

Grand Central Dispatch





Why do we need it?

- Blocking syscalls
- Take advantage of multicore hardware



Read from disk

- Caller's thread is blocked on user-space
- Context is switched to continue code execution by kernel
- Kernel schedules next read from disk
- When the data is copied to RAM, execution is returned to the
 - blocked thread
- If failed, error is returned



Why do we care again?

Don't ever block main thread!!!



DispatchQueue

Can execute closures one by one

```
DispatchQueue.main.async {
    // code to be executed on the main thread
}
```

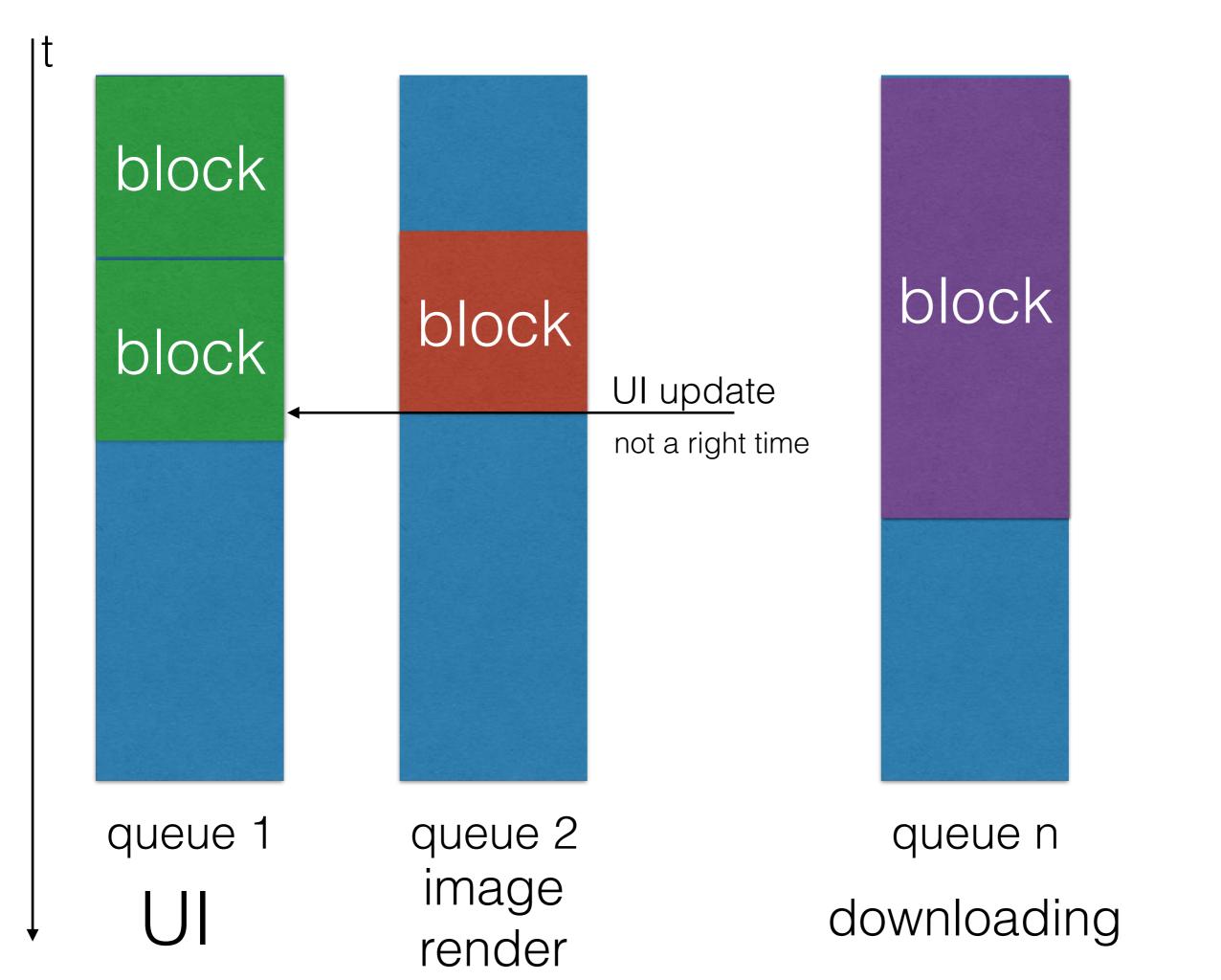
Can be created

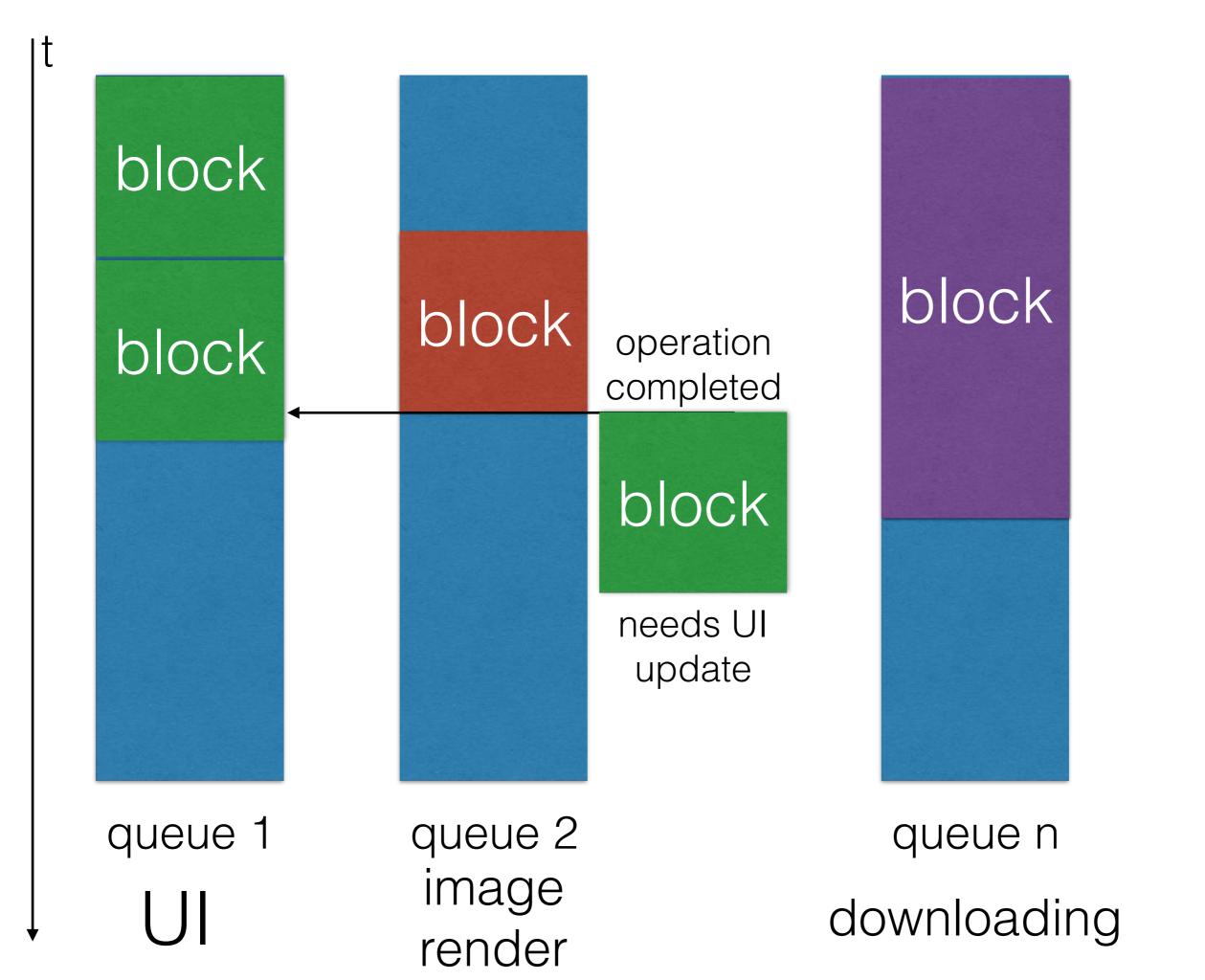
```
let queue = DispatchQueue(label: "My loading queue")
```

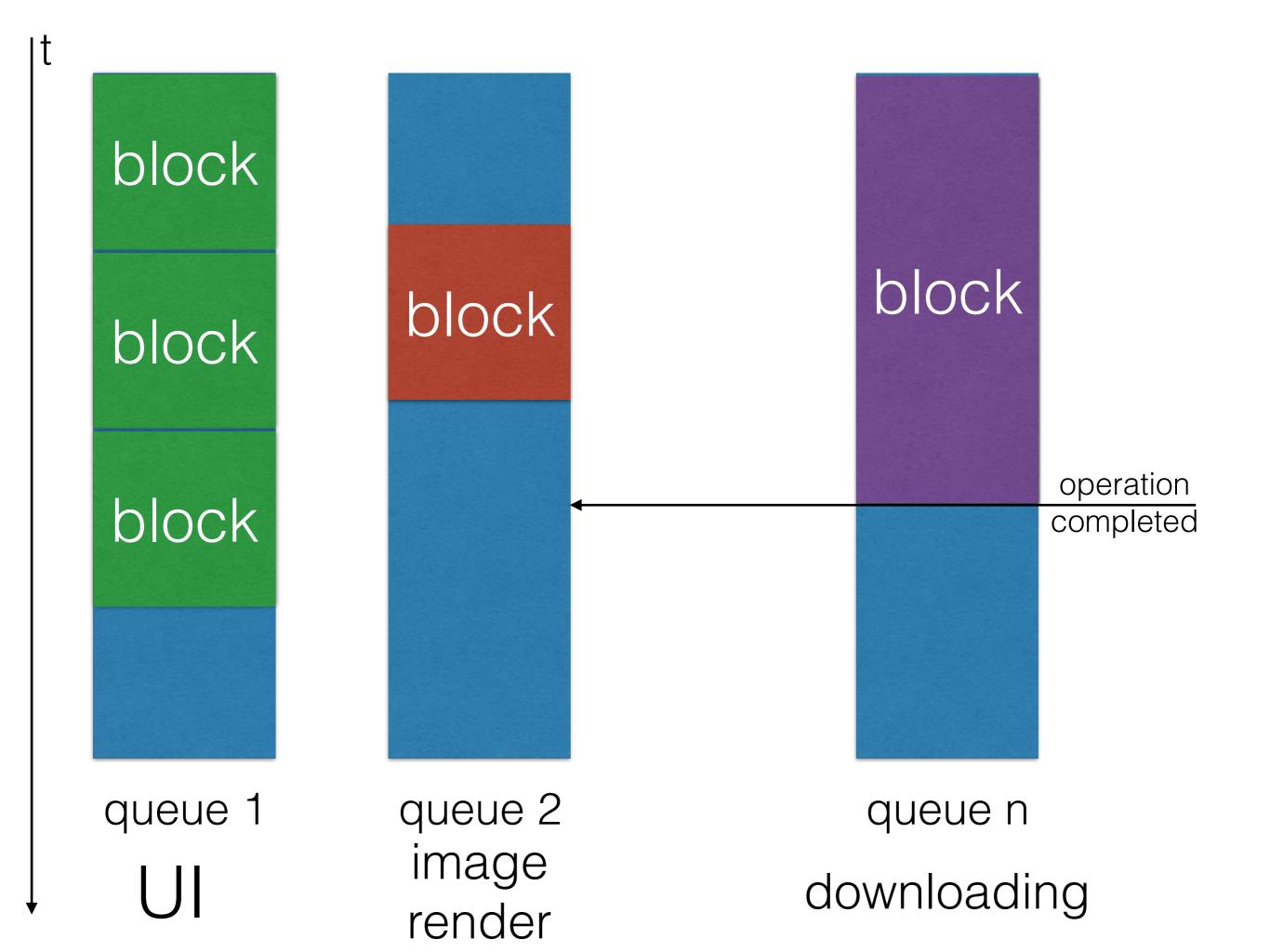
more after example

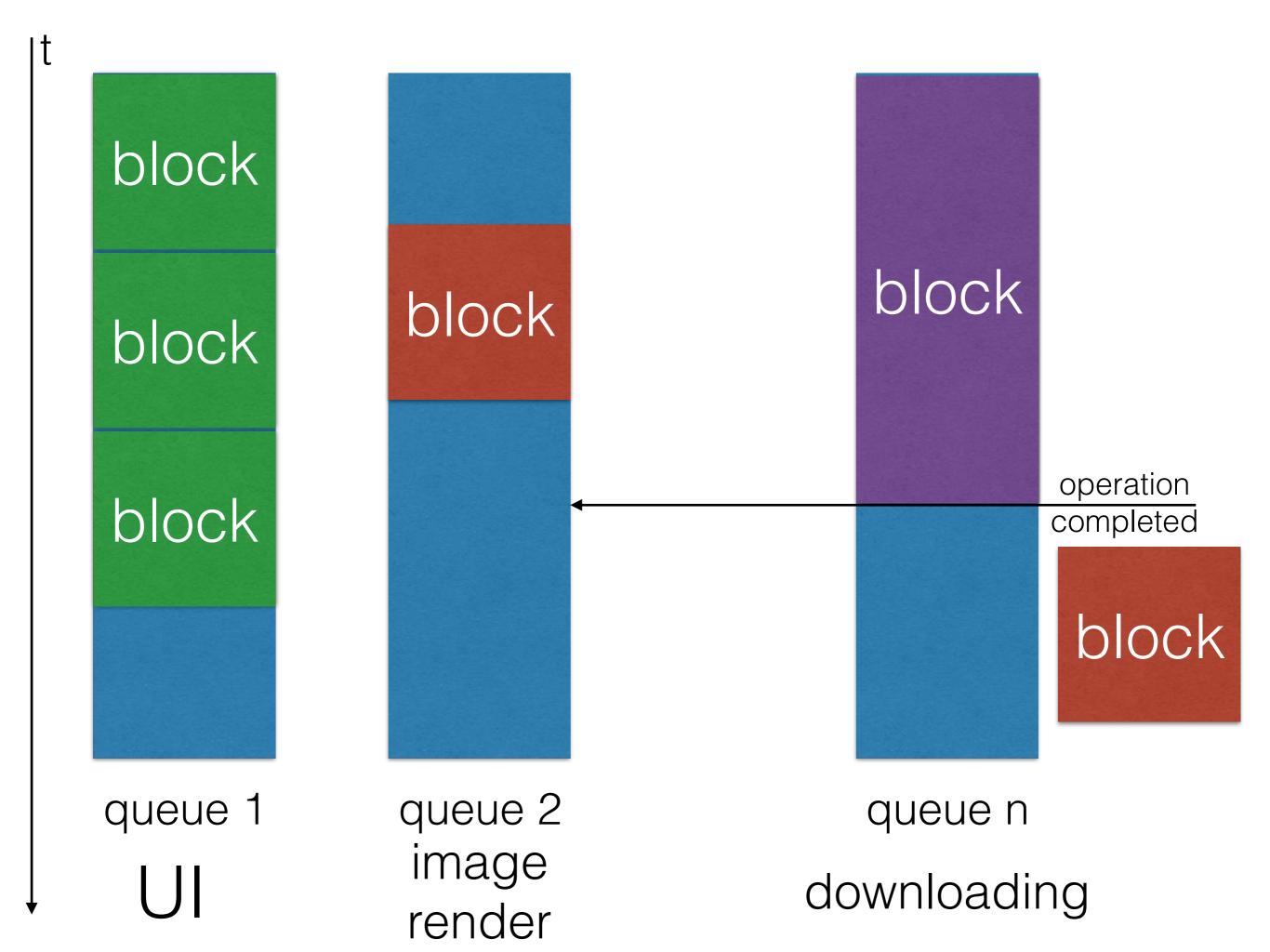
DispatchQueue by example

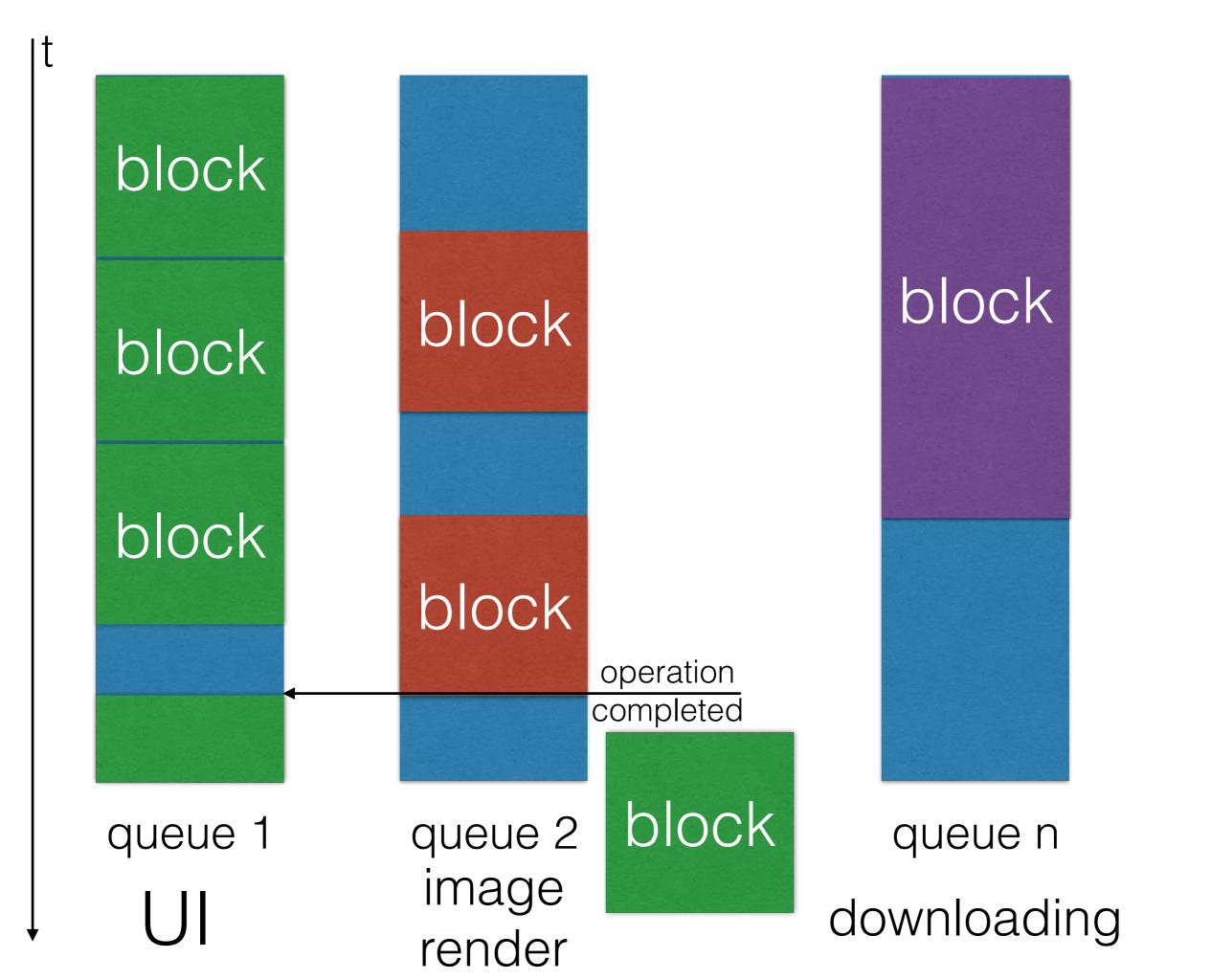
- Download image from internet
- Resize it
- Show inside UllmageView











Patterns

- Don't block main queue
- Create queue for each type of work(downloading, resizing)
- Be accurate when modifying different properties from different queue(synchronization)

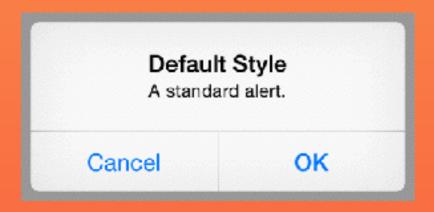
demo

ErrorHandling

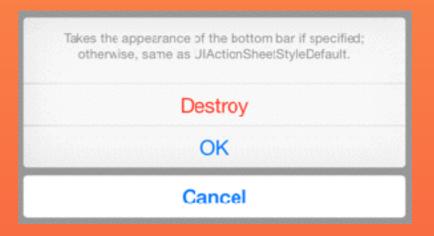
- special Error protocol
- you can mark functions that can execute with errors by throws

```
do {
    try FileManager.default.removeItem(at: url)
} catch let error {
    print("failed with error \(error\)")
}
```

UlAlertController



Alert



Action sheet

More about queue

qos(Quality of service):

background, utility, default, userInitiated, userInteractive

cpu time

You can global queue with specified qos:

DispatchQueue global(qos: background)

Operation & OperationQueue

Operation

- Piece of work
- has status isCancelled, isExecuting, isFinished
- dependencies

reduces number of macaronies:)

OperationQueue

- convenient OOP wrapper
- can add/cancel operations, cancelAllOperations