

1 Problem 1

Consider the two-dimensional plane with the usual coordinate axes x and y

Solution

For solutions for Problem 1 (a),(b), and (d) see Figure 1

(c)

$$\vec{P} = 2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} \quad (1)$$

$$\vec{Q} = 5\vec{i} + 1\vec{j} \quad (2)$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned} \|\vec{Q} - \vec{P}\| &= \|(5\vec{i} + 1\vec{j}) - (2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j})\| \\ &= \|(5 - 2)\vec{i} + (1 - 3)\vec{j}\| \\ &= \|3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j}\| \\ &= \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-2)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{13} \\ \Rightarrow \|\vec{Q} - \vec{P}\| &= \sqrt{13} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned} |PQ| &= \sqrt{(5 - 2)^2 + (1 - 3)^2} \\ |PQ| &= \sqrt{13} \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

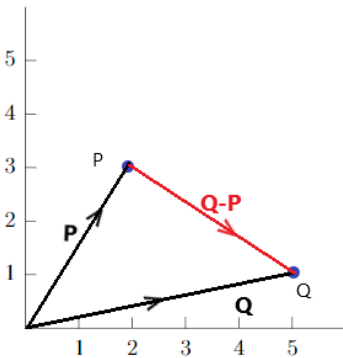


Figure 1: Vectors \vec{P} and \vec{Q}

2 Problem 2

For $v = -2i + 6j$ and $w = 10j - 3i$,

- (a) Calculate $\|v + w\|$
- (b) What are the coordinates of the points in the plan with position vectors v and w ?
- (c) Calculate $v \cdot w$
- (d) Show that $\|v + w\| \leq \|v\| + \|w\|$
- (e) Calculate $\cos \theta$ where θ is the angle between v and w

Solution

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \|v + w\| &= \left\| (-2\vec{i} + 6\vec{j}) + (-3\vec{i} + 10\vec{j}) \right\| \\
 &= \left\| (-2 - 3)\vec{i} + (6 + 10)\vec{j} \right\| \\
 &= \left\| -5\vec{i} + 16\vec{j} \right\| \\
 &= \sqrt{(-5)^2 + (16)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{281} \\
 \|v + w\| &= \sqrt{281}
 \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

(b) $v = (-2, 6)$ (c) $w = (-3, 10)$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$\vec{w} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 10 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v \cdot w &= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 10 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
 v \cdot w &= (-2)(-3) + (6)(10) \\
 v \cdot w &= 66
 \end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \|v + w\| &\leq \|v\| + \|w\| \\
 (5) \dots \sqrt{281} &\leq \|v\| + \|w\| \\
 &\leq \left\| -2\vec{i} + 6\vec{j} \right\| + \left\| -3\vec{i} + 10\vec{j} \right\| \\
 &\leq \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (6)^2} + \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (10)^2} \\
 &\leq \sqrt{40} + \sqrt{109} \\
 \sqrt{281} &\approx 16.763 \leq 2\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{109} \approx 16.765 \blacksquare
 \end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= \arctan\left(\frac{-3\vec{i}}{10\vec{j}}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{-2\vec{i}}{6\vec{j}}\right) \\
 \theta &\approx 1.736 \\
 \implies \cos \theta &= \cos(1.736) \approx 1
 \end{aligned} \tag{10}$$