

CS771 Project Proposal

Music Recommendation System

Group 3 — Something Innovative

Team

Gurpreet Singh	150259	guggu@iitk.ac.in
Pratham Kumar Verma	150519	prathamv@iitk.ac.in
Bishal	150193	bishal@iitk.ac.in
Jaskirat Singh	150302	jaskis@iitk.ac.in
Vishal Kashyap	150815	vkashyap@iitk.ac.in

Motivation

The concept of recommendation systems is perhaps the most upfront application of machine learning. With the digital market comprising of over 50% of the recording industry, the problem of Music Recommendation Systems (MRS) has become more relevant over the years. MRS is also of great help for music fans making it easier for them to explore wide collection of songs from a huge ground of versatility and that too based on his taste and preferences. Almost all streaming services such as Apple Music, Spotify, Google Play Music, etc. use recommendation systems to provide new song recommendations to their users.

Most of the current MRS are based on the idea of collaborative filtering, which provide recommendations based on the responses of other users on a given song. Though this approach is very successful given a huge database of user responses, this becomes ineffective in cold-start problem where we have no user response data or we have a song in the collection which has not received any response.

To be able to make suggestions independent of other users, we require to do content-based filtering making suggestions based on the user's playing history. The mere extraction and selection of features, along with setting the prior based on just the demographic parameters of the user makes this is a challenging problem.

Problem Statement

Given a song 'S' which user is listening, provide 'N' suggestions which are "close" to S. The "closeness" is based on various content parameters of song (for example, pitch, quality, tone and mood) with these parameters weighted according to user's learnt preferences. The accuracy of the suggestions depend on the ratio of "positive" response of the user on the provided recommendations. Aim is to provide new and most relevant recommendations.

Past Work

Recommendation systems have been extensively explored, and are still being constantly improved. In this project we will be exploring the **Collaborative Filtering** [3] approach as well as **Music Information Retrieval**[2] (MIR) methods. Popular implementations of the two approaches are Spotify and Pandora

Spotify

Although Spotify makes use of MIR methods, their main approach to recommendation systems is through Collaborative Filtering. Latent Factor models have been popular since their effectiveness was proved by in the Netflix Prize. Although effective, there are two major issues with collaborative filtering

- **Cold-Start Problem:** Since Collaborative Filtering uses Neighbourhood models to find suggestions, it becomes difficult to use Latent Factor Models, when no past user data is available. In this case, there is a lot of inaccuracies in prediction too
- **Popularity Bias:** Since the number of songs that actually become popular is very less than the number of songs released, it is often that recommender systems based on Collaborative Filtering fail to ever suggest such songs

Spotify has also been working on MIR methods (in case of insufficient user data) in their MRS. One of their approaches is summarized in this paper: Deep Content Based Music Recommendation[5]

Pandora

Pandora started a project in which experts tag songs with certain features. These features are then used to find suggestions, based on users' profiles. The limitations with this approach are straightforward: highly unscalable and highly inconsistent, however this approach provides very accurate suggestions.

A brief survey of different approaches to MRS is given in this paper: Survey of MSRs [4]

Datasets

We will be using the **Million Song Dataset**[1] (MSD). The link to the dataset is given in the references section. The Million Song Dataset is a freely-available collection of audio features and metadata for a million contemporary popular music tracks. The core of the dataset is the feature analysis and metadata for one million songs, provided by The Echo Nest. The dataset includes only the derived features, not any sort of audio. Depending on the features, we might require using other extensions of the MSD such as

Dataset	Extra Features
SecondHandSongs Dataset	cover songs
musiXmatch Dataset	lyrics
Last.fm Dataset	song-level tags and similarity
Taste Profile Subset	user data
tagtraum Genre Annotations	genre labels

Strategy

We will be mainly focusing on the MIR method. First we will build a recommendation system using only the features provided in the MSD. The main task would be to come up the similarity metric, used to map user profile to songs. This metric will be learned in an online fashion, based on the user's actions and previous listening history.

This approach allows us to fine-tune recommendations by the user's own actions on the site and basic user information. On site actions may include, upvote to a particular song and the songs he has listened to while basic user information may comprise of gender, demographics etc.

Once we have a training model, we will try to extract our own set of features based on a song. These can include textual features such as lyrics, audio features such as frequency, pitch, etc. as well as surveyed features such as the total track listens, total likes, etc.

If time allows, we will be looking at hybrid approaches, using both Collaborative Filtering along with MIR methods, to provide even better suggestions.

References

- [1] Thierry Bertin-Mahieux, Daniel P.W. Ellis, Brian Whitman, and Paul Lamere. The million song dataset. <https://labrosa.ee.columbia.edu/millionsong/>.
- [2] Thierry Bertin-Mahieux, Daniel P.W. Ellis, Brian Whitman, and Paul Lamere. The million song dataset. In *Proceedings of the 12th International Conference on Music Information Retrieval (ISMIR 2011)*, 2011.
- [3] Gilda Moradi Dakhel and Mehregan Mahdavi. A new collaborative filtering algorithm using k-means clustering and neighbors' voting, 12 2011.
- [4] Yading Song, Simon Dixon, and Marcus Pearce. A survey of music recommendation systems and future perspectives. <https://www.eecs.qmul.ac.uk/~simond/pub/2012/Song-Dixon-Pearce-CMMR-2012.pdf>.
- [5] Aaron van den Oord, Sander Dieleman, and Benjamin Schrauwen. Deep content-based music recommendation. <https://papers.nips.cc/paper/5004-deep-content-based-music-recommendation.pdf>.