Use Case Descriptions

Use Case: Choose Game

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to select which games to play (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or

Checkers)

Preconditions

- The player is logged in.

- The main menu is displayed with available game options.

Trigger: The player navigates to the main game selection screen.

Scenario:

1. The system shows a list of available games (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, Checkers).

2. The player selects one of the games.

3. The system transitions to that game's interface.

Postconditions: The chosen game is now active and the player an proceed to join a queue.

Exceptions:

- Game list fails to load due to system error.

- Chosen game is temporarily unavailable.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (everytime a player wants to switch or start a new game)

Channel to Actor: Game interface Secondary Actors: Database

Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

Use Case: Back Button (Universal)

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: Provide a universal navigation option allowing the user to return to the

previous screen.

Preconditions

- The user is in a state or screen that supports a "back" action.

Trigger: The player taps the universal "Back" button in the GUI.

Scenario:

1. The user presses the "Back" button.

2. The system navigates to the previous screen or state.

3. Any unsaved data or ongoing process is handled or the user is prompted.

Postconditions: The user sees the screen they were on prior to the current one.

Exceptions:

- The user is already at the main menu (no previous screen).

- The system doesn't allow going back if the action would disrupt an active match.

Priority: Low

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Frequent (basic navigation)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: N/A

Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

- N/A

Use Case: Choose Game (Tic Tac Toe)

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to select which game to play (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or

Checkers).

Preconditions

- The player is logged in.

- The main menu is displayed with available game options.

Trigger: The player navigates to the main game selection screen.

Scenario:

1. The system shows a list of available games (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, Checkers).

2. The player selects "Tic Tac Toe."

3. The system transitions to the Tic Tac Toe game interface.

Postconditions: The chosen game (Tic Tac Toe) is now active, and the player can proceed to join a queue.

Exceptions:

- Game list fails to load due to system error.

- Chosen game is temporarily unavailable.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (everytime a player wants to switch or start a new game)

Channel to Actor: Game interface Secondary Actors: Database

Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

Use Case: Choose Game (Connect Four)

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to select which game to play (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or

Checkers).

Preconditions

- The player is logged in.

- The main menu is displayed with available game options.

Trigger: The player navigates to the main game selection screen.

Scenario:

1. The system shows a list of available games (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, Checkers).

2. The player selects "Connect Four."

3. The system transitions to the Connct Four game interface.

Postconditions: The chosen game (Connect Four) is now active, and the player can proceed to join a queue.

Exceptions:

- Game list fails to load due to system error.

- Chosen game is temporarily unavailable.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (everytime a player wants to switch or start a new game)

Channel to Actor: Game interface Secondary Actors: Database

Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

Use Case: Choose Game (Checkers)

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to select which game to play (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or

Checkers).

Preconditions

- The player is logged in.

- The main menu is displayed with available game options.

Trigger: The player navigates to the main game selection screen.

Scenario:

1. The system shows a list of available games (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, Checkers).

2. The player selects "Checkers."

3. The system transitions to the Checkers game interface.

Postconditions: The chosen game (Checkers) is now active, and the player can proceed to join a queue.

Exceptions:

- Game list fails to load due to system error.

- Chosen game is temporarily unavailable.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (everytime a player wants to switch or start a new game)

Channel to Actor: Game interface Secondary Actors: Database

Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

Use Case: View Game Stats

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Database/System

Goal in Context: The player wants to see their updated stats (e.g., MMR, total wins/losses).

Preconditions

- The player is logged in.

- The player clicks the "View Game Stats" button.

Trigger: The player selects "View Game Stats."

Scenario:

1. The system player selects the "View Game Stats"

2. The system displays the updated stats (MMR, record, rank).

Postconditions: The player sees their stats reflecting the matches result.

Exceptions:

- Stats update not completed yet.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Occasional (everytime a player wants to view their stats

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system **Channel to Secondary Actors:** Database queries

Open Issues

- How do we handle delays if stats are still processing?

Use Case: Enter Queue

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to find an opponent by joining the matchmaking queue for

the chosen game.

Preconditions

- The player has selected a game (Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or Checkers)

- The player has a valid MMR rank.

Trigger: The player clicks the "Enter Queue" or "Join Queue" button.

Scenario:

1. The system checks the player's rank and MMR for the chosen game.

2. The system places the player in the corresponding matchmaking queue (or queue pair).

3. The player sees a confirmation that they have joined the queue.

Postconditions: The player is now in the matchmaking queue, awaiting an opponent.

Exceptions:

- The player is already in a queue.

Priority: High

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (everytime a player wants to start a match)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Matchmaking Service **Channel to Secondary Actors:** N/A

Open Issues

- How do we handle a large number of concurrent queue requests?

Use Case: Leave Queue

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player wants to exit the matchmaking queue before being matched.

Preconditions

- The player is currently in a matchmaking queue.

Trigger: The player selects the "Leave Queue" option.

Scenario:

1. The system locates the player in the queue.

2. The system removes the player from the queue.

3. The player is notified that they have left the queue.

Postconditions: The player is no longer waiting in the matchmaking queue.

Exceptions:

- The player is not found in a queue.

- The player is over the buffer period to leave the queue and has to join a game.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Occasional (if the player changes their mind)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Matchmaking Service **Channel to Secondary Actors:** N/A

Open Issues

- How long is the buffer period?

- What if a match is found at the exact moment the player tries to leave?

Use Case: Enter Game

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player begins a match after being matched with an opponent through the

matchmaking system.

Preconditions

- The player is matched with an opponent.

- The system has a valid game session ready to start.

Trigger: The player starts the game.

Scenario:

1. The system informs the player that a game is ready.

2. The player clicks "Enter Game".

3. The system loads the game board/environment.

Postconditions: The player is now in an active game session.

Exceptions:

- The opponent leaves or disconnects from the game.

- A system issue preventing from loading the game.

Priority: High

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: High (each time a new match starts)

Channel to Actor: Game interface Secondary Actors: Game server Channel to Secondary Actors: N/A

Open Issues

- How is the multiple potential opponents case handled?

Use Case: Win

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player is declared the winner at the end of a match.

Preconditions

- A game is in progress.

- A winning condition/ final board state is met.

Trigger: The game logic detects a winning board or condition met by the player.

Scenario:

1. The system identifies the winning condition for the player.

2. The system announces the win to both players.

3. The system transitions to the post-game screen.

4. The system updates the winner's stats (e.g., wins count, MMR).

Postconditions: The player's record shows a win, and the post-game screen is displayed.

Exceptions:

- Incorrect board evaluation.

- Stats update failure.

Priority: High

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Whenever a player wins a match.

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system **Channel to Secondary Actors:** Database update

Open Issues

- Disputes over the final board state.

Use Case: Lose

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player is declared the loser at the end of a match.

Preconditions

- A game is in progress.

- A losing condition is met.

Trigger: The game logic detects that the opponent has a winning board or condition.

Scenario:

1. The system identifies the losing condition for the player.

2. The system announces the loss to both players.

3. The system transitions to the post-game screen.

4. The system updates the player's stats (loss count, MMR).

Postconditions: The player's record shows a loss, and the post-game screen is displayed.

Exceptions:

- Incorrect board evaluation.

- Stats update failure.

Priority: High

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Whenever a player loses a match.

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system **Channel to Secondary Actors:** Database update

Open Issues

- How do we handle forced losses if a player disconnects or quits?

Use Case: Tie

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The game concludes with neither player winning (e.g., a full board in Tic Tac

Toe with no winner).

Preconditions

- A game is in progress.

- The final board state or condition indicates no winner can be declared.

Trigger: The game logic detects a tie scenario.

Scenario:

1. The system identifies the tie condition.

- 2. The system notifies both players of the tie.
- 3. The system transitions to the post-game screen.

4. The system updates both players' stats (ties count, MMR adjustments if any).

Postconditions: Both players' records reflect a tie, and the post-game screen is shown.

Exceptions:

- Incorrect tie detection.

- Stats update failure.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Occasional (whenever players tie a match)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system **Channel to Secondary Actors:** Database update

Open Issues

- Do we handle tie-breaker rules in certain games?

Use Case: Update Stats

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Database/System

Goal in Context: Record the game outcome (win, loss, tie) and adjust player stats (MMR, total

wins, etc.).

Preconditions

- A match has ended with a known result.

- The system has the correct player data.

Trigger: The game engine signals that the match is over.

Scenario:

1. The system retrieves the outcome (win/loss/tie) for each player.

2. The system applies game-specific MMR updates and increments win/loss/tie counts.

3. The updated stats are stored in the database/CSV.

Postconditions: Player stats are accurately reflected in the leaderboard and personal records.

Exceptions:

- Incorrect outcome data leads to wrong updates.

Priority: High

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: After every completed match.

Channel to Actor: Server-side process

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system, Players

Channel to Secondary Actors: Database update

Open Issues

- How do we handle concurrency if many matches end simultaneously?

Use Case: View Post Game Stats

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Database/System

Goal in Context: The player wants to see their updated stats relevant to the specific game (e.g.,

Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or Checkers) immediately after a match.

Preconditions

- The game has ended.

- The system has updated the player's stats for the specific game (e.g., Tic Tac Toe, Connect Four, or Checkers).

Trigger: The player navigates to the post-game screen or selects "View Post Game Stats" after completing the match.

Scenario:

- 1. The system finishes updating the stats for both players.
- 2. The player opens the post-game stats screen.
- 3. The system displays the updated game-specific stats (e.g., number of wins, losses, and MMR for Tic Tac Toe or Connect Four),

Postconditions: The player sees their updated stats reflecting the match result, specific to the chosen game.

Exceptions:

- Stats update not completed yet.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: After each match conclusion

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Stats/Leaderboard system **Channel to Secondary Actors:** Database queries

Open Issues

- How do we handle delays if stats are still processing?

Use Case: Back to Queue

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player attempts to quit the queue, but the buffer period has already

expired, so they are forced to remain in (or return to) the matchmaking queue.

Preconditions

- The player is currently in a matchmaking queue.

- The buffer period to exit the queue without penalty has passed.

Trigger: The player selects an option to leave or tries to navigate away from the queue after the buffer period.

Scenario:

- 1. The player attempts to leave the queue (e.g., clicks "Leave Queue").
- 2. The system checks if the buffer period has expired.
- 3. Since the buffer period is over, the system prevents the player from quitting and redirects them back to the matchmaking queue interface.
- 4. A message is displayed indicating that it is too late to leave the queue.

Postconditions: The player remains in the matchmaking queue, awaiting an opponent.

Exceptions:

- The system incorrectly calculates the buffer period, letting the player leave prematurely.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Occasional (only after the buffer period ends)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Matchmaking service **Channel to Secondary Actors:** N/A

Open Issues

- Determining the exact duration of the buffer period.

- Communicating clearly to the player when they are locked into the queue.

Use Case: Back to Game Menu

Iteration: 1

Primary Actor: Player

Goal in Context: The player successfully exits the matchmaking queue before the buffer period ends, returning to the main game menu.

Preconditions

- The player is currently in a matchmaking queue.
- The buffer period to leave without penalty has not yet expired.

Trigger: The player clicks "Back to Game Menu" (or a similar option) during the valid buffer period.

Scenario:

- 1. The player selects "Back to Game Menu" while still within the allowed buffer period.
- 2. The system verifies that the buffer period has not expired.
- 3. The player is removed from the queue or game session without penalty.
- 4. The system navigates the player to the main game menu.

Postconditions: The player is no longer in the queue or game session and is free to select another activity.

Exceptions:

- The system incorrectly marks the buffer period as expired and forces the player to stay.
- A match is found at the exact moment the player tries to leave, leading to a potential conflict.

Priority: Medium

When Available: Always

Frequency of Use: Occasional (if the player changes their mind during the buffer window)

Channel to Actor: Game interface

Secondary Actors: Matchmaking service **Channel to Secondary Actors:** N/A

Open Issues

- Handling edge cases where the buffer period is nearly expired at the moment of the player's action.