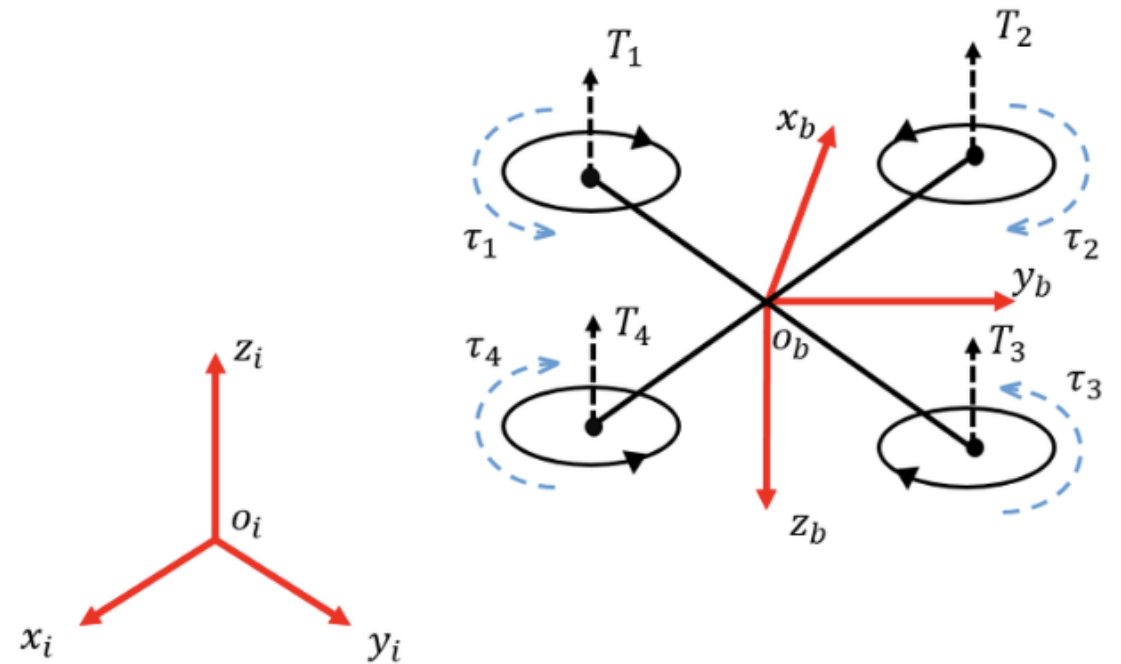
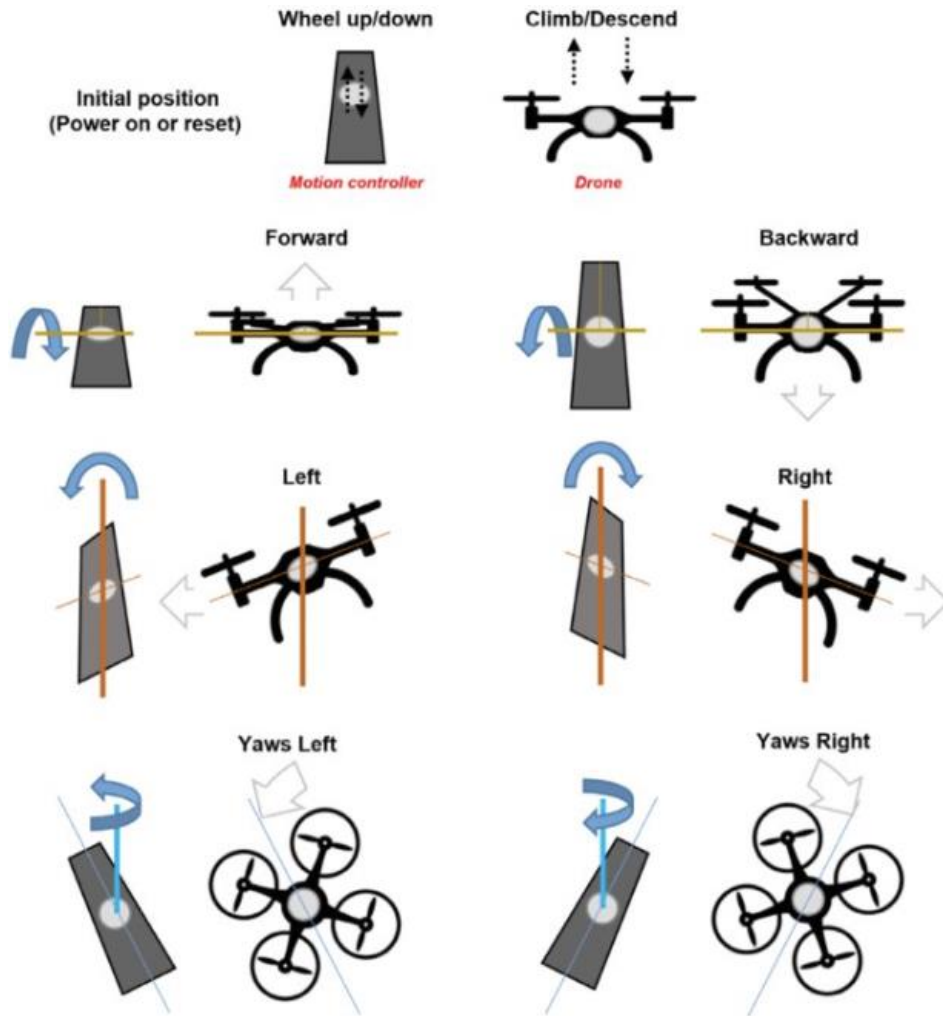


Mechatronics Final Project Presentation

Farris Hamid and Ali Fakhar

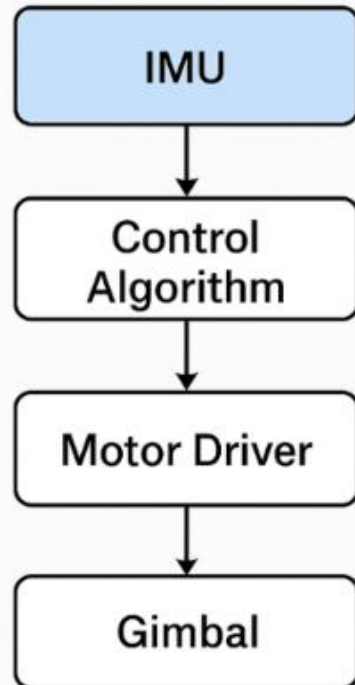
Motivation for the project -> Drone Control



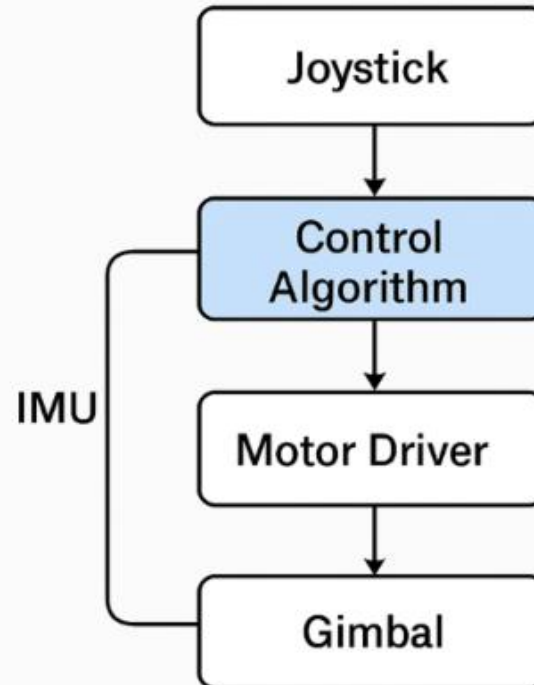
Prototype



Method 1: Gimbal Self-Stabilization



Method 2: Joystick-Based Motion Tracking



Does not use the PID controller (according to our midterm)

Joystick uses the IMU sensor for reading angles for the Gimbal.

Definitions

- Include Libraries
- Define Object MPU6050
- Initialize Gain Values for Roll, Pitch, Yaw
- Joystick Pins

```
1  #include <Wire.h>
2  #include <MPU6050.h>
3  #include <Servo.h>
4  #include "Kalman.h"
5
6  // --- IMU and Kalman Filter ---
7  MPU6050 mpu;
8  Kalman kalmanX;    // Roll filter
9  Kalman kalmanY;    // Pitch filter
10
11 // --- Servos ---
12 Servo servoRoll;
13 Servo servoPitch;
14 Servo servoYaw;
15
16 // --- Timing ---
17 unsigned long timerMicros;
18 double kalAngleX, kalAngleY;
19 double gyroXangle, gyroYangle, gyroZangle;
20 double compAngleX, compAngleY;
21
22 // --- Gains ---
23 #define ROLL_GAIN    1.5
24 #define PITCH_GAIN   1.5
25 #define YAW_GAIN     2.0
26 #define ALPHA        0.98 // complementary filter blend factor
27
28 // --- Joystick pins ---
29 // Joystick 1: pitch/roll
30 const int joy1RollPin  = A0;
31 const int joy1PitchPin = A1;
32 const int btnOverride1 = 4; // active LOW
33
34 // Joystick 2: roll/pitch/yaw
35 const int joy2RollPin  = A2;
36 const int joy2PitchPin = A5;
37 const int joy2YawPin   = A3; // NEW: yaw axis
38 const int btnOverride2 = 5; // active LOW
39
40 // --- Helpers ---
41 static inline double rad2deg(double r) { return r * (180.0 / PI); }
```

Setup

- Initialize MPU6050
- Offsets
- Roll, Pitch, Yaw motions
- Accelerometer / Gyro calculations and pass through Kalman filter
- Complimentary
- Override buttons
- Start Timer for counting

```
43 void setup() {
44     Serial.begin(115200);
45     Wire.begin();
46
47
48     // Initialize MPU
49     mpu.initialize();
50     if (!mpu.testConnection()) {
51         Serial.println("MPU6050 connection failed");
52         while (1);
53     }
54     Serial.println("MPU6050 Connected");
55
56     // Calibration offsets
57     mpu.setXAccelOffset(-820);
58     mpu.setYAccelOffset(1633);
59     mpu.setZAccelOffset(1299);
60     mpu.setXGyroOffset(102);
61     mpu.setYGyroOffset(11);
62     mpu.setZGyroOffset(27);
63
64     // Initial sensor read
65     int16_t ax, ay, az, gx, gy, gz;
66     mpu.getMotion6(&ax, &ay, &az, &gx, &gy, &gz);
67
68     double accXangle = rad2deg(atan2((double)ay, (double)az));
69     double accYangle = rad2deg(atan2(-(double)ax, sqrt((double)ay * ay + (double)az * az)));
70
71     kalmanX.setAngle(accXangle);
72     kalmanY.setAngle(accYangle);
73
74     gyroXangle = accXangle;
75     gyroYangle = accYangle;
76     gyroZangle = 0.0;
77
78     compAngleX = accXangle;
79     compAngleY = accYangle;
80
81     // Attach servos
82     servoRoll.attach(9);
83     servoPitch.attach(8);
84     servoYaw.attach(7);
85
86     // Joystick buttons
87     pinMode(btnOverride1, INPUT_PULLUP);
88     pinMode(btnOverride2, INPUT_PULLUP);
89
90     timerMicros = micros();
91 }
```

Loop

- Get Accelerometer and Gyro Readings and pass it through the Kalman Filter
- In this case, the override of joystick is set to LOW (default run only Gimbal Stabilization)

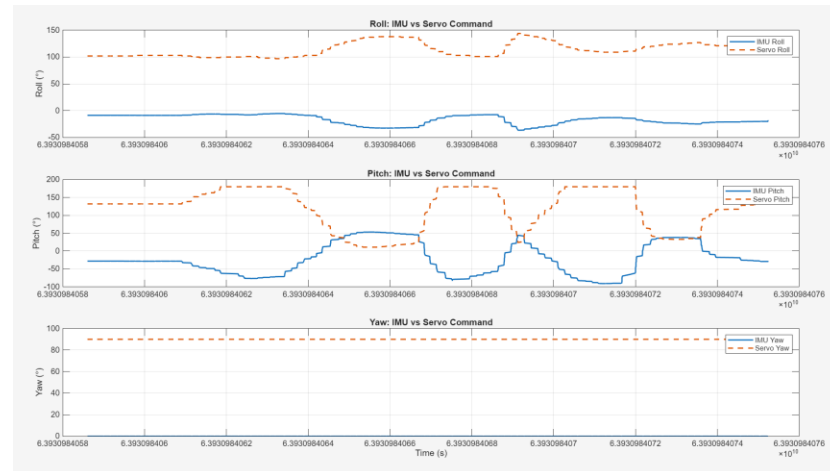
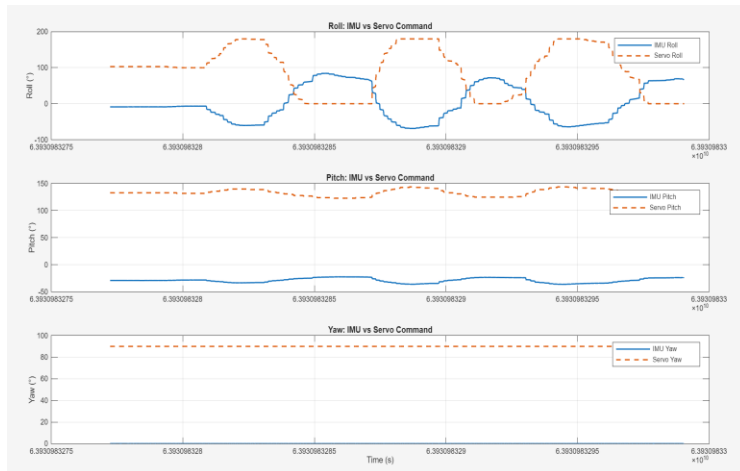
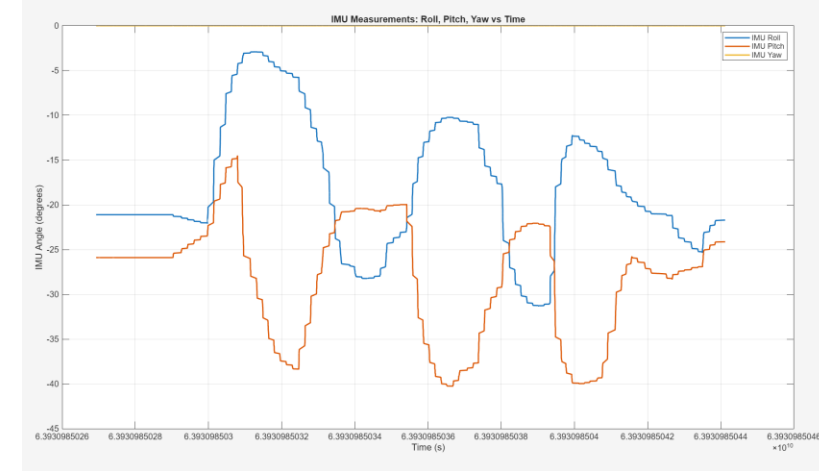
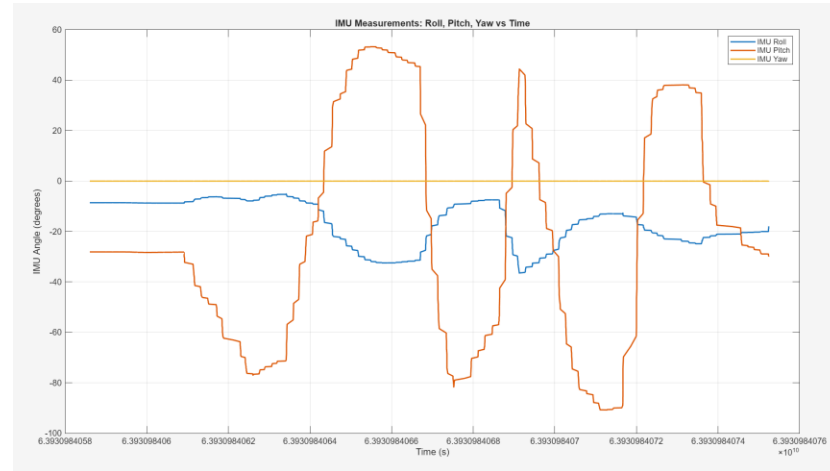
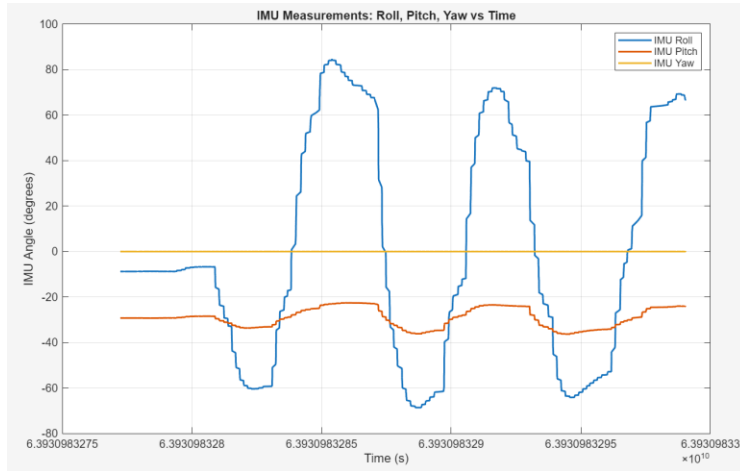
```
93 void loop() {
94     // --- Sensor read ---
95     int16_t ax, ay, az, gx, gy, gz;
96     mpu.getMotion6(&ax, &ay, &az, &gx, &gy, &gz);
97
98     unsigned long now = micros();
99     double dt = (double)(now - timerMicros) / 1e6;
100    timerMicros = now;
101    if (dt <= 0) dt = 1e-3;
102
103    double gyroXrate = (double)gx / 131.0;
104    double gyroYrate = (double)gy / 131.0;
105    double gyroZrate = (double)gz / 131.0;
106
107    double accXangle = rad2deg(atan2((double)ay, (double)az));
108    double accYangle = rad2deg(atan2(-(double)ax, sqrt((double)ay * ay + (double)az * az)));
109
110    // Integrate gyro
111    gyroXangle += gyroXrate * dt;
112    gyroYangle += gyroYrate * dt;
113    gyroZangle += gyroZrate * dt;
114
115    // Complementary filter
116    compAngleX = ALPHA * (compAngleX + gyroXrate * dt) + (1.0 - ALPHA) * accXangle;
117    compAngleY = ALPHA * (compAngleY + gyroYrate * dt) + (1.0 - ALPHA) * accYangle;
118
119    // Kalman fusion
120    kalAngleX = kalmanX.getAngle(compAngleX, gyroXrate, dt);
121    kalAngleY = kalmanY.getAngle(compAngleY, gyroYrate, dt);
122
123    // --- Override logic ---
124    bool override1 = (digitalRead(btnOverride1) == LOW);
125    bool override2 = (digitalRead(btnOverride2) == LOW);
126
127    int servoRollAngle;
128    int servoPitchAngle;
129    int servoYawAngle;
```


Loop (Contd.)

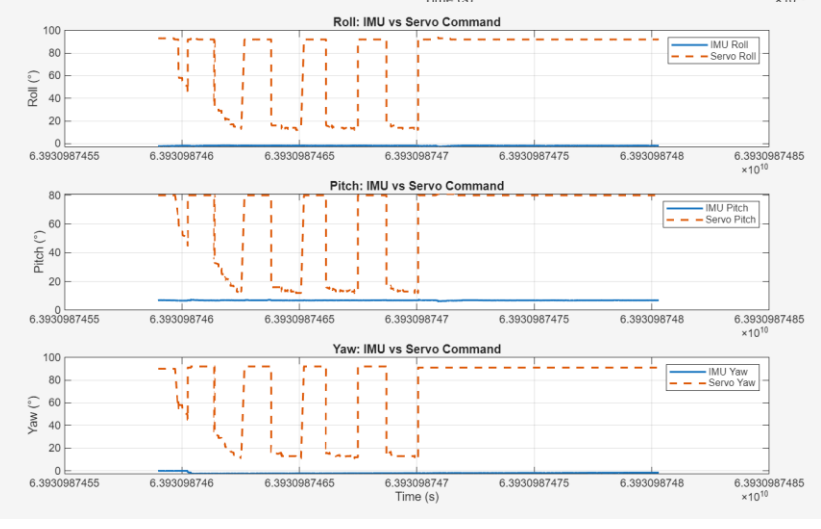
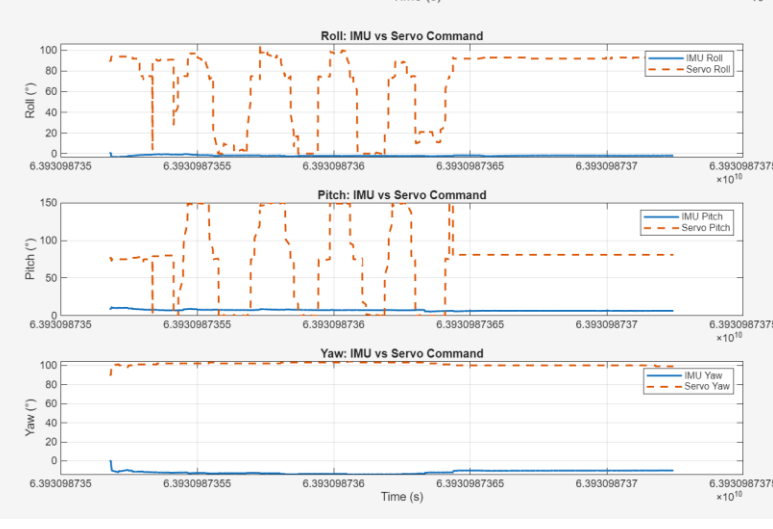
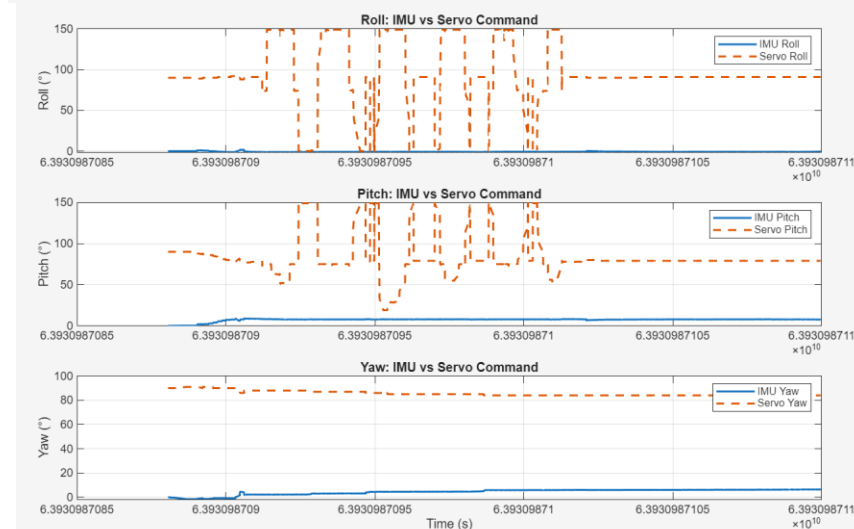
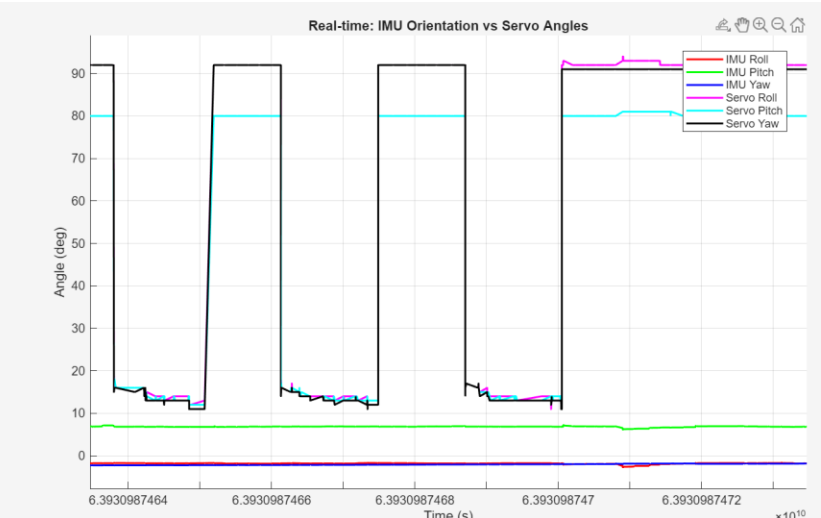
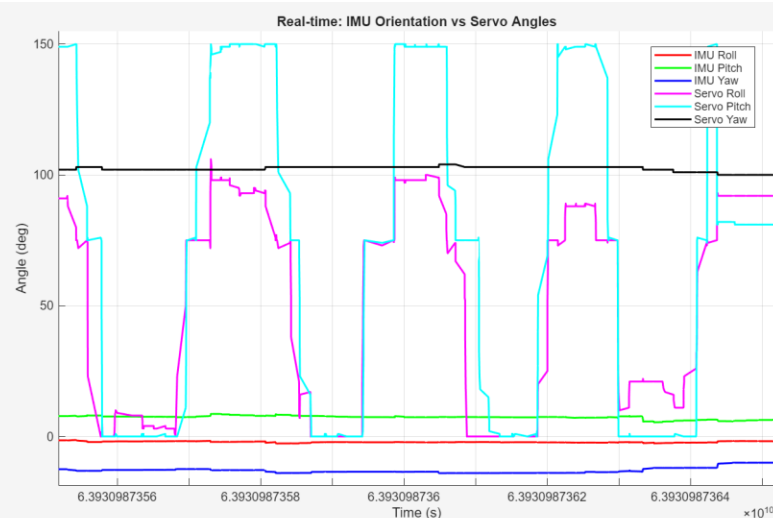
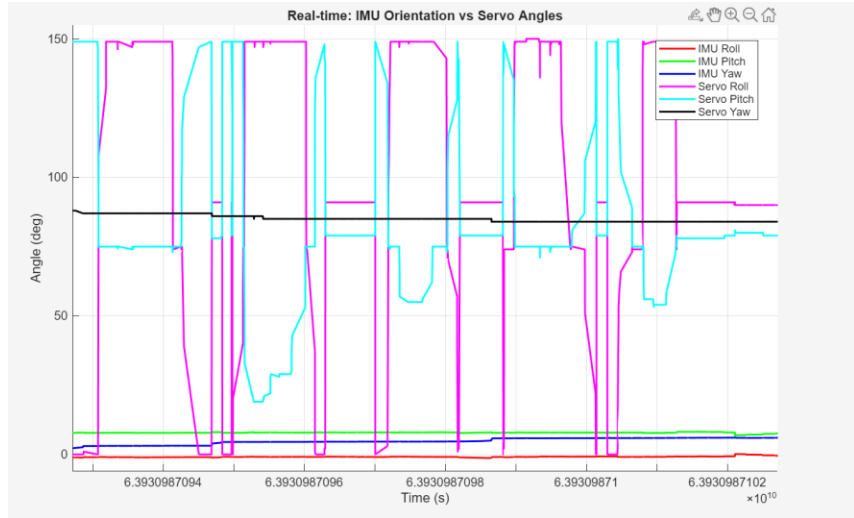
- In this case, if joystick is pressed, run the manual joystick to control roll and pitch and yaw.
- Else, map the gimbal angles to the servo motor to react opposite direction to keep platform fixed horizontal.

```
131 if (override1 || override2) {
132     int rollRaw = override2 ? analogRead(joy2RollPin) : analogRead(joy1RollPin);
133     int pitchRaw = override2 ? analogRead(joy2PitchPin) : analogRead(joy1PitchPin);
134
135     servoRollAngle = map(rollRaw, 0, 1023, 0, 180);
136     servoPitchAngle = map(pitchRaw, 0, 1023, 0, 180);
137
138     if (override2) {
139         int yawRaw = analogRead(joy2YawPin);
140         servoYawAngle = map(yawRaw, 0, 1023, 0, 180);
141     } else {
142         servoYawAngle = map((long)(-gyroZangle * YAW_GAIN), -180, 180, 0, 180);
143     }
144
145     Serial.print("Manual Override ");
146     Serial.print(override2 ? "(Joy2)" : "(Joy1)");
147     Serial.print(" -> rollRaw: "); Serial.print(rollRaw);
148     Serial.print(" pitchRaw: "); Serial.print(pitchRaw);
149     if (override2) {
150         Serial.print(" yawRaw: "); Serial.print(analogRead(joy2YawPin));
151     }
152 } else {
153     // Automatic stabilization
154     servoRollAngle = map((long)(-kalAngleX * ROLL_GAIN), -90, 90, 0, 180);
155     servoPitchAngle = map((long)(-kalAngleY * PITCH_GAIN), -90, 90, 0, 180);
156     servoYawAngle = map((long)(-gyroZangle * YAW_GAIN), -180, 180, 0, 180);
157 }
158
159 // --- Drive servos ---
160 servoRollAngle = constrain(servoRollAngle, 0, 180);
161 servoPitchAngle = constrain(servoPitchAngle, 0, 180);
162 servoYawAngle = constrain(servoYawAngle, 0, 180);
163
164 servoRoll.write(servoRollAngle);
165 servoPitch.write(servoPitchAngle);
166 servoYaw.write(servoYawAngle);
167
168 // --- Debug ---
169 Serial.print("\tKF Roll: "); Serial.print(kalAngleX, 3);
170 Serial.print(" KF Pitch: "); Serial.print(kalAngleY, 3);
171 Serial.print(" GyroYaw: "); Serial.print(gyroZangle, 3);
172 Serial.print(" | ServoRoll: "); Serial.print(servoRollAngle);
173 Serial.print(" ServoPitch: "); Serial.print(servoPitchAngle);
174 Serial.print(" ServoYaw: "); Serial.println(servoYawAngle);
175
176 delay(10); // ~100 Hz
177 }
```

Gimbal IMU vs Servo Graph Readings



Gimbal IMU vs Joystick Graph Readings



Future Improvements

- MPU needs to have a magnetometer in order to detect motion in the yaw axis for the hand motion tracking.
- Servo not able to completely rotate in all three axis (roll, pitch, yaw).
 - Issue could arise from Gearbox conversion DAC
- The motor commands can be read using the cereal monitor for both IMU and joystick control.