### Data wrangling Report

### Introduction:

In this project we will do the process of data wrangling witch is gathering data, assessing data and cleaning the data.

# A. Data gathering

In this project, we will gather three data set:

1- df\_twitter\_archive importing it using pandas to read csv file into a data frame

COlumns: tweet\_id, in\_reply\_to\_status\_id, in\_reply\_to\_user\_id, timestamp, source, text, retweeted\_status\_id, retweeted\_status\_user\_id, retweeted\_status\_timestamp, expan ded\_urls, rating\_numerator, rating\_denominator', name, doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo

2- df\_image\_predictions I downloaded this file from Udacity project section importing it using pandas

COlumns: tweet\_id, jpg\_url, img\_num, p1, p1\_conf, p1\_dog, p2,p2\_conf, p2\_dog, p3, p3\_conf, p3\_dog

3- df\_json

I downloaded this file (tweet\_json.txt)from the project section and I reading it using pandas since I could not complete sitting the API because it take long time to make a developer account in twitter.

Columns: created\_at, id, id\_str, full\_text, truncated, display\_text\_range, entitie s, extended\_entities, source, in\_reply\_to\_status\_id, in\_reply\_to\_status\_id\_str, in\_reply\_to\_user\_id, in\_reply\_to\_user\_id\_str, in\_reply\_to\_screen\_name, user, geo, coordinate s, place, contributors, is\_quote\_status, retweet\_count, favorite\_count'favorited, retweeted, possibly\_sensitive, possibly\_sensitive\_appealable, lang, retweeted\_status, quot ed status id, quoted status id str, quoted status

# B. Data assessing

Assessing data is the second step in data wrangling. When assessing inspecting dataset for two things: data quality issues (i.e. content issues) and lack of tidiness (i.e. structural issues).

Observations

#### Quality:

1- Remove all columns which are have retweets

- 2- Delete unnessary columns
- 3- There are some dogs have multiple stages, need to add 6 more columns, then add it to dog stages
- 4- Some of (doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo) clumns have None value insted of NaN
- 5- In the (rating numerator)column data type is not decimal
- 6- In visual assessment I realize that in some rows there is a defferent numbers in (rating\_denominator) which is an incorrect values, it has to be 10,There are 23 incorrect value in (rating\_denominator) column
- 7- The columns (timestamp) and (retweeted\_status\_timestamp) the data type is not datetime variable
- 8- p1, p2, and p3 contain underscores instead of spaces
- 9- There are 66 jpg\_url duplicated in (df\_image\_predictions) shoud be dropped
- 10- Change tweet\_id from an integer to a string in all dataframes
- 11- Rename id in df json to tweet id

### **Tidyness:**

- 1- No need to have 4 columns describe the stages of dogs (doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo)
- 2- No need to have 2 columns ( rating\_numerator) and (rating\_denominator), we can combine it in one column
- 3- merge all 3 tabels in one dataset, the common column is (tweet\_id)

# C. Cleaning data

First, I created copies of all 3 data frames before cleaning data. I cleaned the data using thr define, code, test steps

- 1- Remove all columns which are have retweets
- 2- Delete unnessary columns
- 3- There are some dogs have multiple stages, need to add 6 more columns, then add it to dog stages
- 4- Change data type in (rating numerator) to decimal
- 5- Change all values in (rating\_denominator) to 10
- 6- Change the data type in (timestamp) and (retweeted\_status\_timestamp) columns to datetime
- 7- Replace underscore and dashes with spaces in p1, p2, and p3
- 8- Dropped all duplicated 66 jpg\_url in (df\_image\_predictions)
- **9-** Change tweet\_id from an integer to a string in all dataframes
- 10- Rename id in df\_json to tweet\_id

- 11- Combine 4 columns describe the stages of dogs (doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo) in one column called (dog\_stages)
- 12- Cobine 2 columns ( rating\_numerator) and (rating\_denominator), in one column called (rating).
- 13- merge all 3 tabels in one dataset, the common column is (tweet\_id)

### Conclusion:

Data wrangling is a very important skill that anyone handles data should be familiar with.

The most interesting thing I learned from this project is there are a several ways to clean a data and how to merge several data frames in one dataset