

$$t < 0 \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t-\tau) x(\tau) d\tau = 0$$

$$0 < t < 1 \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t\tau} d\tau = e^{-t\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 1 - e^{-t}$$

$$1 < t < 2 \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-t\tau} d\tau = -e^{-t\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = -e^{-t} + e^{-t+1}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t\tau} d\tau = e^{-t\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = e^{-t+1} - e^{-t}$$

$$t > 2 \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-t\tau} d\tau = -e^{-t\tau} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = -e^{-t+1} + e^{-t}$$

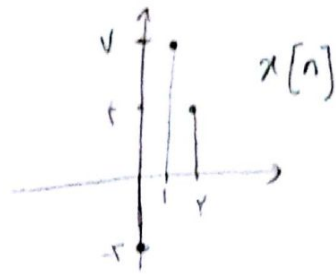
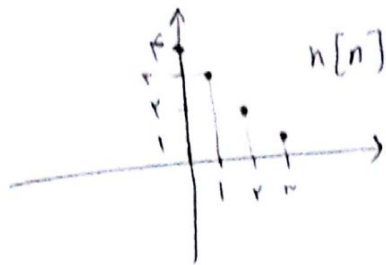
b)  $x(t) \cdot e^{-t} u(t) = e^{-t}, t > 0$

$$h(t) = \delta(t) + 0.2\delta(t-1) + 0.1\delta(t-2) + 0.7\delta(t-3)$$

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = e^{-t}\delta(t) + 0.2e^{-t}\delta(t-1) + 0.1e^{-t}\delta(t-2) + 0.7e^{-t}\delta(t-3)$$

$$y(t) = 1 + 0.2e^{-1} + 0.1e^{-2} + 0.7e^{-3}$$

زنگنه!



$$n=0 \quad \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h(-k) \times x[k] = -\lambda f = -12.$$

$$n=1 \quad \sum_{k=0}^{k=1} \lambda [1-k] x^k = x_V + x_{-1} = 19$$

$$n=y \quad \sum_{k=0}^{k=y} h[y-k] x[k] = x^y + x^y + x^{y-1} = x^1$$

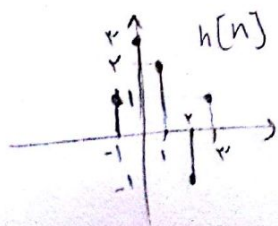
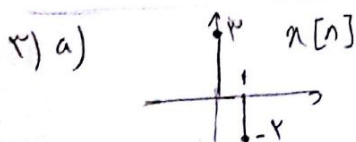
$$h = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} h[r-k] x^n[k] = x_N^F + x_N^V + 1_{x-N} = \psi^r$$

$$n = N \quad \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} h[N-k] x[n[k]] = 1 \times V_T \times X^N = 1 \text{ a}$$

$$h = \Delta \sum_{k=r}^{k-r} h(\Delta - k) x^n[k] = 1 \times T = T$$

$$y[n] = \{-1, 19, 21, 23, 15, 17\}$$

$$b) \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n \gamma \Lambda^k = \frac{1 - (\gamma \Lambda)^{n+1}}{1 - \gamma \Lambda} = \alpha \cdot - \alpha \cdot (\gamma \Lambda)^{n+1}$$



$$n = -1 \quad x[0] \times h[-1] = r$$

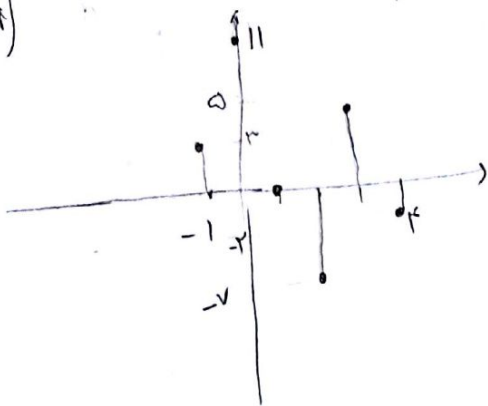
$$n=0 \quad \sum_{k=1}^1 x[k] \times h[-k] = x_0 \times 1 + -1 \times -1 = 11$$

$$n-1 \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x[k] \cdot h[1-k] = x_N^* + -x_N^* = 0$$

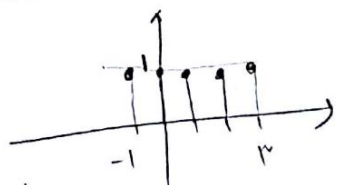
$$n=r \sum_{k=0}^{k=r} x[k] \times h[r-k] = -r + -r = -v$$

$$n = r \quad \sum_{k=0}^K x[k] \cdot h[r-k] = Y + Y = 0 \quad n = r \rightarrow y[n] = 1 - 1 = -1$$

3) a)



b)



$$n = -4 \quad y[-4] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[-1-k] x[k] = 1$$

$$n = -1 \quad y[-1] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[-1-k] x[k] = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$n = 2 \quad y[2] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[2-k] x[k] = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

$$n = 0 \quad y[0] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[-k] x[k] = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

$$n = 1 \quad y[1] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[1-k] x[k] = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

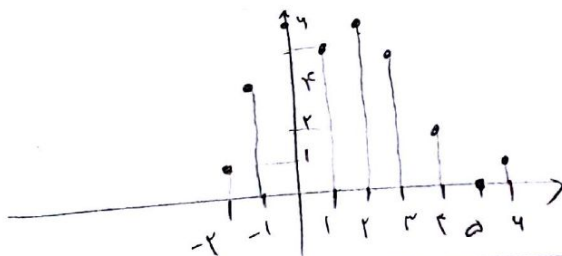
$$n = 1 \quad y[1] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[1-k] x[k] = -1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$n = 2 \quad y[2] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[2-k] x[k] = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 4$$

$$n = 2 \quad y[2] = \sum_{k=-1}^{\infty} h[2-k] x[k] = 1 - 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

$$1 + -1 = 0$$

$$n = 4 \quad y[4] = 1$$



$$f) \quad y(t) = x(t) * h_1(t) + x(t) * h_r(t) * h_r(t) + x(t) * h_r(t) * h_r(t)$$

$$y(t) = x(t) * (h_1(t) + h_r(t) * (h_r(t) + h_r(t)))$$

$$h_{eq}(t) = e^{-t} u(t) + u(t) - u(t-1) * u(t) - u(t-1) + (-u(t-1) + u(t)) * \delta(t-1)$$

$$A = \begin{cases} 1 & -1 < t < 1 \\ 1 - t & 1 < t < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$h_{eq}(t) = \begin{cases} 1 + e^{-t} & -1 < t < 1 \\ 1 - t + e^{-t} & 1 < t < 2 \\ e^{-t} & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$y_1(t) = u(t) * e^{-t} u(t) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} dt = -e^{-t}$$

$$w(t) = [u(t) - u(t-1)] * [u(t) - u(t-1)] = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ 1-t & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$y_r(t) = w(t) * h_p(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t^2}{2} & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{(t-1)^2}{2} & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$y_f(t) = w(t) * h_c(t) = w(1) = 1$$

a) a)  $h(t)$ ,  $-1 < t < 1 \Rightarrow$  noncausal

$h(t) = u(t+1) - u(t-1) \Rightarrow$  memory

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt = 2 < \infty \Rightarrow \text{stable}$$

b)  $h(t)$ ,  $0 \leq t \Rightarrow$  noncausal

$h(t) = u(t) - ru(t-1) \Rightarrow$  memory

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt = \infty \Rightarrow \text{unstable}$$

c)  $h(t) = e^{-r|t|}$ ,  $-r < -\infty \Rightarrow$  memory

$\Rightarrow$  noncausal

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-r|t|} dt = -re^{-rt}/r + re^{-rt}/r \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 0 + r + r - 0 = 2 < \infty \Rightarrow \text{stable}$$

d)  $h(t) = \cos(\pi t) u(t)$ ,  $t > 0 \Rightarrow$  noncausal

$\Rightarrow$  memory

$$\int_0^{\infty} \cos(\pi t) dt = \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\pi} \Big|_0^{\infty} \neq \infty \Rightarrow \text{stable}$$



e)  $h[n] = r^n u[-n]$ ,  $n \leq 0 \rightarrow$  causal

$\sum_{n=-\infty}^0 |r^n u[-n]| = 1 \rightarrow$  memory  
stable

f)  $h[n] = e^{rn} u[n-1]$ ,  $n \geq 1 \Rightarrow$  non causal, memory

$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} e^{rn} = \infty \Rightarrow$  unstable

g)  $h[n] = (\frac{1}{r})^n u[n]$ ,  $n \geq 0 \Rightarrow$  non causal, memory

$\sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} r^{-n} = 1 \Rightarrow$  stable

h)  $h[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi}{r}n) u[n+r]$ ,  $n \geq -r \rightarrow$  memory, non causal

$\sum_{n=-r}^{+\infty} |h[n]| < \infty \Rightarrow$  stable

4)  $y(t) = x(t) + \alpha_1 x(t-\tau_1) + \alpha_r x(t-\tau_r)$

$x'(t) = ax(t) \Rightarrow y'(t) = ax(t) + \alpha_1 ax(t-\tau_1) + \alpha_r ax(t-\tau_r) = ay(t) \checkmark$

$x(t) = x_1(t) + x_r(t) \rightarrow y(t) = x_1(t) + x_r(t) + \alpha_1 (x_1(t-\tau_1) + x_r(t-\tau_1)) + \alpha_r (x_1(t-\tau_r) + x_r(t-\tau_r))$

$y_1(t) = x_1(t) + \alpha_1 x_1(t-\tau_1) + \alpha_r x_1(t-\tau_r)$

$y_r(t) = x_r(t) + \alpha_1 x_r(t-\tau_1) + \alpha_r x_r(t-\tau_r) \rightarrow y(t) = y_1(t) + y_r(t) \checkmark$

$t \rightarrow t > 0, t > \tau_1, t > \tau_r \rightarrow$  non causal linear

if  $x(t) < A \rightarrow y(t) < A + \alpha_1 A + \alpha_r A \checkmark$  stable!

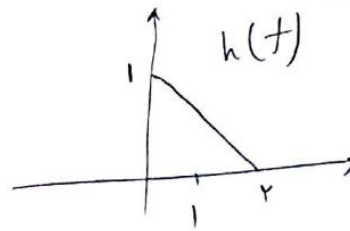
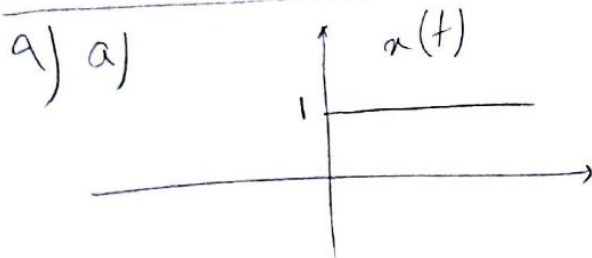
$x(t-t_0) + \alpha_1 x(t-t_0-\tau_1) + \alpha_r x(t-t_0-\tau_r) = y(t-t_0) \rightarrow$  time invariant

$$v) g[n] = u[n] * h[n]$$

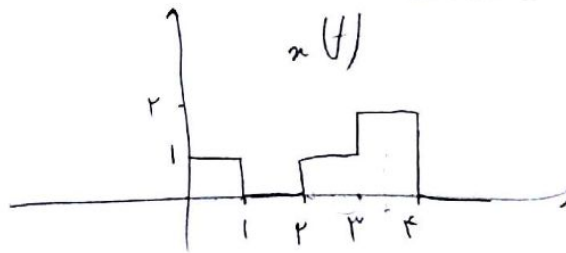
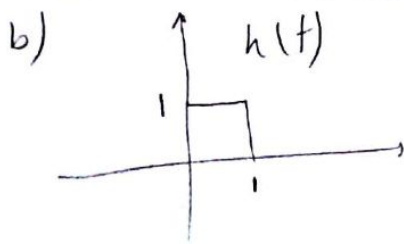
$$a) g[n] = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{r} r^n = r u[n]$$

$$b) g(t) = \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^0 e^t dt = -e^{-t} \Big|_0^{+\infty} + e^t \Big|_{-\infty}^0 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$c) g(t) = u(t) * (s(t) - s(t-1)) = -u(1) + u(\infty) = 0$$



$$t > 0 \rightarrow y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t h(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_{-\infty}^t \frac{1}{r} (t-\tau) d\tau = \frac{t^2}{2r} - t$$



$$0 \le t < 1 \quad \int_0^t 1 d\tau = t \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \le t < r \\ r \le t < r+1 \end{array} \right. \quad \int_{t-1}^1 d\tau = 1-t$$

$$r \le t < r+1 \quad \int_r^t d\tau = t-r \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} r+1 \le t < r+2 \end{array} \right. \quad \int_r^t r d\tau + \int_{t-1}^r d\tau = r(t-r) + r - (t-1) = t-r$$

$$r+1 \le t < r+2 \quad \int_{t-1}^r r d\tau = r - (t-1) = 1-t$$

$$1) \quad x(t) = u(t - t_0) - u(t - t_1)$$

$$y(t) = (u(t-1) - u(t-2)) \cdot \frac{t}{r} + u(t-2)$$

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (u(\tau-1) - u(\tau-2)) h(t-\tau) d\tau =$$

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} h(t-\tau) d\tau = u(t-1) \left(1 - \frac{t}{r}\right) + u(t-2) \Rightarrow$$

$$h(t) = u(t-1) + \left(1 - \frac{t}{r}\right) u(t-2)$$