CloudKit

Availability

- macOS
- iOS
- tvOS
- watchOS
- CloudKit JS
- Web Services

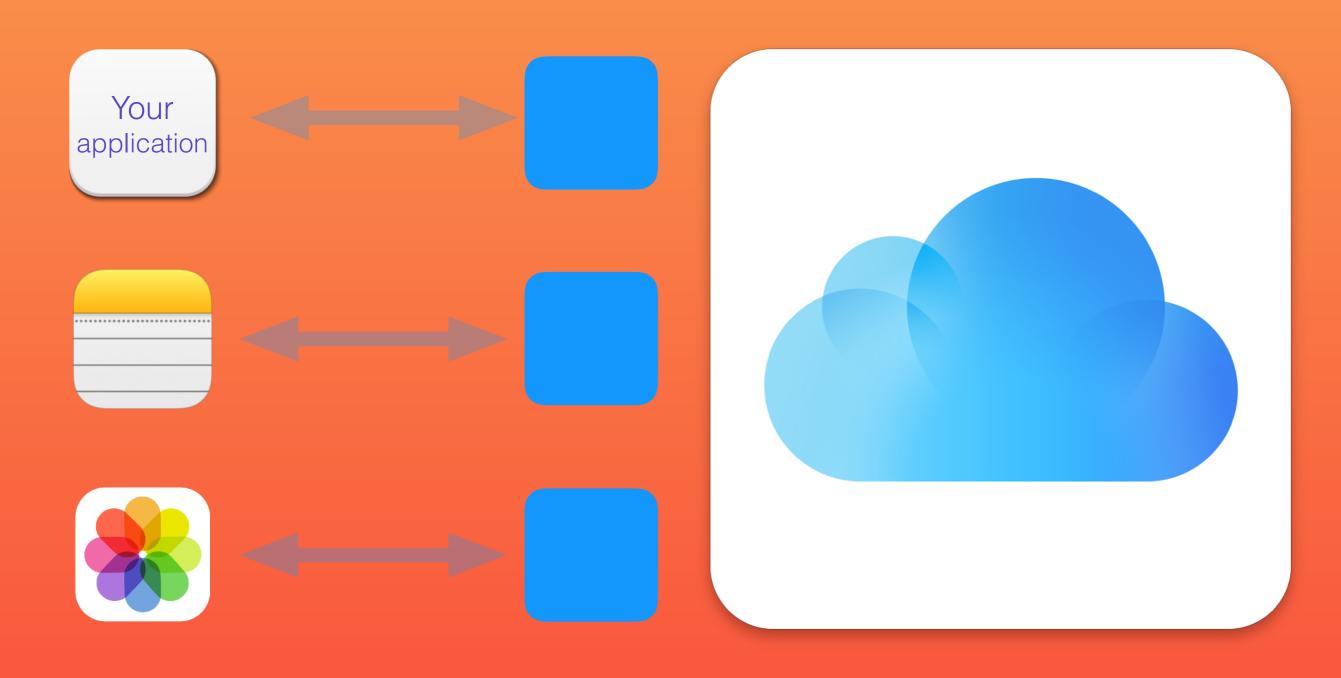


Advantage

- Focus on building the app not on a backend support
- Automatic authentication with Apple ID
- Same data across all devices



CloudKit Container



CloudKit Databases

Container

Public Database

Private Database Shared Database

Record

| Note | |
|--------------|-----------|
| Title | String |
| Body | String |
| CreationData | Date |
| List | Reference |

CKRecord

Structured data

Wraps key/value pairs

Record Values:

String, Number, Data, Date

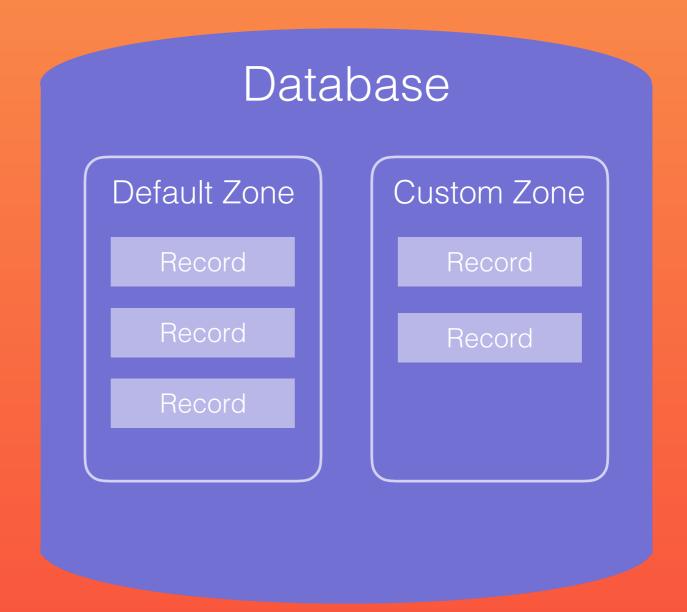
CLLocation

CKReference

CKAsset

Record Zone

CKRecordZone



Record Zone

Public DB

Default Zone

Private DB

Default Zone

Custom Zone

Shared DB

Default Zone

Custom Zone

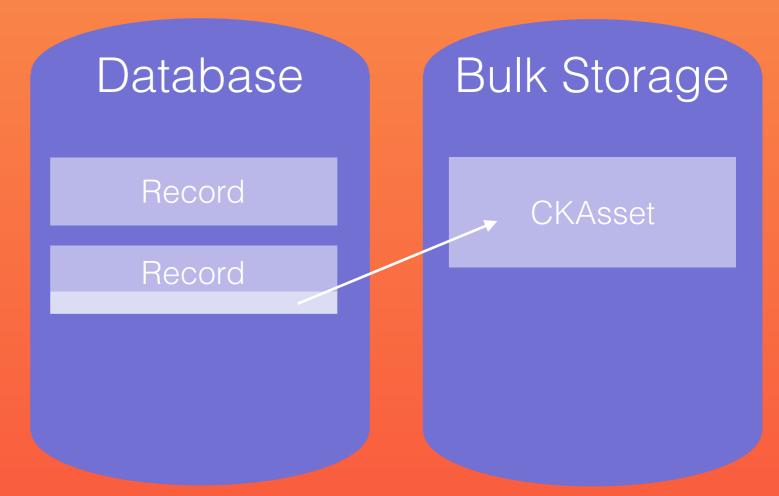
- Atomic commits
 - provides data consistency
 - batch operation succeeds or fails as a whole
 - on failure CKErrorPartialFailure with all individual errors (real or CKErrorBatchRequestFailed)
- Delta downloads
- Zone subscription

Asset

Large, unstructured data

Fetching asset

- var fileURL: URL
- doesn't keep a data locally



Convenience API vs CKOperation

Convenience API

```
open func fetch(withRecordID recordID: CKRecordID, completionHandler: @escaping
  (CKRecord?, Error?) -> ())
open func save(_ record: CKRecord, completionHandler: @escaping (CKRecord?, Error?)
  -> ())
open func delete(withRecordID recordID: CKRecordID, completionHandler: @escaping
  (CKRecordID?, Error?) -> ())
```

CKOperation benefits from Operation API

- dependency
- cancellation
- quality of service
- queue priority