MAWLANA BHASHANI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY



DEPARTMENT OF ICT

Lab Report No: 02

Course Code : ICT-3208

Course Title : Network Planning and Designing Lab

Lab Report Name: Wireshark Lab

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Objective

- : 1. Wireshark basic and it's features.
 - 2. How to work with wireshark.
 - 3. Protocol Analysis with wireshark

Wireshark Lab

1. What is Wireshark? Why we use wireshark?

Ans: Wireshark:

- Wireshark is a network protocol analyzer.
 - Captures network packets
 - displays packet data in details
- First released in 1998 by Geralds Combs as Ethereal
 - many contributors around the world.
- Open source and free software.
- Graphical alternative to tcpdump.

Why use wireshark: We use wireshark because -

Wireshark is a powerful tool for -

- i. Troubleshooting network problems
- ii. examining security problems
- iii. debugging protocol implementations
- iv. learning network protocols internals.

2. What are the main features of wireshark?

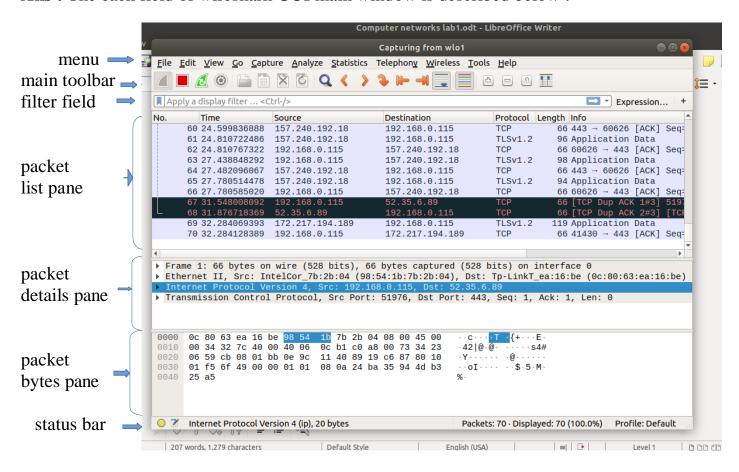
Ans: The main features of wireshark is:

- i. Capture live traffic
 - -data can be captured on wired or wireless medium.
 - -numerous protocols can be captured and analyzed.

- ii. Display packet in details
- iii. Open files containing packet data captured.
 - -from other programs(tcpdump/winDump).
- iv. Filtering is essential when dealing with lots of packets.
 - -filters can be applied on protocols, fields, values etc.
 - -filtering while capturing packets is possible.

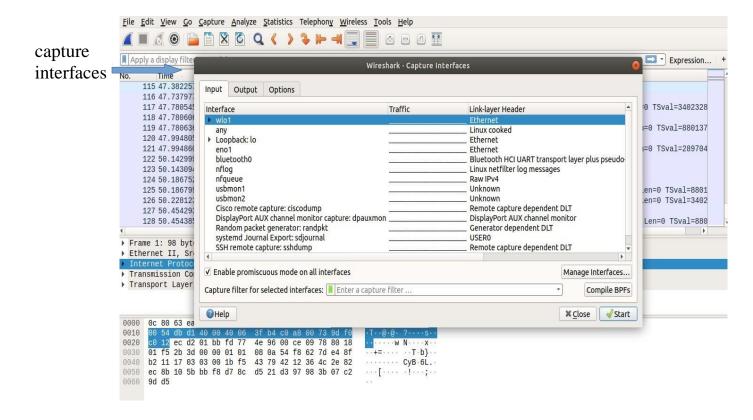
3. Describe each field of Wireshark GUI window?

Ans: The each field of wireshark GUI main window is described below:



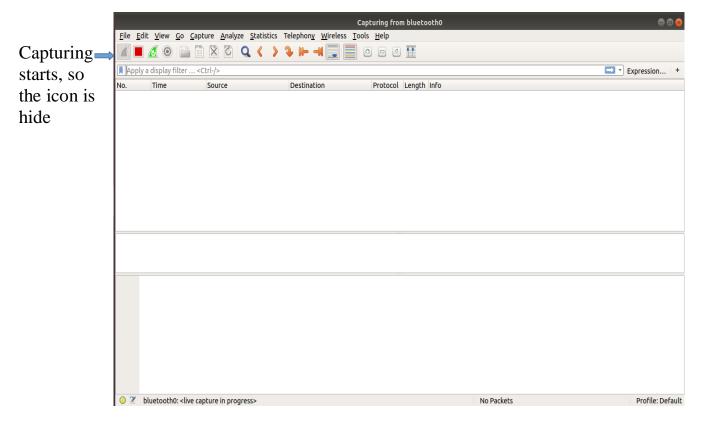
4. How to start capture in wireshark?

Ans: To start capture, one can go to capture menu and select options. Now start capturing on interface that has an IP address. The capturing is also possible in another way.



5. When capturing starts, what is the situation of the wireshark main window?

Ans: Once the capturing starts, the main window will be blank until the data is exchanged on Network Interface Card (NIC).



6. When packets exchanged on NIC, what will be condition of wireshark GUI?

Ans: When packets exchanged on NIC, the packets will be dumped to main window.

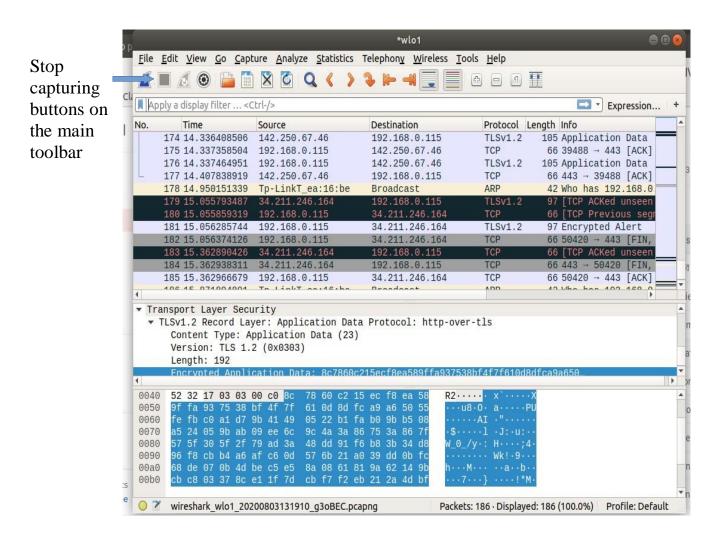
সোম 13:16 • Wireshark • Capturing from any <u>File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help</u> When packets exchanged on Apply a display filter .. Expression... + ■ Faruk Time Source 1788 169.757599516 Tp-LinkT_ea:16:be 1789 170.679132437 Tp-LinkT_ea:16:be NIC, the Destination packets will 1799 171. 699132437 TP-LINKT_ea:16:0e
1790 171. 499113481 172. 217. 194. 189
1791 171. 499162266 192.168.0.115
1792 172. 726962975 TP-LINKT_ea:16:0e
1793 174.877545418 TP-LINKT_ea:16:0e
1794 176. 823186629 TP-LINKT_ea:16:0e 121 Application Data 68 42528 - 443 [ACK] Seq: 44 Who has 192.168.0.102' 44 Who has 192.168.0.102' 44 Who has 192.168.0.102' 192.168.0.115 TLSv1.2 172.217.194.189 be dumped to ARP ARP ARP main window. 1795 177.437610078 192.168.0.1 1796 178.973655831 Tp-LinkT_ea:16:be 52 Membership Query, general 44 Who has 192.168.0.102 224.0.0.1 IGMPv3 ARP 1797 179.164574066 192.168.0.115 1798 179.221040083 172.217.26.174 172.217.26.174 TLSv1.2 107 Application Data 107 Application Data 1799 179.221125624 192.168.0.115 172.217.26.174 TCP 68 33882 - 443 [ACK] Seq: ▼ Transport Layer Security ▼ TLSV1.2 Record Layer: Application Data Protocol: http-over-tls Content Type: Application Data (23) Version: TLS 1.2 (9x0303) 00 00 00 01 00 06 0c 80 63 ea 16 be 00 00 08 00 45 80 00 5b 55 77 00 00 79 06 79 ed ac d9 a3 c3 c0 a8 00 73 01 bb a5 e4 38 d5 51 54 ed 10 b5 49 80 18 01 47 7d c3 00 00 11 01 88 0a 0c fd 55 42 8 · QT ·S···· ·G}···· 0040 2d 3c ce f1 17 03 03 00 ab 48 c4 76 94 fd d3 14 22 e7

Payload is encrypted application data (tls.app_data), 34 bytes Packets: 1799 · Displayed: 1799 (100.0%) Profile: Default

7. How to stop capturing packets on wireshark?

Ans:

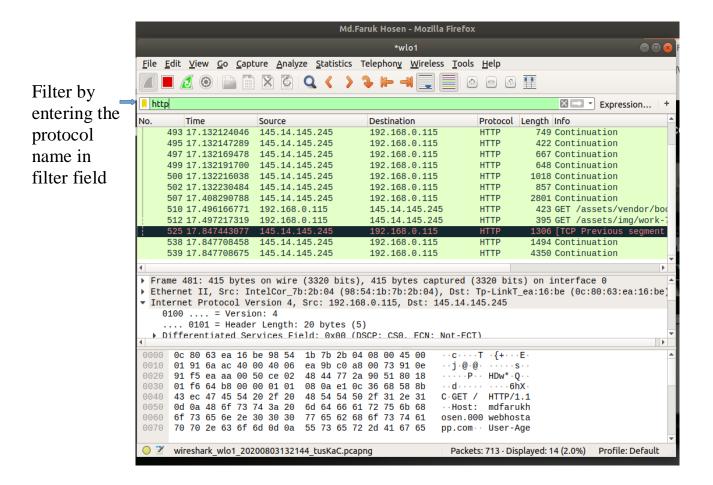
Capturing can be stopped by clicking on stop the running capture button on the main toolbar.



8. How to filtering protocol in wireshark?

Ans: Filter by entering the protocol field name in Apply a display filter and press enter.

Detailed filters can be applied by creating expressions.



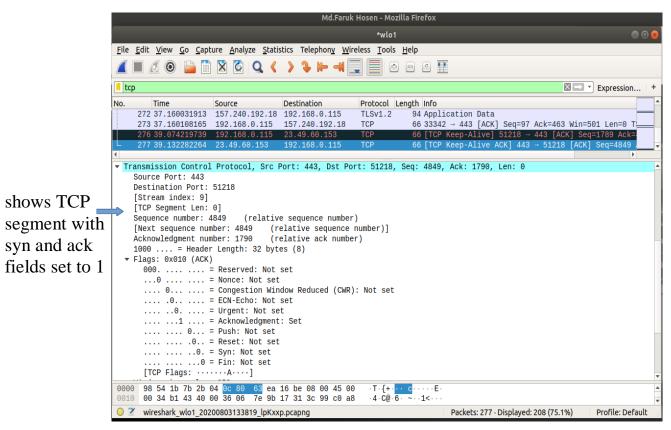
9. How to do protocol analysis with wireshark?

Ans: Protocol Analysis:

- Packets and protocols can be analysed after capture .
- Individual fields in protocols can be easily seen.
- Graphs and flow diagrams can be helpful in analysis.

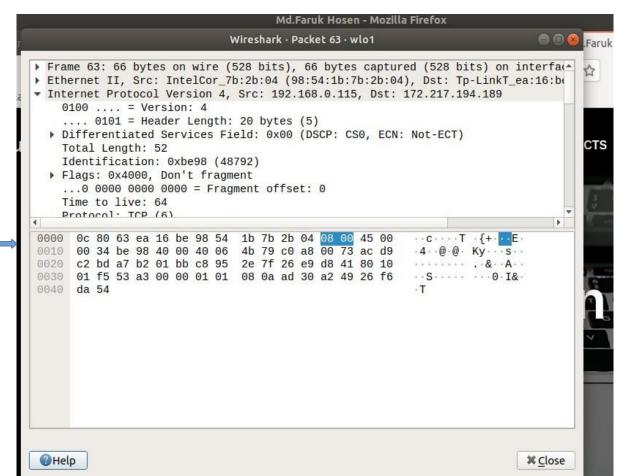
Analysis is performed manually. First of all, we see the TCP segment. The below example shows TCP segment with SYN and ACK fields set to 1.

Protocol detail pane figure:



Then we see the packet byte pane consists of offset, Hex and Ascii fields.

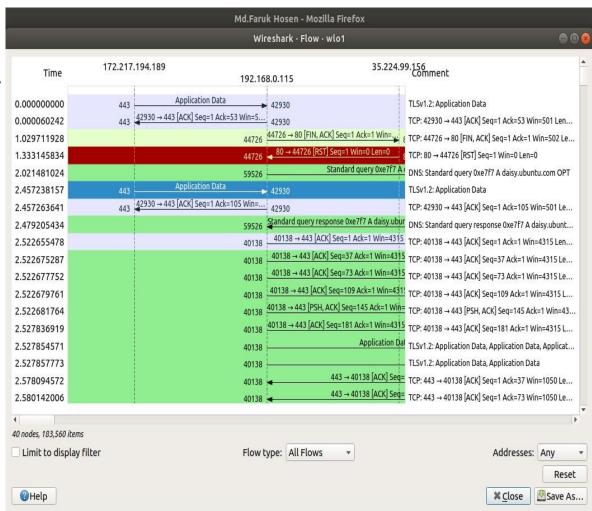
Packet byte pane:



packet byte pane consists of offset, Hex and ASCII fields. Then we see the statistics-flow graph example to analysis the protocol.

Flow Graph example:

In statistics menu, TCP plots and flow graphs are available



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