

**Program no:1**

Create table Employee with following fields.

- Empno
- Job
- Salary
- Ename
- Deptno
- Experience

Perform following queries

1. Add a column Experience to Employee table.
2. Modify column width of Job field.
3. Drop column Experience from Employee.

Insert values into Employee and perform following queries.

1. List records in Employee table order by Salary in ascending order.
2. Display only those employees whose Deptno is 29.
3. Display Deptno from Employee avoiding duplicates.
4. Display all employee whose Job title starts with M.
5. Find all employees who work in same job as Arjun.
6. Find total number of employees in Employee table.
7. Find minimum and maximum Salary of employees.

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 describe Employee;
3

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

**Output** | **Input** | **Comments** (0)

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Emp_no	int	YES		NULL	
Emp_name	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
Job	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
Salary	int	YES		NULL	
Deptno	int	YES		NULL	

```
Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 alter table Employee add Experience int;
3 describe Employee;
4
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) ▾ |

Output Input Comments 0

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Emp_no	int	YES		NULL	
Emp_name	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
Job	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
Salary	int	YES		NULL	
Deptno	int	YES		NULL	
Experience	int	YES		NULL	

```
Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 alter table Employee add Experience int;
3 describe Employee;
4
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) ▾ |

Output Input Comments 0

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Emp_no	int	YES		NULL	
Emp_name	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
Job	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
Salary	int	YES		NULL	
Deptno	int	YES		NULL	
Experience	int	YES		NULL	

```

1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 alter table Employee add Experience int;
3 alter table Employee modify Job varchar(60);
4 alter table Employee drop Experience;
5 describe Employee;
6

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output | Input Comments 0

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Emp_no	int	YES		NULL	
Emp_name	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
Job	varchar(60)	YES		NULL	
Salary	int	YES		NULL	
Deptno	int	YES		NULL	

```

1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6 select * from Employee;
7
8
9
10

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output | Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	Salary	Deptno
1	Anu	Teacher	25000	29
2	Anoop	Manager	30000	28
3	Paul	Mechanic	20000	27
4	Arjun	Teacher	25500	29

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6 select * from Employee order by Salary asc;
7
8
9
10

```

 Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	Salary	Deptno
3	Paul	Mechanic	20000	27
1	Anu	Teacher	25000	29
4	Arjun	Teacher	25500	29
2	Anoop	Manager	30000	28

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6 select * from Employee where Deptno=29;
7
8
9
10

```

 Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	Salary	Deptno
1	Anu	Teacher	25000	29
4	Arjun	Teacher	25500	29

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6  select distinct Deptno from Employee;
7
8
9
10

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

Deptno
29
28
27

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6  select * from Employee where job like 'M%';
7
8
9
10

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	Salary	Deptno
2	Anoop	Manager	30000	28
3	Paul	Mechanic	20000	27

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6 select Emp_name from Employee where Job=(select Job from Employee where Emp_name='Arjun');
7
8
9
10

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output Input Comments 0

Emp\_name  
Anu  
Arjun

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25500,29);
6 select count(Emp_no) from Employee;
7
8
9
10

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output Input Comments 0

count(Emp\_no)  
4

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```
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(60),Salary int(30),Deptno int(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(1,"Anu","Teacher",25000,29);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(2,"Anoop","Manager",30000,28);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(3,"Paul","Mechanic",20000,27);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,Salary,Deptno)values(4,"Arjun","Teacher",25000,29);
6 select Salary from Employee where Salary=(select min(Salary)from Employee)union select Salary from Employee where Salary=(select max(Salary)from Employee);
7
8
9
10
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) ▾ |

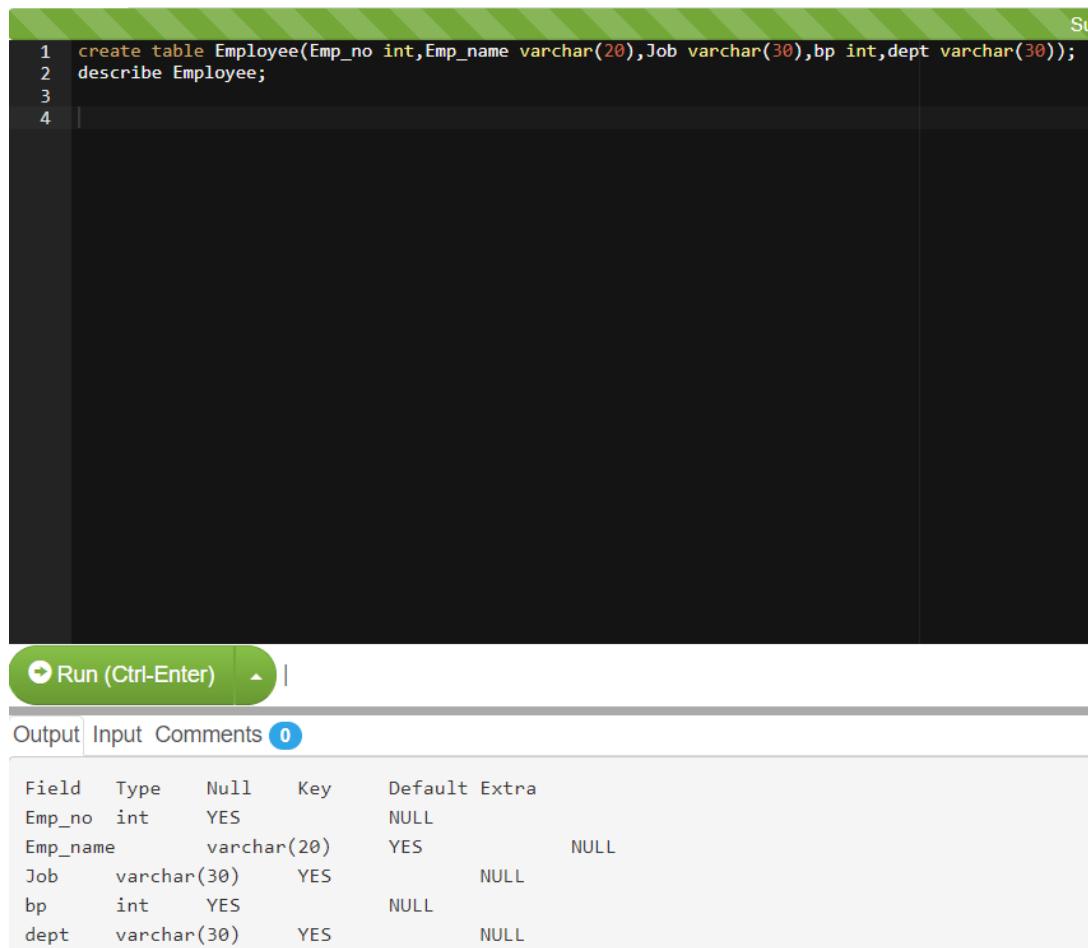
Output Input Comments 0

```
Salary
20000
30000
```

**Program no:2**

Create table employee with fields empno, ename, job, dept. Insert 5 records.

1. Display the content of the employee table in ascending of empno.
2. Display the contents of employee table.
3. Display the half of the bp of all employees.
4. List the name of employee whose name starts with character ‘B’.
5. List the name of employee whose second character of name are either ‘I’ or ‘U’.
6. Retrieve all information whose salary between 10,000 and 30,000.
7. Display the unique job from employee table.
8. List the name and salary of employee who earn salary between 5000 and 12,000 and are in dept 20 or 50. Table the column 26 employee name, month, salary respectively.
9. Display the name of employee whose salary is not between 5000 and 10,000.
10. Display the name and hjob of all employee whose job is ‘Clerk’, ‘Manager’, ‘Analyst’.
11. Display the employee in descending order of their salary.



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. In the SQL tab, the following code is entered:

```

1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2 describe Employee;
3
4

```

Below the SQL tab is a toolbar with a green 'Run (Ctrl-Enter)' button. The results are shown in the 'Output' tab, which displays the table structure:

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Emp_no	int	YES		NULL	
Emp_name	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
Job	varchar(30)		YES		NULL
bp	int	YES		NULL	
dept	varchar(30)		YES		NULL

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Arun","Clerk",50000,"KSEB");
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,"Production");
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,"ENT");
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,"Electrical");
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,"Audit");
7  select * from Employee;
8

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output | Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	bp	dept
1	Arun	Clerk	50000	KSEB
2	Manu	Manager	50000	Production
3	Anu	Nurse	30000	ENT
4	Sree	Electrician	20000	Electrical
5	Balu	Analyst	10000	Audit

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Arun","Clerk",50000,"KSEB");
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,"Production");
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,"ENT");
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,"Electrical");
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,"Audit");
7  select * from Employee order by Emp_no asc;
8

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output | Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	bp	dept
1	Arun	Clerk	50000	KSEB
2	Manu	Manager	50000	Production
3	Anu	Nurse	30000	ENT
4	Sree	Electrician	20000	Electrical
5	Balu	Analyst	10000	Audit

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Arun","Clerk",5000,"KSEB");
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",5000,"Production");
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",3000,"ENT");
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",2000,"Electrical");
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",1000,"Audit");
7  select bp/2 from Employee;
8

```

 |

Output Input Comments 0

```

bp/2
25000.0000
25000.0000
15000.0000
10000.0000
5000.0000

```

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Arun","Clerk",5000,"KSEB");
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",5000,"Production");
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",3000,"ENT");
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",2000,"Electrical");
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",1000,"Audit");
7  select * from Employee where Emp_name like 'B%';
8

```

 |

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	bp	dept
5	Balu	Analyst	10000	Audit

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,"KSEB");
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,"Production");
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,"ENT");
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,"Electrical");
6 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,"Audit");
7 select Emp_name from Employee where (Emp_name like '_i%' or Emp_name like '_u%');
8

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output| Input Comments 0

Emp\_name  
Aisha

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,"KSEB");
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,"Production");
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,"ENT");
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,"Electrical");
6 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,"Audit");
7 select * from Employee where bp between 10000 and 30000;
8

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output| Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	bp	dept
3	Anu	Nurse	30000	ENT
4	Sree	Electrician	20000	Electrical
5	Balu	Analyst	10000	Audit

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,"KSEB");
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,"Production");
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,"ENT");
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,"Electrical");
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,"Audit");
7  select distinct job from Employee;
8

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

job  
 Clerk  
 Manager  
 Nurse  
 Electrician  
 Analyst

```

1  create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,45);
3  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,30);
4  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,40);
5  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,50);
6  insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,20);
7  select Emp_name, bp from Employee where bp not between 5000 and 12000 and dept in (20,50);
8

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_name	bp
Sree	20000

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,45);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,30);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,40);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,50);
6 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,20);
7 select * from Employee order by bp desc;
8

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

---

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_no	Emp_name	Job	bp	dept
1	Aisha	Clerk	50000	45
2	Manu	Manager	50000	30
3	Anu	Nurse	30000	40
4	Sree	Electrician	20000	50
5	Balu	Analyst	10000	20

```

Success
1 create table Employee(Emp_no int,Emp_name varchar(20),Job varchar(30),bp int,dept varchar(30));
2 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(1,"Aisha","Clerk",50000,45);
3 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(2,"Manu","Manager",50000,30);
4 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(3,"Anu","Nurse",30000,40);
5 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(4,"Sree","Electrician",20000,50);
6 insert into Employee(Emp_no,Emp_name,Job,bp,dept)values(5,"Balu","Analyst",10000,20);
7 select Emp_name,job from Employee where job in('Clerk ','Manager ','Analyst');
8

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

---

Output Input Comments 0

Emp_name	job
Aisha	Clerk
Manu	Manager
Balu	Analyst

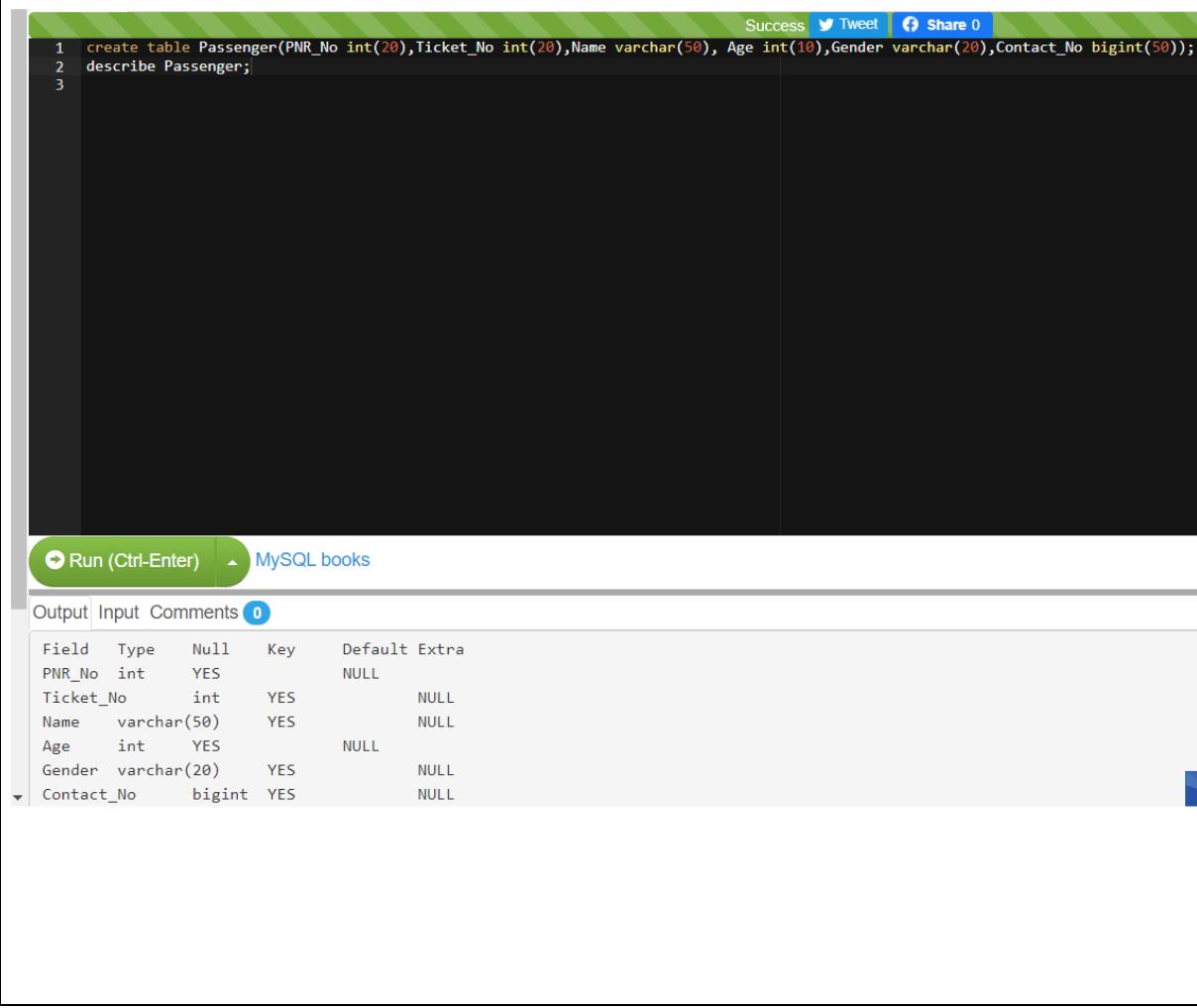
**Program no:3**

Create table Passenger with following fields.

- PNR No
- Ticket No
- Name
- Age
- Gender
- Contact No

Insert values into table and perform following queries.

1. Display unique PNR\_no of passengers.
2. Display name of all male passengers.
3. Display name of passengers whose age between 29 and 45.
4. Display name of passengers whose name begin with r.
5. Display sorted list of passengers by name.
6. Find total no of passengers in table.
7. Find minimum and maximum age of passengers.
8. Find sum and average age of passengers.
9. Find ticket number of passengers whose name starts with r and ends with n.



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a code editor window with the following SQL statements:

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 describe Passenger;
3

```

Below the code editor is a results pane titled "MySQL books". It has tabs for "Output", "Input", and "Comments". The "Output" tab is selected and displays the table structure:

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
PNR_No	int	YES		NULL	
Ticket_No	int	YES		NULL	
Name	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
Age	int	YES		NULL	
Gender	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
Contact_No	bigint	YES		NULL	

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select * from Passenger;
7

```

**Save and Run****Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

PNR_No	Ticket_No	Name	Age	Gender	Contact_No
1	101	Arjun	25	Male	9876543210
2	102	Ryan	29	Male	9876543211
3	103	Mary	31	Female	9876543212
3	104	Sandra	21	Female	9876542463

Success Tweet Share 0

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select distinct PNR_No from Passenger;
7

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

PNR_No
1
2
3

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select Name from Passenger where Gender='Male';
7

```

MySQL books

Output

Input

Comments

0

Name  
Arjun  
Ryan

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select Name from Passenger where Age between 29 and 45;
7

```

MySQL books

Output

Input

Comments

0

Name  
Ryan  
Mary

Success [Tweet](#) [Share 0](#)

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select Name from Passenger where Name like 'R%';
7

```

[Run \(Ctrl-Enter\)](#) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

Name
Ryan

Success [Tweet](#) [Share 0](#)

```

1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select * from Passenger order by Name asc;
7

```

[Save and Run](#)

[Run \(Ctrl-Enter\)](#) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

PNR_No	Ticket_No	Name	Age	Gender	Contact_No
1	101	Arjun	25	Male	9876543210
3	103	Mary	31	Female	9876543212
2	102	Ryan	29	Male	9876543211
3	104	Sandra	21	Female	9876542463

```

Success Tweet Share 0
1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select count(PNR_No)from Passenger;

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

count(PNR_No)
4

```

```

Success Tweet Share 0
1 create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5 insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21,'Female',9876542463);
6 select Age from Passenger where Age=(select min(Age)from Passenger)union select Age from Passenger where Age=(select max(Age)from Passenger);

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

Age
21
31

```

```

1  create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21, Female ,9876542463);
6  select sum(Age)as Sum_Age,avg(Age)as Avg_Age from Passenger;

```

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

Sum_Age	Avg_Age
106	26.5000

```

1  create table Passenger(PNR_No int(20),Ticket_No int(20),Name varchar(50), Age int(10),Gender varchar(20),Contact_No bigint(50));
2  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(001,101,'Arjun',25,'Male',9876543210);
3  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(002,102,'Ryan',29,'Male',9876543211);
4  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,103,'Mary',31,'Female',9876543212);
5  insert into Passenger(PNR_No,Ticket_No,Name,Age,Gender,Contact_No)values(003,104,'Sandra',21, Female ,9876542463);
6  select Ticket_No from Passenger where Name like 'R%';

```

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

Ticket_No
102

**Program no: 4****Inner Join**

Create table Student with attributes sid, sname, course, sem.

Create another table book with attributes bid, bname, author.

Create table issue bid, sid, issuedate.

1. Display the name of the books issued on 31-Oct-2015.
2. Find the details of the student who took the book ‘JAVA’.
3. Find out the name of 4<sup>th</sup> sem student who took atleast one book.
4. Display the name of the book issued to ‘Reepa’.
5. Display the name of the student who took the book written by “Peter”.

```

1  create table student(sid int primary key,sname varchar(50),course varchar(50),sem int);
2  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(1,"Sree","Electrical",4);
3  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(2,"Anee","MBA",3);
4  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(3,"Anila","MCA",2);
5  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(4,"Aami","Btech",4);
6  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(5,"Reepa","MCA",1);
7  insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8  select * from student;
9
10
11
12

```

 Run (Ctrl-Enter) ▾ |

Output Input Comments 0

sid	sname	course	sem
1	Sree	Electrical	4
2	Anee	MBA	3
3	Anila	MCA	2
4	Aami	Btech	4
5	Reepa	MCA	1
6	Anu	Btec	2

```

1 create table book(bid int primary key, bname varchar(50), author varchar(30));
2 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths", "Peter");
3 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business", "John");
4 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure", "James");
5 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C", "George T S");
6 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP", "Dennis");
7 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java", "David");
8 select * from book;
9
10
11
12
13

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter) |

Output Input Comments 0

bid	bname	author
100	Maths	Peter
101	Business	John
102	Data Structure	James
103	C	George T S
104	CPP	Dennis
105	Java	David

```

1 create table issue(bid int references book(bid), sid int references student(sid), issue_date date);
2 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
3 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
4 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
5 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
6 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"14-10-10");
7 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
8 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
9 select * from issue;
10
11
12
13
14

```

Success

Run (Ctrl-Enter) |

Output Input Comments 0

bid	sid	issue_date
100	1	2020-02-11
102	3	2019-04-17
103	2	2018-05-19
105	5	2017-07-12
104	4	2014-10-10
107	6	2015-02-11

```

5 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(4,"Aami","Btech",4);
6 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(5,"Reepa","MCA",1);
7 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8
9 create table book(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),author varchar(30));
10 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths","Peter");
11 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business","John");
12 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure","James");
13 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C","George T S");
14 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP","Dennis");
15 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java","David");
16
17 create table issue(bid int references book(bid),sid int references student(sid),issue_date date);
18 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
19 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
20 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
21 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
22 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"15-10-31");
23 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
24 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
25
26 select book.bname,issue_date from book
27 inner join issue on
28 book.bid=issue.bid where issue.issue_date='15-10-31'
29
30
31

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output | Input | Comments (0)

bname	issue_date
CPP	2015-10-31

```

5 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(4,"Aami","Btech",4);
6 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(5,"Reepa","MCA",1);
7 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8
9 create table book(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),author varchar(30));
10 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths","Peter");
11 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business","John");
12 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure","James");
13 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C","George T S");
14 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP","Dennis");
15 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java","David");
16
17 create table issue(bid int references book(bid),sid int references student(sid),issue_date date);
18 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
19 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
20 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
21 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
22 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"15-10-31");
23 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
24 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
25
26 select student.* from student
27 inner join issue
28 on student.sid=issue.sid where issue.bid=(select book.bid from book
29 inner join issue
30 on book.bid=issue.bid where book.bname='Java' group by book.bid);
31

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output | Input | Comments (0)

sid	sname	course	sem
5	Reepa	MCA	1

Success

```

7 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8
9 create table book(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),author varchar(30));
10 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths","Peter");
11 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business","John");
12 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure","James");
13 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C","George T S");
14 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP","Dennis");
15 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java","David");
16
17 create table issue(bid int references book(bid),sid int references student(sid),issue_date date);
18 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
19 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
20 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
21 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
22 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"15-10-31");
23 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
24 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
25
26 select student.sname as Fourth_sem_students from student
27 inner join issue
28 on student.sid =issue.sid where student.sem=4 group by student.sname;
29
30
31
32
33

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

**Output** | **Input** | **Comments** (0)

Fourth\_sem\_students  
Sree  
Aami

Success

```

6 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(5,"Reepa","MCA",1);
7 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8
9 create table book(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),author varchar(30));
10 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths","Peter");
11 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business","John");
12 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure","James");
13 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C","George T S");
14 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP","Dennis");
15 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java","David");
16
17 create table issue(bid int references book(bid),sid int references student(sid),issue_date date);
18 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
19 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
20 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
21 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
22 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"15-10-31");
23 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
24 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
25
26 select book.bname as BOOK_NAME from book
27 inner join issue
28 on book.bid =issue.bid where issue.sid=(select student.sid from student
29 inner join issue
30 on student.sid=issue.sid where student.sname="Reepa"));
31
32
33

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

**Output** | **Input** | **Comments** (0)

BOOK\_NAME  
Java

```
b insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(5,"Reepa","MCA",1);
7 insert into student(sid,sname,course,sem)values(6,"Anu","Btec",2);
8
9 create table book(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),author varchar(30));
10 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(100,"Maths","Peter");
11 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(101,"Business","John");
12 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(102,"Data Structure","James");
13 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(103,"C","George T S");
14 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(104,"CPP","Dennis");
15 insert into book(bid,bname,author)values(105,"Java","David");
16
17 create table issue(bid int references book(bid),sid int references student(sid),issue_date date);
18 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(100,1,"20-02-11");
19 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(102,3,"19-04-17");
20 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(103,2,"18-05-19");
21 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(105,5,"17-07-12");
22 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(104,4,"15-10-31");
23 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(107,6,"15-02-11");
24 insert into issue(bid,sid,issue_date)values(108,7,"16-03-19");
25
26 select student.sname from student
27 inner join issue
28 on student.sid =issue.sid where issue.bid=(select book.bid from book
29 inner join issue
30 on book.bid=issue.bid where book.author="Peter" group by book.bid);
31
32
33
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) |

Output Input Comments 0

sname
Sree

**Program no: 5****Outer Join**

Create table instructor with following fields.

- Id
- Name
- Department Name
- Salary

Create table teachers with following fields.

- Id
- Course id

Perform following outer join functions.

1. Left outer join
2. Right outer join
3. Full outer join

```

Success
1 create table instructor(id int primary key,name varchar(50),dept_name varchar(50),salary int(30));
2 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(101,"Anu","IT",25000);
3 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(102,"Manu","Computer",45000);
4 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(103,"Anju","Management",40000);
5 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(104,"Sree","Computer",45000);
6 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(105,"Aami","Commerce",50000);
7 select * from instructor;
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter)

Output			
id	name	dept_name	salary
101	Anu	IT	25000
102	Manu	Computer	45000
103	Anju	Management	40000
104	Sree	Computer	45000
105	Aami	Commerce	50000

```
Success
1 create table teacher(tid int, course_id int references instructor(id));
2 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(10, 101);
3 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(11, 101);
4 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(11, 103);
5 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(12, 102);
6 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(13, 103);
7 select * from teacher;
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) |

Output Input Comments 0

tid	course_id
10	101
11	101
11	103
12	102
13	103

```
Success
1 create table teacher(tid int, course_id int references instructor(id));
2 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(10, 101);
3 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(11, 101);
4 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(11, 103);
5 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(12, 102);
6 insert into teacher(tid, course_id) values(13, 103);
7 select * from teacher;
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) |

Output Input Comments 0

tid	course_id
10	101
11	101
11	103
12	102
13	103

```

Success
1 create table instructor(id int primary key,name varchar(50),dept_name varchar(50),salary int(30));
2 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(101,"Anu","IT",25000);
3 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(102,"Manu","Computer",45000);
4 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(103,"Anju","Management",40000);
5 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(104,"Sree","Computer",45000);
6 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(105,"Aami","Commerce",50000);
7
8 create table teacher(tid int,course_id int references instructor(id));
9 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(10,101);
10 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(11,101);
11 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(11,103);
12 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(12,102);
13 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(13,103);
14
15 select id,tid,name,salary
from instructor
16 right outer join teacher
17 on instructor.id=teacher.course_id;
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output Input Comments 0

id	tid	name	salary
101	10	Anu	25000
101	11	Anu	25000
103	11	Anju	40000
102	12	Manu	45000
103	13	Anju	40000

```

Success
1 create table instructor(id int primary key,name varchar(50),dept_name varchar(50),salary int(30));
2 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(101,"Anu","IT",25000);
3 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(102,"Manu","Computer",45000);
4 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(103,"Anju","Management",40000);
5 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(104,"Sree","Computer",45000);
6 insert into instructor(id,name,dept_name,salary)values(105,"Aami","Commerce",50000);
7
8 create table teacher(tid int,course_id int references instructor(id));
9 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(10,101);
10 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(11,101);
11 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(11,103);
12 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(12,102);
13 insert into teacher(tid,course_id)values(13,103);
14
15 select * from instructor
join teacher
16 on instructor.id=teacher.course_id;
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

Output Input Comments 0

id	name	dept_name	salary	tid	course_id
101	Anu	IT	25000	10	101
101	Anu	IT	25000	11	101
103	Anju	Management	40000	11	103
102	Manu	Computer	45000	12	102
103	Anju	Management	40000	13	103

**Program no: 6****Set Operations**

Create table Sailors with following attributes sid, sname, rating, age.

Create table Boat with attributes bid, bname and bcolor.

Create another table Reserves with the attributes sid, bid, date.

1. Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red or a green boat.
2. Find the names of sailors who have reserved both red and green boat.
3. Find the sid of all sailors who reserved a red boat but not a green boat.
4. Find all sid of sailors who have a rating of 10 or have reserved boat 104.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a code editor window containing SQL commands to create the 'sailors' table and insert five rows of data. The output pane below shows the successful execution of the commands and the resulting table structure with five rows of data.

```

Success このコードを実行する
1 create table sailors(SID int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",9,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5.5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaisom",8,58);
7 select * from sailors;
8
9

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output	Input	Comments
<pre> SID      sname    rating   age 20       horatio  9        55 21       denis    10       40 22       harley   5.5     50 23       dain     10       36 24       jaisom   8        58 </pre>		0

```

Success
1 create table sailors(SID int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",9,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5.5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaisom",8,58);
7
8
9
10 create table boats(BID int primary key,bname varchar(50),bcolor varchar(20));
11 insert into boats values(101,"island",'blue');
12 insert into boats values(102,"speed",'red');
13 insert into boats values(22,"wind",'green');
14 insert into boats values(23,"marine",'white');
15 select * from boats;
16

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

BID	bname	bcolor
101	island	blue
102	speed	red
22	wind	green
23	marine	white

```

Success
1 create table sailors(SID int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",9,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5.5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaisom",8,58);
7
8
9
10 create table boats(BID int primary key,bname varchar(50),bcolor varchar(20));
11 insert into boats values(101,"island",'blue');
12 insert into boats values(102,"speed",'red');
13 insert into boats values(103,"wind",'green');
14 insert into boats values(104,"marine",'white');
15
16 create table reserves(SID int,BID int,day varchar(20),primary key (SID,BID,day),foreign key (SID) references sailors(SID),foreign key (BID) references boats(BID));
17 insert into reserves values(22,101,"monday");
18 insert into reserves values(24,104,"wednesday");
19 insert into reserves values(22,10,"friday");
20 insert into reserves values(23,103,"monday");
21 select * from reserves;
22
23
24
25

```

Save and Run

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

SID	BID	day
22	10	friday
22	101	monday
23	103	monday
24	104	wednesday

```

1 create table sailors(sid int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",5,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5,5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaism",8,58);
7
8
9
10 create table boats(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),bcolor varchar(20));
11 insert into boats values(101,"island","blue");
12 insert into boats values(102,"speed","red");
13 insert into boats values(103,"wind","green");
14 insert into boats values(104,"marine","white");
15
16 create table reserves(sid int,bid int,day varchar(20),primary key (sid,bid,day),foreign key (sid) references sailors(sid),foreign key(bid) references boats(bid));
17 insert into reserves values(22,101,"monday");
18 insert into reserves values(24,104,"wednesday");
19 insert into reserves values(22,102,"friday");
20 insert into reserves values(23,103,"monday");
21 insert into reserves values(22,103,"monday");
22 insert into reserves values(22,104,"thursday");
23
24 select S.sname from sailors S ,reserves R,boats B where S.sid=R.sid and R.bid= B.bid and (B.bcolor='red' or B.bcolor='green')

Save and Run
Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books
Output Input Comments 0
```

sname  
harley  
dain  
harley

```

1 create table sailors(sid int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",5,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5,5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaism",8,58);
7
8
9
10 create table boats(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),bcolor varchar(20));
11 insert into boats values(101,"island","blue");
12 insert into boats values(102,"speed","red");
13 insert into boats values(103,"wind","green");
14 insert into boats values(104,"marine","white");
15
16 create table reserves(sid int,bid int,day varchar(20),primary key (sid,bid,day),foreign key (sid) references sailors(sid),foreign key(bid) references boats(bid));
17 insert into reserves values(22,101,"monday");
18 insert into reserves values(24,104,"wednesday");
19 insert into reserves values(22,102,"friday");
20 insert into reserves values(23,103,"monday");
21 insert into reserves values(22,103,"monday");
22 insert into reserves values(22,104,"thursday");
23
24 select sid,sname from sailors where sid in(select sid from reserves where bid in(select bid from boats where bcolor in('red','green')))

Save and Run
Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books
Output Input Comments 0
```

sid sname  
22 harley  
23 dain

```

13  insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14  insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15  insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16  insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17  insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18  SELECT S.sname
19  FROM sailors S, boat B1,reserles R1,
20  boat B2, reserles R2
21  WHERE S.sid=R1.sid AND R1.bid=B1.bid
22  AND S.sid=R2.sid AND R2.bid=B2.bid
23  AND B1.bcolor='red' AND B2.bcolor='green'
24  |

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

sname

Hardely

```

1 create table sailors(sid int primary key,sname varchar(50),rating float,age int);
2 insert into sailors values(20,"horatio",55,55);
3 insert into sailors values(21,"denis",10,40);
4 insert into sailors values(22,"harley",5,50);
5 insert into sailors values(23,"dain",10,36);
6 insert into sailors values(24,"jaisom",8,58);
7
8
9
10 create table boats(bid int primary key,bname varchar(50),bcolor varchar(20));
11 insert into boats values(101,"island","blue");
12 insert into boats values(102,"speed","red");
13 insert into boats values(103,"wind","green");
14 insert into boats values(104,"marine","white");
15
16 create table reserves(sid int,bid int,day varchar(20),primary key(sid,bid,day),foreign key (sid) references sailors(sid),foreign key(bid) references boats(bid));
17 insert into reserves values(22,101,"monday");
18 insert into reserves values(24,104,"wednesday");
19 insert into reserves values(22,102,"friday");
20 insert into reserves values(23,103,"monday");
21 insert into reserves values(22,103,"monday");
22 insert into reserves values(22,104,"thursday");
23
24 select S.sid from sailors S where S.rating=10
25 union
26 select R.sid from reserves R where R.bid=104;

```

Save and Run

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)** MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

sid  
21  
23  
24  
22

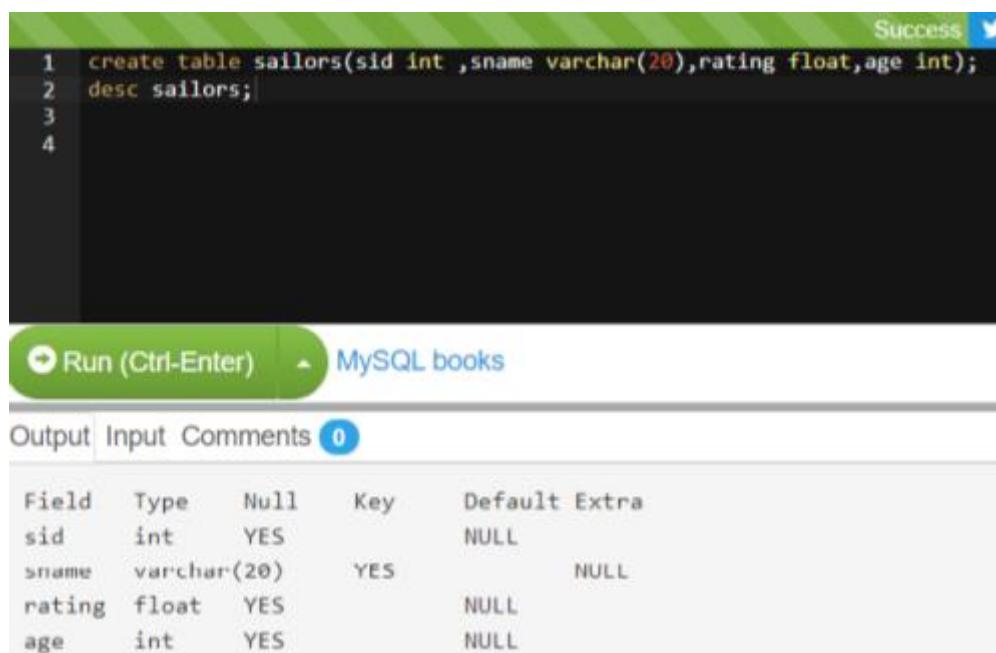
**Program no: 7****Subquery**

Create table sailors with attributes sid, sname, rating, age.

Create table reserves with attributes sid, bid, day.

Create table boats with attributes bid, bname, bcolor.

1. Find the names of sailors who have not reserved a red boat.
2. Find the sailors whose rating is better than some sailor called Horatio.
3. Find the sailors with the highest rating.
4. Find the name and age of the oldest sailors.
5. Find the names of sailors who are older than the oldest sailor with rating of 10.



The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a code editor window with the following SQL statements:

```

1 create table sailors(sid int ,sname varchar(20),rating float,age int);
2 desc sailors;
3
4

```

The status bar at the top right indicates "Success". Below the code editor is a toolbar with a "Run (Ctrl-Enter)" button and a "MySQL books" link. Underneath the toolbar is a tab bar with "Output" selected, followed by "Input" and "Comments". The "Output" tab displays the description of the "sailors" table:

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
sid	int	YES		NULL	
sname	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
rating	float	YES		NULL	
age	int	YES		NULL	

```
Success   
1 create table sailors(sid int ,sname varchar(20),rating float,age int);  
2 create table reserles(sid int,bid int,day int);  
3 desc reserles;  
4  
5
```

Save and Run

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
sid	int	YES		NULL	
bid	int	YES		NULL	
day	int	YES		NULL	

```
Success   
1 create table sailors(sid int ,sname varchar(20),rating float,age int);  
2 create table reserles(sid int,bid int,day int);  
3 create table boat(bid int,bname varchar(20),bcolor varchar(20));  
4 desc boat;  
5  
6
```

Save and Run

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
bid	int	YES		NULL	
bname	varchar(20)		YES		NULL
bcolor	varchar(20)		YES		NULL

```

13  insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14  insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15  insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16  insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17  insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18  SELECT S.sname
19  FROM sailors S
20  WHERE S.sid NOT IN ( SELECT R.sid
21    FROM reserles R
22  WHERE R.bid IN ( SELECT B.bid
23    FROM boat B
24    WHERE B.bcolor='red' ))
25
26

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

sname  
Arjun  
Jhon  
Rohan

```

9  insert into reserles values(22,102,'1998-10-10');
10 insert into reserles values(22,103,'1998-11-09');
11 insert into reserles values(41,104,'1998-9-8');
12 insert into reserles values(23,105,'1998-12-10');
13 insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14 insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15 insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16 insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17 insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18 SELECT S1.sname
19 FROM sailors S1
20 WHERE S1.rating > ANY ( SELECT S2.rating
21 Save and Run for S2
22 WHERE S2.sname='Horatio' )

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

sname  
Jhon  
Rohan

```

10 insert into reserles values(22,103,'1998-11-09');
11 insert into reserles values(41,104,'1998-9-8');
12 insert into reserles values(23,105,'1998-12-10');
13 insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14 insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15 insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16 insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17 insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18 SELECT S1.sname
19 FROM sailors S1
20 WHERE S1.rating >= ALL ( SELECT S2.rating
21 FROM sailors S2)
2 Save and Run
23

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)** MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

sname
Rohan

```

```

Success Tweet Share
8 insert into sailors values(23,'Horatio',4,41);
9 insert into reserles values(22,102,'1998-10-10');
10 insert into reserles values(22,103,'1998-11-09');
11 insert into reserles values(41,104,'1998-9-8');
12 insert into reserles values(23,105,'1998-12-10');
13 insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14 insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15 insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16 insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17 insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18 select S.sname ,S.age from sailors S where S.age=(select max(S2.age)from sailors S2);
19
20 Save and Run
21

```

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)** MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

sname    age
Horatio 41

```

Success [Tweet](#) [Share 0](#)

```
8 insert into sailors values('23','Horatio',41);
9 insert into reserles values(22,102,'1998-10-10');
10 insert into reserles values(22,103,'1998-11-09');
11 insert into reserles values(41,104,'1998-9-8');
12 insert into reserles values(23,105,'1998-12-10');
13 insert into reserles values(34,106,'1998-10-4');
14 insert into boat values(105,'Interlake','red');
15 insert into boat values(102,'Interlake','red');
16 insert into boat values(103,'Clipper','green');
17 insert into boat values(104,'Titanic','blue');
18 select S.sname from sailors S where S.age>(select max(S2.age)from sailors S2 where S2.rating=10);
19
20 Save and Run
21
```

[Run \(Ctrl-Enter\)](#) [MySQL books](#)

Output Input Comments 0

```
sname
Arjun
Jhon
Horatio
```

**Program no: 8****Aggregate operations, Group by having clause**

Create table employee with following field eid, ename, did, salary.

Create table dept with field did and dname.

1. Find out the number of employees in company.
2. Find out the total salary of all department.
3. Find out the total salary of dept with did=100.
4. Find out the average salary of all department.
5. Find out the minimum salary of department.
6. Find out the number of employees in each department.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a code editor window containing the following SQL script:

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,8000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(2,"dhiana",104,60000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,9000);
6 select * from employe;

```

Below the code editor is a large black area labeled "Success". At the bottom left of this area is a "Save and Run" button. Below the main interface, there is a toolbar with a "Run (Ctrl-Enter)" button and a dropdown menu set to "MySQL books".

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the output tab selected. It displays the following table of employee data:

eid	ename	did	salary
1	biju	100	8000
2	dhiana	104	60000
3	ansala	102	65000
6	anu	103	9000

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,8000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(8,"dhilana",104,60000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,9000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104,"It");
12 select count(*)as number_of_employe from employe;
13

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

number_of_employe
4

```

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

```

number_of_employe
4

```

Success

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,8000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(8,"dhiana",104,60000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,9000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104,"It");
12 select did,sum(salary) from employe group by did;

```

**Save and Run**

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)** MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

did	sum(salary)
100	8000
104	60000
102	65000
103	9000

Success

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,8000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(8,"dhiana",104,60000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,9000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104,"It");
12 select sum(salary) from employe where did=100;

```

**Save and Run**

**Run (Ctrl-Enter)** MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

sum(salary)
8000

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,80000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(8,"dhiana",104,50000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,90000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104," It");
12 select did ,avg(salary)as average_salary from employe group by did;

```

**Save and Run****Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

did	average_salary
100	80000.0000
104	60000.0000
102	65000.0000
103	90000.0000

Success

```

1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(1,"biju",100,80000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(8,"dhiana",104,50000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) value(6,"anu",103,90000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104," It");
12 select did ,min(salary)as minimum_salary from employe group by did;

```

**Save and Run****Run (Ctrl-Enter)**

MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

did	minimum_salary
100	8000
104	60000
102	65000
103	9000

```
1 create table employe (eid int not null,ename varchar(20) not null,did int not null,salary int);
2 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) values(1,"biju",100,30000);
3 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) values(2,"dhiana",102,60000);
4 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) values(3,"ansala",102,65000);
5 insert into employe(eid,ename,did,salary) values(6,"anu",103,90000);
6
7
8 create table dept(did int references employe(did),dname varchar(20) not null);
9 insert into dept(did,dname) values(100,"production");
10 insert into dept(did,dname) values(102,"sales");
11 insert into dept(did,dname) values(104," It");
12 select did ,count(*) as number_of_employees from employe group by did;
```

Save and Run

Run (Ctrl-Enter) MySQL books

Output Input Comments 0

did	number_of_employees
100	1
102	2
103	1

**Program no: 9****PLSQL**

1. Program to display “Hello guys!”.

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL developer interface. In the top section, under 'SQL Commands', there is a code editor with the following PL/SQL block:

```

1 begin
2 dbms_output.put_line('Hello guys!');
3 end;
4 /

```

Below the code editor, the results tab is selected, showing the output of the executed statement:

```

Hello guys!
Statement processed.
0.00 seconds

```

2. Program to find sum of two numbers.

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL developer interface. In the top section, under 'SQL Commands', there is a code editor with the following PL/SQL block:

```

1 Declare
2 a integer;
3 b integer;
4 c integer;
5 begin
6 a:=10;
7 b:=20;
8 c:=a+b;
9 dbms_output.put_line(['Sum of two numbers:']);
10 dbms_output.put_line(c);
11 end;
12 /

```

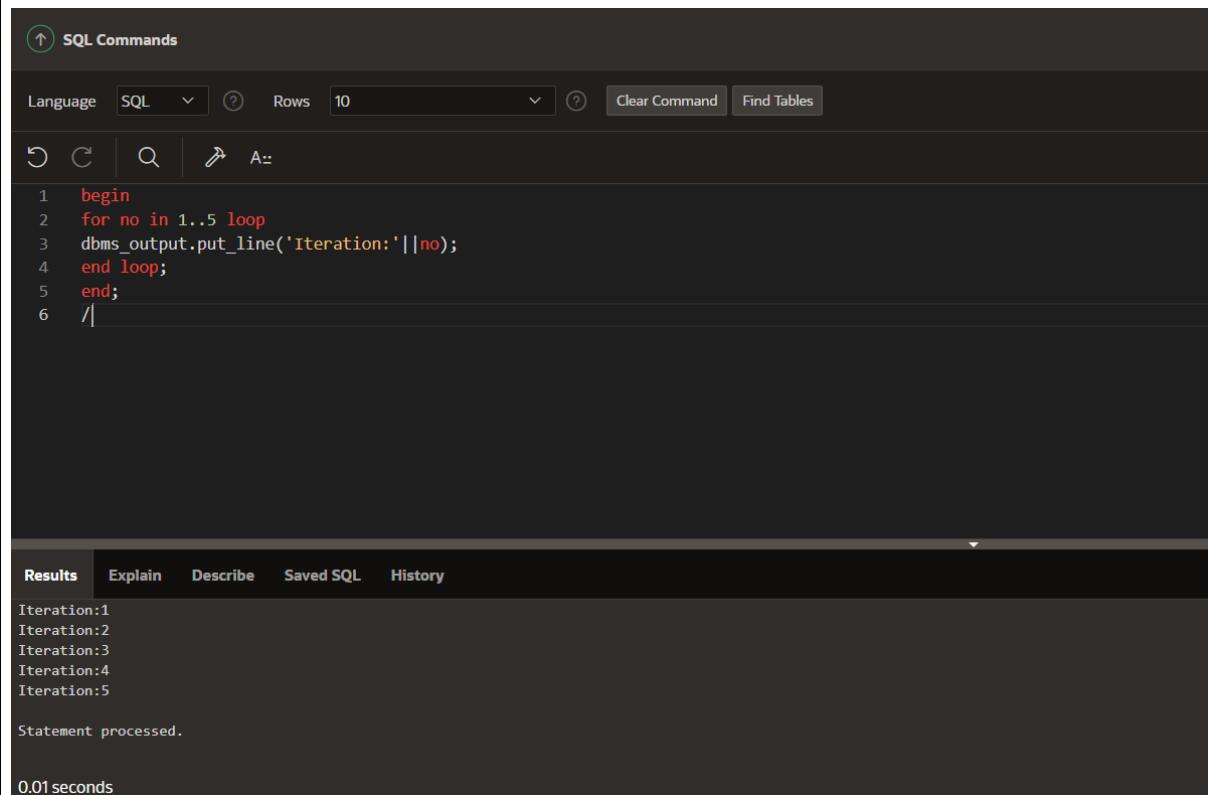
Below the code editor, the results tab is selected, showing the output of the executed statement:

```

Sum of two numbers:
30

```

### 3. Program to display 1 to 5.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface in Oracle SQL Developer. The code in the editor is:

```

1 begin
2 for no in 1..5 loop
3 dbms_output.put_line('Iteration:'||no);
4 end loop;
5 end;
6 /

```

The results tab shows the output of the program:

```

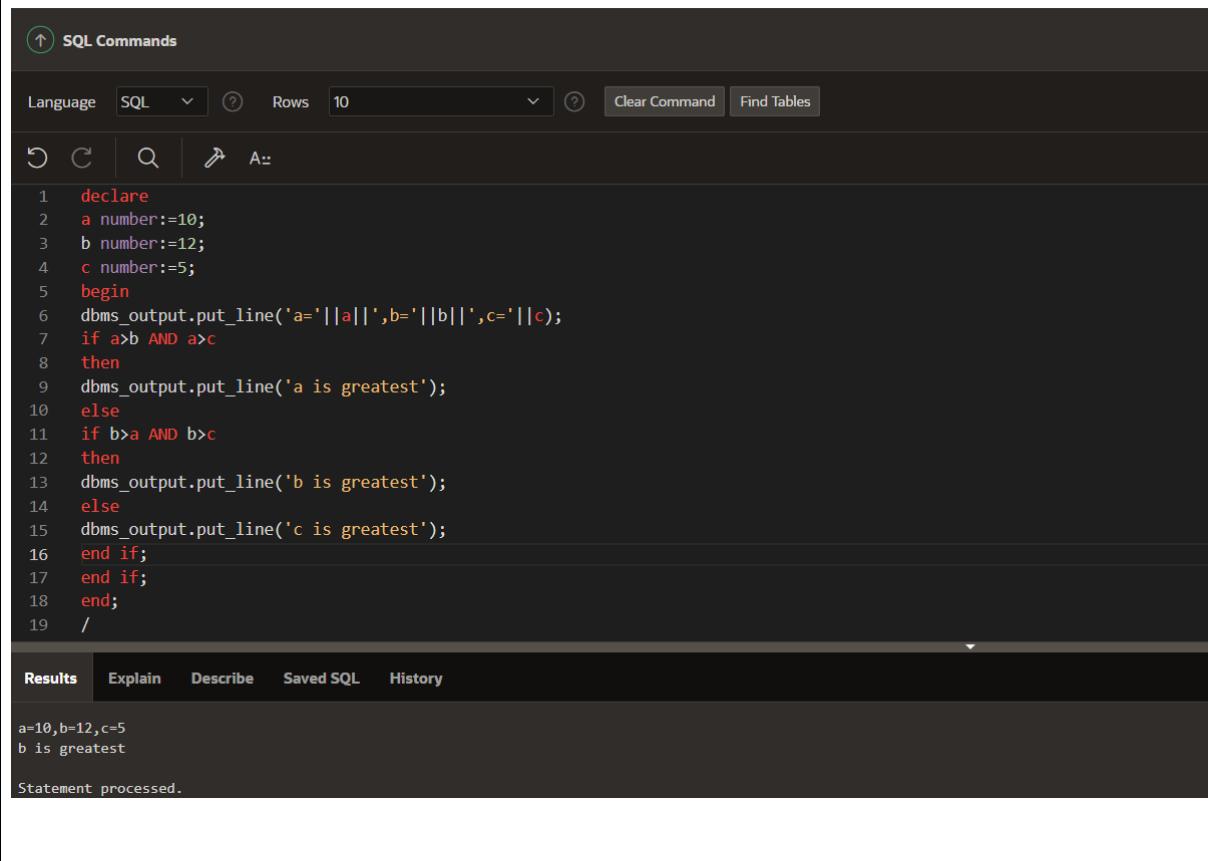
Iteration:1
Iteration:2
Iteration:3
Iteration:4
Iteration:5

Statement processed.

0.01 seconds

```

### 4. Program to find greatest of three numbers.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface in Oracle SQL Developer. The code in the editor is:

```

1 declare
2 a number:=10;
3 b number:=12;
4 c number:=5;
5 begin
6 dbms_output.put_line('a='||a||',b='||b||',c='||c);
7 if a>b AND a>c
8 then
9 dbms_output.put_line('a is greatest');
10 else
11 if b>a AND b>c
12 then
13 dbms_output.put_line('b is greatest');
14 else
15 dbms_output.put_line('c is greatest');
16 end if;
17 end if;
18 end;
19 /

```

The results tab shows the output of the program:

```

a=10,b=12,c=5
b is greatest

Statement processed.

```

5. Program to check whether the number is odd or even.

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL developer interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with icons for Undo, Redo, Cut, Copy, Paste, Find, and Paste. Below the toolbar, the menu bar includes Language (set to SQL), Rows (set to 10), Clear Command, and Find Tables. The main area contains a code editor with the following PL/SQL script:

```
1 declare
2 n number:=8;
3 begin
4 if mod(n,2)=0
5 then
6 dbms_output.put_line('Number is even');
7 else
8 dbms_output.put_line('Number is odd');
9 end if;
10 end;
11 /
```

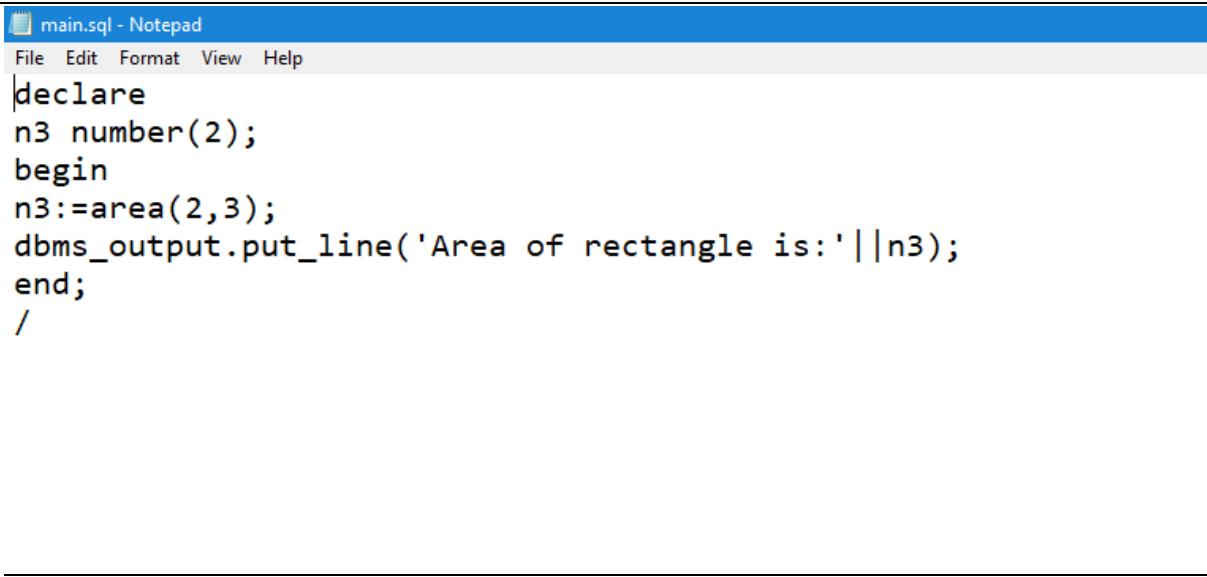
Below the code editor, there are tabs for Results, Explain, Describe, Saved SQL, and History. The Results tab is selected, showing the output of the executed query:

```
Number is even
Statement processed.
```

6. Program to find the area of a rectangle using function.

The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled "area.sql - Notepad". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Format, View, Help. The main content area contains the following PL/SQL function definition:

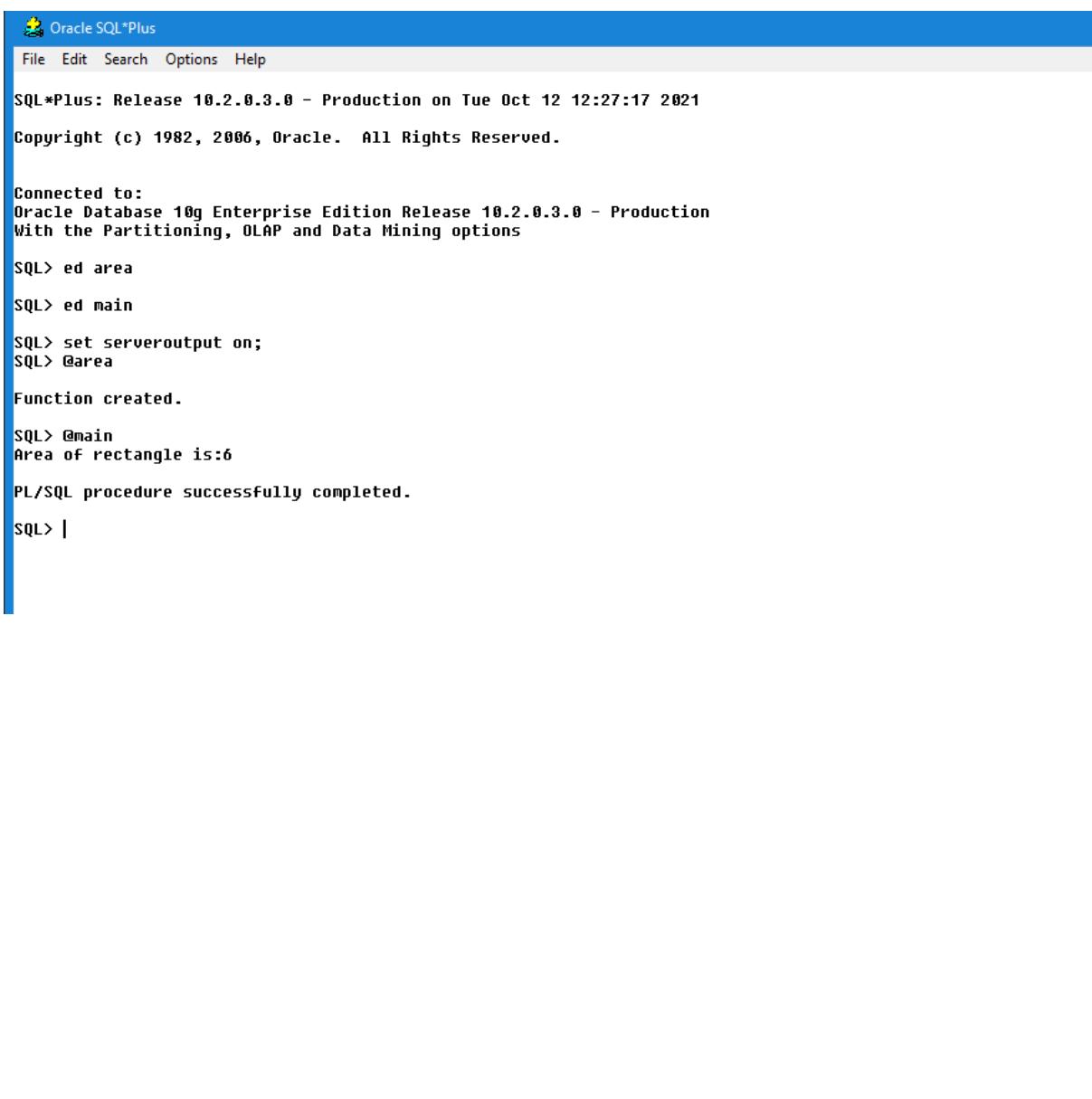
```
create or replace function area(n1 in number,n2 in number)
return number
is
n3 number(8);
begin
n3:=n1*n2;
return n3;
end;
/
```



main.sql - Notepad

```
File Edit Format View Help
declare
n3 number(2);
begin
n3:=area(2,3);
dbms_output.put_line('Area of rectangle is:'||n3);
end;
/
```

---



Oracle SQL\*Plus

```
File Edit Search Options Help
SQL*Plus: Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production on Tue Oct 12 12:27:17 2021
Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> ed area
SQL> ed main
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> @area
Function created.

SQL> @main
Area of rectangle is:6
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> |
```

7. Program to find the sum of two numbers using function.

```
add.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
create or replace function adder(n1 in number,n2 in number)
return number
is
n3 number(8);
begin
n3:=n1+n2;
return n3;
end;
/
```

```
main.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
declare
n3 number(2);
begin
n3:=adder(11,22);
dbms_output.put_line('Addition is:' || n3);
end;
/
```

```
Oracle SQL*Plus
File Edit Search Options Help
SQL*Plus: Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production on Tue Oct 12 11:59:43 2021
Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> ed add
SQL> ed main
SQL> set severoutput on;
SP2-0735: unknown SET option beginning "severoutpu..."
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> @add
Function created.

SQL> @main
Addition is:33
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

**8. Program to find the minimum of two numbers using procedure.**

```
minimum.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
DECLARE
    a number;
    b number;
    c number;
PROCEDURE findMin(x IN number,y IN number,z OUT number) IS
BEGIN
    IF x < y THEN
        z:=x;
    ELSE
        z:=y;
    END IF;
BEGIN
    a:=23;
    b:=45;
    findMin(a,b,c);
    dbms_output.put_line('Minimum of(23,25):'||c);
END;
/|
```

```
Oracle SQL*Plus
File Edit Search Options Help
SQL*Plus: Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production on Tue Oct 12 12:21:50 2021
Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> ed minimum
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> @minimum
Minimum of(23,25):23

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> |
```

**9. Program to find the square of the number using procedure.**

```
square.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
DECLARE
    a number;
PROCEDURE squareNum(x IN OUT number ) IS
BEGIN
    x := x * x;
END;
BEGIN
    a:=23;
    squareNum(a);
    dbms_output.put_line('Square of(23): ' || a);
END;
/
```

```
Oracle SQL*Plus
File Edit Search Options Help
SQL*Plus: Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production on Tue Oct 12 12:23:36 2021
Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> ed square
SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> @square
Square of(23): 529

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> |
```

**Program no: 10**

Program to implement triggers in pl/sql.

```
delage.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
create trigger tr1 after delete on employee
for each row
when(old.age>50)
begin
insert into pension values(:old.Id,:old.Name,:old.Age);
end;
/
```

```
Oracle SQL*Plus
File Edit Search Options Help
Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> create table employee(Id number,Name varchar(20),Age number);

Table created.

SQL> insert into employee values(1,'Arun',35);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into employee values(2,'Gopu',55);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from employee;

ID NAME          AGE
---- --          --
 1 Arun           35
 2 Gopu           55

SQL> create table pension(Id number,Name varchar(20),Age number);

Table created.

SQL> select * from pension;

no rows selected

SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> ed delage

SQL> @delage

Trigger created.

SQL> delete from employee where id=2;

1 row deleted.

SQL> select * from pension;

ID NAME          AGE
---- --          --
 2 Gopu           55

SQL> |
```

**Program no: 11**

Program to implement cursors in pl/sql.

```

cursor.sql - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
DECLARE
    total_rows number(2);
BEGIN
    UPDATE emps
    SET salary = salary + 500;

END;
/

```

---

```

File Edit Search Options Help

Copyright (c) 1982, 2006, Oracle. All Rights Reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 10g Enterprise Edition Release 10.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP and Data Mining options

SQL> drop table emps;

Table dropped.

SQL> create table emps(Id number,Name varchar(20),salary number);

Table created.

SQL> insert into emps values(1,'Anju',45000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into emps values(2,'Akhila',40000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into emps values(3,'Ramsi',35000);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from emps;

      ID NAME          SALARY
----- 
      1 Anju           45000
      2 Akhila         40000
      3 Ramsi          35000

SQL> set serveroutput on;
SQL> ed cursor

SQL> @cursor

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select * from emps;

      ID NAME          SALARY
----- 
      1 Anju           45500
      2 Akhila         40500
      3 Ramsi          35500

```

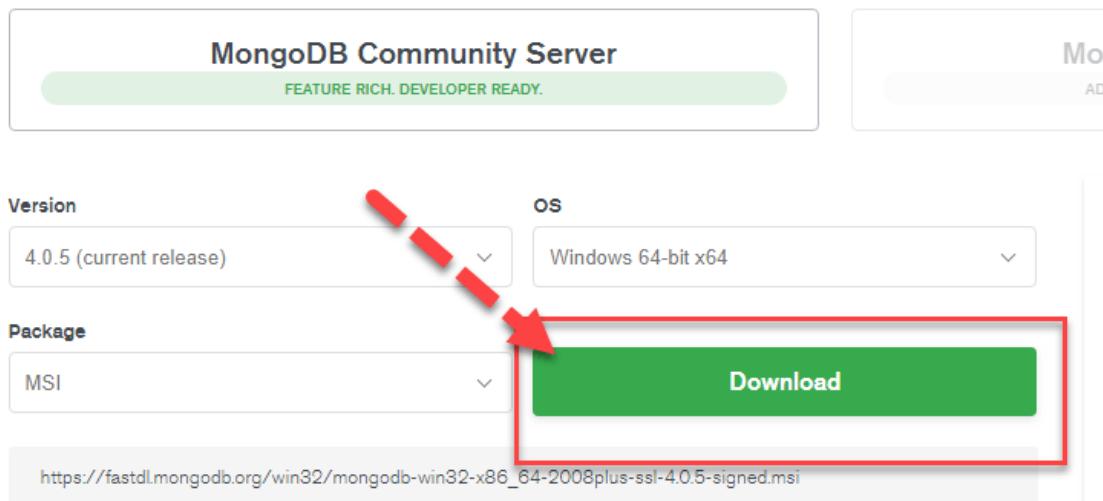
## **Program no: 12**

### **Steps to download and install MongoDB on Windows 10.**

Step 1: Download MongoDB Community Server.

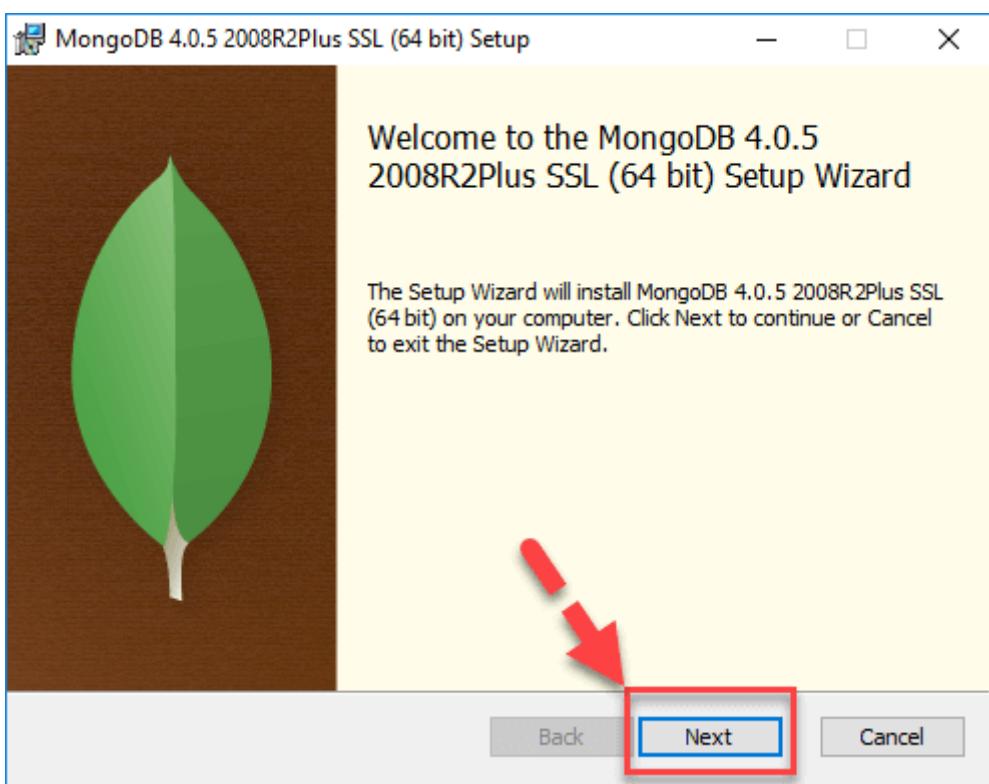
Go to [link](#) and Download MongoDB Community Server. We will install the 64-bit version for Windows.

Select the server you would like to run:

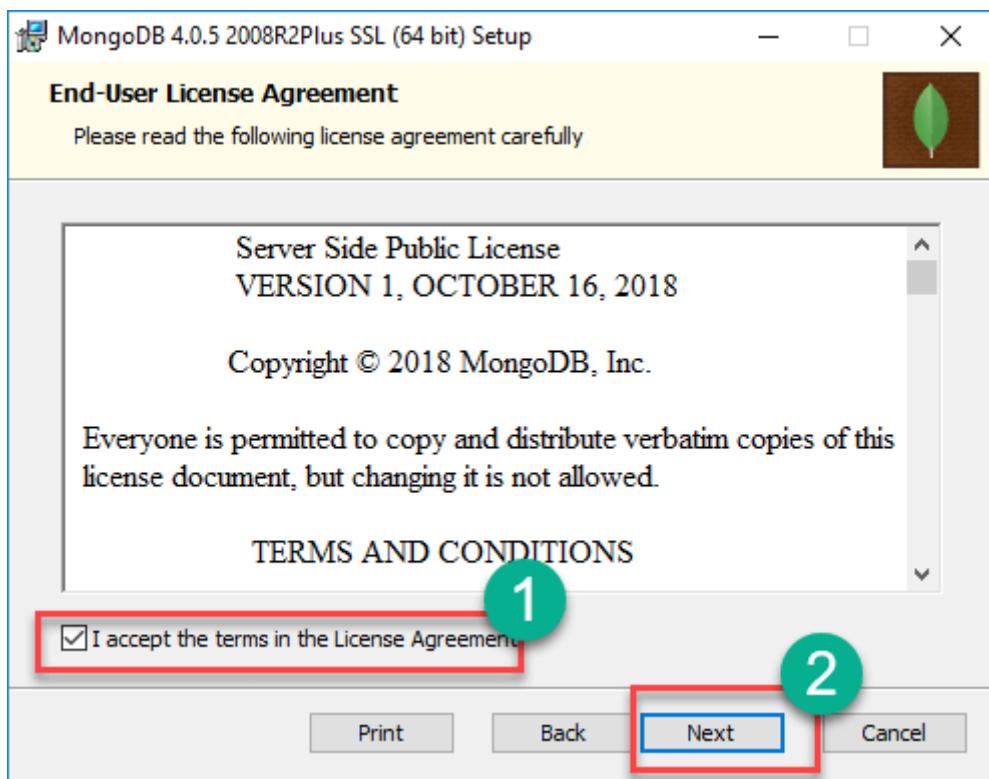


Step 2: Click on Setup.

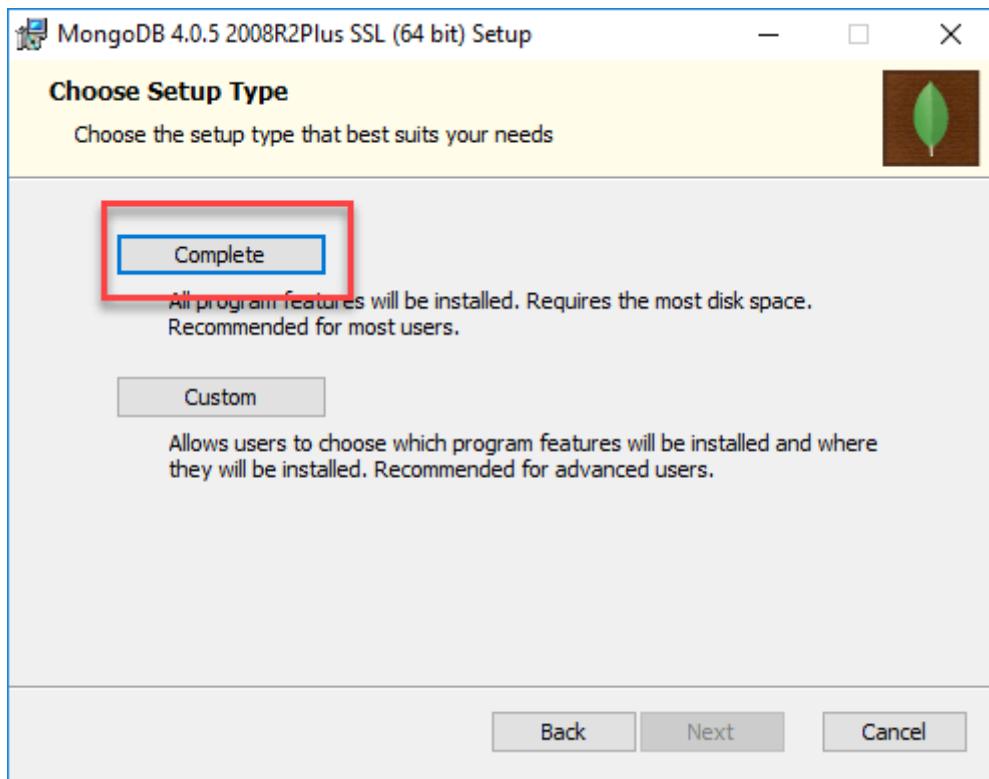
Once download is complete open the msi file. Click Next in the start up screen.



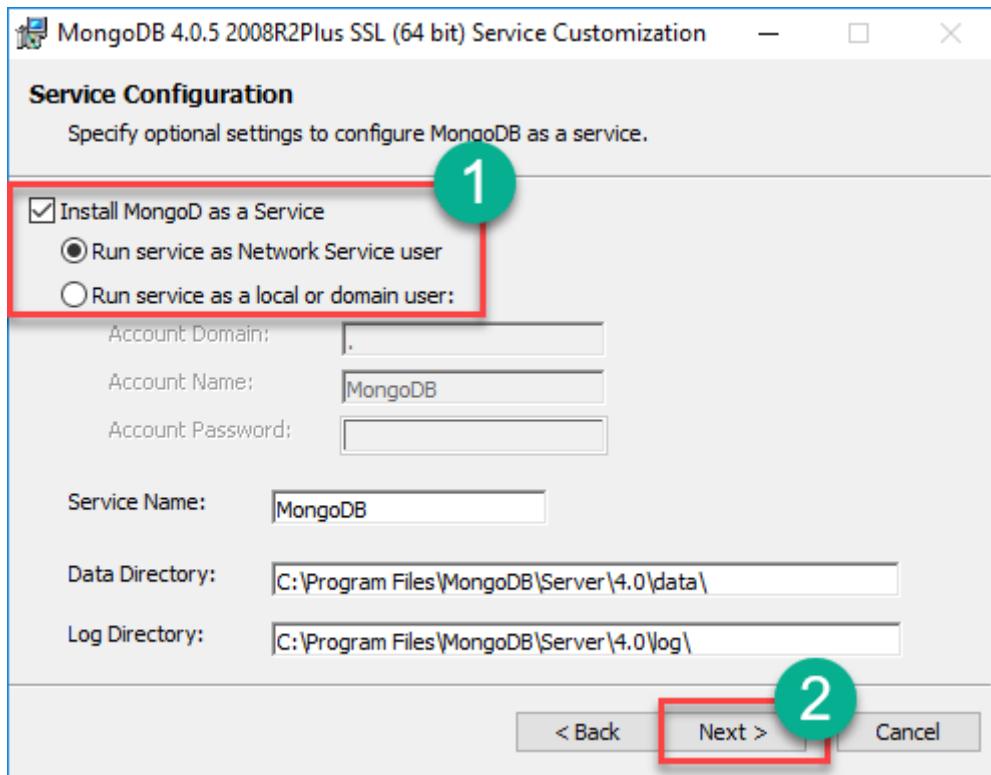
Step 3: Accept the End-User License Agreement. Click Next.



Step 4: Click on the “complete” button to install all of the components. The custom option can be used to install selective components or if you want to change the location of the installation.

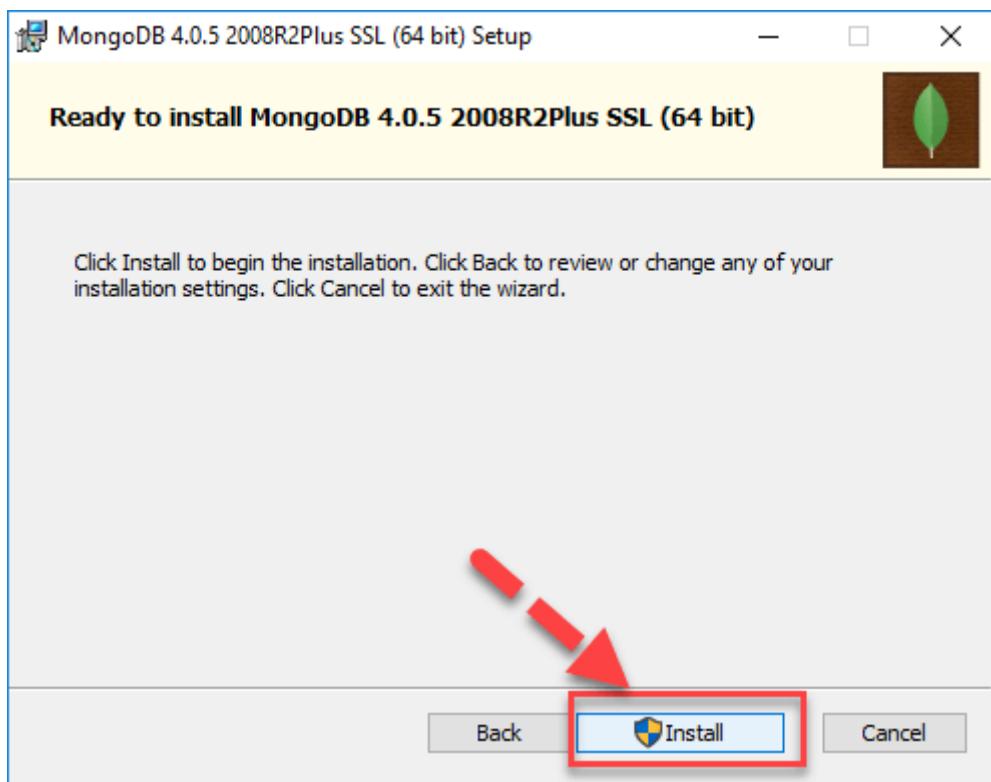


Step 5: Service Configuration. Select “Run service as Network Service user”. make a note of the data directory, we’ll need this later. Click Next.

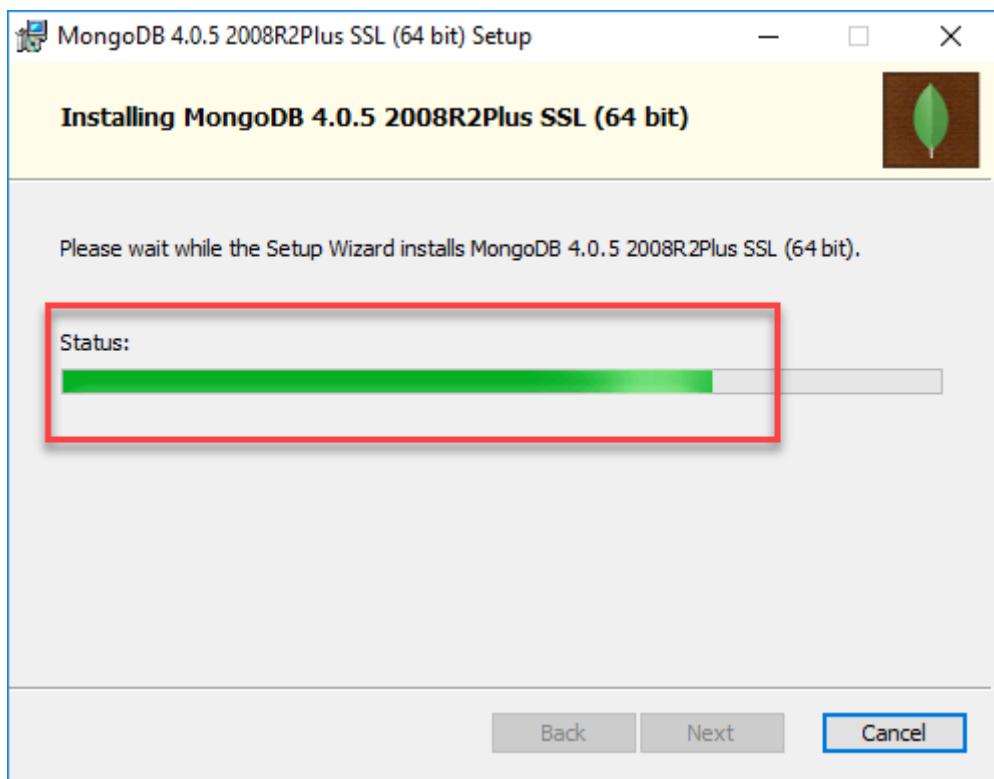


Step 6: Start installation process.

Click on the Install button to start the installation.

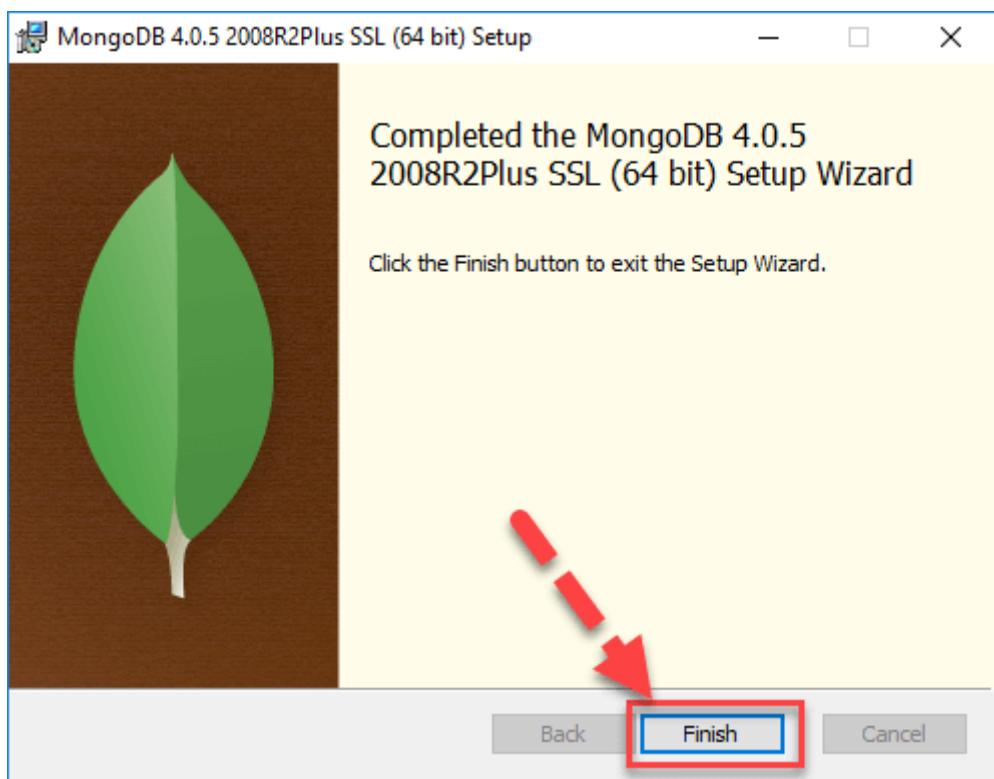


Step 7: Click Next once completed. Installation begins. Click Next once completed.



Step 8: Click on the Finish button.

Final step, Once completes the installation, Click on the Finish button.



Step 9: Go to "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.0\bin" and double click on mongo.exe. Alternatively, you can also click on the MongoDB desktop item.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
bsondump.exe	19-12-2018 06:51 ...	Application	13,290 KB
InstallCompass.ps1	19-12-2018 07:18 ...	Windows PowerS...	2 KB
libeay32.dll	03-04-2018 06:58 ...	Application extens...	2,405 KB
<b>mongo.exe</b>	19-12-2018 07:14 ...	Application	17,986 KB
mongod.cfg	09-01-2019 12:33 ...	CFG File	1 KB
<b>mongo</b>	19-12-2018 07:20 ...	Application	31,761 KB
mongod.pdb	19-12-2018 07:20 ...	PDB File	3,48,980 KB
mongodump.exe	19-12-2018 06:56 ...	Application	15,559 KB

```
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.0\bin\mongo.exe

Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("6ec8d2de-8936-41ee-b7a4-60993a04b2b2") }
MongoDB server version: 4.0.5
Welcome to the MongoDB shell.
For interactive help, type "help".
For more comprehensive documentation, see
      http://docs.mongodb.org/
Questions? Try the support group
      http://groups.google.com/group/mongodb-user
Server has startup warnings:
2019-01-09T00:03:23.004-0700 I CONTROL  [initandlisten]
2019-01-09T00:03:23.004-0700 I CONTROL  [initandlisten] ** WARNING: Access control
2019-01-09T00:03:23.004-0700 I CONTROL  [initandlisten] **             Read and write
nrestricted.
2019-01-09T00:03:23.004-0700 I CONTROL  [initandlisten]
---
Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and
metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL acces
and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make produc
improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMon
---
```

**Program no: 13****CRUD Operations in NoSql.**

1. Create a database school and create a collection class.

```
ON Command Prompt - mongo
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.1237]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\HP>mongo
MongoDB shell version v4.4.9
connecting to: mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?compressors=disabled&gssapiServiceName=mongodb
Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("41fb551d-62c7-4934-96f1-1a6f63ccaeb3") }
MongoDB server version: 4.4.9
---
The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
2021-10-13T12:17:04.559+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access
2021-10-13T12:17:04.560+05:30: This server is bound to localhost. Remote systems will be unable to co
d serve responses from, or with --bind_ip_all to bind to all interfaces. If this behavior is desired, start
---
---
Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display
metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you
and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product
improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
---
> show dbs
Test      0.000GB
admin     0.000GB
config    0.000GB
food      0.000GB
local     0.000GB
student   0.000GB
> use school
switched to db school
> db.class
school.class
>
```

2. Insert values into class.

```
> db.class.insert([{"id":"5","name":"sree","mark":"60"}]);
BulkWriteResult({
    "writeErrors" : [ ],
    "writeConcernErrors" : [ ],
    "nInserted" : 1,
    "nUpserted" : 0,
    "nMatched" : 0,
    "nModified" : 0,
    "nRemoved" : 0,
    "upserted" : [ ]
})
>
```

```
> db.class.insertMany([{"id":"1","name":"anu","mark":"50"}, {"id":"2","name":"appu","mark":"52"}, ... {"id":"3","name":"manu","mark":"45"}, {"id":"4","name":"arya","mark":"55"}]);
{
    "acknowledged" : true,
    "insertedIds" : [
        ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dd9"),
        ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dda"),
        ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddb"),
        ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddc")
    ]
}
```

3. Display the whole data in the collection ‘class’.

```
> db.class.find();
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dd9"), "id" : "1", "name" : "anu", "mark" : "50" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dda"), "id" : "2", "name" : "appu", "mark" : "52" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddb"), "id" : "3", "name" : "manu", "mark" : "45" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddc"), "id" : "4", "name" : "arya", "mark" : "55" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668f511712115868448ddd"), "id" : "5", "name" : "sree", "mark" : "60" }
>
```

4. Display the details of the student with id=4.

```
> db.class.find({"id":"4"});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddc"), "id" : "4", "name" : "arya", "mark" : "55" }
>
```

5. Display the details of the students whose mark is greater than 50.

```
> db.class.find({"mark": {"$gt": "50"}});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dda"), "id" : "2", "name" : "appu", "mark" : "52" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddc"), "id" : "4", "name" : "arya", "mark" : "55" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668f511712115868448ddd"), "id" : "5", "name" : "sree", "mark" : "60" }
>
```

6. Display the details of the students whose mark is greater than or equal to 55.

```
> db.class.find({"mark": {"$gte": "55"}});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddc"), "id" : "4", "name" : "arya", "mark" : "55" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668f511712115868448ddd"), "id" : "5", "name" : "sree", "mark" : "60" }
>
```

7. Display the details of the students whose mark is less than 50.

```
> db.class.find({"mark": {"$lt": "50"}});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddb"), "id" : "3", "name" : "manu", "mark" : "45" }
>
```

8. Display the details of the students whose mark is less than or equal to 50.

```
> db.class.find({"mark": {"$lte": "50"}});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dd9"), "id" : "1", "name" : "anu", "mark" : "50" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448ddb"), "id" : "3", "name" : "manu", "mark" : "45" }
>
```

9. Display the details of the student whose mark is equal to 60.

```
> db.class.find({"mark": {"$eq": "60"}});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668f511712115868448ddd"), "id" : "5", "name" : "sree", "mark" : "60" }
>
```

10. Find out the total number of entries to the class.

```
> db.class.count();
5
>
```

11. Update the name of the student Anu to Anupama.

```
> db.class.update({"id": "1"}, {"$set": {"name": "Anupama"}});
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
> db.class.find({"id": "1"});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668eef1712115868448dd9"), "id" : "1", "name" : "Anupama", "mark" : "50" }
>
```

```
> db.class.update(
... {
...   "id": "5"
... },
... {
...   "$set":
...   {
...     "name": "sreerag", "mark": "57"
...   })
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
```

```
> db.class.find({"id": "5"});
{ "_id" : ObjectId("61668f511712115868448ddd"), "id" : "5", "name" : "sreerag", "mark" : "57" }
>
```

12. Remove the student whose id equal to 2.

```
> db.class.remove({"id": "2"});
WriteResult({ "nRemoved" : 1 })
>
```

13. Drop the collection class.

```
> db.class.drop();
true
>
```