

**** Calcuete MSE ****

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In [ ]: import numpy as np
# MSE for Training set Model 1
Y_true = [1.8,2.4,2.23,3.8,5.3,1.5,2.2,3.8,4.0,5.4] # Y_true = Y (original values)

# Calculated values
Y_pred = [1.38,2.24,3.35,4.21,5.078,1.724,2.67,2.92,4.04,4.90] # Y_pred = Y'

# Mean Squared Error
MSE = np.square(np.subtract(Y_true,Y_pred)).mean()
print(MSE)
```

0.29708599999999996

```
In [ ]: # MSE for Training set Model 2
Y_true = [1.8,2.4,2.23,3.8,5.3,1.5,2.2,3.8,4.0,5.4] # Y_true = Y (original values)

# Calculated values
Y_pred = [1.75,2.15,3.08,4.10,5.39,1.88,2.45,2.67,3.87,5.11]

# Y_pred = Y'

# Mean Squared Error
MSE = np.square(np.subtract(Y_true,Y_pred)).mean()
print(MSE)
```

0.24703999999999998

```
In [ ]: # MSE for validation set Model 1
Y_true = [1.7,2.7,2.5,2.8,5.5]
# Y_true = Y (original values)

# Calculated values
Y_pred = [1.81,3.014,3.702,4.562,4.902]
# Y_pred = Y'

# Mean Squared Error
MSE = np.square(np.subtract(Y_true,Y_pred)).mean()
print(MSE)
```

1.0035496000000002

```
In [ ]: # MSE for validation set Model 2
Y_true = [1.7,2.7,2.5,2.8,5.5] # Y_true = Y (original values)

# Calculated values
Y_pred = [1.91,2.74,3.45,4.59,5.11]
# Y_pred = Y'

# Mean Squared Error
MSE = np.square(np.subtract(Y_true,Y_pred)).mean()
print(MSE)
```

0.8608800000000001

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In [ ]: # max(Training_Set_MSE, Validation_Set_MSE) / min(Training_Set_MSE, Validation_Set_MSE)
# Compare Model 1 and Model 2
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# Model1
Training_Set_MSE = 0.29708599999999996
Validation_Set_MSE =1.0035496000000002
ModelOne =Validation_Set_MSE/Training_Set_MSE
print("Model 1 MSE :", round(ModelOne,2))

# Model 2
Training_Set_MSE =0.24703999999999998
Validation_Set_MSE = 0.8608800000000001
ModelTwo =Validation_Set_MSE/Training_Set_MSE
print("Model 2 MSE :", round(ModelTwo,2))

# Compare to find better model
if ( ModelTwo < ModelOne ):
    print("Model 2 is a better model")
else:
    print("Model 1 is a better model")

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Model 1 MSE : 3.38
 Model 2 MSE : 3.48
 Model 1 is a better model

**** Test phase ****

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In [ ]: # After getting better model based on MSE, we then find the values of y
# In our case MODEL 1 is better so we choose Linear Regression Equation(y):
#  $\hat{y}=a1 + b1 * x$ 
# we will take the value of slope(b) ad intercept(a) same what we calculated before fr
# slope(b) is: 0.86
# intercept(a): 0.52
x = np.array([1.4,2.5,3.6,4.5,5.4])
a= 0.52
b= 0.86
y=a+b*x
print(y)

```

[1.724 2.67 3.616 4.39 5.164]