

building CI/CD pipeline project using Jenkins

Requirements:

1.

- Application Server (installation package: Docker)
- Jenkins Server (Installation Package: Jenkins, Docker)

Note: Configure ssh keygen for password less login from Jenkins server to application server

This videw will help you to create pass less: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9M56CrVbOgk>

2. Docker HUB & Git Account

Note: Please create repository and add require file. You can download all file from my repo:

<https://github.com/joyktech/python-app-jenkinsfile.git>

branch should be **master**

look like this—

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'joyktech / python-app-jenkinsfile'. The repository is public and has 2 branches and 0 tags. The main branch is 'master'. The repository is 10 commits ahead and 1 commit behind the main branch. The commit history shows 12 commits. The files listed are: Dockerfile, Jenkinsfile, README.md, app.py, and requirements.txt. The commit history shows the following details:

File	Commit Message	Time
Dockerfile	first commit	6 days ago
Jenkinsfile	Update Jenkinsfile	6 days ago
README.md	Initial commit	6 days ago
app.py	Update app.py	6 days ago
requirements.txt	first commit	6 days ago

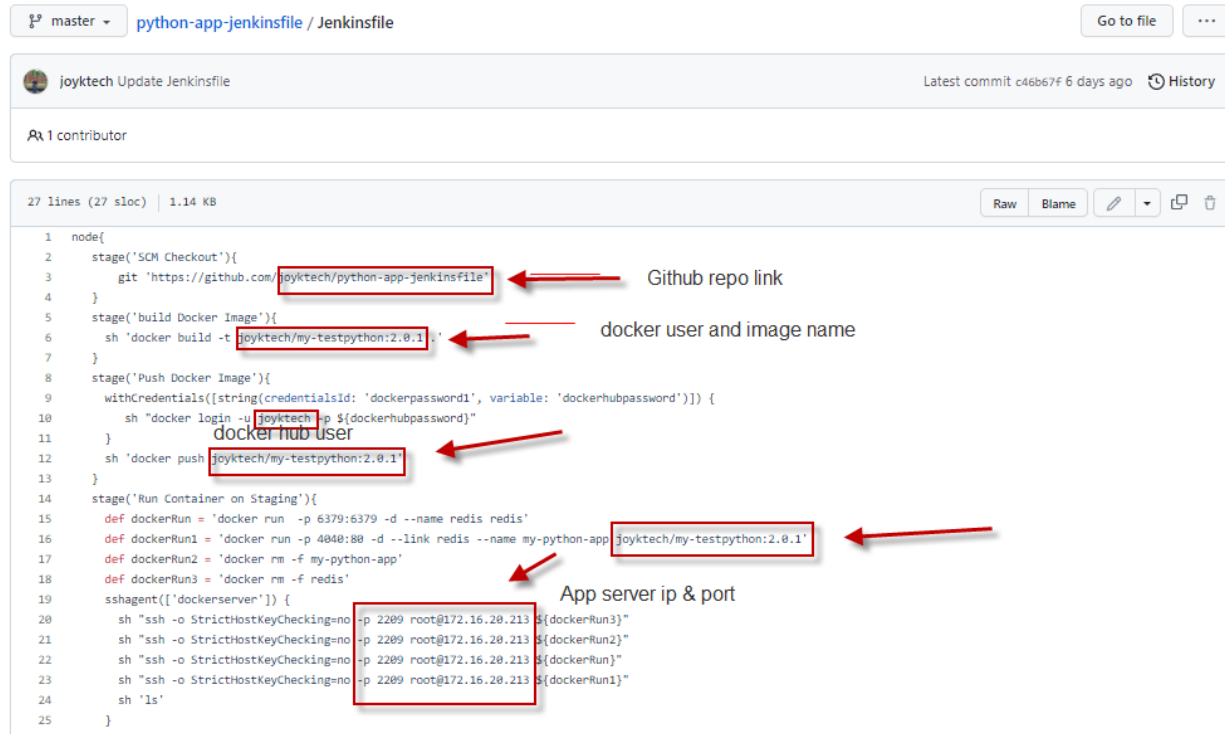
3. login jenkins account from web and install **ssh agent** plugin from manage plugin.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins Plugin Manager interface. On the left, there are links for 'Back to Dashboard', 'Manage Jenkins', and 'Update Center'. The main section is titled 'Plugin Manager' and has tabs for 'Updates', 'Available', 'Installed', and 'Advanced'. The 'Installed' tab is selected. A search bar contains the text 'ssh ag'. Below the search bar, a table lists the installed plugins. The first plugin is 'SSH Agent Plugin' with version '295.v9ca_a_1c7cc3a_a_'. The description states: 'This plugin allows you to provide SSH credentials to builds via a ssh-agent in Jenkins.' There is a link to 'Report an issue with this plugin'. The plugin is marked as 'Enabled' with a toggle switch.

Name	Version	Enabled
SSH Agent Plugin	295.v9ca_a_1c7cc3a_a_	Enabled

Your environment is ready now. Let's start deployment!!!!

Step-1: Open Jenkins file from your git and modify it look like this...



The screenshot shows a Jenkinsfile in a code editor. The file is named 'python-app-jenkinsfile' and is located in the 'Jenkinsfile' directory. The code is as follows:

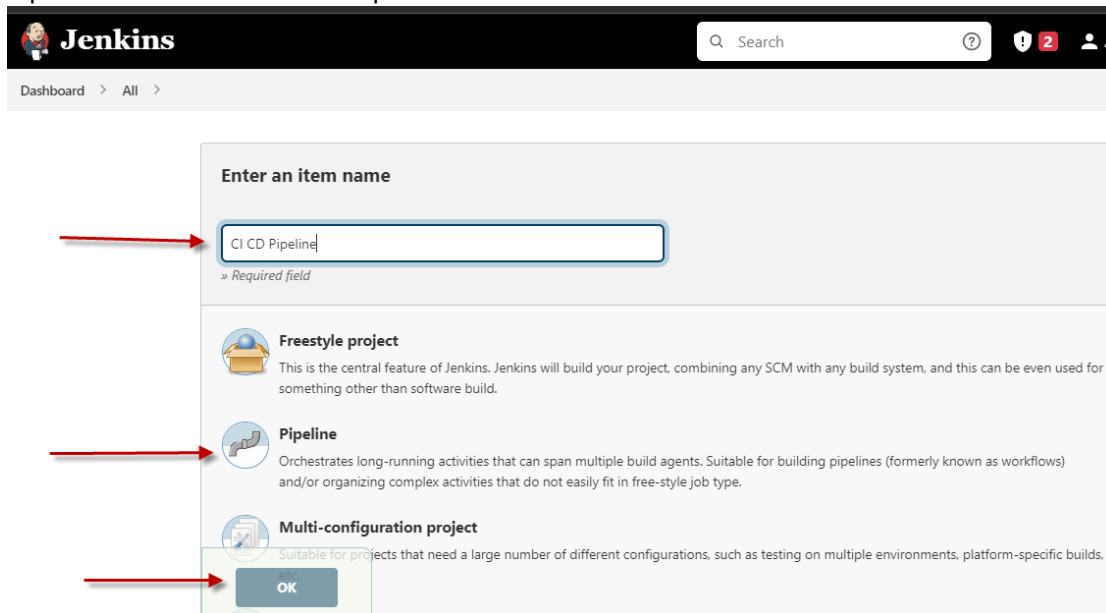
```
1 node{
2   stage('SCM Checkout'){
3     git 'https://github.com/joyktech/python-app-jenkinsfile'
4   }
5   stage('build Docker Image'){
6     sh 'docker build -t joyktech/my-testpython:2.0.1'
7   }
8   stage('Push Docker Image'){
9     withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'dockerpassword1', variable: 'dockerhubpassword')]) {
10      sh 'docker login -u joyktech -p ${dockerhubpassword}'
11    }
12    sh 'docker push joyktech/my-testpython:2.0.1'
13  }
14  stage('Run Container on Staging'){
15    def dockerRun = 'docker run -p 6379:6379 -d --name redis redis'
16    def dockerRun1 = 'docker run -p 4040:80 -d --link redis --name my-python-app joyktech/my-testpython:2.0.1'
17    def dockerRun2 = 'docker rm -f my-python-app'
18    def dockerRun3 = 'docker rm -f redis'
19    sshagent(['dockerserver']) {
20      sh "ssh -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -p 2209 root@172.16.20.213 ${dockerRun3}"
21      sh "ssh -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -p 2209 root@172.16.20.213 ${dockerRun2}"
22      sh "ssh -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -p 2209 root@172.16.20.213 ${dockerRun1}"
23      sh "ssh -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no -p 2209 root@172.16.20.213 ${dockerRun1}"
24    }
25  }
26 }
```

Annotations with red arrows point to the following parts of the code:

- Github repo link**: Points to the URL 'https://github.com/joyktech/python-app-jenkinsfile'.
- docker user and image name**: Points to 'joyktech/my-testpython:2.0.1' in the 'build Docker Image' stage.
- docker hub user**: Points to 'joyktech' in the 'docker login' command.
- App server ip & port**: Points to '172.16.20.213' in the 'Run Container on Staging' stage.

Modify as per above snap & save Jenkinsfile.

Step-2: Now login Jenkins from browser and create new pipeline:
Go to new item—Item name – (write item name)—choose pipeline – click ok
Pipeline created. Check below pic for visual..



Step-3: Under pipeline go to definition and select pipeline scrip from SCM
From SCM section select git
From Repositories option provides your repositories URL
Brance name should be master
Below pic for visualize!!

General Build Triggers Advanced Project Options **Pipeline**

Pipeline

Definition

Pipeline script from SCM

SCM ?

Git

Repositories ?

Repository URL ?

https://github.com/joyktech/python-app-jenkinsfile.git

Credentials ?

Save Apply

Step-4: In the last section from pipeline you will be find **Pipeline Syntax** option Please click it and it will be open from new TAB. Look like this----

Dashboard > python-app-pipeline > Pipeline Syntax

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Snippet Generator

Declarative Directive Generator

Declarative Online Documentation

Steps Reference

Global Variables Reference

Online Documentation

Examples Reference

IntelliJ IDEA GDSDL

Overview

This **Snippet Generator** will help you learn the Pipeline Script code which can be used to define various steps. Pick a step you are interested in from the list, configure it, click **Generate Pipeline Script** and you will see a Pipeline Script statement that would call the step with that configuration. You may copy and paste the whole statement into your script, or pick up just the options you care about. (Most parameters are optional and can be omitted in your script, leaving them at default values.)

Steps

Sample Step

archiveArtifacts: Archive the artifacts

archiveArtifacts ?

Files to archive ?

Note: From this pipeline syntax we will get many types of syntax for Jenkins File.
We need to 2(two pipeline syntax for Jenkins file which one for credentials & another one for ssh agent)

Let's create syntax from sample step:

First we need to choose from sample step **withCredentials: Bind credentials to variables**

From **Bindings** click Add & choose Secret text

Variable: `dockerhubpassword`

From Credentials—Add—Jenkins—Kind—Secret text—Secret= (in this secret section provide your docker hub account password)—ID= `dockerpassword1` (this is credential ID which you can find from Jenkinsfile)—Description= dockerhubpassword

Now Click **add** button then click **Generate Pipeline Script**

Your output should be like this---

Dashboard > python-app-pipeline > Pipeline Syntax

① Steps Reference
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Sample Step
withCredentials: Bind credentials to variables

withCredentials ?
Secret values are masked on a best-effort basis to prevent accidental disclosure. Multiline secrets, such as the contents of a SSH private key file, are not masked. See the inline help for details and usage guidelines.

Bindings

Secret text ?
Variable ?
dockerpassword1
+ Add

Add

Generate Pipeline Script

withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'dockerpassword1', variable: '')] {
// some block
})

Output

Step-5: Now we Generate pipeline script for **SSHAgent**

From pipeline syntax-

From Sample Step to select **sshagent: SSH Agent**

Click Add—Jenkins

From kind select **SSH username with private key**

ID= `dockerserver`

Username= root (provide jenkins server username)

From Private Key select Enter directly

Click add and provide private key from your Jenkins server.

How to find private key from Jenkins server:

Login Jenkins server

#cd .ssh

#ls

#cat id_rsa

Here you find private key select all and paste it.

After provide private key click add.

Then click Generate pipeline Script

SSH Agent syntax done! See below pic you got output look like this...

Dashboard > python-app-pipeline > Pipeline Syntax

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Steps

Sample Step

sshagent: SSH Agent

sshagent ?

root (dockerserver) ?

+ Add

☐ Ignore missing credentials ?

Generate Pipeline Script

```
sshagent(["dockerserver"]) {
    // some block
}
```

Step-6: We have almost near to build our pipeline. Before building pipeline we need to give permission to our Jenkins server for running Docker Deamon. Let's do it.

Login Jenkins server:

#usermod -aG docker Jenkins

#reboot

After rebooting the server login your Jenkins from web browser and build your pipeline from build now section. If job build is success that's means your configuration ok, if any failed check log and resolve it.

Successful pipeline build look like this...

CVBMP SMS MTSMS VCC printer Docs Gmail others Creds SB debug habi-jabi study TomCat Apache Tomcat/8.0...

Dashboard > python-app-pipeline > back to dashboard

Pipeline python-app-pipeline

Status

</> Changes

▶ Build Now

Configure

Delete Pipeline

Full Stage View

Rename

Pipeline Syntax

Git Polling Log

Build History trend

Filter builds...

#14

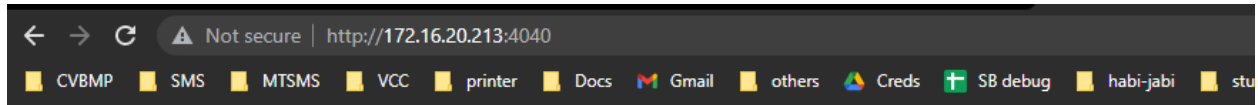
Stage View

Recent Changes

Average stage times:
(Average full run time: ~50s)

	SCM Checkout	build Docker Image	Push Docker Image	Run Container on Staging
Average	895ms	10s	26s	8s
#14 Jul 20 14:02 No Changes	632ms	10s	36s	4s
#13 Jul 19 16:59 No Changes	1s	12s	26s	7s

For check open your browser and write your application server IP with 4040 port!



Hello World!

Visits: 1

Every visit will be count!!!!

Project Done!

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