Farouq Adepetu's Math Engine

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.4

1 Namespace Index 1
1.1 Namespace List
2 Class Index
2.1 Class List
3 File Index 5
3.1 File List
4 Namespace Documentation 7
4.1 MathEngine Namespace Reference
4.1.1 Function Documentation
4.1.1.1 Adjoint() [1/3]
4.1.1.2 Adjoint() [2/3]
4.1.1.3 Adjoint() [3/3]
4.1.1.4 Clamp()
4.1.1.5 Cofactor() [1/3]
4.1.1.6 Cofactor() [2/3]
4.1.1.7 Cofactor() [3/3]
4.1.1.8 CompareDoubles()
4.1.1.9 CompareFloats()
4.1.1.10 Conjugate()
4.1.1.11 CrossProduct()
4.1.1.12 Determinant() [1/3]
4.1.1.13 Determinant() [2/3]
4.1.1.14 Determinant() [3/3]
4.1.1.15 DotProduct() [1/4]
4.1.1.16 DotProduct() [2/4]
4.1.1.17 DotProduct() [3/4]
4.1.1.18 DotProduct() [4/4]
4.1.1.19 Identity() [1/4]
4.1.1.20 Identity() [2/4]
4.1.1.21 Identity() [3/4]
4.1.1.22 Identity() [4/4]
4.1.1.23 Inverse() [1/4]
4.1.1.24 Inverse() [2/4]
4.1.1.25 Inverse() [3/4]
4.1.1.26 Inverse() [4/4]
4.1.1.27 Length() [1/4]
4.1.1.28 Length() [2/4]
4.1.1.29 Length() [3/4]
4.1.1.30 Length() [4/4]
4.1.1.31 Lerp() [1/4]

4.1.1.32 Lerp() [2/4]
4.1.1.33 Lerp() [3/4]
4.1.1.34 Lerp() [4/4]
4.1.1.35 NLerp()
4.1.1.36 Normalize() [1/4]
4.1.1.37 Normalize() [2/4]
4.1.1.38 Normalize() [3/4]
4.1.1.39 Normalize() [4/4]
4.1.1.40 operator"!=() [1/4]
4.1.1.41 operator"!=() [2/4]
4.1.1.42 operator"!=() [3/4]
4.1.1.43 operator"!=() [4/4]
4.1.1.44 operator*() [1/24]
4.1.1.45 operator*() [2/24]
4.1.1.46 operator*() [3/24]
4.1.1.47 operator*() [4/24]
4.1.1.48 operator*() [5/24]
4.1.1.49 operator*() [6/24]
4.1.1.50 operator*() [7/24]
4.1.1.51 operator*() [8/24]
4.1.1.52 operator*() [9/24]
4.1.1.53 operator*() [10/24]
4.1.1.54 operator*() [11/24]
4.1.1.55 operator*() [12/24]
4.1.1.56 operator*() [13/24]
4.1.1.57 operator*() [14/24]
4.1.1.58 operator*() [15/24]
4.1.1.59 operator*() [16/24]
4.1.1.60 operator*() [17/24]
4.1.1.61 operator*() [18/24]
4.1.1.62 operator*() [19/24]
4.1.1.63 operator*() [20/24]
4.1.1.64 operator*() [21/24]
4.1.1.65 operator*() [22/24]
4.1.1.66 operator*() [23/24]
4.1.1.67 operator*() [24/24]
4.1.1.68 operator*=() [1/5]
4.1.1.69 operator*=() [2/5]
4.1.1.70 operator*=() [3/5]
4.1.1.71 operator*=() [4/5]
4.1.1.72 operator*=() [5/5]
4.1.1.73 operator+() [1/7]

4.1.1.74 operator+() [2/7]
4.1.1.75 operator+() [3/7]
4.1.1.76 operator+() [4/7]
4.1.1.77 operator+() [5/7]
4.1.1.78 operator+() [6/7]
4.1.1.79 operator+() [7/7]
4.1.1.80 operator+=() [1/4]
4.1.1.81 operator+=() [2/4]
4.1.1.82 operator+=() [3/4]
4.1.1.83 operator+=() [4/4]
4.1.1.84 operator-() [1/14]
4.1.1.85 operator-() [2/14]
4.1.1.86 operator-() [3/14]
4.1.1.87 operator-() [4/14]
4.1.1.88 operator-() [5/14]
4.1.1.89 operator-() [6/14]
4.1.1.90 operator-() [7/14]
4.1.1.91 operator-() [8/14]
4.1.1.92 operator-() [9/14]
4.1.1.93 operator-() [10/14]
4.1.1.94 operator-() [11/14]
4.1.1.95 operator-() [12/14]
4.1.1.96 operator-() [13/14]
4.1.1.97 operator-() [14/14]
4.1.1.98 operator-=() [1/4]
4.1.1.99 operator-=() [2/4]
4.1.1.100 operator-=() [3/4]
4.1.1.101 operator-=() [4/4]
4.1.1.102 operator==() [1/4]
4.1.1.103 operator==() [2/4]
4.1.1.104 operator==() [3/4]
4.1.1.105 operator==() [4/4]
4.1.1.106 Orthonormalize()
4.1.1.107 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3()
4.1.1.108 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4()
4.1.1.109 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3()
4.1.1.110 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4()
4.1.1.111 Rotate() [1/5]
4.1.1.112 Rotate() [2/5]
4.1.1.113 Rotate() [3/5]
4.1.1.114 Rotate() [4/5]
4.1.1.115 Rotate() [5/5]

4.1.1.116 Rotate4x4() [1/2]	. 36
4.1.1.17 Rotate4x4() [2/2]	. 36
4.1.1.118 RotationQuaternion() [1/3]	. 36
4.1.1.119 RotationQuaternion() [2/3]	. 36
4.1.1.120 RotationQuaternion() [3/3]	. 36
4.1.1.121 Scale() [1/4]	. 37
4.1.1.122 Scale() [2/4]	. 37
4.1.1.123 Scale() [3/4]	. 37
4.1.1.124 Scale() [4/4]	. 37
4.1.1.125 Scale4x4() [1/2]	. 37
4.1.1.126 Scale4x4() [2/2]	. 37
4.1.1.127 SetToldentity() [1/3]	. 38
4.1.1.128 SetToldentity() [2/3]	. 38
4.1.1.129 SetToldentity() [3/3]	. 38
4.1.1.130 Slerp()	. 38
4.1.1.131 Translate() [1/2]	. 38
4.1.1.132 Translate() [2/2]	. 39
4.1.1.133 Transpose() [1/3]	. 39
4.1.1.134 Transpose() [2/3]	. 39
4.1.1.135 Transpose() [3/3]	. 39
4.1.1.136 ZeroQuaternion()	. 39
4.1.1.137 ZeroVector() [1/3]	. 40
4.1.1.138 ZeroVector() [2/3]	. 40
4.1.1.139 ZeroVector() [3/3]	. 40
5 Class Documentation	41
5.1 MathEngine::Matrix2x2 Class Reference	
5.1.1 Detailed Description	
5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	
5.1.2.1 Matrix2x2() [1/5]	
5.1.2.2 Matrix2x2() [2/5]	
5.1.2.3 Matrix2x2() [3/5]	
5.1.2.4 Matrix2x2() [4/5]	
5.1.2.5 Matrix2x2() [5/5]	
5.1.3 Member Function Documentation	
5.1.3.1 Data() [1/2]	
5.1.3.2 Data() [2/2]	
5.1.3.3 GetCol()	
5.1.3.4 GetRow()	
5.1.3.5 operator()() [1/2]	
5.1.3.6 operator()() [2/2]	
5.1.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]	

5.1.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]	 44
5.1.3.9 operator+=()	 45
5.1.3.10 operator-=()	 45
5.1.3.11 operator=() [1/2]	 45
5.1.3.12 operator=() [2/2]	 45
5.1.3.13 SetCol()	 45
5.1.3.14 SetRow()	 46
5.2 MathEngine::Matrix3x3 Class Reference	 46
5.2.1 Detailed Description	 47
5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	 47
5.2.2.1 Matrix3x3() [1/5]	 47
5.2.2.2 Matrix3x3() [2/5]	 47
5.2.2.3 Matrix3x3() [3/5]	 47
5.2.2.4 Matrix3x3() [4/5]	 48
5.2.2.5 Matrix3x3() [5/5]	 48
5.2.3 Member Function Documentation	 48
5.2.3.1 Data() [1/2]	 48
5.2.3.2 Data() [2/2]	 48
5.2.3.3 GetCol()	 48
5.2.3.4 GetRow()	 49
5.2.3.5 operator()() [1/2]	 49
5.2.3.6 operator()() [2/2]	 49
5.2.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]	 49
5.2.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]	 49
5.2.3.9 operator+=()	 50
5.2.3.10 operator-=()	 50
5.2.3.11 operator=() [1/2]	 50
5.2.3.12 operator=() [2/2]	 50
5.2.3.13 SetCol()	 50
5.2.3.14 SetRow()	 51
5.3 MathEngine::Matrix4x4 Class Reference	 51
5.3.1 Detailed Description	 52
5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	 52
5.3.2.1 Matrix4x4() [1/5]	 52
5.3.2.2 Matrix4x4() [2/5]	 52
5.3.2.3 Matrix4x4() [3/5]	 52
5.3.2.4 Matrix4x4() [4/5]	 53
5.3.2.5 Matrix4x4() [5/5]	 53
5.3.3 Member Function Documentation	 53
5.3.3.1 Data() [1/2]	 53
5.3.3.2 Data() [2/2]	 53
5.3.3.3 GetCol()	 53

5.3.3.4 GetRow()	54
5.3.3.5 operator()() [1/2]	54
5.3.3.6 operator()() [2/2]	54
5.3.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]	54
5.3.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]	54
5.3.3.9 operator+=()	55
5.3.3.10 operator-=()	55
5.3.3.11 operator=() [1/2]	55
5.3.3.12 operator=() [2/2]	55
5.3.3.13 SetCol()	55
5.3.3.14 SetRow()	56
5.4 MathEngine::Quaternion Struct Reference	56
5.4.1 Detailed Description	56
5.4.2 Member Data Documentation	56
5.4.2.1 scalar	56
5.4.2.2 vector	57
5.5 MathEngine::Vector2D Struct Reference	57
5.5.1 Detailed Description	57
5.5.2 Member Data Documentation	57
5.5.2.1 x	57
5.5.2.2 y	57
5.6 MathEngine::Vector3D Struct Reference	58
5.6.1 Detailed Description	58
5.6.2 Member Data Documentation	58
5.6.2.1 x	58
5.6.2.2 y	58
5.6.2.3 z	58
5.7 MathEngine::Vector4D Struct Reference	59
5.7.1 Detailed Description	59
5.7.2 Member Data Documentation	59
5.7.2.1 w	59
5.7.2.2 x	59
5.7.2.3 y	59
5.7.2.4 z	59
6 File Documentation	61
6.1 MathEngine.h File Reference	61
6.1.1 Macro Definition Documentation	
6.1.1.1 EPSILON	
6.1.1.2 Pl	
6.1.1.3 Pl2	
6.1.2 Typedef Documentation	68

Index																			103
6.2 Math	hEngine	e.h .							 										69
	6	1.2.7	vec4						 										69
	6	1.2.6	vec3						 										68
	6	1.2.5	vec2						 										68
	6	1.2.4	quate	rnio	n				 										68
	6	1.2.3	mat4						 										68
	6	1.2.2	mat3						 										68
	6	1.2.1	mat2						 										68

Chapter 1

Namespace Index

1.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:	
MathEngine	

2 Namespace Index

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

watrenginewatrixzxz	
A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations	41
MathEngine::Matrix3x3	
A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations	46
MathEngine::Matrix4x4	
A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations	51
MathEngine::Quaternion	
A quaternion struct used for quaternions and their manipulations	56
MathEngine::Vector2D	
A vector stuct used for 2D vectors/points	57
MathEngine::Vector3D	
A vector stuct used for 3D vectors/points	58
MathEngine::Vector4D	
A vector stuct used for 4D vectors/points	59

4 Class Index

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:	
MathEngine.h	61

6 File Index

Chapter 4

Namespace Documentation

4.1 MathEngine Namespace Reference

Classes

class Matrix2x2

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

class Matrix3x3

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

class Matrix4x4

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

struct Quaternion

A quaternion struct used for quaternions and their manipulations.

struct Vector2D

A vector stuct used for 2D vectors/points.

struct Vector3D

A vector stuct used for 3D vectors/points.

struct Vector4D

A vector stuct used for 4D vectors/points.

Functions

• bool CompareFloats (float x, float y, float epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

• bool CompareDoubles (double x, double y, double epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

• float Clamp (float value, float a, float b)

Returns a clamped value.

void operator+= (Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Adds the 2D vector v1 to the 2D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

void operator== (Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Subtracts the the 2D vector v2 from the 2D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void operator*= (Vector2D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 2D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector2D operator+ (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Adds the two 2D vectors and returns the result.

Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &v)

Negates the 3D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector2D operator- (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Subtracts the 2D vector v2 from the 2D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Vector2D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 2D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (float k, const Vector2D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 2D vector v and returns the result.

bool operator== (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 equals to the 2D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool operator!= (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 does not equal to the 2D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector2D &v)

Returns true if the 2D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

float DotProduct (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 2D vectors v1 and v2.

• float Length (const Vector2D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 2D vector v.

Vector2D Normalize (const Vector2D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 2D vector v and returns the result.

Vector2D Lerp (const Vector2D &start, const Vector2D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

void operator+= (Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Adds the 3D vector v1 to the 3D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

• void operator-= (Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Subtracts the the 3D vector v2 from the 3D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void operator*= (Vector3D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 3D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector3D operator+ (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Adds the two 3D vectors and returns the result.

Vector3D operator- (const Vector3D &v)

Negates the 3D vector v and returns the result.

Vector3D operator- (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Subtracts the 3D vector v2 from the 3D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (const Vector3D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 3D vector \mathbf{v} by the scalar (float) \mathbf{k} and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (float k, const Vector3D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 3D vector v and returns the result.

bool operator== (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 equals to the 3D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool operator!= (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 does not equal to the 3D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector3D &v)

Returns true if the 3D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

float DotProduct (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 3D vectors v1 and v2.

Vector3D CrossProduct (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns the cross product between the 3D vectors v1 and v2.

float Length (const Vector3D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 3D vector v.

Vector3D Normalize (const Vector3D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 3D vector v and returns the result.

void Orthonormalize (Vector3D &x, Vector3D &y, Vector3D &z)

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

Vector3D Lerp (const Vector3D &start, const Vector3D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

void operator+= (Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Adds the 4D vector v1 to the 4D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

void operator-= (Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Subtracts the the 4D vector v2 from the 4D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void operator*= (Vector4D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector4D operator+ (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Adds the two 4D vectors and returns the result.

Vector4D operator- (const Vector4D &v)

Negates the 4D vector v and returns the result.

Vector4D operator- (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Subtracts the 4D vector v2 from the 4D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Vector4D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (float k, const Vector4D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 4D vector v and returns the result.

bool operator== (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 equals to the 4D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool operator!= (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 does not equal to the 4D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool ZeroVector (const Vector4D &v)

Returns true if the 4D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

float DotProduct (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 4D vectors v1 and v2.

float Length (const Vector4D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 4D vector v.

Vector4D Normalize (const Vector4D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 4D vector v and returns the result.

Vector4D Lerp (const Vector4D &start, const Vector4D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

Matrix2x2 operator+ (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Negates the 2x2 matrix m.

• Matrix2x2 operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

• Matrix2x2 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ } m$ and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const Vector2D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector2D operator* (const Vector2D &v, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void SetToldentity (Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool Identity (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix2x2 Transpose (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix2x2 Scale (float x, float y)

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

Matrix2x2 Scale (const Vector2D &scaleVector)

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

• Matrix2x2 Rotate (float angle)

Returns a 2x2 rotation matrix that rotates a point/vector about the origin.

double Determinant (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the determinant of m.

double Cofactor (const Matrix2x2 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix2x2 Adjoint (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix2x2 Inverse (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix3x3 operator+ (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Negates the 3x3 matrix m.

Matrix3x3 operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

• Matrix3x3 operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with $\mbox{\em m2}$ and returns the result.

Vector3D operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const Vector3D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

• Vector3D operator* (const Vector3D &v, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

• void SetToldentity (Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

• bool Identity (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix3x3 Transpose (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

- Matrix3x3 Scale (float x, float y, float z)
- Matrix3x3 Scale (const Vector3D &scaleVector)
- Matrix3x3 Rotate (float angle, float x, float y, float z)
- Matrix3x3 Rotate (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)
- double Determinant (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the determinant of m.

• double Cofactor (const Matrix3x3 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix3x3 Adjoint (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix3x3 Inverse (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix4x4 operator+ (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Negates the 4x4 matrix m.

Matrix4x4 operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const float &k, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const Vector4D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector4D operator* (const Vector4D &v, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void SetToldentity (Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool Identity (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

• Matrix4x4 Transpose (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix4x4 Translate (float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

Matrix4x4 Translate (const Vector3D &translateVector)

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

Matrix4x4 Scale4x4 (float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

• Matrix4x4 Scale4x4 (const Vector3D &scaleVector)

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

• Matrix4x4 Rotate4x4 (float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

Matrix4x4 Rotate4x4 (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

double Determinant (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the determinant m.

• double Cofactor (const Matrix4x4 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix4x4 Adjoint (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

• Matrix4x4 Inverse (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

void operator+= (Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and stores the result in q1.

void operator-= (Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

• void operator*= (Quaternion &q1, float k)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in q1.

void operator*= (Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

Quaternion operator+ (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

Quaternion operator- (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and returns the result.

Quaternion operator- (const Quaternion &q)

Negates the quaternion q1 and returns the result.

Quaternion operator* (const Quaternion &q, float k)

Multiplies the quaternion g by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Quaternion operator* (float k, const Quaternion &q)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the quaternion q and returns the result.

Quaternion operator* (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

bool operator== (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns true if the quaternion q1 equals to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

bool operator!= (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns true if the quaternion q1 does not equal to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

bool ZeroQuaternion (const Quaternion &q)

Returns true if quaternion q is a zero quaternion, false otherwise.

• bool Identity (const Quaternion &q)

Returns true if quaternion q is an identity quaternion, false otherwise.

Quaternion Conjugate (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the conjugate of quaternion q.

float Length (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the length of quaternion q.

Quaternion Normalize (const Quaternion &q)

Normalizes the quaternion q and returns the normalized quaternion.

Quaternion Inverse (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the invese of the quaternion q.

Quaternion RotationQuaternion (float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Returns a rotation quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Quaternion RotationQuaternion (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Quaternion RotationQuaternion (const Vector4D & angAxis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Vector3D Rotate (const Quaternion &q, const Vector3D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

Vector4D Rotate (const Quaternion &q, const Vector4D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

• Matrix3x3 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3 (const Quaternion &g)

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

Matrix3x3 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3 (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms a into a row-major matrix.

Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4 (const Quaternion &g)

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4 (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

float DotProduct (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns the dot product of the quaternions q1 and q2.

- Quaternion Lerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t)
 Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.
- Quaternion NLerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t)
 Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2 and normalizes the result.
- Quaternion Slerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t) Spherical Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.

4.1.1 Function Documentation

4.1.1.1 Adjoint() [1/3]

Returns the adjoint of *m*.

4.1.1.2 Adjoint() [2/3]

Returns the adjoint of *m*.

4.1.1.3 Adjoint() [3/3]

Returns the adjoint of *m*.

4.1.1.4 Clamp()

Returns a clamped value.

Returns a if value < a. Returns b if value > b. Returns value if it is between a and b.

4.1.1.5 Cofactor() [1/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.1.6 Cofactor() [2/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.1.7 Cofactor() [3/3]

Returns the cofactor of the *row* and *col* in *m*.

4.1.1.8 CompareDoubles()

```
bool MathEngine::CompareDoubles ( \label{eq:compareDoubles} \begin{tabular}{ll} double $x$, \\ double $y$, \\ double $epsilon$ ) [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Returns true if x and y are equal.

Uses exact *epsilion* and adaptive *epsilion* to compare.

4.1.1.9 CompareFloats()

Returns true if x and y are equal.

Uses exact epsilion and adaptive epsilion to compare.

4.1.1.10 Conjugate()

```
Quaternion MathEngine::Conjugate ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\ \ [inline]}
```

Returns the conjugate of quaternion q.

4.1.1.11 CrossProduct()

Returns the cross product between the 3D vectors *v1* and *v2*.

4.1.1.12 Determinant() [1/3]

Returns the determinant of *m*.

4.1.1.13 Determinant() [2/3]

Returns the determinant of *m*.

4.1.1.14 Determinant() [3/3]

Returns the determinant *m*.

4.1.1.15 DotProduct() [1/4]

Returns the dot product of the quaternions q1 and q2.

4.1.1.16 DotProduct() [2/4]

Returns the dot product between the 2D vectors v1 and v2.

4.1.1.17 DotProduct() [3/4]

Returns the dot product between the 3D vectors *v1* and *v2*.

4.1.1.18 DotProduct() [4/4]

Returns the dot product between the 4D vectors v1 and v2.

4.1.1.19 Identity() [1/4]

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.1.20 Identity() [2/4]

Returns true if *m* is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.1.21 Identity() [3/4]

Returns true if *m* is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

4.1.1.22 Identity() [4/4]

```
bool MathEngine::Identity ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns true if quaternion q is an identity quaternion, false otherwise.

4.1.1.23 Inverse() [1/4]

Returns the inverse of *m*.

If *m* is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.1.24 Inverse() [2/4]

Returns the inverse of *m*.

If m is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.1.25 Inverse() [3/4]

Returns the inverse of *m*.

If m is noninvertible/singular, the identity matrix is returned.

4.1.1.26 Inverse() [4/4]

```
Quaternion MathEngine::Inverse ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ }q\ {\tt )\quad [inline]}
```

Returns the invese of the quaternion *q*.

If q is the zero quaternion then q is returned.

4.1.1.27 Length() [1/4]

```
float MathEngine::Length (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns the length of quaternion q.

4.1.1.28 Length() [2/4]

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 2D vector v.

4.1.1.29 Length() [3/4]

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 3D vector v.

4.1.1.30 Length() [4/4]

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 4D vector v.

4.1.1.31 Lerp() [1/4]

Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.32 Lerp() [2/4]

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.33 Lerp() [3/4]

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.34 Lerp() [4/4]

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.35 NLerp()

Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2 and normalizes the result.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.36 Normalize() [1/4]

```
Quaternion MathEngine::Normalize ( {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Normalizes the quaternion q and returns the normalized quaternion.

If q is the zero quaternion, q is returned.

4.1.1.37 Normalize() [2/4]

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 2D vector *v* and returns the result.

If v is the zero vector, v is returned.

4.1.1.38 Normalize() [3/4]

```
Vector3D MathEngine::Normalize ( {\tt const\ Vector3D\ \&\ v\ )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 3D vector *v* and returns the result.

If v is the zero vector, v is returned.

4.1.1.39 Normalize() [4/4]

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 4D vector *v* and returns the result.

If v is the zero vector, v is returned.

4.1.1.40 operator"!=() [1/4]

```
bool MathEngine::operator!= (  {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q1, \\ {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q2~) \quad [inline]
```

Returns true if the quaternion q1 does not equal to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.41 operator"!=() [2/4]

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 does not equal to the 2D vector v2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.42 operator"!=() [3/4]

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 does not equal to the 3D vector v2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.43 operator"!=() [4/4]

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 does not equal to the 4D vector v2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.44 operator*() [1/24]

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\em m}$ and returns the result.

4.1.1.45 operator*() [2/24]

Multiplies k with \mbox{m} and returns the result.

4.1.1.46 operator*() [3/24]

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\ m}$ and returns the result.

4.1.1.47 operator*() [4/24]

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

4.1.1.48 operator*() [5/24]

Multiplies *m* with *v* and returns the result.

The vector v is a column vector.

4.1.1.49 operator*() [6/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.1.50 operator*() [7/24]

Multiplies *m* with *k* and returns the result.

4.1.1.51 operator*() [8/24]

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

The vector *v* is a column vector.

4.1.1.52 operator*() [9/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.1.53 operator*() [10/24]

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

4.1.1.54 operator*() [11/24]

Multiplies *m* with *v* and returns the result.

The vector *v* is a column vector.

4.1.1.55 operator*() [12/24]

Multiplies *m1* with \m2 and returns the result.

Does m1 * m2 in that order.

4.1.1.56 operator*() [13/24]

Multiplies the quaternion q by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

4.1.1.57 operator*() [14/24]

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

4.1.1.58 operator*() [15/24]

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

The vector v is a row vector.

4.1.1.59 operator*() [16/24]

Multiplies the 2D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

4.1.1.60 operator*() [17/24]

Multiplies *v* with *m* and returns the result.

The vector v is a row vector.

4.1.1.61 operator*() [18/24]

Multiplies the 3D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

4.1.1.62 operator*() [19/24]

Multiplies *v* with *m* and returns the result.

The vector v is a row vector.

4.1.1.63 operator*() [20/24]

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

4.1.1.64 operator*() [21/24]

```
Quaternion MathEngine::operator* ( \label{eq:proper} \mbox{float } k, \\ \mbox{const Quaternion & } q \mbox{ ) [inline]}
```

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the quaternion q and returns the result.

4.1.1.65 operator*() [22/24]

```
Vector2D MathEngine::operator* ( \label{eq:float} \mbox{float } k, \\ \mbox{const Vector2D & $v$ ) [inline]}
```

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 2D vector v and returns the result.

4.1.1.66 operator*() [23/24]

```
Vector3D MathEngine::operator* ( \label{eq:float} \mbox{float } k, \\ \mbox{const Vector3D & $v$ ) [inline]}
```

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 3D vector v and returns the result.

4.1.1.67 operator*() [24/24]

```
Vector4D MathEngine::operator* ( \label{eq:float} \mbox{float } k, \\ \mbox{const Vector4D \& $v$ ) [inline]}
```

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 4D vector v and returns the result.

4.1.1.68 operator*=() [1/5]

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

4.1.1.69 operator*=() [2/5]

```
void MathEngine::operator*= (
          Quaternion & q1,
          float k ) [inline]
```

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in q1.

4.1.1.70 operator*=() [3/5]

Multiplies the 2D vector *v* by the scalar (float) *k* and stores the result in *v*.

4.1.1.71 operator*=() [4/5]

Multiplies the 3D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

4.1.1.72 operator*=() [5/5]

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

4.1.1.73 operator+() [1/7]

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

4.1.1.74 operator+() [2/7]

Adds *m1* with *m2* and returns the result.

4.1.1.75 operator+() [3/7]

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

4.1.1.76 operator+() [4/7]

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

4.1.1.77 operator+() [5/7]

Adds the two 2D vectors and returns the result.

4.1.1.78 operator+() [6/7]

Adds the two 3D vectors and returns the result.

4.1.1.79 operator+() [7/7]

Adds the two 4D vectors and returns the result.

4.1.1.80 operator+=() [1/4]

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and stores the result in q1.

4.1.1.81 operator+=() [2/4]

Adds the 2D vector v1 to the 2D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

4.1.1.82 operator+=() [3/4]

Adds the 3D vector v1 to the 3D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

4.1.1.83 operator+=() [4/4]

Adds the 4D vector v1 to the 4D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

4.1.1.84 operator-() [1/14]

Negates the 2x2 matrix m.

4.1.1.85 operator-() [2/14]

Subtracts *m2* from *m1* and returns the result.

4.1.1.86 operator-() [3/14]

Negates the 3x3 matrix m.

4.1.1.87 operator-() [4/14]

Subtracts *m2* from *m1* and returns the result.

4.1.1.88 operator-() [5/14]

Negates the 4x4 matrix m.

4.1.1.89 operator-() [6/14]

Subtracts *m2* from *m1* and returns the result.

4.1.1.90 operator-() [7/14]

```
Quaternion MathEngine::operator- (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q\ {\tt )\ } \ [{\tt inline}]
```

Negates the quaternion *q1* and returns the result.

4.1.1.91 operator-() [8/14]

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and returns the result.

Returns q1 - q2.

4.1.1.92 operator-() [9/14]

```
Vector2D MathEngine::operator- (  {\tt const\ Vector2D\ \&\ v\ )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Negates the 3D vector v1 and returns the result.

4.1.1.93 operator-() [10/14]

Subtracts the 2D vector *v2* from the 2D vector *v1* and returns the result.

Returns v1 - v2.

4.1.1.94 operator-() [11/14]

Negates the 3D vector v and returns the result.

4.1.1.95 operator-() [12/14]

Subtracts the 3D vector *v2* from the 3D vector *v1* and returns the result.

Returns v1 - v2.

4.1.1.96 operator-() [13/14]

Negates the 4D vector *v* and returns the result.

4.1.1.97 operator-() [14/14]

Subtracts the 4D vector *v2* from the 4D vector *v1* and returns the result.

Returns v1 - v2.

4.1.1.98 operator-=() [1/4]

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

q1 - q2

4.1.1.99 operator-=() [2/4]

Subtracts the the 2D vector *v2* from the 2D vector *v1* and stores the result in *v1*.

v1 - v2.

4.1.1.100 operator-=() [3/4]

Subtracts the the 3D vector *v2* from the 3D vector *v1* and stores the result in *v1*.

v1 - v2.

4.1.1.101 operator-=() [4/4]

Subtracts the the 4D vector *v2* from the 4D vector *v1* and stores the result in *v1*.

v1 - v2.

4.1.1.102 operator==() [1/4]

```
bool MathEngine::operator== (  {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q1, \\ {\rm const~Quaternion~\&~} q2~) \quad [inline]
```

Returns true if the quaternion q1 equals to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.103 operator==() [2/4]

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 equals to the 2D vector v2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.104 operator==() [3/4]

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 equals to the 3D vectorv2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.105 operator==() [4/4]

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 equals to the 4D vector v2, false otherwise.

4.1.1.106 Orthonormalize()

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

4.1.1.107 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3()

```
\label{lem:matrix3x3} \mbox{MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3 (} \\ \mbox{const Quaternion & $q$ ) [inline]
```

Transforms *q* into a column-major matrix.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.1.108 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4()

```
\label{lem:matrix4x4} \mbox{MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4 (} \\ \mbox{const Quaternion & $q$ ) [inline]
```

Transforms *q* into a column-major matrix.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.1.109 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3()

```
\label{lem:matrix3x3} \mbox{MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3} \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{const Quaternion & $q$ ) [inline]}
```

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

q should be a unit quaternion.

4.1.1.110 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4()

```
\label{lem:matrix4x4} \mbox{MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4 (} \\ \mbox{const Quaternion \& $q$ ) [inline]
```

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

q should be a unit quaternion.

4.1.1.111 Rotate() [1/5]

Rotates the specified point/vector *p* using the quaternion *q*.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.1.112 Rotate() [2/5]

```
\begin{tabular}{lll} Vector4D & MathEngine::Rotate ( & & & \\ & const & Quaternion & q, & & \\ & const & Vector4D & p & ) & [inline] \end{tabular}
```

Rotates the specified point/vector *p* using the quaternion *q*.

q should be a rotation quaternion.

4.1.1.113 Rotate() [3/5]

Returns a 2x2 rotation matrix that rotates a point/vector about the origin.

4.1.1.114 Rotate() [4/5]

brief Returns a 3x3 rotation matrix about the given axis.

4.1.1.115 Rotate() [5/5]

brief Returns a 3x3 rotation matrix about the given axis.

4.1.1.116 Rotate4x4() [1/2]

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

4.1.1.117 Rotate4x4() [2/2]

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

4.1.1.118 RotationQuaternion() [1/3]

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

The x value in the 4D vector v should be the angle(in degrees). The y, z and w values in the 4D vector v should be the axis.

4.1.1.119 RotationQuaternion() [2/3]

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

The angle should be given in degrees.

4.1.1.120 RotationQuaternion() [3/3]

Returns a rotation quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

The angle should be given in degrees.

4.1.1.121 Scale() [1/4]

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

4.1.1.122 Scale() [2/4]

brief Returns a 3x3 scale matrix.

4.1.1.123 Scale() [3/4]

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

4.1.1.124 Scale() [4/4]

brief Returns a 3x3 scale matrix.

4.1.1.125 Scale4x4() [1/2]

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

4.1.1.126 Scale4x4() [2/2]

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

4.1.1.127 SetToldentity() [1/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.1.128 SetToldentity() [2/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.1.129 SetToldentity() [3/3]

Sets *m* to the identity matrix.

4.1.1.130 Slerp()

Spherical Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.

If t is not between 0 and 1, it gets clamped.

4.1.1.131 Translate() [1/2]

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

4.1.1.132 Translate() [2/2]

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

4.1.1.133 Transpose() [1/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

4.1.1.134 Transpose() [2/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix *m*.

4.1.1.135 Transpose() [3/3]

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

4.1.1.136 ZeroQuaternion()

```
bool MathEngine::ZeroQuaternion (  {\tt const\ Quaternion\ \&\ } q \ ) \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns true if quaternion q is a zero quaternion, false otherwise.

4.1.1.137 ZeroVector() [1/3]

```
bool MathEngine::ZeroVector ( {\tt const\ Vector2D\ \&\ v\ )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns true if the 2D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

4.1.1.138 ZeroVector() [2/3]

```
bool MathEngine::ZeroVector ( {\tt const\ Vector3D\ \&\ v\ )} \quad [{\tt inline}]
```

Returns true if the 3D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

4.1.1.139 ZeroVector() [3/3]

Returns true if the 4D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 MathEngine::Matrix2x2 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

#include <MathEngine.h>

Public Member Functions

• Matrix2x2 ()

Creates a new 2x2 identity matrix.

Matrix2x2 (float a[][2])

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix2x2 (const Vector2D &r1, const Vector2D &r2)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

Matrix2x2 (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix2x2 (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

• float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

· Vector2D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

Vector2D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector2D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector2D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

Matrix2x2 & operator= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator+= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Adds this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator-= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Subtracts m from this 2x2 matrix stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with k and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

Matrix2x2 & operator*= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 2x2 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 Matrix2x2() [1/5]

```
MathEngine::Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 2x2 identity matrix.

5.1.2.2 Matrix2x2() [2/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 2x2 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.1.2.3 Matrix2x2() [3/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.1.2.4 Matrix2x2() [4/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

5.1.2.5 Matrix2x2() [5/5]

Creates a new 2x2 matrix with each row being set to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * MathEngine::Matrix2x2::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.1.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * MathEngine::Matrix2x2::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.1.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector2D MathEngine::Matrix2x2::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.1.3.4 GetRow()

```
Vector2D MathEngine::Matrix2x2::GetRow (
          unsigned int row ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.1.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,1]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.1.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,1]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.1.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 2x2 matrix with k and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 2x2 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 2x2 matrix stores the result in this 2x2 matrix.

5.1.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 3x3 matrix.

5.1.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the values each row to the first two values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.1.3.13 SetCol()

```
void MathEngine::Matrix2x2::SetCol (
          unsigned int col,
          Vector2D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.1.3.14 SetRow()

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,1]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• MathEngine.h

5.2 MathEngine::Matrix3x3 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

```
#include <MathEngine.h>
```

Public Member Functions

· Matrix3x3 ()

Creates a new 3x3 identity matrix.

• Matrix3x3 (float a[][3])

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix3x3 (const Vector3D &r1, const Vector3D &r2, const Vector3D &r3)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

Matrix3x3 (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix3x3 (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

• float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

Vector3D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

· Vector3D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector3D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector3D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

• Matrix3x3 & operator= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets the values of each row to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator+= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Adds this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator-= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Subtracts m from this 3x3 matrix stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with k and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

Matrix3x3 & operator*= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 3x3 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.2.1 Matrix3x3() [1/5]

```
MathEngine::Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 3x3 identity matrix.

5.2.2.2 Matrix3x3() [2/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 3x3 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.2.2.3 Matrix3x3() [3/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.2.2.4 Matrix3x3() [4/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last value of the first two rows is set to 0. The last row is set to (0, 0, 1);.

5.2.2.5 Matrix3x3() [5/5]

Creates a new 3x3 matrix with each row being set to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

5.2.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * MathEngine::Matrix3x3::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.2.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * MathEngine::Matrix3x3::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.2.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector3D MathEngine::Matrix3x3::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.2.3.4 GetRow()

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.2.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,2]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.2.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The row and col values should be between [0,2]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.2.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 3x3 matrix with k and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 3x3 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 3x3 matrix stores the result in this 3x3 matrix.

5.2.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last value of the first two rows is set to 0. The last row is set to (0, 0, 1);.

5.2.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the values of each row to the first three values of the respective rows of the 4x4 matrix.

5.2.3.13 SetCol()

```
void MathEngine::Matrix3x3::SetCol (
     unsigned int col,
     Vector3D v ) [inline]
```

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.2.3.14 SetRow()

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,2]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· MathEngine.h

5.3 MathEngine::Matrix4x4 Class Reference

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

```
#include <MathEngine.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• Matrix4x4 ()

Creates a new 4x4 identity matrix.

Matrix4x4 (float a[][4])

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

Matrix4x4 (const Vector4D &r1, const Vector4D &r2, const Vector4D &r3, const Vector4D &r4)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

Matrix4x4 (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix4x4 (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first three values of the first three rows being set to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator= (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator= (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets the first three values of the first three rows to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

float * Data ()

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

• const float * Data () const

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

const float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

float & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

Vector4D GetRow (unsigned int row) const

Returns the specified row.

Vector4D GetCol (unsigned int col) const

Returns the specified col.

void SetRow (unsigned int row, Vector4D v)

Sets each element in the given row to the components of vector v.

• void SetCol (unsigned int col, Vector4D v)

Sets each element in the given col to the components of vector v.

Matrix4x4 & operator+= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Adds this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator-= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Subtracts m from this 4x4 matrix stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator*= (float k)

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with k and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

Matrix4x4 & operator*= (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float.

The 4x4 matrix is treated as a row-major matrix.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 Matrix4x4() [1/5]

```
MathEngine::Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4 ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a new 4x4 identity matrix.

5.3.2.2 Matrix4x4() [2/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with elements initialized to the given 2D array.

If a isn't a 4x4 matrix, the behavior is undefined.

5.3.2.3 Matrix4x4() [3/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with each row being set to the specified rows.

5.3.2.4 Matrix4x4() [4/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first two values of the first two rows being set to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last two values of the first two rows are set to (0, 0). The values of the 3rd row is set to (0, 0, 1, 0). The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.2.5 Matrix4x4() [5/5]

Creates a new 4x4 matrix with the first three values of the first three rows being set to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

The last values of the first three rows are set to 0. The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 Data() [1/2]

```
float * MathEngine::Matrix4x4::Data ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.3.3.2 Data() [2/2]

```
const float * MathEngine::Matrix4x4::Data ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns a constant pointer to the first element in the matrix.

5.3.3.3 GetCol()

```
Vector4D MathEngine::Matrix4x4::GetCol (
          unsigned int col ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified col.

Col should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first col will be returned.

5.3.3.4 GetRow()

```
Vector4D MathEngine::Matrix4x4::GetRow (
          unsigned int row ) const [inline]
```

Returns the specified row.

Row should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first row will be returned.

5.3.3.5 operator()() [1/2]

Returns a reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,3]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.3.3.6 operator()() [2/2]

Returns a constant reference to the element at the given (row, col).

The *row* and *col* values should be between [0,3]. If any of them are out of that range, the first element will be returned.

5.3.3.7 operator*=() [1/2]

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with given matrix m and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.8 operator*=() [2/2]

Multiplies this 4x4 matrix with *k* and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.9 operator+=()

Adds this 4x4 matrix with given matrix *m* and stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.10 operator-=()

Subtracts *m* from this 4x4 matrix stores the result in this 4x4 matrix.

5.3.3.11 operator=() [1/2]

Sets the first two values of the first two rows to the values of the 2x2 matrix.

The last two values of the first two rows are set to (0, 0). The values of the 3rd row is set to (0, 0, 1, 0). The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3.12 operator=() [2/2]

Sets the first three values of the first three rows to the values of the 3x3 matrix.

The last values of the first three rows are set to 0. The values of the 4th row is set to (0, 0, 0, 1).

5.3.3.13 SetCol()

Sets each element in the given *col* to the components of vector *v*.

Col should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first col will be set.

5.3.3.14 SetRow()

Sets each element in the given *row* to the components of vector *v*.

Row should be between [0,3]. If it is out of range the first row will be set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· MathEngine.h

5.4 MathEngine::Quaternion Struct Reference

A quaternion struct used for quaternions and their manipulations.

```
#include <MathEngine.h>
```

Public Attributes

- float scalar = 1.0f
- Vector3D vector

5.4.1 Detailed Description

A quaternion struct used for quaternions and their manipulations.

The datatype for the components is float. When making an object of this struct, the quaternion is initialized to the identity quaternion.

5.4.2 Member Data Documentation

5.4.2.1 scalar

```
float MathEngine::Quaternion::scalar = 1.0f
```

5.4.2.2 vector

Vector3D MathEngine::Quaternion::vector

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• MathEngine.h

5.5 MathEngine::Vector2D Struct Reference

A vector stuct used for 2D vectors/points.

```
#include <MathEngine.h>
```

Public Attributes

- float x = 0.0f
- float y = 0.0f

5.5.1 Detailed Description

A vector stuct used for 2D vectors/points.

The datatype for the components is float. When an object of this struct is made the components are intialized to 0.0f.

5.5.2 Member Data Documentation

5.5.2.1 x

```
float MathEngine::Vector2D::x = 0.0f
```

5.5.2.2 y

```
float MathEngine::Vector2D::y = 0.0f
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· MathEngine.h

5.6 MathEngine::Vector3D Struct Reference

A vector stuct used for 3D vectors/points.

```
#include <MathEngine.h>
```

Public Attributes

- float x = 0.0f
- float y = 0.0f
- float **z** = 0.0f

5.6.1 Detailed Description

A vector stuct used for 3D vectors/points.

The datatype for the components is float. When an object of this struct is made the components are intialized to 0.0f.

5.6.2 Member Data Documentation

5.6.2.1 x

```
float MathEngine::Vector3D::x = 0.0f
```

5.6.2.2 y

```
float MathEngine::Vector3D::y = 0.0f
```

5.6.2.3 z

```
float MathEngine::Vector3D::z = 0.0f
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• MathEngine.h

5.7 MathEngine::Vector4D Struct Reference

A vector stuct used for 4D vectors/points.

#include <MathEngine.h>

Public Attributes

- float x = 0.0f
- float y = 0.0f
- float z = 0.0f
- float w = 0.0f

5.7.1 Detailed Description

A vector stuct used for 4D vectors/points.

The datatype for the components is float. When an object of this struct is made the components are intialized to 0.0f.

5.7.2 Member Data Documentation

5.7.2.1 w

float MathEngine::Vector4D::w = 0.0f

5.7.2.2 x

float MathEngine::Vector4D::x = 0.0f

5.7.2.3 y

float MathEngine::Vector4D::y = 0.0f

5.7.2.4 z

float MathEngine::Vector4D::z = 0.0f

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• MathEngine.h

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 MathEngine.h File Reference

#include <cmath>

Classes

• struct MathEngine::Vector2D

A vector stuct used for 2D vectors/points.

• struct MathEngine::Vector3D

A vector stuct used for 3D vectors/points.

struct MathEngine::Vector4D

A vector stuct used for 4D vectors/points.

• class MathEngine::Matrix2x2

A matrix class used for 2x2 matrices and their manipulations.

class MathEngine::Matrix3x3

A matrix class used for 3x3 matrices and their manipulations.

class MathEngine::Matrix4x4

A matrix class used for 4x4 matrices and their manipulations.

• struct MathEngine::Quaternion

A quaternion struct used for quaternions and their manipulations.

Namespaces

• namespace MathEngine

Macros

- #define EPSILON 1e-6f
- #define PI 3.14159f
- #define PI2 6.28319f

62 File Documentation

Typedefs

- typedef MathEngine::Vector2D vec2
- typedef MathEngine::Vector3D vec3
- typedef MathEngine::Vector4D vec4
- typedef MathEngine::Matrix2x2 mat2
- typedef MathEngine::Matrix3x3 mat3
- typedef MathEngine::Matrix4x4 mat4
- typedef MathEngine::Quaternion quaternion

Functions

• bool MathEngine::CompareFloats (float x, float y, float epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

• bool MathEngine::CompareDoubles (double x, double y, double epsilon)

Returns true if x and y are equal.

float MathEngine::Clamp (float value, float a, float b)

Returns a clamped value.

void MathEngine::operator+= (Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Adds the 2D vector v1 to the 2D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator== (Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Subtracts the the 2D vector v2 from the 2D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator*= (Vector2D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 2D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator+ (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Adds the two 2D vectors and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector2D &v)

Negates the 3D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Subtracts the 2D vector v2 from the 2D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector2D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 2D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator* (float k, const Vector2D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 2D vector v and returns the result.

bool MathEngine::operator== (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 equals to the 2D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::operator!= (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns true if the 2D vector v1 does not equal to the 2D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::ZeroVector (const Vector2D &v)

Returns true if the 2D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

• float MathEngine::DotProduct (const Vector2D &v1, const Vector2D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 2D vectors v1 and v2.

float MathEngine::Length (const Vector2D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 2D vector v.

Vector2D MathEngine::Normalize (const Vector2D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 2D vector v and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::Lerp (const Vector2D &start, const Vector2D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

void MathEngine::operator+= (Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Adds the 3D vector v1 to the 3D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator-= (Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Subtracts the the 3D vector v2 from the 3D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator*= (Vector3D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 3D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator+ (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Adds the two 3D vectors and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector3D &v)

Negates the 3D vector v and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Subtracts the 3D vector v2 from the 3D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector3D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 3D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator* (float k, const Vector3D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 3D vector v and returns the result.

bool MathEngine::operator== (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 equals to the 3D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::operator!= (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns true if the 3D vector v1 does not equal to the 3D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::ZeroVector (const Vector3D &v)

Returns true if the 3D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

float MathEngine::DotProduct (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 3D vectors v1 and v2.

• Vector3D MathEngine::CrossProduct (const Vector3D &v1, const Vector3D &v2)

Returns the cross product between the 3D vectors v1 and v2.

float MathEngine::Length (const Vector3D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 3D vector v.

Vector3D MathEngine::Normalize (const Vector3D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 3D vector v and returns the result.

void MathEngine::Orthonormalize (Vector3D &x, Vector3D &y, Vector3D &z)

Orthonormalizes the specified vectors.

Vector3D MathEngine::Lerp (const Vector3D &start, const Vector3D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

void MathEngine::operator+= (Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Adds the 4D vector v1 to the 4D vector v2 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator-= (Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Subtracts the the 4D vector v2 from the 4D vector v1 and stores the result in v1.

void MathEngine::operator*= (Vector4D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in v.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator+ (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Adds the two 4D vectors and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector4D &v)

Negates the 4D vector v and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator- (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Subtracts the 4D vector v2 from the 4D vector v1 and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector4D &v, float k)

Multiplies the 4D vector v by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator* (float k, const Vector4D &v)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the 4D vector v and returns the result.

bool MathEngine::operator== (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 equals to the 4D vectorv2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::operator!= (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns true if the 4D vector v1 does not equal to the 4D vector v2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::ZeroVector (const Vector4D &v)

Returns true if the 4D vector v is equal to the zero vector, false otherwise.

float MathEngine::DotProduct (const Vector4D &v1, const Vector4D &v2)

Returns the dot product between the 4D vectors v1 and v2.

float MathEngine::Length (const Vector4D &v)

Returns the length (magnitude) of the the 4D vector v.

Vector4D MathEngine::Normalize (const Vector4D &v)

Normalizes (makes it unit length) the 4D vector v and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::Lerp (const Vector4D &start, const Vector4D &end, float t)

Linear interpolate between the two vectors start and end.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator+ (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Negates the 2x2 matrix m.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator* (const float &k, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m1, const Matrix2x2 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix2x2 &m, const Vector2D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector2D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector2D &v, const Matrix2x2 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void MathEngine::SetToldentity (Matrix2x2 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

• bool MathEngine::Identity (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Transpose (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Scale (float x, float y)

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Scale (const Vector2D &scaleVector)

Returns a 2x2 scaling matrix.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Rotate (float angle)

Returns a 2x2 rotation matrix that rotates a point/vector about the origin.

double MathEngine::Determinant (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the determinant of m.

• double MathEngine::Cofactor (const Matrix2x2 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Adjoint (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix2x2 MathEngine::Inverse (const Matrix2x2 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator+ (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Negates the 3x3 matrix m.

• Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator* (const float &k, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies k with \m and returns the result.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m1, const Matrix3x3 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix3x3 &m, const Vector3D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector3D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector3D &v, const Matrix3x3 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void MathEngine::SetToldentity (Matrix3x3 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool MathEngine::Identity (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Transpose (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

- Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Scale (float x, float y, float z)
- Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Scale (const Vector3D &scaleVector)
- Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Rotate (float angle, float x, float y, float z)
- Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Rotate (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)
- double MathEngine::Determinant (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the determinant of m.

• double MathEngine::Cofactor (const Matrix3x3 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

• Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Adjoint (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::Inverse (const Matrix3x3 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator+ (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Adds m1 with m2 and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Negates the 4x4 matrix m.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator- (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Subtracts m2 from m1 and returns the result.

• Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const float &k)

Multiplies m with k and returns the result.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator* (const float &k, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies k with $\mbox{\em m}$ and returns the result.

• Matrix4x4 MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m1, const Matrix4x4 &m2)

Multiplies m1 with \m2 and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator* (const Matrix4x4 &m, const Vector4D &v)

Multiplies m with v and returns the result.

Vector4D MathEngine::operator* (const Vector4D &v, const Matrix4x4 &m)

Multiplies v with m and returns the result.

void MathEngine::SetToldentity (Matrix4x4 &m)

Sets m to the identity matrix.

bool MathEngine::Identity (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns true if m is the identity matrix, false otherwise.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Transpose (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the tranpose of the given matrix m.

• Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Translate (float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Translate (const Vector3D &translateVector)

Returns a 4x4 translation matrix.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Scale4x4 (float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Scale4x4 (const Vector3D &scaleVector)

Returns a 4x4 scale matrix.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Rotate4x4 (float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Rotate4x4 (float angle, const Vector3D &axis)

Returns a 4x4 rotation matrix about the given axis.

double MathEngine::Determinant (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the determinant m.

double MathEngine::Cofactor (const Matrix4x4 &m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Returns the cofactor of the row and col in m.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Adjoint (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the adjoint of m.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::Inverse (const Matrix4x4 &m)

Returns the inverse of m.

• void MathEngine::operator+= (Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and stores the result in q1.

void MathEngine::operator-= (Quaternion &g1, const Quaternion &g2)

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

void MathEngine::operator*= (Quaternion &q1, float k)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the scalar (float) k and stores the result in q1.

void MathEngine::operator*= (Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q1 and stores the result in q1.

• Quaternion MathEngine::operator+ (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Adds the quaternion q1 to the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::operator- (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Subtracts the quaternion q2 from the quaternion q1 and returns the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::operator- (const Quaternion &q)

Negates the quaternion q1 and returns the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::operator* (const Quaternion &q, float k)

Multiplies the quaternion q by the scalar (float) k and returns the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::operator* (float k, const Quaternion &q)

Multiplies the scalar (float) k by the quaternion q and returns the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::operator* (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Multiplies the quaternion q1 by the quaternion q2 and returns the result.

bool MathEngine::operator== (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns true if the quaternion q1 equals to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::operator!= (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)
 Returns true if the quaternion q1 does not equal to the quaternion q2, false otherwise.

bool MathEngine::ZeroQuaternion (const Quaternion &g)

Returns true if quaternion q is a zero quaternion, false otherwise.

• bool MathEngine::Identity (const Quaternion &q)

Returns true if quaternion q is an identity quaternion, false otherwise.

Quaternion MathEngine::Conjugate (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the conjugate of quaternion q.

float MathEngine::Length (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the length of quaternion q.

Quaternion MathEngine::Normalize (const Quaternion &q)

Normalizes the quaternion q and returns the normalized quaternion.

• Quaternion MathEngine::Inverse (const Quaternion &q)

Returns the invese of the quaternion q.

• Quaternion MathEngine::RotationQuaternion (float angle, float x, float y, float z)

Returns a rotation quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Quaternion MathEngine::RotationQuaternion (float angle, const Vector3D & axis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Quaternion MathEngine::RotationQuaternion (const Vector4D & angAxis)

Returns a quaternion from the axis-angle representation.

Vector3D MathEngine::Rotate (const Quaternion &q, const Vector3D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

Vector4D MathEngine::Rotate (const Quaternion &g, const Vector4D &p)

Rotates the specified point/vector p using the quaternion q.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3 (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

Matrix3x3 MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3 (const Quaternion &g)

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

• Matrix4x4 MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4 (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a column-major matrix.

Matrix4x4 MathEngine::QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4 (const Quaternion &q)

Transforms q into a row-major matrix.

• float MathEngine::DotProduct (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2)

Returns the dot product of the quaternions q1 and q2.

• Quaternion MathEngine::Lerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t)

Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.

• Quaternion MathEngine::NLerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t)

Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2 and normalizes the result.

Quaternion MathEngine::Slerp (const Quaternion &q1, const Quaternion &q2, float t)

Spherical Linear Interpolates between quaternions q1 and q2.

6.1.1 Macro Definition Documentation

6.1.1.1 EPSILON

#define EPSILON 1e-6f

6.1.1.2 PI

#define PI 3.14159f

6.1.1.3 PI2

#define PI2 6.28319f

6.1.2 Typedef Documentation

6.1.2.1 mat2

typedef MathEngine::Matrix2x2 mat2

6.1.2.2 mat3

typedef MathEngine::Matrix3x3 mat3

6.1.2.3 mat4

typedef MathEngine::Matrix4x4 mat4

6.1.2.4 quaternion

typedef MathEngine::Quaternion quaternion

6.1.2.5 vec2

typedef MathEngine::Vector2D vec2

6.1.2.6 vec3

typedef MathEngine::Vector3D vec3

6.1.2.7 vec4

typedef MathEngine::Vector4D vec4

MathEngine.h 6.2

Go to the documentation of this file.

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <cmath>
5 #if defined(_DEBUG)
  #include <iostream>
7 #endif
10 #define EPSILON 1e-6f
11 #define PI 3.14159f
12 #define PI2 6.28319f
14 namespace MathEngine
15 {
16
17
       struct Vector2D;
       struct Vector3D;
19
       struct Vector4D;
20
       class Matrix2x2;
       class Matrix3x3;
21
22
       class Matrix4x4;
23
24
25 //COMPARISON FUNCTIONS
26
       inline bool CompareFloats(float\ x,\ float\ y,\ float\ epsilon)
31
32
            float diff = fabs(x - y);
33
            //exact epsilon
34
35
            if (diff < epsilon)</pre>
36
37
                return true;
38
39
40
           //adapative epsilon
41
           return diff \leftarrow epsilon \star (((fabs(x)) > (fabs(y))) ? (fabs(x)) : (fabs(y)));
42
43
48
       inline bool CompareDoubles(double x, double y, double epsilon)
49
50
           double diff = fabs(x - y);
           //exact epsilon
           if (diff < epsilon)</pre>
52
53
54
                return true;
55
56
           //adapative epsilon
58
            return diff \le epsilon * (((fabs(x)) > (fabs(y))) ? (fabs(x)) : (fabs(y)));
59
       }
60
       inline float Clamp(float value, float a, float b)
65
66
           if (value < a)</pre>
68
               return a;
69
70
           if (value > b)
71
                return b;
72
           return value;
75
76
77
78
79 //2D VECTOR
80
       struct Vector2D
86
```

```
{
           float x = 0.0f;
float y = 0.0f;
89
90
       };
91
       inline void operator+=(Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
94
95
96
           v1.x += v2.x;
97
           v1.y += v2.y;
98
99
104
        inline void operator==(Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
105
106
            v1.x -= v2.x;
107
            v1.y = v2.y;
108
109
        inline void operator *= (Vector 2D& v, float k)
112
113
114
            v.x *= k;
            v.y *= k;
115
116
117
        inline Vector2D operator+(const Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
120
121
122
            return Vector2D{ v1.x + v2.x, v1.y + v2.y };
123
124
        inline Vector2D operator-(const Vector2D& v)
127
128
129
            return Vector2D{ -v.x, -v.v };
130
131
136
        inline Vector2D operator-(const Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
137
            return Vector2D{ v1.x - v2.x, v1.y - v2.y };
138
139
        }
140
143
        inline Vector2D operator*(const Vector2D& v, float k)
144
            return Vector2D{ v.x * k, v.y * k };
145
146
147
150
        inline Vector2D operator*(float k, const Vector2D& v)
151
152
            return Vector2D{ k * v.x, k * v.y };
153
154
157
        inline bool operator == (const Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
158
159
            return CompareFloats(v1.x, v2.x, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v1.y, v2.y, EPSILON);
160
161
164
        inline bool operator!=(const Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
165
            return ! (v1 == v2);
166
167
168
171
        inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector2D& v)
172
173
            return CompareFloats(v.x, 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v.y, 0.0f, EPSILON);
174
175
178
        inline float DotProduct(const Vector2D& v1, const Vector2D& v2)
179
180
            return v1.x * v2.x + v1.y * v2.y;
181
182
185
        inline float Length (const Vector2D& v)
186
187
            return sqrt(v.x * v.x + v.y * v.y);
188
189
        inline Vector2D Normalize(const Vector2D& v)
194
195
196
            if (ZeroVector(v))
197
198
            float inverseLength{ 1.0f / Length(v) };
199
200
201
            return v * inverseLength;
202
        }
203
208
        inline Vector2D Lerp(const Vector2D& start, const Vector2D& end, float t)
209
            if (t < 0.0f)</pre>
210
211
                return start:
```

```
212
           else if (t > 1.0f)
213
               return end;
214
215
            return (1.0f - t) * start + t * end;
216
        }
217
218 #if defined(_DEBUG)
219
        inline void print(const Vector2D& v)
220
            std::cout « "(" « v.x « ", " « v.y « ")";
221
222
223 #endif
224
225
226
227
228 //3D VECTOR
229
235
        struct Vector3D
236
            float x = 0.0f;
float y = 0.0f;
float z = 0.0f;
2.37
238
239
240
        };
241
242
245
        inline void operator+=(Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
246
247
            v1.x += v2.x;
248
            v1.y += v2.y;
249
            v1.z += v2.z;
250
2.51
256
        inline void operator = (Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
257
258
            v1.x \rightarrow v2.x;
259
            v1.y -= v2.y;
260
            v1.z -= v2.z;
261
2.62
265
        inline void operator *= (Vector 3D& v, float k)
266
267
            v.x *= k;
268
            v.y *= k;
269
            v.z *= k;
270
271
274
        inline Vector3D operator+(const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
275
276
            return Vector3D{ v1.x + v2.x, v1.y + v2.y, v1.z + v2.z };
2.77
278
281
        inline Vector3D operator-(const Vector3D& v)
282
283
            return Vector3D{ -v.x, -v.y, -v.z };
284
285
290
        inline Vector3D operator-(const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
291
292
            return Vector3D{ v1.x - v2.x, v1.y - v2.y, v1.z - v2.z};
293
294
297
        inline Vector3D operator*(const Vector3D& v, float k)
298
299
            return Vector3D{ v.x * k, v.y * k, v.z * k };
300
301
304
        inline Vector3D operator*(float k, const Vector3D& v)
305
306
            return Vector3D{ k * v.x, k * v.y, k * v.z};
307
308
        inline bool operator==(const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
311
312
313
             return CompareFloats(v1.x, v2.x, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v1.y, v2.y, EPSILON) &&
      CompareFloats(v1.z, v2.z, EPSILON);
314
315
        inline bool operator!=(const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
318
319
320
            return ! (v1 == v2);
321
322
325
        inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector3D& v)
326
```

```
return CompareFloats(v.x, 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v.y, 0.0f, EPSILON) &&
327
      CompareFloats(v.z, 0.0f, EPSILON);
328
329
332
        inline float DotProduct (const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
333
334
             return v1.x * v2.x + v1.y * v2.y + v1.z * v2.z;
335
336
339
        inline Vector3D CrossProduct(const Vector3D& v1, const Vector3D& v2)
340
        {
             return Vector3D{ v1.y * v2.z - v1.z * v2.y, v1.z * v2.x - v1.x * v2.z, v1.x * v2.y - v1.y * v2.x
341
      };
342
343
346
        inline float Length(const Vector3D& v)
347
            return sqrt(v.x * v.x + v.y * v.y + v.z * v.z);
348
349
350
355
        inline Vector3D Normalize(const Vector3D& v)
356
            if (ZeroVector(v))
357
358
                 return v;
359
360
            float inverseLength{ 1.0f / Length(v) };
361
362
            return v * inverseLength;
363
        }
364
367
        inline void Orthonormalize(Vector3D& x, Vector3D& y, Vector3D& z)
368
369
             x = Normalize(x);
370
            y = Normalize(CrossProduct(z, x));
371
             z = Normalize(CrossProduct(x, y));
372
        }
373
378
        inline Vector3D Lerp(const Vector3D& start, const Vector3D& end, float t)
379
380
             if (t < 0.0f)
            return start;
else if (t > 1.0f)
381
382
383
                return end:
384
385
            return (1.0f - t) * start + t * end;
386
387
388 #if defined(_DEBUG)
        inline void print(const Vector3D& v)
389
390
        {
            std::cout « "(" « v.x « ", " « v.y « ")";
391
392
393 #endif
394
395
396
397
398
399 //4D VECTOR
400
406
        struct Vector4D
407
408
             float x = 0.0f;
            float y = 0.0f;
float z = 0.0f;
409
410
             float w = 0.0f:
411
412
413
414
417
        inline void operator+=(Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
418
            v1.x += v2.x;
419
            v1.y += v2.y;
v1.z += v2.z;
420
421
422
            v1.w += v2.w;
423
        }
424
        inline void operator-=(Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
429
430
431
            v1.x \rightarrow v2.x;
            v1.y -= v2.y;
v1.z -= v2.z;
432
433
434
            v1.w = v2.w;
        }
435
436
```

```
439
        inline void operator *= (Vector 4D& v, float k)
440
441
            v.x *= k;
442
            v.y *= k;
            v.z *= k;
443
444
            v.w *= k;
445
446
449
        inline Vector4D operator+(const Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
450
451
            return Vector 4D\{ v1.x + v2.x, v1.y + v2.y, v1.z + v2.z, v1.w + v2.w \};
452
453
456
        inline Vector4D operator-(const Vector4D& v)
457
458
            return Vector4D{ -v.x, -v.y, -v.z, - v.w };
459
460
465
        inline Vector4D operator-(const Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
466
467
            return Vector4D{ v1.x - v2.x, v1.y - v2.y, v1.z - v2.z, v1.w - v2.w };
468
469
472
        inline Vector4D operator* (const Vector4D& v, float k)
473
474
            return Vector4D{ v.x * k, v.y * k, v.z * k, v.w * k };
475
476
479
        inline Vector4D operator*(float k, const Vector4D& v)
480
481
            return Vector4D{ k * v.x, k * v.v, k * v.z, k * v.w };
482
483
486
        inline bool operator==(const Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
487
      return CompareFloats(v1.x, v2.x, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v1.y, v2.y, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v1.z, v2.z, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v1.w, v2.w, EPSILON);
488
489
490
491
494
        inline bool operator!=(const Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
495
            return ! (v1 == v2):
496
497
498
501
        inline bool ZeroVector(const Vector4D& v)
502
            return CompareFloats(v.x, 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(v.y, 0.0f, EPSILON) &&
503
      CompareFloats (v.z, 0.0f, EPSILON)
               && CompareFloats(v.w, 0.0f, EPSILON);
504
505
506
509
        inline float DotProduct(const Vector4D& v1, const Vector4D& v2)
510
            return v1.x * v2.x + v1.y * v2.y + v1.z * v2.z + v1.w * v2.w;
511
512
513
516
        inline float Length(const Vector4D& v)
517
518
             return sqrt(v.x * v.x + v.y * v.y + v.z * v.z + v.w * v.w);
519
520
525
        inline Vector4D Normalize(const Vector4D& v)
526
527
            if (ZeroVector(v))
528
529
            float inverseLength{ 1.0f / Length(v) };
530
531
532
            return v * inverseLength;
533
534
539
        inline Vector4D Lerp(const Vector4D& start, const Vector4D& end, float t)
540
541
            if (t < 0.0f)
542
                return start;
543
            else if (t > 1.0f)
544
                 return end;
545
546
            return (1.0f - t) * start + t * end;
547
        }
548
549 #if defined(_DEBUG)
550
        inline void print(const Vector4D& v)
551
            std::cout « "(" « v.x « ", " « v.y « ")";
552
553
        }
```

```
554 #endif
555
556
557
558
559
560
568
        class Matrix2x2
569
        public:
570
571
574
            Matrix2x2();
575
580
            Matrix2x2(float a[][2]);
581
            Matrix2x2(const Vector2D& r1, const Vector2D& r2);
584
585
588
            Matrix2x2(const Matrix3x3& m);
589
592
            Matrix2x2(const Matrix4x4& m);
593
            float * Data():
596
597
600
            const float* Data() const;
601
606
            const float& operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
607
612
            float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
613
618
            Vector2D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
619
624
            Vector2D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
625
            void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector2D v);
630
631
636
            void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector2D v);
637
640
            Matrix2x2& operator=(const Matrix3x3& m);
641
            Matrix2x2& operator=(const Matrix4x4& m);
644
645
648
            Matrix2x2& operator+=(const Matrix2x2& m);
649
652
            Matrix2x2& operator = (const Matrix2x2& m);
653
            Matrix2x2& operator*=(float k);
656
657
660
            Matrix2x2& operator *= (const Matrix2x2& m);
661
662
        private:
663
664
            float mMat[2][2];
        };
665
666
667
668
        inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2()
669
670
            //1st row
            mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
671
672
673
674
675
            mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
676
            mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
677
        }
678
679
        inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(float a[][2])
680
681
            //1st row
            mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];
682
            mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];
683
684
685
            //2nd row
686
            mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
687
            mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
688
689
        inline Matrix2x2::Matrix2x2(const Vector2D& r1, const Vector2D& r2)
690
691
            SetRow(0, r1);
692
693
            SetRow(1, r2);
694
695
        inline float* Matrix2x2::Data()
696
697
```

```
698
            return mMat[0];
699
700
        inline const float* Matrix2x2::Data()const
701
702 {
703
            return mMat[0]:
704
705
706
        inline const float& Matrix2x2::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
707 {
708
             if (row > 1 || col > 1)
709
             {
710
                return mMat[0][0];
711
712
            else
713
714
                return mMat[row][col];
715
716
        }
717
718
        inline float& Matrix2x2::operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
719
720
             if (row > 1 || col > 1)
721
722
                return mMat[0][0];
723
724
            else
725
726
                 return mMat[row][col];
727
728
729
730
        inline Vector2D Matrix2x2::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
731 {
732
             if (row < 0 || row > 1)
                 return Vector2D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1] };
733
734
             else
735
                return Vector2D{ mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1] };
736
737
738
739
        inline Vector2D Matrix2x2::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
740 {
741
             if (col < 0 || col > 1)
742
                return Vector2D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0] };
743
744
                 return Vector2D{ mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col] };
745
        }
746
747
        inline void Matrix2x2::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector2D v)
748
749
             if (row > 1)
750
                mMat[0][0] = v.x;
mMat[0][1] = v.y;
751
752
753
754
            else
755
            {
756
                 mMat[row][0] = v.x;
757
                 mMat[row][1] = v.y;
758
759
        }
760
761
        inline void Matrix2x2::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector2D v)
762
763
             if (col > 1)
764
                 mMat[0][0] = v.x;
765
                mMat[1][0] = v.y;
766
767
768
769
                mMat[0][col] = v.x;
mMat[1][col] = v.y;
770
771
772
773
        }
774
775
776
        inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator+=(const Matrix2x2& m)
777
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
778
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
780
781
                     this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
782
783
784
```

```
785
            return *this;
786
787
        inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator-=(const Matrix2x2& m)
788
789
790
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
791
792
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
793
                      this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
794
795
796
797
798
             return *this;
799
800
        inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator *= (float k)
801
802
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
803
804
805
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
806
                      this->mMat[i][j] \star= k;
807
808
809
810
811
             return *this;
812
813
814
        inline Matrix2x2& Matrix2x2::operator*=(const Matrix2x2& m)
815
816
             Matrix2x2 res;
817
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
818
819
                 res.mMat[i][0] =
820
                      (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]);
821
822
823
                 res.mMat[i][1] =
    (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) +
    (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]);
824
825
82.6
827
             }
828
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
830
831
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
832
                      mMat[i][j] = res.mMat[i][j];
833
834
835
836
837
             return *this;
838
        }
839
        inline Matrix2x2 operator+(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
842
843
             Matrix2x2 res;
844
845
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
846
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
847
848
849
                      res(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
850
851
852
853
             return res;
854
        }
855
         inline Matrix2x2 operator-(const Matrix2x2& m)
858
859
860
             Matrix2x2 res;
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
861
862
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
863
864
865
                      res(i, j) = -m(i, j);
866
867
868
869
             return res;
870
        }
871
874
        inline Matrix2x2 operator-(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
875
             Matrix2x2 res;
876
877
             for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
```

```
878
879
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
880
                     res(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
881
882
883
884
885
            return res;
886
        }
887
        inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const Matrix2x2& m, const float& k)
890
891
892
            Matrix2x2 res;
893
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
894
895
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
896
                     res(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
897
898
899
900
901
             return res;
902
        }
903
906
        inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const float& k, const Matrix2x2& m)
907
908
            Matrix2x2 res;
909
            for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
910
911
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
912
913
                     res(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
914
915
916
917
             return res;
918
        }
919
924
        inline Matrix2x2 operator*(const Matrix2x2& m1, const Matrix2x2& m2)
925
926
            Matrix2x2 res;
927
            for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
928
929
930
                 res(i, 0) =
931
                     (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) +
932
                     (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0));
933
934
                 res(i, 1) =
                     (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1));
935
936
937
938
                 res(i, 2) =
                     (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2));
939
940
941
942
                 res(i, 3) =
943
                     (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) +
                     (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3));
944
945
946
947
            return res;
948
949
954
        inline Vector2D operator*(const Matrix2x2& m, const Vector2D& v)
955
956
            Vector2D res;
957
            res.x = m(0, 0) * v.x + m(0, 1) * v.y;
958
959
960
            res.y = m(1, 0) * v.x + m(1, 1) * v.y;
961
962
            return res;
963
        }
964
969
        inline Vector2D operator*(const Vector2D& v, const Matrix2x2& m)
970
971
            Vector2D res;
972
973
            res.x = v.x * m(0, 0) + v.y * m(1, 0);
974
975
            res.y = v.x * m(0, 1) + v.y * m(1, 1);
976
977
            return res;
978
        }
979
982
        inline void SetToIdentity (Matrix2x2& m)
```

```
983
984
              //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f \,
985
              //1st row
986
             m(0, 0) = 1.0f;

m(0, 1) = 0.0f;
987
988
989
990
              //2nd row
             m(1, 0) = 0.0f;

m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
991
992
         }
993
994
997
         inline bool Identity(const Matrix2x2& m)
998
         {
999
              //{
m Is} the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
       0.0f
1000
1001
               for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1002
1003
                    for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1004
1005
                         if (i == j)
1006
1007
                              if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
1008
                                  return false;
1009
1010
1011
                         else
1012
                         {
                             if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
1013
1014
                                  return false:
1015
1016
1017
1018
          }
1019
1020
1023
          inline Matrix2x2 Transpose (const Matrix2x2& m)
1024
1025
               //make the rows into cols
1026
               Matrix2x2 res;
1027
1028
1029
               //1st col = 1st row
               res(0, 0) = m(0, 0);

res(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
1030
1031
1032
               //2nd col = 2nd row
res(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
res(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
1033
1034
1035
1036
1037
               return res;
1038
1039
1042
          inline Matrix2x2 Scale(float x, float y)
1043
1044
               //x 0
1045
               //0 y
1046
               Matrix2x2 scale;
1047
               scale(0, 0) = x;
scale(1, 1) = y;
1048
1049
1050
1051
               return scale;
1052
1053
1056
          inline Matrix2x2 Scale(const Vector2D& scaleVector)
1057
1058
               //x 0
1059
               //0 y
1060
               Matrix2x2 scale;
1061
               scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.x;
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.y;
1062
1063
1064
1065
               return scale;
1066
1067
1070
          inline Matrix2x2 Rotate(float angle)
1071
1072
               //c
1073
               //-s
                        C
1074
               //c = \cos(angle)
1075
               //s = \sin(angle)
1076
               float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
1077
1078
```

```
1079
1080
             Matrix2x2 result;
1081
1082
              //1st row
             result(0, 0) = c;
result(0, 1) = s;
1083
1084
1085
1086
1087
              result(1, 0) = -s;
1088
              result(1, 1) = c;
1089
1090
             return result:
1091
1092
1095
         inline double Determinant(const Matrix2x2& m)
1096
              return (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 1) - (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 0);
1097
1098
         }
1099
1102
         inline double Cofactor(const Matrix2x2& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1103
              //\text{cij} = ((-1)^i + j) * \text{det of minor}(i, j);
1104
             double minor{ 0.0 };
1105
1106
1107
             if (row == 0 && col == 0)
1108
                 minor = m(1, 1);
1109
              else if (row == 0 && col == 1)
1110
                 minor = m(1, 0);
1111
              else if (row == 1 && col == 0)
             minor = m(0, 1);
else if (row == 1 && col == 1)
1112
1113
1114
                 minor = m(0, 0);
1115
1116
              return pow(-1, row + col) * minor;
1117
         }
1118
         inline Matrix2x2 Adjoint (const Matrix2x2& m)
1121
1122
1123
              //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
1124
              //Adjoint is the tranposed matrix of cA.
1125
             Matrix2x2 cofactorMatrix;
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1126
1127
1128
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1129
1130
                      cofactorMatrix(i, j) = static_cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, j));
1131
1132
1133
1134
             return Transpose (cofactorMatrix);
1135
         }
1136
1141
         inline Matrix2x2 Inverse(const Matrix2x2& m)
1142
              //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
1143
              double det = Determinant(m);
1144
1145
              if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
1146
                  return Matrix2x2();
1147
1148
              return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
1149
        }
1150
1151
1152 #if defined(_DEBUG)
1153
         inline void print (const Matrix2x2& m)
1154
              for (int i = 0; i < 2; ++i)
1155
1156
1157
                  for (int j = 0; j < 2; ++j)
1158
1159
                      std::cout « m(i, j) « " ";
1160
1161
                  std::cout « std::endl;
1162
1163
1164
1165 #endif
1166
1167
1168
1169
1170
1171
1172
1173
```

```
1181
         class Matrix3x3
1182
         public:
1183
1184
1187
             Matrix3x3();
1188
1193
             Matrix3x3(float a[][3]);
1194
1197
             Matrix3x3(const Vector3D& r1, const Vector3D& r2, const Vector3D& r3);
1198
             Matrix3x3(const Matrix2x2& m):
1204
1205
1208
             Matrix3x3(const Matrix4x4& m);
1209
1212
              float* Data();
1213
              const float* Data() const;
1216
1217
1222
              const float& operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
1223
1228
              float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
1229
             Vector3D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
1234
1235
1240
              Vector3D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
1241
1246
              void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector3D v);
1247
1252
              void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector3D v);
1253
1259
             Matrix3x3& operator=(const Matrix2x2& m);
1260
1263
             Matrix3x3& operator=(const Matrix4x4& m);
1264
1267
             Matrix3x3& operator+=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1268
1271
             Matrix3x3& operator = (const Matrix3x3& m);
1272
1275
             Matrix3x3& operator*=(float k);
1276
1279
             Matrix3x3& operator*=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1280
1281
         private:
1282
1283
              float mMat[3][3];
1284
1285
1286
1287
         inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3()
1288
1289
              //1st row
1290
              mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
1291
             mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
             mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
1292
1293
1294
              //2nd
1295
             mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
1296
             mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
1297
             mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
1298
              //3rd row
1299
             mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
1300
1301
             mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
1302
             mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
1303
1304
         inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(float a[][3])
1305
1306
1307
              //1st row
1308
             mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];
             mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];

mMat[0][2] = a[0][2];
1309
1310
1311
              //2nd
1312
             mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
1313
1314
1315
             mMat[1][2] = a[1][2];
1316
1317
              //3rd row
             mMat[2][0] = a[2][0];
1318
             mMat[2][1] = a[2][1];
1319
             mMat[2][2] = a[2][2];
1320
1321
1322
1323
         inline Matrix3x3::Matrix3x3(const Vector3D& r1, const Vector3D& r2, const Vector3D& r3)
1324
1325
             SetRow(0, r1);
```

```
1326
             SetRow(1, r2);
1327
             SetRow(2, r3);
1328
1329
1330
         inline float* Matrix3x3::Data()
1331
1332
             return mMat[0];
1333
1334
1335
         inline const float* Matrix3x3::Data()const
1336 {
1337
             return mMat[0]:
1338
1339
1340
         inline const float& Matrix3x3::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
1341 {
             if (row > 2 || col > 2)
1342
1343
             {
1344
                 return mMat[0][0];
1345
1346
1347
1348
                 return mMat[row][col];
1349
1350
         }
1351
1352
         inline float& Matrix3x3::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1353
1354
             if (row > 2 || col > 2)
1355
1356
                 return mMat[0][0];
1357
1358
1359
1360
                 return mMat[row][col];
1361
1362
         }
1363
1364
         inline Vector3D Matrix3x3::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
1365 {
1366
             if (row < 0 || row > 2)
                 return Vector3D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1], mMat[0][2] };
1367
             else
1368
1369
                 return Vector3D{ mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1], mMat[row][2] };
1370
1371
1372
1373
         inline Vector3D Matrix3x3::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
1374 {
1375
             if (col < 0 || col > 2)
1376
                 return Vector3D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0], mMat[2][0] };
1377
1378
                 return Vector3D{ mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col], mMat[2][col] };
1379
        }
1380
1381
         inline void Matrix3x3::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector3D v)
1382
1383
             if (row > 2)
1384
1385
                 mMat[0][0] = v.x;
                 mMat[0][1] = v.y;
1386
                 mMat[0][2] = v.z;
1387
1388
1389
             else
1390
1391
                 mMat[row][0] = v.x;
                 mMat[row][1] = v.y;
1392
                 mMat[row][2] = v.z;
1393
1394
1395
        }
1396
1397
         inline void Matrix3x3::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector3D v)
1398
1399
             if (col > 2)
1400
             {
1401
                 mMat[0][0] = v.x;
1402
                 mMat[1][0] = v.y;
1403
                 mMat[2][0] = v.z;
1404
1405
             else
1406
1407
                 mMat[0][col] = v.x;
1408
                 mMat[1][col] = v.y;
1409
                 mMat[2][col] = v.z;
1410
1411
         }
1412
```

```
1413
         inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator+=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1414
1415
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1416
1417
                  for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1418
                       this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
1419
1420
1421
1422
1423
              return *this;
1424
         }
1425
1426
         inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator-=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1427
1428
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1429
                  for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1430
1431
1432
                       this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
1433
1434
1435
              return *this:
1436
1437
1438
1439
          inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator*=(float k)
1440
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1441
1442
1443
                  for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1444
1445
                       this->mMat[i][j] \star= k;
1446
1447
1448
1449
              return *this;
1450
1451
1452
         inline Matrix3x3& Matrix3x3::operator*=(const Matrix3x3& m)
1453
              Matrix3x3 result:
1454
1455
1456
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1457
1458
                  result.mMat[i][0] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]) +
1459
1460
1461
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][0]);
1462
1463
                  result.mMat[i][1] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) + (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]) +
1464
1465
1466
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][1]);
1467
1468
                  result.mMat[i][2] =
1469
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][2]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][2]) +
1470
1471
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][2]);
1472
              }
1473
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1474
1475
1476
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1477
1478
                       mMat[i][j] = result.mMat[i][j];
1479
1480
              }
1481
1482
              return *this;
1483
1484
1487
         inline Matrix3x3 operator+(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
1488
              Matrix3x3 result;
1489
1490
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1491
1492
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1493
                       result(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
1494
1495
1496
1497
1498
              return result;
1499
         }
1500
1503
         inline Matrix3x3 operator-(const Matrix3x3& m)
```

```
1504
          {
1505
               Matrix3x3 result;
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1506
1507
1508
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1509
1510
                        result(i, j) = -m(i, j);
1511
1512
1513
1514
               return result:
1515
         }
1516
1519
          inline Matrix3x3 operator-(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
1520
1521
               Matrix3x3 result;
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1522
1523
1524
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1525
1526
                        result(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
1527
1528
               }
1529
1530
              return result;
1531
         }
1532
1535
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const Matrix3x3& m, const float& k)
1536
1537
              Matrix3x3 result:
1538
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1539
1540
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1541
1542
                        result(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
1543
1544
               }
1545
1546
              return result;
1547
1548
1551
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const float& k, const Matrix3x3& m)
1552
1553
              Matrix3x3 result;
1554
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1555
1556
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1557
                        result(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
1558
1559
1560
               }
1561
1562
               return result;
1563
         }
1564
1569
          inline Matrix3x3 operator*(const Matrix3x3& m1, const Matrix3x3& m2)
1570
1571
              Matrix3x3 result;
1572
1573
               for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
1574
1575
                   result(i, 0) =
                        (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) +
1576
                        (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0)) + (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 0));
1577
1578
1579
1580
                   result(i, 1) =
                        (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1)) + (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 1));
1581
1582
1583
1584
1585
                   result(i, 2) =
                        (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) +

(m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2)) +

(m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 2));
1586
1587
1588
1589
1590
                   result(i, 3) =
                        (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) + (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3)) +
1591
1592
                        (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 3));
1593
1594
1595
1596
              return result;
1597
1598
1603
          inline Vector3D operator*(const Matrix3x3& m, const Vector3D& v)
1604
```

```
Vector3D result;
1605
1606
               result.x = m(0, 0) * v.x + m(0, 1) * v.y + m(0, 2) * v.z;
1607
1608
               result.y = m(1, 0) * v.x + m(1, 1) * v.y + m(1, 2) * v.z;
1609
1610
               result.z = m(2, 0) * v.x + m(2, 1) * v.y + m(2, 2) * v.z;
1611
1612
1613
               return result;
1614
1615
1620
          inline Vector3D operator*(const Vector3D& v, const Matrix3x3& m)
1621
1622
               Vector3D result;
1623
1624
               result.x = v.x * m(0, 0) + v.y * m(1, 0) + v.z * m(2, 0);
1625
               result.y = v.x * m(0, 1) + v.y * m(1, 1) + v.z * m(2, 1);
1626
1627
1628
               result.z = v.x * m(0, 2) + v.y * m(1, 2) + v.z * m(2, 2);
1629
1630
               return result;
1631
          }
1632
1635
          inline void SetToIdentity(Matrix3x3& m)
1636
1637
               //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f
1638
               //1st row
1639
              m(0, 0) = 1.0f;

m(0, 1) = 0.0f;

m(0, 2) = 0.0f;
1640
1641
1642
1643
1644
               //2nd row
              m(1, 0) = 0.0f;

m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
1645
1646
              m(1, 2) = 0.0f;
1647
1648
1649
               //3rd row
              m(2, 0) = 0.0f;

m(2, 1) = 0.0f;

m(2, 2) = 1.0f;
1650
1651
1652
1653
1654
1657
          inline bool Identity(const Matrix3x3& m)
1658
1659
               //Is the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
       0.0f
1660
1661
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1662
1663
                    for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1664
1665
                        if (i == j)
1666
                            if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
1667
1668
                                 return false;
1669
1670
                        }
1671
                        else
1672
                             if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
1673
1674
                                 return false;
1675
1676
1677
                   }
1678
1679
          }
1680
          inline Matrix3x3 Transpose(const Matrix3x3& m)
1683
1684
1685
               //make the rows into cols
1686
              Matrix3x3 result:
1687
1688
1689
               //1st col = 1st row
1690
               result(0, 0) = m(0, 0);
               result(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
result(2, 0) = m(0, 2);
1691
1692
1693
               //2nd col = 2nd row
1694
               result(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
result(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
result(2, 1) = m(1, 2);
1695
1696
1697
1698
               //3rd col = 3rd row result(0, 2) = m(2, 0);
1699
1700
```

```
result(1, 2) = m(2, 1);
1702
                 result (2, 2) = m(2, 2);
1703
1704
                 return result;
1705
1706
1709
           inline Matrix3x3 Scale(float x, float y, float z)
1710
1711
                  //x 0 0
                 //0 y 0
//0 0 z
1712
1713
1714
1715
                 Matrix3x3 scale;
1716
                 scale(0, 0) = x;
1717
                 scale(1, 1) = y;
1718
                 scale(2, 2) = z;
1719
1720
                 return scale;
1721
1722
1725
           inline Matrix3x3 Scale(const Vector3D& scaleVector)
1726
                 //x 0 0
1727
                 //0 y 0
//0 0 z
1728
1729
1730
1731
                 Matrix3x3 scale;
                 scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.x;
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.y;
scale(2, 2) = scaleVector.z;
1732
1733
1734
1735
1736
                 return scale;
1737
1738
1741
           inline Matrix3x3 Rotate(float angle, float x, float y, float z)
1742
1743
                                          (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy

c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx

(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2
1744
                 //c + (1 - c)x^2
                 //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
1745
1746
1747
                 //c = \cos(angle)
                 //s = \sin(angle)
1748
1749
1750
                 Vector3D axis{ x, y, z };
1751
                 axis = Normalize(axis);
1752
                 x = axis.x;
1753
                 y = axis.y;
                 z = axis.z;
1754
1755
1756
                 float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
                 float s = \sin(\text{angle} * PI / 180.0f);
1757
1758
                 float oneMinusC = 1.0f - c;
1759
1760
                 Matrix3x3 result;
1761
1762
                 //1st row
1763
                 result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
                 result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
1764
1765
1766
1767
                 //2nd row
                 result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
1768
1769
1770
1771
1772
                  //3rd row
                 result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
1773
1774
1775
                 result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
1776
1777
1778
1779
1782
           inline Matrix3x3 Rotate(float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
1783
1784
                                           (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy

c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx

(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2
1785
                 //c + (1 - c)x^2
                 //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
1786
1787
                 //c = cos(angle)
//s = sin(angle)
1788
1789
1791
                 Vector3D nAxis(Normalize(axis));
                 float x = nAxis.x;
float y = nAxis.y;
float z = nAxis.z;
1792
1793
1794
1795
```

```
float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
1797
1798
              float oneMinusC = 1.0f - c;
1799
              Matrix3x3 result;
1800
1801
1802
              //1st row
1803
               result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
              result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
1804
1805
1806
1807
              //2nd row
              result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC \star (x \star y)) - (s \star z);
1808
              result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
1809
1810
               result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC \star (y \star z)) + (s \star x);
1811
              //3rd row
1812
              result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
1813
1814
              result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
1815
1816
1817
              return result;
1818
         }
1819
1822
          inline double Determinant (const Matrix3x3& m)
1823
1824
               //m00m11m22 - m00m12m21
1825
              double c1 = (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2) - (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 1);
1826
1827
              //m01m12m20 - m01m10m22
1828
              double c2 = (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 0) - (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 2);
1829
1830
               //m02m10m21 - m02m11m20
1831
              double c3 = (double) m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1) - (double) m(0, 2) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 0);
1832
              return c1 + c2 + c3;
1833
1834
         }
1835
1838
          inline double Cofactor(const Matrix3x3& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
1839
1840
               //\text{cij} = ((-1)^i + j) * \text{det of minor}(i, j);
              Matrix2x2 minor;
1841
              int r{ 0 };
1842
1843
              int c{ 0 };
1844
              //minor(i, j)
1845
1846
               for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1847
               {
                   if (i == row)
1848
1849
                       continue;
1850
1851
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1852
1853
                        if (j == col)
1854
                            continue;
1855
1856
                       minor(r, c) = m(i, j);
1857
                       ++c;
1858
1859
                   c = 0;
1860
1861
                   ++r;
1862
1863
1864
              return pow(-1, row + col) * Determinant(minor);
1865
         }
1866
1869
          inline Matrix3x3 Adjoint (const Matrix3x3& m)
1870
1871
               //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
1872
               //Adjoint is the tranposed matrix of cA.
1873
              Matrix3x3 cofactorMatrix;
1874
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1875
1876
                   for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1877
1878
                       cofactorMatrix(i, j) = static_cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, j));
1879
1880
              }
1881
1882
              return Transpose(cofactorMatrix);
1883
1884
1889
          inline Matrix3x3 Inverse (const Matrix3x3& m)
1890
               //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
1891
1892
              double det = Determinant(m);
```

```
if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
1894
                 return Matrix3x3();
1895
             return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
1896
1897
1898
1899
1900
     #if defined(_DEBUG)
1901
         inline void print(const Matrix3x3& m)
1902
1903
              for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1904
1905
                  for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
1906
1907
                      std::cout « m(i, j) « "\t";
1908
1909
1910
                 std::cout « std::endl;
1911
1912
1913 #endif
1914
1915
1916
1917
1918
1919
1927
         class Matrix4x4
1928
1929
         public:
1930
1933
             Matrix4x4();
1934
             Matrix4x4(float a[][4]);
1939
1940
1943
             Matrix4x4(const Vector4D& r1, const Vector4D& r2, const Vector4D& r3, const Vector4D& r4);
1944
1951
             Matrix4x4(const Matrix2x2& m);
1952
1958
             Matrix4x4 (const Matrix3x3& m);
1959
1966
             Matrix4x4& operator=(const Matrix2x2& m);
1967
1973
             Matrix4x4& operator=(const Matrix3x3& m);
1974
1977
             float* Data();
1978
1981
             const float* Data() const;
1982
1987
             const float& operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const;
1988
1993
             float& operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col);
1994
1999
             Vector4D GetRow(unsigned int row) const;
2000
2005
             Vector4D GetCol(unsigned int col) const;
2006
2011
             void SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector4D v);
2012
2017
             void SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector4D v);
2018
2021
             Matrix4x4& operator+=(const Matrix4x4& m);
2022
2025
             Matrix4x4& operator-=(const Matrix4x4& m);
2026
2029
             Matrix4x4& operator *= (float k):
2030
2033
             Matrix4x4& operator*=(const Matrix4x4& m);
2034
2035
         private:
2036
2037
             float mMat[4][4];
2038
         };
2039
2040
2041
         inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4()
2042
              //1st_row
2043
             mMat[0][0] = 1.0f;
2044
2045
             mMat[0][1] = 0.0f;
2046
             mMat[0][2] = 0.0f;
             mMat[0][3] = 0.0f;
2047
2048
             //2nd
2049
             mMat[1][0] = 0.0f;
2050
```

```
mMat[1][1] = 1.0f;
2052
              mMat[1][2] = 0.0f;
              mMat[1][3] = 0.0f;
2053
2054
2055
              //3rd row
2056
              mMat[2][0] = 0.0f;
              mMat[2][1] = 0.0f;
2058
              mMat[2][2] = 1.0f;
2059
              mMat[2][3] = 0.0f;
2060
2061
              //4th row
              mMat[3][0] = 0.0f;
2062
              mMat[3][1] = 0.0f;
mMat[3][2] = 0.0f;
2063
2064
2065
              mMat[3][3] = 1.0f;
2066
2067
2068
2069
2070
          inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(float a[][4])
2071
2072
              //1st row
2073
              mMat[0][0] = a[0][0];
              mMat[0][1] = a[0][1];
mMat[0][2] = a[0][2];
2074
2075
2076
              mMat[0][3] = a[0][3];
2077
2078
              //2nd
              mMat[1][0] = a[1][0];
2079
              mMat[1][1] = a[1][1];
2080
              mMat[1][2] = a[1][2];
2081
2082
              mMat[1][3] = a[1][3];
2083
2084
              //3rd row
2085
              mMat[2][0] = a[2][0];
              mMat[2][1] = a[2][1];
2086
              mMat[2][2] = a[2][2];
2087
              mMat[2][3] = a[2][3];
2088
2089
2090
              //4th row
2091
              mMat[3][0] = a[3][0];
              mMat[3][1] = a[3][1];
mMat[3][2] = a[3][2];
2092
2093
2094
              mMat[3][3] = a[3][3];
2095
2096
2097
         inline Matrix4x4::Matrix4x4(const Vector4D& r1, const Vector4D& r2, const Vector4D& r3, const
      Vector4D& r4)
2098
         {
2099
              SetRow(0, r1);
2100
              SetRow(1, r2);
2101
              SetRow(2, r3);
2102
              SetRow(3, r4);
2103
         }
2104
2105
         inline float* Matrix4x4::Data()
2106
2107
              return mMat[0];
2108
2109
2110
         inline const float* Matrix4x4::Data()const
2111 {
2112
              return mMat[0];
2113
2114
2115
         inline const float& Matrix4x4::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)const
2116 {
2117
              if (row > 3 || col > 3)
2118
              {
2119
                  return mMat[0][0];
2120
2121
              else
2122
              {
2123
                  return mMat[row][col];
2124
2125
         }
2126
2127
         inline float& Matrix4x4::operator()(unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
2128
2129
              if (row > 3 || col > 3)
2130
              {
2131
                  return mMat[0][0];
2132
2133
              else
2134
              {
2135
                  return mMat[row][col];
2136
```

```
2137
2138
2139
         inline Vector4D Matrix4x4::GetRow(unsigned int row)const
2140 {
2141
             if (row < 0 || row > 3)
2142
                 return Vector4D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[0][1], mMat[0][2], mMat[0][3] };
2143
2144
                 return Vector4D{ mMat[row][0], mMat[row][1], mMat[row][2], mMat[row][3] };
2145
2146
2147
         inline Vector4D Matrix4x4::GetCol(unsigned int col)const
2148
2149 {
2150
              if (col < 0 || col > 3)
2151
                 return Vector4D{ mMat[0][0], mMat[1][0], mMat[2][0], mMat[3][0] };
2152
                  return Vector4D{ mMat[0][col], mMat[1][col], mMat[2][col], mMat[3][col] };
2153
2154
         }
2155
2156
         inline void Matrix4x4::SetRow(unsigned int row, Vector4D v)
2157
2158
             if (row > 3)
2159
             {
2160
                 mMat[0][0] = v.x;
2161
                 mMat[0][1] = v.y;
                 mMat[0][2] = v.z;
2162
2163
                  mMat[0][3] = v.w;
2164
2165
             else
2166
2167
                 mMat[row][0] = v.x;
                 mMat[row][1] = v.y;
mMat[row][2] = v.z;
2168
2169
2170
                 mMat[row][3] = v.w;
2171
2172
         }
2173
2174
         inline void Matrix4x4::SetCol(unsigned int col, Vector4D v)
2175
2176
             if (col > 3)
2177
2178
                 mMat[0][0] = v.x;
                 mMat[1][0] = v.y;
2179
2180
                 mMat[2][0] = v.z;
                 mMat[3][0] = v.w;
2181
2182
2183
             else
2184
             {
                 mMat[0][col] = v.x;
2185
                 mMat[1][col] = v.y;
2186
                 mMat[2][col] = v.z;
2187
2188
                 mMat[3][col] = v.w;
2189
2190
        }
2191
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator+=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2192
2193
2194
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2195
2196
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2197
2198
                     this->mMat[i][j] += m.mMat[i][j];
2199
2200
2201
2202
             return *this;
2203
2204
2205
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator-=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2206
2207
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2208
2209
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2210
2211
                     this->mMat[i][j] -= m.mMat[i][j];
2212
2213
2214
2215
             return *this:
2216
         }
2217
2218
         inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator*=(float k)
2219
2220
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2221
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2222
2223
```

```
2224
                       this->mMat[i][j] *= k;
2225
2226
2227
2228
              return *this;
2229
         }
2230
2231
          inline Matrix4x4& Matrix4x4::operator*=(const Matrix4x4& m)
2232
2233
              Matrix4x4 result;
2234
2235
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2236
2237
                   result.mMat[i][0] =
2238
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][0]) +
                       (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][0]) +
(mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][0]) +
2239
2240
2241
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][0]);
2242
2243
                  result.mMat[i][1] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][1]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][1]) +
2244
2245
2246
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][1]) +
2247
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][1]);
2248
2249
                  result.mMat[i][2] =
2250
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][2]) +
2251
                       (mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][2]) +
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][2]) +
2252
2253
                       (mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][2]);
2254
2255
                  result.mMat[i][3] =
                       (mMat[i][0] * m.mMat[0][3]) +
(mMat[i][1] * m.mMat[1][3]) +
2256
2257
                       (mMat[i][2] * m.mMat[2][3]) +
(mMat[i][3] * m.mMat[3][3]);
2258
2259
2260
              }
2261
2262
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2263
2264
                   for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2265
                       mMat[i][j] = result.mMat[i][j];
2266
2267
2268
2269
2270
              return *this;
2271
         }
2272
2275
         inline Matrix4x4 operator+(const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2276
              Matrix4x4 result;
2277
2278
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2279
2280
                   for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2281
2282
                       result(i, j) = m1(i, j) + m2(i, j);
2283
2284
2285
2286
              return result;
2287
         }
2288
2291
          inline Matrix4x4 operator-(const Matrix4x4& m)
2292
2293
              Matrix4x4 result;
2294
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2295
                   for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2296
2297
2298
                       result(i, j) = -m(i, j);
2299
2300
              }
2301
2302
              return result;
2303
2304
2307
          inline Matrix4x4 operator-(const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2308
              Matrix4x4 result;
2309
2310
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2311
2312
                   for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2313
2314
                       result(i, j) = m1(i, j) - m2(i, j);
2315
2316
              }
```

```
2317
2318
             return result;
2319
         }
2320
2323
         inline Matrix4x4 operator* (const Matrix4x4& m, const float& k)
2324
2325
             Matrix4x4 result;
2326
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2327
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2328
2329
2330
                      result(i, j) = m(i, j) * k;
2331
2332
2333
2334
             return result;
2335
         1
2336
2339
         inline Matrix4x4 operator*(const float& k, const Matrix4x4& m)
2340
         -{
             Matrix4x4 result;
2341
2342
             for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2343
                  for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2344
2345
2346
                      result(i, j) = k * m(i, j);
2347
2348
2349
2350
             return result:
2351
         }
2352
2357
         inline Matrix4x4 operator*(const Matrix4x4& m1, const Matrix4x4& m2)
2358
2359
             Matrix4x4 result;
2360
             for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2361
2362
2363
                  result(i, 0) =
2364
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 0)) +
2365
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 0)) +
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 0)) + (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 0));
2366
2367
2368
2369
                 result(i, 1) =
2370
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 1)) +
2371
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 1)) +
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 1)) +
2372
2373
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 1));
2374
2375
                 result(i, 2) =
2376
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 2)) +
2377
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 2)) +
2378
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 2)) +
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 2));
2379
2380
2381
                 result(i, 3) =
2382
                      (m1(i, 0) * m2(0, 3)) +
2383
                      (m1(i, 1) * m2(1, 3)) +
                      (m1(i, 2) * m2(2, 3)) +
2384
                      (m1(i, 3) * m2(3, 3));
2385
2386
2387
2388
             return result;
2389
2390
2395
         inline Vector4D operator*(const Matrix4x4& m, const Vector4D& v)
2396
2397
             Vector4D result:
2398
2399
             result.x = m(0, 0) * v.x + m(0, 1) * v.y + m(0, 2) * v.z + m(0, 3) * v.w;
2400
2401
             result.y = m(1, 0) * v.x + m(1, 1) * v.y + m(1, 2) * v.z + m(1, 3) * v.w;
2402
2403
             result.z = m(2, 0) * v.x + m(2, 1) * v.y + m(2, 2) * v.z + m(2, 3) * v.w;
2404
2405
             result.w = m(3, 0) * v.x + m(3, 1) * v.y + m(3, 2) * v.z + m(3, 3) * v.w;
2406
2407
             return result:
2408
         }
2409
2414
         inline Vector4D operator*(const Vector4D& v, const Matrix4x4& m)
2415
2416
             Vector4D result;
2417
             result.x = v.x * m(0, 0) + v.y * m(1, 0) + v.z * m(2, 0) + v.w * m(3, 0);
2418
2419
```

```
2420
               result.y = v.x * m(0, 1) + v.y * m(1, 1) + v.z * m(2, 1) + v.w * m(3, 1);
2421
               result.z = v.x * m(0, 2) + v.y * m(1, 2) + v.z * m(2, 2) + v.w * m(3, 2);
2422
2423
               result.w = v.x * m(0, 3) + v.y * m(1, 3) + v.z * m(2, 3) + v.w * m(3, 3);
2424
2425
2426
               return result;
2427
2428
2431
          inline void SetToIdentity (Matrix4x4& m)
2432
2433
               //set to identity matrix by setting the diagonals to 1.0f and all other elements to 0.0f
2434
2435
               //1st row
              m(0, 0) = 1.0f;

m(0, 1) = 0.0f;

m(0, 2) = 0.0f;
2436
2437
2438
               m(0, 3) = 0.0f;
2439
2440
2441
               //2nd row
              m(1, 0) = 0.0f;
2442
               m(1, 1) = 1.0f;
2443
               m(1, 2) = 0.0f;
2444
              m(1, 3) = 0.0f;
2445
2446
2447
               //3rd row
2448
               m(2, 0) = 0.0f;
2449
               m(2, 1) = 0.0f;
2450
               m(2, 2) = 1.0f;
              m(2, 3) = 0.0f;
2451
2452
2453
               //4th row
               m(3, 0) = 0.0f;

m(3, 1) = 0.0f;
2454
2455
              m(3, 2) = 0.0f;

m(3, 3) = 1.0f;
2456
2457
2458
          }
2459
2462
          inline bool Identity (const Matrix4x4& m)
2463
2464
               //Is the identity matrix if the diagonals are equal to 1.0f and all other elements equals to
       0.0f
2465
2466
               for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2467
2468
                    for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2469
                        if (i == j)
2470
2471
2472
                             if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 1.0f, EPSILON))
2473
                                 return false;
2474
2475
                        }
2476
                        else
2477
2478
                             if (!CompareFloats(m(i, j), 0.0f, EPSILON))
2479
                                 return false;
2480
2481
2482
                   }
2483
2484
          }
2485
2488
          inline Matrix4x4 Transpose(const Matrix4x4& m)
2489
2490
               //{\rm make} the rows into cols
2491
2492
              Matrix4x4 result:
2493
2494
               //1st col = 1st row
2495
               result(0, 0) = m(0, 0);
               result(1, 0) = m(0, 1);
2496
               result(2, 0) = m(0, 2);
result(3, 0) = m(0, 3);
2497
2498
2499
2500
               //2nd col = 2nd row
2501
               result(0, 1) = m(1, 0);
               result(1, 1) = m(1, 1);
result(2, 1) = m(1, 2);
result(3, 1) = m(1, 3);
2502
2503
2504
2505
2506
               //3rd col = 3rd row
2507
               result(0, 2) = m(2, 0);
2508
               result(1, 2) = m(2, 1);
               result(2, 2) = m(2, 2);
result(3, 2) = m(2, 3);
2509
2510
2511
```

```
//4th col = 4th row
                result(0, 3) = m(3, 0);
result(1, 3) = m(3, 1);
2513
2514
                result(2, 3) = m(3, 2);
result(3, 3) = m(3, 3);
2515
2516
2517
2518
                return result;
2519
2520
2523
          inline Matrix4x4 Translate(float x, float y, float z)
2524
                //1 0 0 0
2525
                //0 1 0 0
2526
2527
                //0 0 1 0
2528
                //x y z 1
2529
                Matrix4x4 translate;
2530
                translate(3, 0) = x;
translate(3, 1) = y;
2531
2532
2533
                translate(3, 2) = z;
2534
2535
                return translate;
2536
         }
2537
2540
           inline Matrix4x4 Translate(const Vector3D& translateVector)
2541
                //1 0 0 0
2542
2543
                //0 1 0 0
                //0 0 1 0
2544
2545
                //x y z 1
2546
2547
                Matrix4x4 translate;
                translate(3, 0) = translateVector.x;
translate(3, 1) = translateVector.y;
2548
2549
                translate(3, 2) = translateVector.z;
2550
2551
2552
                return translate;
2553
2554
2557
           inline Matrix4x4 Scale4x4(float x, float y, float z)
2558
                //x 0 0 0
2559
                //0 y 0 0
//0 0 z 0
2560
2561
2562
                //0 0 0 1
2563
2564
                Matrix4x4 scale:
                scale(0, 0) = x;
scale(1, 1) = y;
scale(2, 2) = z;
2565
2566
2567
2568
2569
2570
2571
2574
          inline Matrix4x4 Scale4x4(const Vector3D& scaleVector)
2575
2576
                //x 0 0 0
2577
                //0 y 0 0
2578
                //0 0 z 0
2579
                //0 0 0 1
2580
                Matrix4x4 scale;
2581
                scale(0, 0) = scaleVector.x;
scale(1, 1) = scaleVector.y;
scale(2, 2) = scaleVector.z;
2582
2583
2584
2585
2586
                return scale;
2587
          }
2588
2591
           inline Matrix4x4 Rotate4x4(float angle, float x, float y, float z)
2592
                                        (1 - c)xy + sz (1 - c)xz - sy 0
c + (1 - c)y^2 (1 - c)yz + sx 0
(1 - c)yz - sx c + (1 - c)z^2 0
2593
                //c + (1 - c)x^2
                //(1 - c)xy - sz
//(1 - c)xz + sy
2594
2595
                //0
2596
2597
                //c = cos(angle)
2598
                //s = \sin(angle)
2599
                Vector3D axis{ x, y, z };
2600
2601
2602
                axis = Normalize(axis);
2603
2604
                x = axis.x;
2605
                y = axis.y;
2606
                z = axis.z;
2607
2608
                float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
```

```
2609
                 float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
                 float oneMinusC = 1 - c;
2610
2611
2612
                Matrix4x4 result;
2613
                 //1st row
2614
                 result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
2615
                 result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
2616
2617
2618
2619
                 //2nd row
                 result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
2620
2621
2622
2623
2624
                 //3rd row
                 result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);

result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);

result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
2625
2626
2627
2628
2629
2630
2631
           inline Matrix4x4 Rotate4x4 (float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
2634
2635
                                          2636
                 //c + (1 - c)x^2
2637
                 //(1 - c)xy - sz
                 //(1 - c)xz + sy
2638
2639
                 //0
2640
                 //c = \cos(angle)
2641
                 //s = \sin(angle)
2642
2643
                 Vector3D nAxis(Normalize(axis));
2644
                 float x = nAxis.x;
float y = nAxis.y;
2645
2646
                 float z = nAxis.z;
2647
2648
2649
                 float c = cos(angle * PI / 180.0f);
                 float s = sin(angle * PI / 180.0f);
float oneMinusC = 1 - c;
2650
2651
2652
2653
                Matrix4x4 result:
2654
2655
                 //1st row
2656
                 result(0, 0) = c + (oneMinusC * (x * x));
                 result(0, 1) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) + (s * z);
result(0, 2) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) - (s * y);
2657
2658
2659
                 //2nd row
2660
2661
                 result(1, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * y)) - (s * z);
2662
                 result(1, 1) = c + (oneMinusC * (y * y));
                 result(1, 2) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) + (s * x);
2663
2664
                 //3rd row
2665
                 result(2, 0) = (oneMinusC * (x * z)) + (s * y);
result(2, 1) = (oneMinusC * (y * z)) - (s * x);
2666
2667
                 result(2, 2) = c + (oneMinusC * (z * z));
2668
2669
2670
                 return result:
2671
           1
2672
2675
           inline double Determinant (const Matrix4x4& m)
2676
           {
2677
                 //m00m11 (m22m33 - m23m32)
2678
                  \text{double c1 = (double)} \ \text{m(0, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 2)} \ \star \ \text{m(3, 3)} \ - \ \text{(double)} \ \text{m(0, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 3)} 
        * m(3, 2);
2679
2680
                 //m00m12(m23m31 - m21m33)
2681
                  \text{double c2 = (double)} \, \text{m(0, 0)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 2)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 3)} \, \star \, \text{m(3, 1)} \, - \, (\text{double)} \, \text{m(0, 0)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 2)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 1)} 
        * m(3, 3);
2682
2683
                 //m00m13 (m21m32 - m22m31)
                 double c3 = (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 3) * m(2, 1) * m(3, 2) - (double) m(0, 0) * m(1, 3) * m(2, 2)
2684
       * m(3, 1);
2685
                 //m01m10 (m22m33 - m23m32)
2686
2687
                  \text{double c4 = (double)} \ \text{m(0, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 2)} \ \star \ \text{m(3, 3)} \ - \ \text{(double)} \ \text{m(0, 1)} \ \star \ \text{m(1, 0)} \ \star \ \text{m(2, 3)} 
        * m(3, 2);
2688
                 //m01m12(m23m30 - m20m33)
2689
2690
                double c5 = (double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 3) * m(3, 0) - <math>(double) m(0, 1) * m(1, 2) * m(2, 0)
2691
2692
                 //m01m13 (m20m32 - m22m30)
                 2693
        * m(3, 0);
```

```
2694
             //m02m10(m21m33 - m23m31)
2695
             double c7 = (double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 1) * m(3, 3) - <math>(double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 0) * m(2, 3)
2696
      * m(3, 1);
2697
             //m02m11 (m23m30 - m20m33)
2698
             double c8 = (double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 3) * m(3, 0) - <math>(double)m(0, 2) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 0)
2699
      * m(3, 3);
2700
2701
             //m02m13 (m20m31 - m21m30)
             2702
      * m(3, 0);
2703
2704
             //m03m10 (m21m32 - m22m21)
2705
              \text{double c10 = (double)} \, \text{m(0, 3)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 0)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 1)} \, \star \, \text{m(3, 2)} \, - \, (\text{double)} \, \text{m(0, 3)} \, \star \, \text{m(1, 0)} \, \star \, \text{m(2, 1)} 
      2) * m(3, 1);
2706
             //m03m11 (m22m30 - m20m32)
2707
2708
             double c11 = (double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2) * m(3, 0) - <math>(double) m(0, 3) * m(1, 1) * m(2, 2)
      0) * m(3, 2);
2709
2710
             //m03m12 (m20m31 - m21m30)
2711
             1) * m(3, 0);
2712
2713
             return (c1 + c2 + c3) - (c4 + c5 + c6) + (c7 + c8 + c9) - (c10 + c11 + c12);
2714
2715
2718
         inline double Cofactor(const Matrix4x4& m, unsigned int row, unsigned int col)
2719
             //\text{cij} = (-1)^i + j * \text{det of minor(i, j);}
2720
2721
             Matrix3x3 minor;
2722
             int r{ 0 };
2723
             int c{ 0 };
2724
             //minor(i, j)
2725
2726
             for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2727
2728
                 if (i == row)
2729
                     continue;
2730
2731
                 for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2732
2733
                     if (j == col)
2734
                         continue;
2735
2736
                     minor(r, c) = m(i, j);
2737
                     ++c;
2738
2739
2740
                 c = 0;
2741
2742
2743
2744
2745
             return pow(-1, row + col) * Determinant(minor);
2746
2747
2750
         inline Matrix4x4 Adjoint(const Matrix4x4& m)
2751
2752
             //Cofactor of each ijth position put into matrix cA.
             //Adjoint is the tranposed matrix of cA.
2753
2754
             Matrix4x4 cofactorMatrix;
2755
             for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2756
2757
                 for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2758
2759
                     cofactorMatrix(i, i) = static cast<float>(Cofactor(m, i, i));
2760
2761
2762
2763
             return Transpose(cofactorMatrix);
2764
         }
2765
2770
         inline Matrix4x4 Inverse (const Matrix4x4& m)
2771
2772
             //Inverse of m = adjoint of m / det of m
2773
             double det = Determinant(m);
2774
             if (CompareDoubles(det, 0.0, EPSILON))
2775
                 return Matrix4x4():
2776
2777
             return Adjoint(m) * (1.0f / static_cast<float>(det));
2778
2779
2780
2781 #if defined( DEBUG)
2782
         inline void print(const Matrix4x4& m)
```

```
2783
         {
2784
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
2785
2786
                 for (int j = 0; j < 4; ++j)
2787
2788
                      std::cout « m(i, j) « " ";
2789
2790
2791
                 std::cout « std::endl;
2792
2793
2794 #endif
2795
2796
2797
2798
2799
2800
2801 //QUATERNION
2802
2808
         struct Ouaternion
2809
2810
             float scalar = 1.0f;
             Vector3D vector;
2811
2812
2813
2816
         inline void operator+=(Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2817
2818
             gl.scalar += g2.scalar;
2819
             q1.vector += q2.vector;
2820
2821
2826
         inline void operator-=(Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2827
2828
             q1.scalar -= q2.scalar;
             q1.vector -= q2.vector;
2829
2830
2831
2834
         inline void operator \star = (Quaternion \& q1, float k)
2835
2836
             ql.scalar *= k:
2837
             q1.vector *= k;
2838
2839
2842
         inline void operator *= (Quaternion & q1, const Quaternion & q2)
2843
              //q1q2 = [w1, v1][w2, v2] = [w1w2 - v1 dot v2, w1v2 + w2v1 + v1 x v2]
2844
             //w is the scalar component and v is the vector component
2845
2846
2847
             q1.scalar = q1.scalar * q2.scalar - DotProduct(q1.vector, q2.vector);
             q1.vector = q1.scalar * q2.vector + q2.scalar * q1.vector + CrossProduct(q1.vector, q2.vector);
2848
2849
         }
2850
2853
         inline Quaternion operator+(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2854
2855
             return Quaternion{ q1.scalar + q2.scalar, q1.vector + q2.vector };
2856
2857
2862
         inline Quaternion operator-(const Quaternion& gl, const Quaternion& g2)
2863
2864
             return Quaternion{ q1.scalar - q2.scalar, q1.vector - q2.vector };
2865
2866
2869
         inline Quaternion operator-(const Quaternion& q)
2870
2871
             return Quaternion{ -q.scalar, -q.vector};
2872
2873
2876
         inline Quaternion operator \star (const Quaternion \& q, float k)
2877
2878
             return Quaternion{ q.scalar * k, q.vector * k };
2879
2880
2883
         inline Quaternion operator*(float k, const Quaternion& q)
2884
         {
2885
             return Quaternion{ k * q.scalar, k * q.vector };
2886
2887
2890
         inline Quaternion operator*(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2891
2892
              //q1q2 = [w1, v1][w2, v2] = [w1w2 - v1 dot v2, w1v2 + w2v1 + v1 x v2]
2893
              //w is the scalar component and v is the vector component
2894
             float scalarResult{ 0.0f };
2895
2896
             Vector3D vectorResult:
```

```
2897
2898
              scalarResult = q1.scalar * q2.scalar - DotProduct(q1.vector, q2.vector);
2899
              vectorResult = q1.scalar * q2.vector + q2.scalar * q1.vector + CrossProduct(q1.vector,
      q2.vector);
2900
2901
              return Ouaternion { scalarResult, vectorResult };
2902
2903
2906
          inline bool operator==(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2907
2908
              return CompareFloats(q1.scalar, q2.scalar, EPSILON) && (q1.vector == q2.vector);
2909
2910
2913
          inline bool operator!=(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2)
2914
2915
              return ! (q1 == q2);
2916
2917
2920
          inline bool ZeroQuaternion(const Quaternion& q)
2921
          {
              //zero quaternion = (0, 0, 0, 0)
2922
2923
              return CompareFloats(q.scalar, 0.0f, EPSILON) && ZeroVector(q.vector);
2924
          }
2925
2928
          inline bool Identity (const Quaternion& q)
2929
2930
              //identity quaternion = (1, 0, 0, 0)
2931
              return CompareFloats(q.scalar, 1.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.vector.x, 0.0f, EPSILON) &&
2932
                  CompareFloats(q.vector.y, 0.0f, EPSILON) && CompareFloats(q.vector.z, 0.0f, EPSILON);
2933
          }
2934
2937
          inline Quaternion Conjugate (const Quaternion& q)
2938
2939
              // {\tt conjugate} \ {\tt of} \ {\tt a} \ {\tt quaternion} \ {\tt is} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt quaternion} \ {\tt with} \ {\tt its} \ {\tt vector} \ {\tt part} \ {\tt negated}
2940
              return Quaternion{ q.scalar, -q.vector };
2941
2942
2945
          inline float Length(const Quaternion& q)
2946
2947
              //length of a quaternion = sqrt(scalar^2 + x^2 + y^2 + z^2)
2948
              return sqrt(q.scalar * q.scalar + q.vector.x * q.vector.x + q.vector.y * q.vector.y +
      q.vector.z * q.vector.z);
2949
2950
2955
          inline Quaternion Normalize(const Quaternion& q)
2956
2957
              //to normalize a quaternion you do q / |q|
2958
2959
              if (ZeroQuaternion(q))
2960
                  return q;
2961
2962
              float inverseMagnitdue{ 1.0f / Length(q) };
2963
2964
              return Quaternion{ q.scalar * inverseMagnitdue, q.vector * inverseMagnitdue };
2965
         }
2966
2971
          inline Quaternion Inverse(const Quaternion& q)
2972
2973
              //inverse = conjugate of q / |q|
2974
2975
              if (ZeroQuaternion(q))
2976
                  return q;
2977
2978
              float inverseMagnitdue{ 1.0f / Length(q) };
2979
2980
              return Quaternion{ Conjugate(q) * inverseMagnitdue };
2981
         }
2982
2987
         inline Ouaternion RotationOuaternion(float angle, float x, float y, float z)
2988
2989
              //A roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
              //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
2990
2991
2992
              //the axis needs to be normalized
2993
2994
              float ang{ angle / 2.0f };
              float c{ cos(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
2995
2996
2997
2998
              Vector3D axis{ x, y, z };
2999
              axis = Normalize(axis);
3000
3001
              return Quaternion{ c, s * axis };
3002
3003
3008
          inline Quaternion RotationQuaternion(float angle, const Vector3D& axis)
3009
```

```
//A roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
                //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
3011
3012
3013
                //the axis needs to be normalized
3014
                float ang{ angle / 2.0f };
float c{ cos(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(ang * PI / 180.0f) };
3015
3016
3017
3018
3019
               Vector3D axisN(Normalize(axis));
3020
3021
               return Ouaternion{ c, s * axisN };
3022
          }
3023
3029
          inline Quaternion RotationQuaternion(const Vector4D& angAxis)
3030
3031
                //{\mbox{A}} roatation quaternion is a quaternion where the
                //scalar part = cos(theta / 2)
//vector part = sin(theta / 2) * axis
3032
3033
3034
                //the axis needs to be normalized
3035
3036
                float angle{ angAxis.x / 2.0f };
               float c{ cos(angle * PI / 180.0f) };
float s{ sin(angle * PI / 180.0f) };
3037
3038
3039
3040
                Vector3D axis{ angAxis.y, angAxis.z, angAxis.w };
3041
                axis = Normalize(axis);
3042
3043
                return Quaternion{ c, s * axis };
3044
          }
3045
3050
          inline Vector3D Rotate(const Quaternion& q, const Vector3D& p)
3051
3052
                //To rotate a point/vector using quaternions you do qpq*, where p = (0, x, y, z) is the
       point/vector in quaternion from, {\bf q} is a rotation quaternion
3053
                //and g* is its conjugate.
3054
3055
               Quaternion point{ 0.0f, p };
3056
3057
                Quaternion result(q * point * Conjugate(q));
3058
                //The rotated vector/point is in the vector component of the quaternion.
3059
3060
               return result.vector;
3061
3062
3067
           inline Vector4D Rotate (const Quaternion& q, const Vector4D& p)
3068
3069
                //To rotate a point/vector using quaternions you do qpq*, where p = (0, x, y, z) is the
       point/vector, q is a rotation quaternion
    //and q* is its conjugate.
3070
3071
3072
                Quaternion point{ 0.0f, p.x, p.y, p.z };
3073
3074
                Quaternion result(q * point * Conjugate(q));
3075
3076
                //The rotated vector/point is in the vector component of the quaternion.
3077
                return Vector4D{ result.vector.x, result.vector.y, result.vector.z, p.w };
3078
3079
3084
          inline Matrix3x3 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3(const Quaternion& q)
3085
                                             2q2q3 - 2q1q4
1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2
                //1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
3086
                                                                     2q2q4 + 2q1q3
                                                                     2q3q4 - 2q1q2
3087
                //2q2q3 + 2q1q4
3088
                //2q2q4 - 2q1q3
                                             2q3q4 + 2q1q2
3089
                //q1 = scalar
3090
                //q2 = x
3091
                //q3 = y
3092
                //q4 = z
3093
3094
               Matrix3x3 colMat;
3095
3096
                \texttt{colMat(0, 0)} = 1.0 \texttt{f - 2.0f} * \texttt{q.vector.y} * \texttt{q.vector.y} - 2.0 \texttt{f} * \texttt{q.vector.z} * \texttt{q.vector.z};
               colMat(0, 0) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.y - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.z;
colMat(0, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.z + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.y;
3097
3098
3099
3100
                colMat(1, 0) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.y + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.z;
3101
                colMat(1, 1) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.x - 2.0f * q.vector.z * q.vector.z;
3102
                colMat(1, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
3103
3104
                colMat(2, 0) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.z - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.y;
               colMat(2, 0) = 2.01 * q.vector.x * q.vector.z = 2.01 * q.scalar * q.vector.y;
colMat(2, 1) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
colMat(2, 2) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.x - 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.y;
3105
3106
3107
3108
                return colMat;
3109
          }
3110
3115
          inline Matrix3x3 OuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3(const Ouaternion& g)
```

```
//1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
                               2q2q3 + 2q1q4
3117
                                                2g2g4 - 2g1g3
           //2q2q3 - 2q1q4
//2q2q4 + 2q1q3
                               1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2
3118
                                                2q3q4 + 2q1q2
                               2q3q4 - 2q1q2
                                                1 - 2g2^2 - 2g3^2
3119
3120
           //q1 = scalar
3121
           //\alpha 2 = x
3122
           //q3 = y
3123
           //q4 = z
3124
3125
          Matrix3x3 rowMat;
3126
          3127
3128
3129
3130
           3131
3132
           rowMat(1, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
3133
3134
          3135
3136
3137
3138
3139
           return rowMat:
3140
       }
3141
3146
       inline Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4(const Quaternion& q)
3147
3148
           //1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
                               2q2q3 - 2q1q4
                                                2q2q4 + 2q1q3
                               1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2 2q3q4 - 2q1q2
           //2q2q3 + 2q1q4
//2q2q4 - 2q1q3
3149
                                                                 0
3150
                               2q3q4 + 2q1q2
                                                1 - 2q2^2 - 2q3^2
                                                                 0
3151
           //0
3152
           //q1 = scalar
3153
           //q2 = x
3154
           //q3 = y
3155
           //q4 = z
3156
          Matrix4x4 colMat;
3157
3158
          3159
3160
3161
3162
          3163
3164
3165
           colMat(1, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
3166
          3167
3168
3169
3170
3171
3172
3173
3178
       inline Matrix4x4 QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4 (const Quaternion& q)
3179
3180
           //1 - 2q3^2 - 2q4^2
                               2q2q3 + 2q1q4
                                                2q2q4 - 2q1q3
           //2q2q3 - 2q1q4
//2q2q4 + 2q1q3
                               1 - 2q2^2 - 2q4^2 2q3q4 + 2q1q2
3181
3182
                               2q3q4 - 2q1q2
                                              1 - 2q2^2 - 2q3^2
                                                                 0
3183
           //0
           //q1 = scalar
3184
           //q2 = x
3185
3186
           //q3 = y
3187
           //q4 = z
3188
3189
          Matrix4x4 rowMat;
3190
           rowMat(0, 0) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.y - 2.0f * q.vector.z * q.vector.z;
3191
           rowMat(0, 1) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.y + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.z;
3192
           rowMat(0, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.z - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.y;
3193
3194
           3195
3196
           rowMat(1, 2) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
3197
3198
3199
           rowMat(2, 0) = 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.z + 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.y;
          rowMat(2, 1) = 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.z - 2.0f * q.scalar * q.vector.x;
rowMat(2, 2) = 1.0f - 2.0f * q.vector.x * q.vector.x - 2.0f * q.vector.y * q.vector.y;
3200
3201
3202
3203
           return rowMat:
3204
3205
3208
       inline float DotProduct (const Quaternion& g1, const Quaternion& g2)
3209
3210
           //q1 \text{ dot } q2 = [w1, v1] \text{ dot } [w2, v2] = w1w2 + v1 \text{ dot } v2
3211
           //w is the scalar component and v is the vector component.
3212
```

```
3213
             return q1.scalar * q2.scalar + DotProduct(q1.vector, q2.vector);
3214
3215
         inline Quaternion Lerp(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2, float t)
3220
3221
3222
              if (t < 0.0f)</pre>
             return q1;
else if (t > 1.0f)
3223
3224
3225
                  return q2;
3226
3227
              //Compute the cosine of the angle between the quaternions
3228
             float cosOmega = DotProduct(q1, q2);
3229
3230
3231
              //If the dot product is negative, negate {\tt q2} to so we take the shorter arc
3232
              if (cosOmega < 0.0f)</pre>
3233
              {
3234
                  newQ2 = -q2;
3235
                  cosOmega = -cosOmega;
3236
3237
              else
3238
              {
3239
                  newQ2 = q2;
3240
3241
3242
              return (1.0f - t) * q1 + t * newQ2;
3243
3244
3249
         inline Quaternion NLerp(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2, float t)
3250
3251
              if (t < 0.0f)
3252
             return q1;
else if (t > 1.0f)
3253
3254
                  return q2;
3255
              //Compute the cosine of the angle between the quaternions
3256
3257
              float cosOmega = DotProduct(q1, q2);
3258
3259
              Quaternion newQ2;
             //If the dot product is negative, negate q2 to so we take the shorter arc if (cosOmega < 0.0f)
3260
3261
32.62
              {
                  newQ2 = -q2;
3263
3264
                  cosOmega = -cosOmega;
3265
3266
              else
3267
32.68
                  newQ2 = q2;
3269
3270
3271
              return Normalize((1.0f - t) * q1 + t * newQ2);
3272
3273
3278
         inline Quaternion Slerp(const Quaternion& q1, const Quaternion& q2, float t)
3279
3280
              //Formula used is
3281
              //k1 = \sin((1 - t)) - \cos(x) + \cos(x) / \sin(\cos(x));
3282
              //k2 = (\sin(tomega) * omega) / \sin(omega)
3283
              //\text{newQ} = k1q1 * k2q2
3284
              //Omega is the angle between the q0 and q1.
3285
3286
             if (t < 0.0f)
              return q1;
else if (t > 1.0f)
3287
3288
3289
                  return q2;
3290
3291
              //Compute the cosine of the angle between the quaternions
3292
              float cosOmega = DotProduct(g1, g2);
3293
3294
              Quaternion newQ2;
3295
              //If the dot product is negative, negate {\tt q2} to so we take the shorter arc
3296
              if (cosOmega < 0.0f)</pre>
3297
              {
                  newQ2 = -q2;
3298
3299
                  cosOmega = -cosOmega;
3300
3301
              else
3302
3303
                  newQ2 = q2;
3304
3305
3306
              float k1{ 0.0f };
3307
              float k2{ 0.0f };
3308
3309
              //Linear interpolate if the quaternions are very close to protect dividing by zero.
3310
              if (cosOmega > 0.9999f)
3311
              {
```

```
k1 = 1.0f - t;
3313
                                                                                k2 = t;
3314
3315
                                                            else
3316
3317
                                                                                 //sin of the angle between the quaternions is
                                                                                //sin(omega) = 1 - \cos^2(\text{omega}) from the trig identity //sin^2(omega) + \cos^2(\text{omega}) = 1.
3318
3319
3320
                                                                               float sinOmega{ sqrt(1.0f - cosOmega * cosOmega) };
3321
                                                                          //retrieve the angle
float omega{ atan2(sinOmega, cosOmega) };
3322
3323
3324
3325
                                                                                //Compute inverse to avoid dividing multiple times
3326
                                                                               float oneOverSinOmega{ 1.0f / sinOmega };
3327
                                                                                k1 = sin((1.0f - t) * omega) * oneOverSinOmega;
3328
                                                                                k2 = sin(t * omega) * oneOverSinOmega;
3329
3330
3331
3332
                                                             return k1 * q1 + k2 * newQ2;
                                    }
3333
3334
3335 #if defined(_DEBUG)
3336
                                        inline void print (const Quaternion& q)
3337
3338
                                                              \texttt{std::cout} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{`"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\, \texttt{``"} \,\,
3339
3340 #endif
3341
3342
3343 }
3344
3345 typedef MathEngine::Vector2D vec2;
3346 typedef MathEngine::Vector3D vec3;
3347 typedef MathEngine::Vector4D vec4;
3348 typedef MathEngine::Matrix2x2 mat2;
3349 typedef MathEngine::Matrix3x3 mat3;
3350 typedef MathEngine::Matrix4x4 mat4;
3351 typedef MathEngine::Quaternion quaternion;
```

Index

Adjoint	mat4
MathEngine, 13	MathEngine.h, 68
	MathEngine, 7
Clamp	Adjoint, 13
MathEngine, 13	Clamp, 13
Cofactor	Cofactor, 13, 14
MathEngine, 13, 14	CompareDoubles, 14
CompareDoubles	CompareFloats, 14
MathEngine, 14	Conjugate, 14
CompareFloats	CrossProduct, 15
MathEngine, 14	Determinant, 15
Conjugate	DotProduct, 15, 16
MathEngine, 14	Identity, 16, 17
CrossProduct	Inverse, 17
MathEngine, 15	Length, 18
	Lerp, 18, 19
Data	NLerp, 19
MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 43	Normalize, 19, 20
MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 48	operator!=, 20, 21
MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 53	operator*, 21–26
Determinant	operator*=, 26, 27
MathEngine, 15	operator+, 27, 28
DotProduct	operator+=, 28, 29
MathEngine, 15, 16	operator-, 29–32
	operator-=, 32
EPSILON	operator==, 33
MathEngine.h, 67	Orthonormalize, 33
0-10-1	QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3, 34
GetCol	QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4, 34
MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 43	QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3, 34
MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 48	QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4, 34
MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 53	Rotate, 34, 35
GetRow Matrix 2012, 40	Rotate4x4, 35, 36
MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 43	RotationQuaternion, 36
MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 48	Scale, 36, 37
MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 53	Scale4x4, 37
Identity	SetToldentity, 37, 38
	Slerp, 38
MathEngine, 16, 17	Translate, 38
Inverse	Transpose, 39
MathEngine, 17	ZeroQuaternion, 39
Length	ZeroVector, 39, 40
MathEngine, 18	MathEngine.h, 61
	EPSILON, 67
Lerp MathEngine, 18, 19	
Mattietigitie, 16, 19	mat2, 68
mat2	mat3, 68
MathEngine.h, 68	mat4, 68
mat3	PI, 67
MathEngine.h, 68	PI2, 67

104 INDEX

quaternion, 68	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 47, 48
vec2, 68	Matrix4x4
vec3, 68	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 52, 53
vec4, 68	
MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 41	NLerp
Data, 43	MathEngine, 19
GetCol, 43	Normalize
GetRow, 43	MathEngine, 19, 20
Matrix2x2, 42, 43	
operator*=, 44	operator!=
operator(), 44	MathEngine, 20, 21
operator+=, 44	operator*
operator-=, 45	MathEngine, 21–26
operator=, 45	operator*=
SetCol, 45	MathEngine, 26, 27
SetRow, 45	MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 44
MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 46	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 49
Data, 48	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 54
GetCol, 48	operator()
GetRow, 48	MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 44
Matrix3x3, 47, 48	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 49
operator*=, 49	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 54
operator(), 49	operator+
operator+=, 49	MathEngine, 27, 28
operator-=, 50	operator+=
operator=, 50	MathEngine, 28, 29
SetCol, 50	MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 44
SetRow, 50	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 49
	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 54
MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 51	operator-
Data, 53	MathEngine, 29–32
GetCol, 53	operator-=
GetRow, 53	MathEngine, 32
Matrix4x4, 52, 53	MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 45
operator*=, 54	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 50
operator(), 54	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 55
operator+=, 54	operator=
operator-=, 55	MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 45
operator=, 55	MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 50
SetCol, 55	MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 55
SetRow, 55	operator==
MathEngine::Quaternion, 56	MathEngine, 33
scalar, 56	Orthonormalize
vector, 56	MathEngine, 33
MathEngine::Vector2D, 57	Wattiengine, 30
x, 57	PI
y, 5 7	MathEngine.h, 67
MathEngine::Vector3D, 58	PI2
x, 58	MathEngine.h, 67
y, 58	Wattiengille.ii, 07
z, 58	quaternion
MathEngine::Vector4D, 59	MathEngine.h, 68
w, 59	QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol3x3
x, 59	MathEngine, 34
y, 59	QuaternionToRotationMatrixCol4x4
z, 59	MathEngine, 34
Matrix2x2	QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow3x3
MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 42, 43	MathEngine, 34
Matrix3x3	QuaternionToRotationMatrixRow4x4
	Saucinon of totallorination toward

INDEX 105

```
MathEngine, 34
Rotate
    MathEngine, 34, 35
Rotate4x4
    MathEngine, 35, 36
RotationQuaternion
    MathEngine, 36
scalar
    MathEngine::Quaternion, 56
Scale
    MathEngine, 36, 37
Scale4x4
    MathEngine, 37
SetCol
    MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 45
    MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 50
    MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 55
SetRow
    MathEngine::Matrix2x2, 45
    MathEngine::Matrix3x3, 50
    MathEngine::Matrix4x4, 55
SetToIdentity
    MathEngine, 37, 38
Slerp
    MathEngine, 38
Translate
    MathEngine, 38
Transpose
    MathEngine, 39
vec2
     MathEngine.h, 68
vec3
    MathEngine.h, 68
vec4
    MathEngine.h, 68
vector
    MathEngine::Quaternion, 56
    MathEngine::Vector4D, 59
Х
    MathEngine::Vector2D, 57
    MathEngine::Vector3D, 58
    MathEngine::Vector4D, 59
У
    MathEngine::Vector2D, 57
    MathEngine::Vector3D, 58
    MathEngine::Vector4D, 59
z
    MathEngine::Vector3D, 58
    MathEngine::Vector4D, 59
ZeroQuaternion
    MathEngine, 39
ZeroVector
    MathEngine, 39, 40
```