x2& m)
1549
1550
              //make the rows into cols
1551
1552
              Matrix2x2 res;
1553
1554
              //1st col = 1st row
              res(0, 0) = m(0, 0);
res(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
1555
1556
1557
1558
              //2nd col = 2nd row
              res(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
res(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
1559
1560
1561
1562
              return res;
1563
1564
1569
          inline Matrix2x2 Scale(const Matrix2x2& cm, float x, float y)
1570
          {
1571
               //x 0
1572
               //0 y
1573
              Matrix2x2 scale;
scale(0, 0) = x;
1574
1575
1576
              scale(1, 1) = y;
1577
1578
               return cm * scale;
1579
1580
1585
          inline Matrix2x2 Scale(const Matrix2x2& cm, const Vector2D& scaleVector)
1586
          {
1587
               //x 0
1588
               //0 y
1589
              Matrix2x2 scale;
1590
              scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.GetX();
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.GetY();
1591
1592
1593
1594
              return cm * scale;
1595
1596
          inline Matrix2x2 Rotate(const Matrix2x2& cm, float angle)
1601
1602
1603
1604
               //-s
                       С
               //c = cos(angle)
//s = sin(angle)
1605
1606
1607
```

```
float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
1608
1609
1610
1611
              Matrix2x2 result;
1612
              //1st row
1613
              result(0, 0) = c;
1614
1615
              result(0, 1) = s;
1616
              //2nd row
result(1, 0) = -s;
result(1, 1) = c;
1617
1618
1619
1620
1621
              return cm * result;
1622
1623
          inline double Determinant (const Matrix2x2& m)
1626
1627
1628
              return (double)m(0, 0) * m(1, 1) - (double)m(0, 1) * m(1, 0);
1629
1630
1633
          inline double Cofactor(const Matrix2x2& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1634
              //\text{cij} = ((-1)^i + j) * \text{det of minor(i, j);}
double minor{ 0.0 };
1635
1636
1637
1638
              if (row == 0 \&\& col == 0)
1639
                  minor = m(1, 1);
1640
              else if (row == 0 && col == 1)
              minor = m(1, 0);
else if (row == 1 && col == 0)
1641
1642
1643
                  minor = m(0, 1);
1644
              else if (row == 1 && col == 1)
1645
                   minor = m(0, 0);
1646
              return pow(-1, row + col) * minor;
1647
1648
         }
1649
1652
          inline Matrix2x2 Adjoint(const Matrix2x2& m)
1653
1654
               //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
1655
               //{\mbox{Adjoint}} is the transposed matrix of cA.
1656
              Matrix2x2 cofactorMatrix;
1657
               for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1658
1659
                   for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1660
                       cofactorMatrix(i, j) = static_cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, j));
1661
1662
1663
1664
1665
              return Transpose(cofactorMatrix);
1666
1667
1672
          inline Matrix2x2 Inverse (const Matrix2x2& m)
1673
1674
               //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
1675
              double det = Determinant(m);
1676
              if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
1677
                   return Matrix2x2();
1678
1679
              return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
1680
         }
1681
1682
1683 #if defined(_DEBUG)
1684
          inline void print (const Matrix2x2& m)
1685
1686
               for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1687
1688
                   for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1689
                       std::cout « m(i, j) « " ";
1690
1691
1692
1693
                   std::cout « std::endl;
1694
1695
1696 #endif
1697
1698
1699
1700
1701
1702
1703
```

```
1704
1705
1706
1714
         class Matrix3x3
1715
1716
         public:
1717
1720
              Matrix3x3();
1721
1726
              Matrix3x3(float a[][3]);
1727
1730
              Matrix3x3(const Vector3D& r1, const Vector3D& r2, const Vector3D& r3);
1731
1737
              Matrix3x3(const Matrix2x2& m);
1738
1741
              Matrix3x3(const Matrix4x4& m):
1742
1745
              float* Data();
1746
1749
              const float* Data() const;
1750
1755
              const float& operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
1756
1761
              float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
1762
1767
              Vector3D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
1768
1773
              Vector3D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
1774
1779
              void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector3D v);
1780
1785
              void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector3D v);
1786
1792
              Matrix3x3& operator=(const Matrix2x2& m);
1793
1796
              Matrix3x3& operator=(const Matrix4x4& m);
1797
1800
              Matrix3x3& operator+=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1801
1804
              Matrix3x3& operator-=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1805
1808
              Matrix3x3& operator*=(float k);
1809
1812
              Matrix3x3& operator*=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1813
1814
         private:
1815
1816
              float mMat[3][3];
1817
         };
1818
1819
1820
          inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3()
1821
1822
              //1st row
              mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
1823
1824
1825
              mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
1826
1827
              //2nd
              mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
1828
1829
1830
              mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
1831
1832
              //3rd row
1833
              mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
              mMat[2][1] = 0.0f:
1834
              mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
1835
1836
         }
1837
1838
          inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(float a[][3])
1839
1840
              //1st_row
              mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];

mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];

mMat[0][2] = a[0][2];
1841
1842
1843
1844
1845
              mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
1846
              mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
mMat[1][2] = a[1][2];
1847
1848
1849
1850
1851
              mMat[2][0] = a[2][0];
              mMat[2][1] = a[2][1];
mMat[2][2] = a[2][2];
1852
1853
1854
          }
```

```
1856
          inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(const Vector3D& r1, const Vector3D& r2, const Vector3D& r3)
1857
1858
              SetRow(0, r1);
1859
              SetRow(1, r2);
SetRow(2, r3);
1860
1861
1862
1863
         inline float* Matrix3x3::Data()
1864
1865
              return mMat[0]:
1866
1867
1868
          inline const float* Matrix3x3::Data()const
1869 {
1870
              return mMat[0];
1871
         }
1872
1873
         inline const float& Matrix3x3::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
1874 {
1875
              if (row > 2 || col > 2)
1876
1877
                  return mMat[0][0];
1878
1879
              else
1880
              {
1881
                  return mMat[row][col];
1882
1883
         }
1884
1885
         inline float& Matrix3x3::operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1886
1887
              if (row > 2 || col > 2)
1888
1889
                  return mMat[0][0];
1890
1891
             else
1892
1893
                  return mMat[row][col];
1894
1895
1896
1897
         inline Vector3D Matrix3x3::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
1898 {
1899
              if (row < 0 \mid \mid row > 2)
1900
                  return Vector3D(mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1], mMat[0][2]);
1901
1902
                  return Vector3D(mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1], mMat[row][2]);
1903
1904
1905
1906
          inline Vector3D Matrix3x3::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
1907 {
              if (col < 0 || col > 2)
    return Vector3D(mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0], mMat[2][0]);
1908
1909
1910
              else
1911
                  return Vector3D(mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col], mMat[2][col]);
1912
1913
1914
          inline void Matrix3x3::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector3D v)
1915
1916
              if (row > 2)
1917
              {
1918
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
1919
                  mMat[0][1] = v.GetY();
                  mMat[0][2] = v.GetZ();
1920
1921
1922
              else
1923
1924
                  mMat[row][0] = v.GetX();
                  mMat[row][1] = v.GetY();
mMat[row][2] = v.GetZ();
1925
1926
1927
1928
         }
1929
1930
         inline void Matrix3x3::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector3D v)
1931
1932
              if (col > 2)
1933
              {
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
mMat[1][0] = v.GetY();
1934
1935
                  mMat[2][0] = v.GetZ();
1936
1937
1938
              else
1939
                  mMat[0][col] = v.GetX();
1940
                  mMat[1][col] = v.GetY();
1941
```

```
mMat[2][col] = v.GetZ();
1943
1944
1945
1946
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator+=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1947
1948
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1949
1950
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1951
                       this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
1952
1953
1954
1955
1956
              return *this;
1957
1958
1959
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator-=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1960
1961
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1962
1963
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1964
                       this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
1965
1966
1967
1968
1969
              return *this;
1970
1971
1972
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator*=(float k)
1973
1974
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1975
1976
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1977
1978
                       this->mMat[i][j] *= k;
1979
1980
1981
1982
              return *this;
1983
         }
1984
1985
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator*=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1986
1987
              Matrix3x3 result;
1988
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)</pre>
1989
1990
1991
                   result.mMat[i][0] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]) +
1992
1993
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][0]);
1994
1995
1996
                   result.mMat[i][1] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]) +
1997
1998
1999
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][1]);
2000
2001
                   result.mMat[i][2] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][2]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][2]) +
2002
2003
2004
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][2]);
2005
2006
2007
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2008
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2009
2010
2011
                       mMat[i][j] = result.mMat[i][j];
2012
2013
2014
2015
              return *this;
2016
         }
2017
2020
          inline Matrix3x3 operator+(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
2021
2022
              Matrix3x3 result;
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2023
2024
2025
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2026
2027
                       result(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
2028
2029
2030
```

```
2031
              return result;
2032
2033
          inline Matrix3x3 operator-(const Matrix3x3& m)
2036
2037
2038
              Matrix3x3 result;
2039
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2040
2041
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2042
                       result(i, j) = -m(i, j);
2043
2044
2045
2046
2047
              return result;
2048
2049
          inline Matrix3x3 operator-(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
2052
2053
2054
              Matrix3x3 result;
2055
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2056
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2057
2058
2059
                       result(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
2060
2061
2062
2063
              return result;
2064
         }
2065
2068
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const Matrix3x3& m, const float& k)
2069
2070
              Matrix3x3 result;
2071
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2072
2073
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2074
2075
                       result(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
2076
2077
2078
2079
              return result;
2080
         }
2081
2084
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const float& k, const Matrix3x3& m)
2085
2086
              Matrix3x3 result;
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2087
2088
2089
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2090
2091
                       result(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
2092
2093
2094
2095
              return result;
2096
2097
2102
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
2103
2104
              Matrix3x3 result;
2105
2106
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2107
2108
                   result(i, 0) =
                       (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0)) + (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 0));
2109
2110
2111
2112
2113
                   result(i, 1) =
                       (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) +
2114
                       (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1)) +
(m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 1));
2115
2116
2117
2118
                   result(i, 2) =
2119
                       (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) +
                       (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2)) + (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 2));
2120
2121
2122
                   result(i, 3) =
2123
                       (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) +
2124
                       (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3)) + (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 3));
2125
2126
2127
              }
2128
2129
              return result:
```

```
2130
2131
2136
         inline Vector3D operator*(const Matrix3x3& m, const Vector3D& v)
2137
2138
              Vector3D result:
2139
              result.SetX(m(0, 0) * v.GetX() + m(0, 1) * v.GetY() + m(0, 2) * v.GetZ());
2140
2141
2142
              result.SetY(m(1, 0) * v.GetX() + m(1, 1) * v.GetY() + m(1, 2) * v.GetZ());
2143
2144
              result.SetZ(m(2, 0) * v.GetX() + m(2, 1) * v.GetY() + m(2, 2) * v.GetZ());
2145
2146
              return result;
2147
2148
2153
         inline Vector3D operator*(const Vector3D& v, const Matrix3x3& m)
2154
              Vector3D result;
2155
2156
              result.SetX(v.GetX() * m(0, 0) + v.GetY() * m(1, 0) + v.GetZ() * m(2, 0));
2157
2158
              result.SetY(v.GetX() * m(0, 1) + v.GetY() * m(1, 1) + v.GetZ() * m(2, 1));
2159
2160
              result.SetZ(v, GetX() * m(0, 2) + v, GetY() * m(1, 2) + v, GetZ() * m(2, 2)):
2161
2162
2163
              return result;
2164
2165
2168
         inline void SetToIdentity (Matrix3x3& m)
2169
2170
              //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f
2171
2172
              //1st row
2173
              m(0, 0) = 1.0f;
             m(0, 1) = 0.0f;

m(0, 2) = 0.0f;
2174
2175
2176
2177
              //2nd row
2178
              m(1, 0) = 0.0f;
2179
              m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
              m(1, 2) = 0.0f;
2180
2181
              //3rd row
2182
             m(2, 0) = 0.0f;

m(2, 1) = 0.0f;
2183
2184
2185
              m(2, 2) = 1.0f;
2186
2187
2190
         inline bool IsIdentity(const Matrix3x3& m)
2191
2192
              //Is the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
      0.0f
2193
2194
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2195
                  for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2196
2197
2198
                       if (i == j)
2199
2200
                           if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
2201
                               return false;
2202
2203
                      }
2204
                       else
2205
2206
                           if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
2207
                               return false;
2208
2209
2210
2211
2212
2213
2216
         inline Matrix3x3 Transpose (const Matrix3x3& m)
2217
2218
              //make the rows into cols
2219
2220
             Matrix3x3 result;
2221
              //1st.col = 1st.row
2222
              result(0, 0) = m(0, 0);
result(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
2223
2224
2225
              result(2, 0) = m(0, 2);
2226
2227
              //2nd col = 2nd row
              result(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
result(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
2228
2229
```

```
result(2, 1) = m(1, 2);
2231
2232
                 //3rd col = 3rd row
                 result(0, 2) = m(2, 0);
result(1, 2) = m(2, 1);
result(2, 2) = m(2, 2);
2233
2234
2235
2236
2237
                 return result;
2238
          }
2239
           inline Matrix3x3 Scale(const Matrix3x3& cm, float x, float y, float z)
2244
2245
2246
                  //x 0 0
2247
                 //0 y 0
2248
                 //0 0 z
2249
                 Matrix3x3 scale:
2250
                 scale(0, 0) = x;
scale(1, 1) = y;
2251
2252
2253
                 scale(2, 2) = z;
2254
2255
                 return cm * scale;
2256
          }
2257
2262
           inline Matrix3x3 Scale(const Matrix3x3& cm, const Vector3D& scaleVector)
2263
                 //x 0 0
2264
2265
                 //0 y 0
                 //0 0 z
2266
2267
2268
                 Matrix3x3 scale:
                 scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.GetX();
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.GetY();
2269
2270
2271
                 scale(2, 2) = scaleVector.GetZ();
2272
2273
                 return cm * scale:
2274
           }
2275
2280
           inline Matrix3x3 Rotate(const Matrix3x3& cm, float angle, float x, float y, float z)
2281
2282
                                           (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy

c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx

(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2
                 //c + (1 - c)x^2
2283
                 //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
2284
2285
2286
                 //c = \cos(angle)
2287
                  //s = \sin(angle)
2288
2289
                 Vector3D axis(x, y, z);
2290
                 axis = Norm(axis);
2291
                 x = axis.GetX();
2292
                 y = axis.GetY();
2293
                 z = axis.GetZ();
2294
                 float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
2295
2296
2297
                 float oneMinusC = 1.0f - c;
2298
                 Matrix3x3 result;
2299
2300
2301
                 //1st row
                 result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
2302
                 result(0, 1) = (\text{oneMinusC} * (x * x)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (\text{oneMinusC} * (x * y)) + (s * z);
2303
2304
2305
2306
                 //2nd row
                 result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
2307
2308
2309
2310
2311
                 result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
2312
2313
2314
2315
2316
                 return cm * result;
2317
           }
2318
2323
           inline Matrix3x3 Rotate(const Matrix3x3& cm, float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
2324
2325
                                           (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy

c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx

(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2
                 //c + (1 - c)x^2
2326
                 //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
2327
2328
2329
                  //c = \cos(angle)
2330
                  //s = \sin(angle)
2331
2332
                 Vector3D nAxis(Norm(axis));
```

```
float x = nAxis.GetX();
               float y = nAxis.GetY();
2334
               float z = nAxis.GetZ();
2335
2336
               float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
2337
2338
               float oneMinusC = 1.0f - c;
2339
2340
2341
               Matrix3x3 result;
2342
2343
               //1st row
               result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
2344
               result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
2345
2346
2347
2348
               //2nd row
               result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
2349
2350
2351
2352
2353
               //3rd row
               result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
2354
2355
2356
2357
2358
               return cm * result;
2359
2360
2363
          inline double Determinant (const Matrix3x3& m)
2364
2365
               //m00m11m22 - m00m12m21
2366
               double c1 = (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2) - (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 1);
2367
2368
               //m01m12m20 - m01m10m22
2369
               double c2 = (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 0) - (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 2);
2370
2371
               //m02m10m21 - m02m11m20
2372
               double c3 = (double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1) - (double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 0);
2373
2374
               return c1 + c2 + c3;
2375
2376
          inline double Cofactor(const Matrix3x3& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
2379
2380
2381
                //\text{cij} = ((-1)^i + j) * \text{det of minor}(i, j);
2382
               Matrix2x2 minor;
2383
               int r{ 0 };
2384
               int c{ 0 };
2385
               //minor(i, j)
for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)</pre>
2386
2387
2388
2389
                    if (i == row)
2390
                         continue;
2391
2392
                    for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2393
                         if (j == col)
2394
2395
                             continue;
2396
                        minor(r, c) = m(i, j);
2397
2398
                         ++c;
2399
2400
                    c = 0;
2401
2402
                    ++r;
2403
2404
2405
               return pow(-1, row + col) * Determinant(minor);
2406
          }
2407
2410
          inline Matrix3x3 Adjoint(const Matrix3x3& m)
2411
               //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
2412
               //Adjoint is the tranposed matrix of cA.
2413
2414
               Matrix3x3 cofactorMatrix;
2415
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2416
2417
                    for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2418
2419
                         cofactorMatrix(i, j) = static cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, j));
2420
2421
2422
2423
               return Transpose(cofactorMatrix);
2424
2425
```

```
2430
         inline Matrix3x3 Inverse(const Matrix3x3& m)
2431
2432
             //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
2433
             double det = Determinant(m);
2434
             if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
2435
                 return Matrix3x3();
2436
2437
             return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
2438
2439
2440
2441 #if defined(_DEBUG)
2442
         inline void print (const Matrix3x3& m)
2443
2444
             for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
2445
                 for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
2446
2447
2448
                     std::cout « m(i, j) « " ";
2449
2450
2451
                 std::cout « std::endl;
2452
2453
2454 #endif
2455
2456
2457
2458
2459
2460
2468
         class Matrix4x4
2469
         public:
2470
2471
2474
             Matrix4x4();
2475
2480
             Matrix4x4(float a[][4]);
2481
2484
             Matrix4x4(const Vector4D& r1, const Vector4D& r2, const Vector4D& r3, const Vector4D& r4);
2485
2492
             Matrix4x4(const Matrix2x2& m);
2493
2499
             Matrix4x4(const Matrix3x3& m);
2500
             Matrix4x4& operator=(const Matrix2x2& m);
2507
2508
2514
             Matrix4x4& operator=(const Matrix3x3& m);
2515
2518
             float* Data();
2519
2522
             const float* Data() const;
2523
2528
             const float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
2529
2534
             float& operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
2535
2540
             Vector4D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
2541
2546
             Vector4D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
2547
2552
             void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector4D v);
2553
2558
             void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector4D v);
2559
2562
             Matrix4x4& operator+=(const Matrix4x4& m);
2563
2566
             Matrix4x4& operator-=(const Matrix4x4& m);
2567
2570
             Matrix4x4& operator*=(float k);
2571
2574
             Matrix4x4& operator *= (const Matrix4x4& m);
2575
2576
        private:
2577
2578
             float mMat[4][4];
2579
         };
2580
2581
2582
         inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4()
2583
2584
             //1st row
2585
             mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
2586
             mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
             mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
2587
```

```
2588
              mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
2589
2590
              //2nd
              mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
2591
              mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
2592
2593
2594
              mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
2595
2596
              //3rd row
              mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
2597
              mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
2598
2599
              mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
2600
              mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
2601
2602
              //4th row
              mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;
2603
2604
              mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;
2605
              mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
2606
2607
         }
2608
2609
2610
         inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(float a[][4])
2611
2612
2613
              //1st row
2614
              mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];
2615
              mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];
              mMat[0][2] = a[0][2];
2616
2617
              mMat[0][3] = a[0][3];
2618
2619
              //2nd
2620
              mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
2621
              mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
             mMat[1][2] = a[1][2];
mMat[1][3] = a[1][3];
2622
2623
2624
2625
              //3rd row
2626
              mMat[2][0] = a[2][0];
2627
              mMat[2][1] = a[2][1];
2628
              mMat[2][2] = a[2][2];
              mMat[2][3] = a[2][3];
2629
2630
2631
              //4th row
2632
              mMat[3][0] = a[3][0];
2633
              mMat[3][1] = a[3][1];
2634
              mMat[3][2] = a[3][2];
             mMat[3][3] = a[3][3];
2635
2636
2637
2638
         inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(const Vector4D& r1, const Vector4D& r2, const Vector4D& r3, const
      Vector4D& r4)
2639
2640
              SetRow(0, r1);
2641
              SetRow(1, r2);
2642
              SetRow(2, r3);
2643
              SetRow(3, r4);
2644
2645
2646
         inline float* Matrix4x4::Data()
2647
         {
2648
              return mMat[0];
2649
2650
2651
         inline const float* Matrix4x4::Data()const
2652 {
2653
              return mMat[0];
2654
         }
2655
2656
         inline const float& Matrix4x4::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
2657 {
2658
              if (row > 3 || col > 3)
2659
2660
                  return mMat[0][0];
2661
2662
             else
2663
              {
2664
                  return mMat[row][col];
2665
2666
         }
2667
2668
         inline float& Matrix4x4::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
2669
2670
              if (row > 3 || col > 3)
2671
2672
                  return mMat[0][0];
2673
```

```
2674
             else
2675
             {
2676
                  return mMat[row][col];
2677
2678
2679
2680
         inline Vector4D Matrix4x4::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
2681 {
2682
              if (row < 0 \mid \mid row > 3)
2683
                  return Vector4D(mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1], mMat[0][2], mMat[0][3]);
              else
2684
2685
                  return Vector4D(mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1], mMat[row][2], mMat[row][3]);
2686
2687
2688
2689
         inline Vector4D Matrix4x4::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
2690 {
2691
              if (col < 0 || col > 3)
                  return Vector4D(mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0], mMat[2][0], mMat[3][0]);
2692
2693
              else
2694
                  return Vector4D(mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col], mMat[2][col], mMat[3][col]);
2695
2696
2697
         inline void Matrix4x4::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector4D v)
2698
2699
              if (row > 3)
2700
2701
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
                  mMat[0][1] = v.GetY();
2702
                  mMat[0][2] = v.GetZ();
2703
                  mMat[0][3] = v.GetW();
2704
2705
2706
2707
                  mMat[row][0] = v.GetX();
mMat[row][1] = v.GetY();
2708
2709
2710
                  mMat[row][2] = v.GetZ();
2711
                  mMat[row][3] = v.GetW();
2712
2713
         }
2714
2715
         inline void Matrix4x4::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector4D v)
2716
2717
              if (col > 3)
2718
              {
2719
                  mMat[0][0] = v.GetX();
                  mMat[1][0] = v.GetY();
mMat[2][0] = v.GetZ();
2720
2721
2722
                  mMat[3][0] = v.GetW();
2723
2724
             else
2725
2726
                  mMat[0][col] = v.GetX();
                  mMat[1][col] = v.GetY();
mMat[2][col] = v.GetZ();
2727
2728
2729
                  mMat[3][col] = v.GetW();
2730
2731
         }
2732
2733
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator+=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2734
2735
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2736
2737
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2738
2739
                      this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
2740
2741
              }
2742
2743
              return *this;
2744
2745
2746
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator-=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2747
2748
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2749
2750
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2751
2752
                      this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
2753
2754
              }
2755
2756
              return *this;
2757
2758
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator*=(float k)
2759
2760
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2762
2763
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2764
                      this->mMat[i][j] \star= k;
2765
2766
2767
2768
2769
             return *this;
2770
         }
2771
2772
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator*=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2773
2774
             Matrix4x4 result;
2775
2776
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2777
2778
                  result.mMat[i][0] =
2779
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
2780
                       (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]) +
2781
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][0]) +
2782
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][0]);
2783
                  result.mMat[i][1] =
2784
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]) +
2785
2786
2787
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][1]) +
2788
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][1]);
2789
2790
                  result.mMat[i][2] =
2791
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][2]) +
2792
                       (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][2]) +
2793
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][2]) +
2794
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][2]);
2795
                  result.mMat[i][3] =
2796
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][3]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][3]) +
2797
2798
2799
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][3]) +
2800
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][3]);
2801
2802
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2803
2804
2805
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2806
2807
                      mMat[i][j] = result.mMat[i][j];
2808
2809
2810
2811
             return *this;
2812
2813
2816
         inline Matrix4x4 operator+(const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2817
2818
             Matrix4x4 result;
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2820
2821
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2822
2823
                      result(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
2824
2825
2826
2827
              return result;
2828
         }
2829
2832
         inline Matrix4x4 operator-(const Matrix4x4& m)
2833
2834
             Matrix4x4 result;
2835
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2836
2837
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2838
2839
                      result(i, j) = -m(i, j);
2840
2841
2842
2843
              return result;
2844
         }
2845
2848
         inline Matrix4x4 operator-(const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2849
2850
              Matrix4x4 result;
2851
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2852
2853
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
```

```
{
2855
                      result(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
2856
2857
             }
2858
2859
             return result:
2860
         }
2861
2864
         inline Matrix4x4 operator*(const Matrix4x4& m, const float& k)
2865
2866
             Matrix4x4 result:
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2867
2868
2869
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2870
2871
                      result(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
2872
2873
             }
2874
2875
             return result;
2876
2877
2880
         inline Matrix4x4 operator* (const float& k, const Matrix4x4& m)
2881
2882
             Matrix4x4 result;
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2883
2884
2885
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2886
2887
                      result(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
2888
2889
              }
2890
2891
              return result;
2892
         }
2893
2898
         inline Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2899
2900
             Matrix4x4 result;
2901
2902
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2903
                  result(i, 0) =
2904
2905
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) +
2906
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0)) +
2907
                       (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 0)) +
2908
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 0));
2909
2910
                  result(i, 1) =
2911
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) +
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1)) +
2912
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 1)) + (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 1));
2913
2914
2915
2916
                  result(i, 2) =
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) +
2917
2918
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2)) +
2919
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 2)) +
2920
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 2));
2921
                  result(i, 3) =
2922
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3)) +
2923
2924
2925
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 3)) +
2926
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 3));
2927
             }
2928
2929
             return result:
2930
         }
2931
2936
         inline Vector4D operator*(const Matrix4x4& m, const Vector4D& v)
2937
2938
             Vector4D result;
2939
2940
             result.SetX(m(0, 0) * v.GetX() + m(0, 1) * v.GetY() + m(0, 2) * v.GetZ() + m(0, 3) * v.GetW());
2941
2942
              result.SetY(m(1, 0) * v.GetX() + m(1, 1) * v.GetY() + m(1, 2) * v.GetZ() + m(1, 3) * v.GetW());
2943
              result. SetZ(m(2, 0) * v.GetX() + m(2, 1) * v.GetY() + m(2, 2) * v.GetZ() + m(2, 3) * v.GetW()); \\
2944
2945
2946
             result.SetW(m(3, 0) * v.GetX() + m(3, 1) * v.GetY() + m(3, 2) * v.GetZ() + m(3, 3) * v.GetW());
2947
2948
2949
         }
2950
2955
         inline Vector4D operator*(const Vector4D& v, const Matrix4x4& m)
2956
```

```
2957
              Vector4D result;
2958
              result.SetX(v.GetX() * m(0, 0) + v.GetY() * m(1, 0) + v.GetZ() * m(2, 0) + v.GetW() * m(3, 0));
2959
2960
2961
              result.SetY(v.GetX() * m(0, 1) + v.GetY() * m(1, 1) + v.GetZ() * m(2, 1) + v.GetW() * m(3, 1));
2962
2963
               result. SetZ(v. GetX() * m(0, 2) + v. GetY() * m(1, 2) + v. GetZ() * m(2, 2) + v. GetW() * m(3, 2)); \\
2964
2965
              result.SetW(v.GetX() * m(0, 3) + v.GetY() * m(1, 3) + v.GetZ() * <math>m(2, 3) + v.GetW() * m(3, 3));
2966
2967
              return result:
2968
         }
2969
2972
          inline void SetToIdentity (Matrix4x4& m)
2973
2974
              //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f
2975
2976
              //1st row
2977
              m(0, 0) = 1.0f;
2978
              m(0, 1) = 0.0f;
2979
              m(0, 2) = 0.0f;
2980
              m(0, 3) = 0.0f;
2981
              //2nd row
2982
2983
              m(1, 0) = 0.0f;
2984
              m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
2985
              m(1, 2) = 0.0f;
2986
              m(1, 3) = 0.0f;
2987
2988
              //3rd row
              m(2, 0) = 0.0f;

m(2, 1) = 0.0f;
2989
2990
2991
              m(2, 2) = 1.0f;
2992
              m(2, 3) = 0.0f;
2993
              //4th row
2994
              m(3, 0) = 0.0f;

m(3, 1) = 0.0f;
2995
2996
2997
              m(3, 2) = 0.0f;
2998
              m(3, 3) = 1.0f;
2999
3000
3003
         inline bool IsIdentity(const Matrix4x4& m)
3004
3005
              //Is the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
      0.0f
3006
3007
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
3008
3009
                   for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
3010
                       <u>if</u> (i == j)
3011
3012
3013
                            if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
3014
                                return false:
3015
3016
                       }
3017
                       else
3018
3019
                            if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
3020
                                return false;
3021
3022
                       }
3023
3024
3025
         }
3026
3029
          inline Matrix4x4 Transpose (const Matrix4x4& m)
3030
3031
              //make the rows into cols
3032
3033
              Matrix4x4 result;
3034
              //1st col = 1st row
3035
              result(0, 0) = m(0, 0);
result(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
3036
3037
3038
              result(2, 0) = m(0, 2);
3039
              result(3, 0) = m(0, 3);
3040
3041
              //2nd col = 2nd row
              result(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
3042
              result(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
3043
              result(2, 1) = m(1, 2);
result(3, 1) = m(1, 3);
3044
3045
3046
              //3rd col = 3rd row result(0, 2) = m(2, 0);
3047
3048
```

```
result(1, 2) = m(2, 1);
               result(2, 2) = m(2, 2);
result(3, 2) = m(2, 3);
3050
3051
3052
3053
               //4th col = 4th row
3054
               result (0, 3) = m(3, 0);
               result(1, 3) = m(3, 1);
result(2, 3) = m(3, 2);
3055
3056
3057
               result(3, 3) = m(3, 3);
3058
3059
               return result:
3060
         }
3061
3066
          inline Matrix4x4 Translate(const Matrix4x4& cm, float x, float y, float z)
3067
3068
               //1 0 0 0
               //0 1 0 0
//0 0 1 0
3069
3070
3071
               //x y z 1
3072
3073
               Matrix4x4 translate;
               translate(3, 0) = x;
translate(3, 1) = y;
3074
3075
3076
               translate(3, 2) = z;
3077
3078
               return cm * translate;
3079
3080
3085
          inline Matrix4x4 Translate(const Matrix4x4& cm, const Vector3D& translateVector)
3086
3087
               //1 0 0 0
3088
               //0 1 0 0
3089
               //0 0 1 0
3090
               //x y z 1
3091
               Matrix4x4 translate:
3092
               translate(3, 0) = translateVector.GetX();
translate(3, 1) = translateVector.GetY();
3093
3094
3095
               translate(3, 2) = translateVector.GetZ();
3096
3097
               return cm * translate;
3098
          }
3099
3104
          inline Matrix4x4 Scale(const Matrix4x4& cm, float x, float y, float z)
3105
          {
               //x 0 0 0
3106
               //0 y 0 0
//0 0 z 0
3107
3108
               //0 0 0 1
3109
3110
               Matrix4x4 scale;
3111
               scale(0, 0) = x;
scale(1, 1) = y;
3112
3113
3114
               scale(2, 2) = z;
3115
3116
               return cm * scale;
3117
         }
3118
3123
          inline Matrix4x4 Scale(const Matrix4x4& cm, const Vector3D& scaleVector)
3124
               //x 0 0 0
3125
               //0 y 0 0
//0 0 z 0
3126
3127
3128
               //0 0 0 1
3129
3130
               Matrix4x4 scale;
3131
               scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.GetX();
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.GetY();
3132
               scale(2, 2) = scaleVector.GetZ();
3133
3134
3135
               return cm * scale;
3136
3137
3142
          inline Matrix4x4 Rotate(const Matrix4x4& cm, float angle, float x, float y, float z)
3143
3144
               //c + (1 - c)x^2
                                       (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy 0
               //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
                                      c + (1 - c)y^2 - (1 - c)yz + sx = 0

(1 - c)yz - sx = c + (1 - c)z^2 = 0
3145
3146
3147
               //0
               //c = \cos(angle)
3148
               //s = \sin(angle)
3149
3150
3151
               Vector3D axis(x, y, z);
3152
3153
               axis = Norm(axis);
3154
3155
               x = axis.GetX();
```

```
y = axis.GetY();
3157
                  z = axis.GetZ();
3158
                  float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float oneMinusC = 1 - c;
3159
3160
3161
3162
3163
                  Matrix4x4 result;
3164
                  //1st row
3165
                  result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
3166
                  result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
3167
3168
3169
3170
                   //2nd row
                  result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
3171
3172
3173
3174
3175
                   //3rd row
                  result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
3176
3177
                   result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
3178
3179
3180
                  return cm * result;
3181
           }
3182
3187
            inline Matrix4x4 Rotate(const Matrix4x4& cm, float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
3188
                                              (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy 0
c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx 0
(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2 0
3189
                   //c + (1 - c)x^2
                  //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
3190
3191
3192
3193
                   //c = \cos(angle)
3194
                   //s = sin(angle)
3195
                  Vector3D nAxis(Norm(axis));
3196
3197
3198
                   float x = nAxis.GetX();
                  float y = nAxis.GetY();
float z = nAxis.GetZ();
3199
3200
3201
                   float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
3202
                   float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
3203
                  float oneMinusC = 1 - c;
3204
3205
3206
                  Matrix4x4 result;
3207
                  //1st row
3208
3209
                  result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
                  result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
3210
3211
3212
3213
                   //2nd row
3214
                  result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC \star (x \star y)) - (s \star z);
                  result(1, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
3215
3216
3217
3218
                   //3rd row
                  result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC \star (x \star z)) + (s \star y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC \star (y \star z)) - (s \star x);
result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC \star (z \star z));
3219
3220
3221
3222
3223
                  return cm * result;
3224
3225
3228
            inline double Determinant (const Matrix4x4& m)
3229
            {
3230
                   //m00m11 (m22m33 - m23m32)
3231
                    \text{double c1 = (double)} \ \text{m(0, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 2)} \ \star \ \text{m(3, 3)} \ - \ \text{(double)} \ \text{m(0, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 3)} 
        * m(3, 2);
3232
3233
                   //m00m12 (m23m31 - m21m33)
                  double c2 = (double)m(0, 0) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 3) * m(3, 1) - (double)m(0, 0) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 1)
3234
        * m(3, 3);
3235
3236
                   //m00m13 (m21m32 - m22m31)
3237
                    double \ c3 \ = \ (double) \ m(0, \ 0) \ * \ m(1, \ 3) \ * \ m(2, \ 1) \ * \ m(3, \ 2) \ - \ (double) \ m(0, \ 0) \ * \ m(1, \ 3) \ * \ m(2, \ 2) 
        * m(3, 1);
3238
                   //m01m10 (m22m33 - m23m32)
3239
3240
                  double c4 = (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 2) * m(3, 3) - <math>(double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 3)
3241
3242
                   //m01m12 (m23m30 - m20m33)
                   \texttt{double} \ \texttt{c5} \ = \ (\texttt{double}) \ \texttt{m(0, 1)} \ * \ \texttt{m(1, 2)} \ * \ \texttt{m(2, 3)} \ * \ \texttt{m(3, 0)} \ - \ (\texttt{double}) \ \texttt{m(0, 1)} \ * \ \texttt{m(1, 2)} \ * \ \texttt{m(2, 0)} 
3243
        * m(3, 3);
```

```
3244
               //m01m13(m20m32 - m22m30)
3245
               double c6 = (double)m(0, 1) * m(1, 3) * m(2, 0) * m(3, 2) - (double)m(0, 1) * m(1, 3) * m(2, 2)
3246
       * m(3, 0);
3247
               //m02m10 (m21m33 - m23m31)
3248
               double c7 = (double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1) * m(3, 3) - <math>(double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 3)
3249
       * m(3, 1);
3250
3251
               //m02m11 (m23m30 - m20m33)
                \text{double c8 = (double)} \, \text{m(0, 2)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 1)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 3)} \, \star \, \text{m(3, 0)} \, - \, (\text{double}) \, \text{m(0, 2)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 1)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 0)} 
3252
       * m(3, 3);
3253
3254
               //m02m13 (m20m31 - m21m30)
3255
                \text{double c9 = (double)} \ \text{m(0, 2)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 3)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(3, 1)} \ - \ \text{(double)} \ \text{m(0, 2)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 3)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 1)} 
       * m(3, 0);
3256
               //m03m10 (m21m32 - m22m21)
3257
3258
               double c10 = (double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1) * m(3, 2) - <math>(double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1)
      2) * m(3, 1);
3259
3260
               //m03m11 (m22m30 - m20m32)
               double c11 = (double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2) * m(3, 0) - <math>(double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2)
32.61
      0) * m(3, 2);
3262
3263
               //m03m12 (m20m31 - m21m30)
3264
               double c12 = (double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 0) * m(3, 1) - <math>(double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 0)
      1) * m(3, 0);
3265
3266
               return (c1 + c2 + c3) - (c4 + c5 + c6) + (c7 + c8 + c9) - (c10 + c11 + c12);
3267
          }
3268
3271
          inline double Cofactor(const Matrix4x4& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
3272
3273
               //\text{cij} = (-1)^i + j * \text{det of minor(i, j);}
               Matrix3x3 minor;
3274
3275
               int r{ 0 };
3276
               int c{ 0 };
3277
3278
               //minor(i, j)
for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
3279
3280
3281
                    if (i == row)
3282
                        continue;
3283
3284
                    for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
3285
3286
                        if (j == col)
3287
                             continue:
3288
3289
                        minor(r, c) = m(i, j);
3290
3291
3292
                   c = 0;
3293
3294
                    ++r;
3295
3296
3297
3298
               return pow(-1, row + col) * Determinant(minor);
3299
          1
3300
3303
          inline Matrix4x4 Adjoint(const Matrix4x4& m)
3304
3305
               //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
3306
               //Adjoint is the tranposed matrix of cA.
3307
               Matrix4x4 cofactorMatrix;
3308
               for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
3309
3310
                    for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
3311
3312
                        cofactorMatrix(i, j) = static_cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, j));
3313
3314
               }
3315
3316
               return Transpose(cofactorMatrix);
3317
3318
3323
          inline Matrix4x4 Inverse (const Matrix4x4& m)
3324
               //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
3325
               double det = Determinant(m);
3326
3327
               if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
3328
                    return Matrix4x4();
3329
               return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
3330
          }
3331
```

```
3332
3333
3334 #if defined(_DEBUG)
3335
          inline void print(const Matrix4x4& m)
3336
               for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
3337
3338
3339
                    for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
3340
                        std::cout « m(i, j) « " ";
3341
3342
3343
3344
                   std::cout « std::endl;
3345
3346
3347 #endif
3348
3349
3350
3351
3352
3353
3354
3360
          class Quaternion
3361
3362
          public:
              Quaternion(float scalar = 1.0f, float x = 0.0f, float y = 0.0f, float z = 0.0f);
3367
3368
3371
              Ouaternion(float scalar, const Vector3D& v);
3372
3378
              Quaternion(const Vector4D& v);
3379
3382
              float GetScalar() const;
3383
3386
              float GetX() const;
3387
3390
               float GetY() const;
3391
3394
               float GetZ() const;
3395
3398
              Vector3D GetVector() const;
3399
3402
              void SetScalar(float scalar);
3403
3406
              void SetX(float x);
3407
3410
              void SetY(float y);
3411
3414
              void SetZ(float z);
3415
3418
              void SetVector(const Vector3D& v);
3419
3422
              Quaternion& operator+=(const Quaternion& q);
3423
3426
              Quaternion& operator -= (const Quaternion& q);
3427
3430
               Quaternion& operator*=(float k);
3431
3434
              Quaternion& operator *= (const Quaternion& q);
3435
3436
          private:
3437
               float mScalar;
3438
               float mX;
3439
               float mY;
3440
               float mZ;
3441
          };
3442
3443
3444
          inline Quaternion::Quaternion(float scalar, float x, float y, float z) :
3445
              mScalar{ scalar }, mX{ x }, mY{ y }, mZ{ z }
3446
3447
          inline Quaternion::Quaternion(float scalar, const Vector3D& v) :
    mScalar{ scalar }, mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }, mZ{ v.GetZ() }
3448
3449
3450
3451
          inline Quaternion::Quaternion(const Vector4D& v) :
3452
               \texttt{mScalar} \{ \texttt{ v.GetX() } \}, \texttt{ mX} \{ \texttt{ v.GetY() } \}, \texttt{ mY} \{ \texttt{ v.GetZ() } \}, \texttt{ mZ} \{ \texttt{ v.GetW() } \} 
3453
3454
3455
3456
          inline float Quaternion::GetScalar()const
3457 {
3458
               return mScalar;
3459
3460
```

```
3461
         inline float Quaternion::GetX()const
3462 {
3463
              return mX;
3464
         }
3465
3466
         inline float Quaternion::GetY()const
3467 {
3468
              return mY;
3469
3470
         inline float Quaternion::GetZ()const
3471
3472 {
3473
             return mZ;
3474
3475
3476
3477 {
         inline Vector3D Quaternion::GetVector()const
3478
             return Vector3D(mX, mY, mZ);
3479
3480
3481
         inline void Quaternion::SetScalar(float scalar)
3482
3483
             mScalar = scalar;
3484
3485
3486
         inline void Quaternion::SetX(float x)
3487
3488
             mX = x:
3489
3490
3491
         inline void Ouaternion::SetY(float v)
3492
3493
3494
3495
         inline void Quaternion::SetZ(float z)
3496
3497
         {
3498
3499
         }
3500
3501
         inline void Quaternion::SetVector(const Vector3D& v)
3502
             mX = v.GetX():
3503
3504
             mY = v.GetY();
3505
             mZ = v.GetZ();
3506
         }
3507
         inline Quaternion& Quaternion::operator+=(const Quaternion& q)
3508
3509
              this->mScalar += q.mScalar;
3510
             this->mX += q.mX;
this->mY += q.mY;
3511
3512
3513
             this->mZ += q.mZ;
3514
3515
             return *this:
3516
         }
3517
3518
         inline Quaternion& Quaternion::operator-=(const Quaternion& q)
3519
              this->mScalar -= q.mScalar;
3520
             this->mX -= q.mX;
this->mY -= q.mY;
3521
3522
3523
             this->mZ -= q.mZ;
3524
3525
              return *this;
3526
        }
3527
3528
         inline Ouaternion& Ouaternion::operator *= (float k)
3529
         -{
3530
              this->mScalar *= k;
             this->mX *= k;
this->mY *= k;
3531
3532
             this->mZ \star= k;
3533
3534
3535
             return *this;
3536
         }
3537
3538
         inline Quaternion& Quaternion::operator*=(const Quaternion& q)
3539
3540
              Vector3D thisVector(this->mX, this->mY, this->mZ);
3541
             Vector3D qVector(q.mX, q.mY, q.mZ);
3542
3543
              float scalar{ this->mScalar * q.mScalar };
3544
              float dotProduct( DotProduct(thisVector, qVector) );
3545
              float resultScalar{ scalar - dotProduct };
3546
3547
             Vector3D a(this->mScalar * gVector);
```

```
Vector3D b(q.mScalar * thisVector);
3549
              Vector3D crossProduct(CrossProduct(thisVector, qVector));
3550
              Vector3D resultVector(a + b + crossProduct);
3551
              this->mScalar = resultScalar;
3552
             this >mX = resultVector.GetX();
this->mY = resultVector.GetY();
3553
3554
3555
              this->mZ = resultVector.GetZ();
3556
3557
              return *this;
3558
3559
3562
         inline Quaternion operator+(const Quaternion& gl, const Quaternion& g2)
3563
3564
              return Quaternion(q1.GetScalar() + q2.GetScalar(), q1.GetX() + q2.GetX(), q1.GetY() +
      q2.GetY(), q1.GetZ() + q2.GetZ());
3565
3566
3569
         inline Quaternion operator-(const Quaternion& q)
3570
3571
              return Ouaternion(-q.GetScalar(), -q.GetX(), -q.GetY(), -q.GetZ());
3572
3573
3576
         inline Quaternion operator-(const Quaternion& gl, const Quaternion& g2)
3577
3578
              return Quaternion(q1.GetScalar() - q2.GetScalar(),
3579
                  q1.GetX() - q2.GetX(), q1.GetY() - q2.GetY(), q1.GetZ() - q2.GetZ());
3580
3581
3584
         inline Ouaternion operator*(float k, const Quaternion& q)
3585
3586
              return Quaternion(k * q.GetScalar(), k * q.GetX(), k * q.GetY(), k * q.GetZ());
3587
3588
3591
         inline Quaternion operator*(const Quaternion& q, float k)
3592
3593
             return Ouaternion(q.GetScalar() * k, q.GetX() * k, q.GetY() * k, q.GetZ() * k);
3594
3595
3598
         inline Quaternion operator*(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
3599
             //scalar part = q1scalar * q2scalar - q1Vector dot q2Vector 
//vector part = q1Scalar * q2Vector + q2Scalar * q1Vector + q1Vector cross q2Vector
3600
3601
3602
3603
              Vector3D q1Vector(q1.GetX(), q1.GetY(), q1.GetZ());
3604
              Vector3D q2Vector(q2.GetX(), q2.GetY(), q2.GetZ());
3605
              float scalar{ q1.GetScalar() * q2.GetScalar() };
float dotProduct{ DotProduct(q1Vector, q2Vector) };
3606
3607
              float resultScalar{ scalar - dotProduct };
3608
3609
             Vector3D a(q1.GetScalar() * q2Vector);
Vector3D b(q2.GetScalar() * q1Vector);
3610
3611
3612
              Vector3D crossProduct(CrossProduct(q1Vector, q2Vector));
              Vector3D resultVector(a + b + crossProduct);
3613
3614
3615
              return Quaternion(resultScalar, resultVector);
3616
3617
3620
         inline bool IsZeroQuaternion(const Quaternion& q)
3621
3622
              //zero quaternion = (0, 0, 0, 0)
3623
              return CompareFloats(q.GetScalar(), 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON) &&
                 CompareFloats(q.GetY(), 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.GetZ(), 0.0f, EPSILON);
3624
3625
3626
3629
         inline bool IsIdentity(const Quaternion& q)
3630
3631
              //identity guaternion = (1, 0, 0, 0)
              return CompareFloats(q.GetScalar(), 1.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.GetX(), 0.0f, EPSILON) &&
3632
3633
                  CompareFloats(q.GetY(), 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.GetZ(), 0.0f, EPSILON);
3634
3635
         inline Quaternion Conjugate (const Quaternion& q)
3638
3639
3640
              //conjugate of a quaternion is the quaternion with its vector part negated
3641
              return Quaternion(q.GetScalar(), -q.GetX(), -q.GetY(), -q.GetZ());
3642
3643
3646
         inline float Length (const. Quaternion& g)
3647
3648
              //length of a quaternion = sqrt(scalar^2 + x^2 + y^2 + z^2)
              return sqrt(q.GetScalar() * q.GetScalar() + q.GetX() * q.GetX() + q.GetY() * q.GetY() *
3649
      q.GetZ() * q.GetZ());
3650
3651
         inline Ouaternion Normalize (const Ouaternion& g)
3656
```

```
{
3658
              //to normalize a quaternion you do q / |q|
3659
3660
              if (IsZeroQuaternion(q))
3661
                   return q;
3662
3663
              float magnitdue{ Length(q) };
3664
3665
               return Quaternion(q.GetScalar() / magnitdue, q.GetX() / magnitdue, q.GetY() / magnitdue,
      q.GetZ() / magnitdue);
3666
         }
3667
3672
          inline Quaternion Inverse (const Quaternion& q)
3673
3674
               //inverse = conjugate of q / |q|
3675
3676
              if (IsZeroOuaternion(g))
3677
                   return q;
3678
3679
              Quaternion conjugateOfQ(Conjugate(q));
3680
3681
              float magnitdue{ Length(q) };
3682
              return Quaternion(conjugateOfQ.GetScalar() / magnitdue, conjugateOfQ.GetX() / magnitdue,
3683
3684
                   conjugateOfQ.GetY() / magnitdue, conjugateOfQ.GetZ() / magnitdue);
3685
         }
3686
3691
         inline Quaternion RotationQuaternion(float angle, float x, float y, float z)
3692
3693
               //A roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
3694
               //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
3695
3696
               //the axis needs to be normalized
3697
              float ang{ angle / 2.0f };
float c{ cos(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
3698
3699
3700
3701
3702
              Vector3D axis(x, y, z);
3703
              axis = Norm(axis);
3704
3705
              return Quaternion(c, s * axis.GetX(), s * axis.GetY(), s * axis.GetZ());
3706
         1
3707
3712
         inline Quaternion RotationQuaternion(float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
3713
3714
               //A roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
               //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
3715
3716
3717
               //the axis needs to be normalized
3718
              float ang{ angle / 2.0f };
float c{ cos(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
3719
3720
3721
3722
3723
              Vector3D axisN(Norm(axis));
3724
3725
               return Quaternion(c, s * axisN.GetX(), s * axisN.GetY(), s * axisN.GetZ());
3726
3727
3733
         inline Quaternion RotationQuaternion(const Vector4D& angAxis)
3734
3735
               //A roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
               //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
3736
3737
3738
               //the axis needs to be normalized
3739
3740
               float angle{ angAxis.GetX() / 2.0f };
              float c{ cos(angle * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(angle * PI / 180.0f) };
3741
3742
3743
3744
              Vector3D axis(angAxis.GetY(), angAxis.GetZ(), angAxis.GetW());
3745
              axis = Norm(axis);
3746
3747
               return Ouaternion(c, s * axis.GetX(), s * axis.GetY(), s * axis.GetZ());
3748
3749
3754
          inline Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol(const Quaternion& q)
3755
3756
               //1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
                                                                 2q2q4 + 2q1a3
                                          2q2q3 - 2q1q4
                                                                                        0
                                          1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2
2q3q4 + 2q1q2
3757
               //2q2q3 + 2q1q4
                                                                2q3q4 - 2q1q2
                                                                                        0
3758
               //2q2q4 - 2q1q3
                                                                 1 - 2q2^2 - 2q3^2
3759
               //0
3760
               //q1 = scalar
3761
               //q2 = x
3762
               //q3 = y
3763
               //q4 = z
```

```
3764
3765
              Matrix4x4 colMat;
3766
3767
              colMat(0, 0) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.GetY() * q.GetY() - 2.0f * q.GetZ() * q.GetZ();
              colMat(0, 1) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetY() - 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetZ();
colMat(0, 2) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetZ() + 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetY();
3768
3769
3770
3771
              \texttt{colMat(1, 0)} = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetY() + 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetZ();
              3772
3773
3774
              colMat(2, 0) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetZ() - 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetY();
colMat(2, 1) = 2.0f * q.GetY() * q.GetZ() + 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetX();
colMat(2, 2) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetX() - 2.0f * q.GetY() * q.GetY();
3775
3776
3777
3778
3779
              return colMat;
3780
3781
3786
         inline Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow(const Quaternion& q)
3787
3788
               //1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
                                         2q2q3 + 2q1q4
                                         1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2
3789
              //2q2q3 - 2q1q4
                                                                2q3q4 + 2q1q2
                                                                                       0
              //2q^2q^4 + 2q^1q^3
                                                                1 - 2q2^2 - 2q3^2
                                         2q3q4 - 2q1q2
3790
3791
              //0
3792
              //q1 = scalar
3793
              //q2 = x
3794
              //q3 = y
3795
              //q4 = z
3796
3797
              Matrix4x4 rowMat:
3798
3799
              rowMat(0, 0) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.GetY() * q.GetY() - 2.0f * q.GetZ() * q.GetZ();
              rowMat(0, 1) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetY() + 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetZ();
rowMat(0, 2) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetZ() - 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetY();
3800
3801
3802
3803
              rowMat(1, 0) = 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetY() - 2.0f * q.GetScalar() * q.GetZ();
              rowMat(1, 1) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.GetX() * q.GetX() * q.GetX() * q.GetZ();
rowMat(1, 2) = 2.0f * q.GetY() * q.GetZ() * q.GetZ();
3804
3805
3806
              3807
3808
3809
3810
3811
              return rowMat;
3812
3813
3818
         inline Vector3D Rotate(const Quaternion& q, const Vector3D& p)
3819
3820
              //To rotate a point/vector using quaternions you do qpq*, where p = (0, x, y, z) is the
      point/vector, q is a rotation quaternion
     //and q* is its conjugate.
3821
3822
3823
              Quaternion point(0.0f, p);
3824
              Quaternion result(q * point * Conjugate(q));
3825
3826
3827
              return result.GetVector();
3828
3829
3834
          inline Vector4D Rotate(const Quaternion& q, const Vector4D& p)
3835
              //To rotate a point/vector using quaternions you do qpq*, where p = (0, x, y, z) is the
3836
      point/vector, q is a rotation quaternion
3837
              //and q* is its conjugate.
3838
3839
              Quaternion point(0.0f, p);
3840
              Quaternion result(q * point * Conjugate(q));
3841
3842
3843
              return Vector4D(result.GetVector(), p.GetW());
3844
3845
3846 #if defined( DEBUG)
3847
          inline void print (const Quaternion& q)
3848
          {
              std::cout « "(" « q.GetScalar() « ", " « q.GetX() « ", " « q.GetY() « ", " « q.GetZ();
3849
3850
3851 #endif
3852
3853
3854
          inline Vector2D::Vector2D(const Vector3D& v) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }
3855
          { }
3856
3857
          inline Vector2D::Vector2D(const Vector4D& v) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }
3858
3859
          inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator=(const Vector3D& v)
3860
```

```
{
3862
             mX = v.GetX();
3863
             mY = v.GetY();
3864
3865
             return *this;
3866
         }
3867
3868
         inline Vector2D& Vector2D::operator=(const Vector4D& v)
3869
3870
             mX = v.GetX();
3871
             mY = v.GetY();
3872
3873
             return *this;
3874
3875
3876
         inline Vector3D::Vector3D(const Vector2D& v, float z) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }, mZ{ z }
3877
         { }
3878
3879
         inline Vector3D::Vector3D(const Vector4D& v) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }, mZ{ v.GetZ() }
3880
         { }
3881
3882
         inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator=(const Vector2D& v)
3883
3884
             mX = v.GetX();
3885
             mY = v.GetY();
3886
             mZ = 0.0f;
3887
3888
             return *this;
3889
         }
3890
3891
         inline Vector3D& Vector3D::operator=(const Vector4D& v)
3892
3893
              mX = v.GetX();
3894
             mY = v.GetY();
             mZ = v.GetZ();
3895
3896
3897
             return *this;
3898
3899
3900
         inline Vector4D::Vector4D(const Vector2D& v, float z, float w) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() },
      m \mathbb{Z} \left\{ \ z \ \right\}, \ m \mathbb{W} \left\{ \ w \ \right\}
3901
         {}
3902
3903
         inline Vector4D::Vector4D(const Vector3D& v, float w) : mX{ v.GetX() }, mY{ v.GetY() }, mZ{
      v.GetZ() }, mW{ w }
3904
3905
3906
         inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator=(const Vector2D& v)
3907
3908
             mX = v.GetX();
3909
             mY = v.GetY();
             mZ = 0.0f;

mW = 0.0f;
3910
3911
3912
3913
             return *this;
3914
         }
3915
3916
         inline Vector4D& Vector4D::operator=(const Vector3D& v)
3917
3918
             mX = v.GetX();
             mY = v.GetY();
3919
             mZ = v.GetZ();
3920
3921
             mW = 0.0f;
3922
3923
             return *this;
3924
        }
3925
3926
         inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(const Matrix3x3& m)
3927
         {
3928
              //1st row
3929
              mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
             mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
3930
3931
3932
              //2nd row
3933
             mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
3934
             mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
3935
3936
3937
         inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(const Matrix4x4& m)
3938
3939
              //1st row
3940
             mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
3941
             mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
3942
3943
              //2nd row
             mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
3944
3945
             mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
```

```
3946
3947
3948
          inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator=(const Matrix3x3& m)
3949
3950
               //1st row
               mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);

mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
3951
3952
3953
3954
               //2nd row
               mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
3955
               mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
3956
3957
3958
               return *this;
3959
3960
3961
          inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator=(const Matrix4x4& m)
3962
3963
               //1st row
3964
               mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
3965
               mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
3966
3967
               //2nd row
               mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);

mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
3968
3969
3970
3971
               return *this;
3972
3973
3974
          inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(const Matrix2x2& m)
3975
3976
               //1st row
3977
               mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
               mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);

mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
3978
3979
3980
3981
               //2nd row
               mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);

mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
3982
3983
3984
               mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
3985
3986
               //3rd row
               mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
3987
               mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
3988
               mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
3989
3990
3991
3992
          inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(const Matrix4x4& m)
3993
3994
               //1st row
3995
               mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
3996
               mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
3997
               mMat[0][2] = m(0, 2);
3998
3999
               //2nd row
               mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
4000
               mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);

mMat[1][2] = m(1, 2);
4001
4002
4003
4004
               //3rd row
               mMat[2][0] = m(2, 0);

mMat[2][1] = m(2, 1);

mMat[2][2] = m(2, 2);
4005
4006
4007
4008
4009
4010
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator=(const Matrix2x2& m)
4011
4012
               //1st_row
               mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);

mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
4013
4014
4015
               mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
4016
4017
               //2nd row
               mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);

mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
4018
4019
               mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
4020
4021
4022
               //3rd row
               mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
4023
4024
               mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
4025
4026
4027
               return *this;
4028
4029
4030
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator=(const Matrix4x4& m)
4031
4032
               //1st row
```

```
mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
4033
                 mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);

mMat[0][2] = m(0, 2);
4034
4035
4036
4037
                  //2nd row
                 mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);

mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
4038
4040
                  mMat[1][2] = m(1, 2);
4041
4042
                  //3rd row
                 mMat[2][0] = m(2, 0);

mMat[2][1] = m(2, 1);

mMat[2][2] = m(2, 2);
4043
4044
4045
4046
4047
                  return *this;
4048
4049
4050
            inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(const Matrix2x2& m)
4051
4052
                  //1st row
                 //Ist low
mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
4053
4054
4055
4056
4057
4058
                  //2nd row
4059
                 mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
4060
                 mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
                 mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
4061
                 mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
4062
4063
4064
                  //3rd row
4065
                  mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
                 mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
4066
4067
4068
4069
4070
                  //4th row
4071
                 mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;
                 mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
4072
4073
4074
4075
4076
4077
            inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(const Matrix3x3& m)
4078
4079
                  //1st row
                 mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
4080
                 mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);

mMat[0][2] = m(0, 2);
4081
4082
                 mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
4083
4084
4085
                  //2nd row
                 mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
mMat[1][2] = m(1, 2);
mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
4086
4087
4088
4089
4090
4091
                  //3rd row
                 mMat[2][0] = m(2, 0);
4092
                 mMat[2][0] = m(2, 0),

mMat[2][1] = m(2, 1);

mMat[2][2] = m(2, 2);
4093
4094
4095
                 mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
4096
4097
                  //4th row
4098
                  mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;
                 mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;
4099
4100
4101
                 mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
4102
4103
4104
            inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator=(const Matrix2x2& m)
4105
                  //1st row
4106
                 mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);

mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
4107
4108
4109
                  mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
4110
                  mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
4111
                  //2nd row
4112
                 mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
4113
                 mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
4114
4115
                 mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
4116
4117
                  //3rd row
4118
                 mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
4119
```

```
mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
4120
4121
4122
4123
                      //4th row
mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;
4124
4125
4126
4127
                       mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
4128
4129
4130
                       return *this;
4131
             }
4132
4133
               inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator=(const Matrix3x3& m)
4134
                       //1st row
4135
                      //ist row
mMat[0][0] = m(0, 0);
mMat[0][1] = m(0, 1);
mMat[0][2] = m(0, 2);
mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
4136
4137
4138
4139
4140
                       //2nd row
4141
                      //2 Id Fow
mMat[1][0] = m(1, 0);
mMat[1][1] = m(1, 1);
mMat[1][2] = m(1, 2);
mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
4142
4143
4144
4145
4146
4147
                       //3rd row
                      //3rd row

mMat[2][0] = m(2, 0);

mMat[2][1] = m(2, 1);

mMat[2][2] = m(2, 2);

mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
4148
4149
4150
4151
4152
4153
                       //4th row
                      mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;

mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;

mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;

mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
4154
4155
4156
4157
4158
4159
                       return *this;
4160
4161
4162 }
```

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