### ICSE 2012 —

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### June 6

### Keynote 1

没怎么听懂,只记得讲到了finance is not money但是 没听懂这个和软件有什么关系。

# Cost Estimation for Distributed Software Project

讲到他们试图改善现有的模型去更精确地评估软件开 发的开销。 他们会给PM建议之前的项目的历史数据,然后对于新项目,他们建议历史上已有的项目的数据,从而帮助PM得到更精确的评估。他们试图尽量减少项目评估对PM的经验的需求,从而帮助即使经验很少的PM也能准确评估项目的开销。

#### 他们的观点:

Context-specfic solutions needed!

我们需要更上下文相关的解决方 案!

Early user paticipation is key!

早期用户的参与是关键

### Characterizing Logging Practices in Open-Source Software

Common mistakes in logging messages

在日志记录中容易犯的错误

他们学习了历史上的log记录,然后试图找到重复修改的输出log的语句,确定log中存在的问题。他们首先确定修改是事后修改。

通常的修改的比例(9027个修改)

45%	静态文本
27%	打印出的变量
26%	调试等级verbosity
2%	日志输出的位置

他们发现有调试等级的变化,是因为安全漏洞之类的原因,或者在开销和数据之间的权衡。

大多数对log的变量的修改都是为了增加一个参数。他们之前的LogEnhancer是为了解决这个问题而提出的,通过静态检查,提醒程序员是否忘记了某个参数

对text的修改是因为要改掉过时的代码信息,避免误导用户。

他们的实验是采用了基于code clone 的技术,找到所有log语句,然后找不一致 的clone,然后自动提出建议。

# Combine Functional and Imperative Pgrm for Multicore Sw: Scala & Java

趋势: 到处都是多核, 但是并发程序呢?

他们研究的对象是Scala和Java,因为可以编译后确 认JVM字节码的语义。

#### • Java:

- o 共享内存
- o 显示创建的线程
- o 手动同步
- o Wait/Notify机制

#### Scala:

- ㅇ 高阶函数
- o Actors, 消息传递
- lists, filters, iterators
- o while
- 共享状态,00
- o import java.\* 能从java导入任何库
- o auto type inferance 自动类型推导

实验的参与者都经过4周的训练,实验项目是工业等 级的开发项目

结果:

scala 的项目平均比java多花38%的时间,主要都是花在Test和debug上的时间。

程序员的经验和总体时间相关,但是对test和debug 没有显著影响。

scala的为了让编程更有效率的设计,导致debug更困难。比如类型推导,debug 的时候需要手动推导,来理解正在发生什么。

scala的程序比java小,中位数2.6%,平均15.2%

#### ● 性能比较:

- o 单核: scala的线性程序的性能比java好
- 4核:
  - scala 7s @ 4 threads
  - java 4si @ 8 threads
  - median
    - 83s scala
    - 98s java
- o 32core: best scala 34s @ 64 threads

#### ● 结论

o java有更好的scalability

#### ● scala类型推导

- o 45%说对携带码有帮助
- o 85%说导致程序错误

#### 调试

- o 23%认为scala简单
- o 77%认为java简单

multi-paradigram are better

## Sound Empirical Evidence in Software Testing

Test data generation 测试数据自动生成

Large Empirical Studies - not always possible

For open source software - big enough

### Identifing Linux Bug Fixing Patch

#### current practice:

manual

#### Current research:

- keywords in commits
- link bug reports in bugzilla

#### Try to solve classification problem

- issue
  - o pre-identified
  - post-identified
- data
  - from commit log
- feature extraction
  - text pre-process stemmed non-stop words
- model learning research questions

## Active Refinement of Clone Anomaly Reports

#### motivating

- code clones, clone groups
- clone used to detect bugs
- anomaly: inconsistent clone group many anomaly clone are note bug, high false positive

#### approach

reorder by sorted bug reports

### June7

# Keynotes 2: Sustainability with Software - An Industrial Perspective

#### Sustainability

- Classic View: Idenpendent view with overlap
  - Social
  - Environment
  - Fconomic
- Nested viw
  - Environment
    - Social
      - Economic

#### Triple bottom line

- economic
  - -global business, networks, global econ

- env
  - natural res, climate change, population grow
- social
  - awareness, connectivity, accountability

#### Green IT

- reduce IT energy
  - o more than 50% cooling doing nothing
- mini e-waste: not properly recycled
  - o 80% in EU
  - o 75% in US
- foster dematerialization

In-Memory Technology: Expected Sustainable Benefits

#### What can we do?

- consider all software lifecycle phases in your design
- avoid energy expensive behavior in your codes
- design lean architectures

#### Green by IT

- 2% green IT
- 98% green IT

### On How Often code is cloned across repositories

Line based hashing code clone detection never do anything harder than sorting

hashing a window of 5 lines of normalized (tokenized) code, dropping 3/4 of the hashing

把ccfinder一个月的工作缩短到了3,4天。没有比较 presion和recall。

14%	type1
16%	type2
17%	type3 (not really type2)

# Graph-based analysis and prediction for sw evolution

#### graph are everywhere

- internet topology
- social net
- chemistry
- biology

in sw - func call graph - module dependency graph developer interaction graph - commit logs - bug reports

experiment 11 oss, 27~171 release, > 9 years

#### predictors

NodeRank

- similar to pagerank of google
- measure relative importance of each node

#### func call graph with noderank

compare rank with severity scale on bugzilla

#### correlation between noderank and BugSeverity

- func level 0.48 ~ 0.86 varies among projects.
- model level > func level

#### ModularityRatio

- cohesion/coupling ratio:IntraDep(M)/InterDep(M)
- forecast mantencance effort
- use for
  - identify modules that need redesign or refactoring

#### EditDistance

- bug-based developer collaboration graphs
- ED(G1,G2)=|V1|+|V2|-2|V1交
  V2|+|E1|+|E2|-2|E1交E2|
- use for

- release planning
- resource allocation

#### graph metrics

- graph diameter
  - average node degree indicates reuse
- clustering coefficient
- assortativity
- num of cycles

#### Conclusion

"Actionable intelligence" from graph evolution

- studie 11 large long-live projs
- predictors
- identify pivotal moments in evolution

# What make long term contributors: willingness and opportunity in OSS

OSS don't work without contributors form community

mozilla (2000-2008)

10^2.2 LTC <- 2 order -> 10^4.2 new contributors <- 3.5 order -> 10^7.7 users

gnome (1999-2007)

10^2.5 LTC <- 1.5 order -> 10^4.0 new contributors <- 3.5 order -> 10^6.5 users

#### approach

- read issues of 20 LTC and 20 non-LTC
- suvery 56 (36 non-LTC and 20 LTC)
- extract practices published on project web sites

#### summeray

- Ability/Willingness distinguishes LTCs
- Environment
  - macro-climate
    - popularity
  - o micro-climate
    - attention
    - bumber of peers

performance of peers

regression model

newcomers to LTC conversion drops

#### actions in first month predicts LTCs

- 24% recall
- 37% precision

## develop of auxiliary functions: should you be agile?

a empirial assessment of pair programming and test-first programming

can agile help auxiliary functions?

#### experiment

- pair vs solo
- test-first vs test-last
- students vs professors

#### research questions

- r1: can pair help obtain more correct impl
- r2: can test-first
- r3: dst test1 encourage the impl or more test cases?
- r4: does test1 course more coverage

#### result

#### test-first

- higher coverage
- non change with correctness

#### pair

- improve on correctness
- longer total programming time

### Static Detection of Resource Contention Problems in Serverside script

Addressed the race condition of accessing database or filesystem of PHP

### Amplifying Tests to Validate Exception Handling Code

异常处理的代码不但难写,而且难以验证。各种组合 情况难以估计,尤其是手机 系统上。

# A tactic-centric approach automating traceability of quality concerns

tactic traceability information models