## **Table Name CATCH**

Table CommentsSummary values for organisms caught in the net, summarized by species and haul. Fields contain total weight and number of each species and whether any organisms were collected for voucher specimens

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Column Name	Column Comments
CRUISEJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each VESSEL, CRUISE) combination
HAULJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL, CRUISE, HAUL) combination
CATCHJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL, CRUISE, HAUL, SPECIES_CODE) combination
REGION	Valid Values: Al=Aleutian Islands, BS=Bering Sea, GOA=Gulf of Alaska, WC=West Coast, HBS=Hydroacoustic Bering Sea, HG=Hydroacoustic Gulf of Alaska, HWC=Hydroacoustic West Coast
VESSEL	Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes
CRUISE	This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number of the form: YYYY99 (where YYYY = year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first cruise that vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.
HAUL	This number uniquely identifies a haul within a cruise. It is a sequential number, in chronological order of occurrence.
SPECIES_CODE	Domain: RACE Species Codebook
WEIGHT	Kilogram (kg). This value is the extrapolated Weight, to nearest thousandth of a kg, for each species in the catch. Collected in pounds in 1993 and prior years and has since been converted to kg
NUMBER_FISH	Valid Values: whole numbers, 0, and null. This value is the extrapolated total number of individuals of this species caught in the haul.
SUBSAMPLE_CODE	Unused attribute
VOUCHER	Reference number given to specimens that are collected and preserved for taxonomic identification purposes. These are assigned sequentially beginning with 1 and re-initiated for each haul
AUDITJOIN	This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding audit tables to identify the original record in the base table

## **Table Name CRUISE**

Table Comments A lookup table for every cruise that is in the RACEBASE database. It summarizes locations, dates, the country performing the survey and cruise name for each cruise

dates, the country performing the survey and cruise name for each cruise	
Column Name	Column Comments
CRUISEJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE) combination
REGION	Valid Values: Al=Aleutian Islands, BS=Bering Sea, GOA=Gulf of Alaska, WC=West Coast, HBS=Hydroacoustic Bering Sea, HG=Hydroacoustic Gulf of Alaska, HWC=Hydroacoustic West Coast, TAG=Denotes that no biological data exist for this cruise other than those related to tags released or recovered.  Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes
CRUISE	This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number of the form: YYYY99 (where YYYY
CROISE	= year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first cruise that vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.)
START_DATE	Date. This is the date of the first haul of the cruise; this field is populated using a query - select min (start_time)from racebase.haul
END_DATE	Date. This is the date of the last haul of the cruise; this field is populated value using a query - select max (start_time) from a racebase.haul
MIN_LATITUDE	Latitude in decimal degrees. These are the Southern bounding coordinates of cruise
MAX_LATITUDE	Latitude in decimal degrees. These are the Northern bounding coordinates of cruise
MIN_LONGITUDE	Longitude in decimal degrees. These are the Eastern bounding coordinates of cruise
MAX_LONGITUDE	Longitude in decimal degrees. These are the Western bounding coordinates of cruise
AGENCY_NAME	Text. Name of country or countries that conducted the cruise
SURVEY_NAME	Text. Description of the survey
AUDITJOIN	This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding audit tables to identify the original record in the base table
Table Name EVENT	

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## **Table Name EVENT**

Table Comments Header information for the PROFILE table: date, location, stratum, station, bottom depth, type of bathythermic device, and upcast/downcast flag value representing which limb of the profile is represented in the data stream

represented in the data stream	
Column Name	Column Comments
CRUISEJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE) combination
HAULJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE,HAUL) combination
VESSEL	Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes
CRUISE	This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number. Its format is: YYYY99 (where YYYY = year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first cruise that vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.)
REGION	Valid Values: Al=Aleutian Islands, BS=Bering Sea, GOA=Gulf of Alaska, WC=West Coast, HBS=Hydroacoustic Bering Sea, HG=Hydroacoustic Gulf of Alaska, HWC=Hydroacoustic West Coast
EVENT	Valid Values: whole numbers. This value serves to uniquely identify each deployment of the device within a cruise. It is a unique sequential number and generally, in order of chronological occurrence
HAUL	This number uniquely identifies a haul within a cruise. It is a sequential number, in chronological order of occurrence.
DROP_TIME	Date and time of deployment of the device
LATITUDE	Latitude (decimal degrees) where the device was deployed.
LONGITUDE	Longitude (decimal degrees) where the device was deployed.
BOTTOM_DEPTH	meters (m)
STRATUM	RACE statistical area for analyzing data. Strata were designed using bathymetry and other measures of habitat; References RACEBASE.STRATUM
STATION	Alpha-numeric designation for the Station established in the design of a Survey
DEVICE	Valid Values: CTD=conductivity temperature depth, MBT=microbathythermograph, SBE=Seabird Electronics BT, XBT=expendable bathythermograph
DEVICE_ID	Valid Values: Whole numbers and null. This value serves to uniquely identify each piece of bathythermic equipment used in the survey. A null value indicates that the DEVICE_ID is unknown
UP DOWN	Valid Values: U=upcast, D=Downcast, null=unknown

## **Table Name HAUL**

**AUDITJOIN** 

Table CommentsSummary values describing each haul (i.e. location, how long the tow lasted, how deep, how

audit tables to identify the original record in the base table

This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding

far, net width	, net height, bottom type, depth and temperature)
Column Name	Column Comments
SURFACE_TEMPERATURE	Surface temperature, in tenths of a degree, Celsius. Null values indicate temperature not recorded.
GEAR_TEMPERATURE	Weighted average temperature (in tenths of a degree Celsius) measured at the maximum depth of the headrope of the trawl. Null values indicate temperature not recoreded.
WIRE_LENGTH	meters (m); Length of trawl wire (warp) deployed.
GEAR	Type of trawl or gear deployed. Domain: RACE ADP Codebook:Gear Code
ACCESSORIES	Accessories modifying GEAR. Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Gear Accessories
SUBSAMPLE	Denotes whether and how catch was subsampled. Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Catch Subsample code
AUDITJOIN	This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding audit tables to identify the original record in the base table
CRUISEJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE) combination
HAULJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE,HAUL) combination
REGION	Valid Values: Al=Aleutian Islands, BS=Bering Sea, GOA=Gulf of Alaska, WC=West Coast, HBS=Hydroacoustic Bering Sea, HG=Hydroacoustic Gulf of Alaska, HWC=Hydroacoustic West Coast, TAG=Fish Tagging
VESSEL	Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes
CRUISE	This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number. It is of the form: YYYY99 (where

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#### **Table Name HAUL**

Table Comments Summary values describing each haul (i.e. location, how long the tow lasted, how deep, how far, net width, net height, bottom type, depth and temperature)

Column Name Column Comments

YYYY = year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first

cruise that vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.)

HAUL This number uniquely identifies a haul within a cruise. It is a sequential number, in

chronological order of occurrence.

HAUL\_TYPE Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Haul Type

PERFORMANCE Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Performance Codes
START\_TIME Date. This is the date and time at the beginning of the haul

DURATION Decimal hour. This is the elapsed time between start and end of a haul

DISTANCE\_FISHED kilometers (km) in thousandths of a km

NET\_WIDTH Measured or estimated distance (m) between wingtips of the trawl.

NET\_MEASURED This is a Y/N field, to indicate whether the NET\_WIDTH was measured or estimated: Yes

(Y) means that NET\_WIDTH was measured and (N) indicates that NET\_WIDTH was

calculated

NET HEIGHT Measured or estimated distance (m) between footrope and headrope of the trawl.

STRATUM RACE database statistical area for analyzing data. Strata were designed using bathymetry

and other measures of habitat and are unique to each survey series.

START\_LATITUDE
The latitude (decimal degrees) at the start of the haul
END\_LATITUDE
The latitude (decimal degrees) at the end of the haul
START\_LONGITUDE
The longitude (decimal degrees) at the start of the haul.
END LONGITUDE
The longitude (decimal degrees) at the end of the haul

STATIONID Alpha-numeric designation for the Station established in the design of a Survey.

GEAR DEPTH Meters (m). Weighted average depth (m) of trawl measured at the headrope (Groundfish)

or footrope (MACE). Prior to (year?), before NET-HEIGHT was regularly measured, this

value was used synonymously with BOTTOM\_DEPTH.

BOTTOM\_DEPTH Meters (m). Weighted average depth (m) and is calculated by adding GEAR\_DEPTH to

NET\_HEIGHT. Prior to (year), before NET\_HEIGHT was regularly measured, this value

Domain: RACE ADP Codebook:Length-Frequency Form: Sample Type; For Cruises: (WC 2198304, WC 23198401, WC 63198501S)"SUBSAMPLE TYPE" CODE USED TO INDICATE WHAT KIND OF TRAP was used sampletype 4 is defined as randomly selected

was obtained using either echosounder or bathythermograph.

BOTTOM\_TYPE Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Bottom Type Code

### **Table Name LENGTH**

SEX

SAMPLE\_TYPE

### Table Comments Summarizes length frequency by species and sex for each haul

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Column Name	Column Comments
CRUISEJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE) combination
HAULJOIN	This is a unique numeric identifier assigned to each (VESSEL,CRUISE,HAUL) combination
CATCHJOIN	Sequence generated unique identifier for (VESSEL,CRUISE,HAUL, SPECIES_CODE) combination
REGION VESSEL	Valid Values: Al=Aleutian Islands, BS=Bering Sea, GOA=Gulf of Alaska, WC=West Coast, HBS=Hydroacoustic Bering Sea, HG=Hydroacoustic Gulf of Alaska, HWC=Hydroacoustic West Coast Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes
CRUISE	
CRUISE	This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number of the form: YYYY99 (where YYYY = year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first cruise that vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.)
HAUL	This number uniquely identifies a haul within a cruise. It is a sequential number, in chronological order of occurrence.
SPECIES_CODE	Domain: RACE Species Codebook
LENGTH	Millimeter (mm)
FREQUENCY	Must be at least 001

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Valid Values: 1=male, 2=female, 3=undetermined

#### **Table Name LENGTH**

Table CommentsSummarizes length frequency by species and sex for each haul

Column Name Column Comments

from rectangular pots and sampletype 5 is defined as randomly selected from conical pots.

For additional information see RACEBASE.NOTES

LENGTH\_TYPE Domain: RACE ADP Codebook:Length-Frequency Form: Length Type

AUDITJOIN This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding

audit tables to identify the original record in the base table

#### **Table Name PROFILE**

#### Table Comments Water column data. It references RACEBASE.EVENT for each individual events

Column Name Column Comments

VESSEL Domain: RACE ADP Codebook: Vessel Codes

CRUISE This is a six-digit number identifying the Cruise number of the form: YYYY99 (where YYYY

= year of the cruise; 99 = 2-digit number and is sequential; 01 denotes the first cruise that

vessel made in this year, 02 is the second, etc.

EVENT a unique sequential number, in order of chronological occurrence, identifying the

deployment of the device

DEPTH meters (m)
TEMPERATURE Celsius

SALINITY Practical Salinity Units (psu)

AUDITJOIN This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding

audit tables to identify the original record in the base table

#### **Table Name SPECIES**

Table CommentsLookup for animals encountered in Groundfish surveys. It includes species names, common names, their associated species\_codes, and if they are found in the Bering Sea, Gulf of Alaska, and/or West Coast

Column Name	Column Comments

SPECIES\_CODE Domain: RACE Species Codebook

SPECIES\_NAME The scientific name of the organism associated with the COMMON\_NAME.

COMMON\_NAME The common name of the marine organism associated with the SCIENTIFIC\_NAME

REVISION 3-digit code identifying the year that the species was added to the species code. a=added

YY=year the species was added

BS This is a Y/null field, to indicate whether the species is present (Y) or absent(null) from

catches in this region

GOA This is a Y/null field, to indicate whether the species is present (Y) or absent(null) from

catches in this region

WC This is a Y/null field, to indicate whether the species is present (Y) or absent(null) from

catches in this region

AUDITJOIN This is a unique identifier for each record in the base table, to be used in corresponding

audit tables to identify the original record in the base table

## **Table Name STATIONS**

#### Table CommentsLookup of station id and their coordinates

Column Name	Column Comments
STATIONID	Alpha-numeric designation for the Station established in the design of a Survey. In the Eastern Bering Sea, these stations have remained constant from the beginning of this time series. In other regions, sampling locations vary and are identified by station grid cell in which the haul took place.
LATITUDE	Latitude in decimal degrees
LONGITUDE	Longitude in decimal degrees
STRATUM	RACE statistical area for analyzing data. Strata were designed using bathymetry and other measures of habitat; References RACEBASE.STRATUM

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