# MACHINE LEARNING — CODE

## Exercise 3 – AND Decision tree with python

#### A AND B

Α	В	RESULT
F	F	F
F	Т	F
Т	F	F
Т	Т	Т

```
def myAnd(a, b):
    if a == False:
        return False
    elif a == True:
        if b == False:
            return False
        elif b == True:
            return True
```

## Exercise 3 – OR Decision tree with python

#### A OR B

Α	В	RESULT
F	F	F
F	T	T
Т	F	Т
Т	Т	Т

```
def myOr(a, b):
    if a == False:
        if b == False:
            return False
        elif b == True:
            return True
    elif a == True:
        return True
```

## Exercise 3 – XOR Decision tree with python

#### A XOR B

Α	В	RESULT
F	F	F
F	Т	Т
Т	F	Т
Т	Т	F

## Exercise 3 – NOR Decision tree with python

#### A NOR B

Α	В	RESULT
F	F	Т
F	Т	F
Т	F	F
Т	Т	F

## Exercise 3 – NAND Decision tree with python

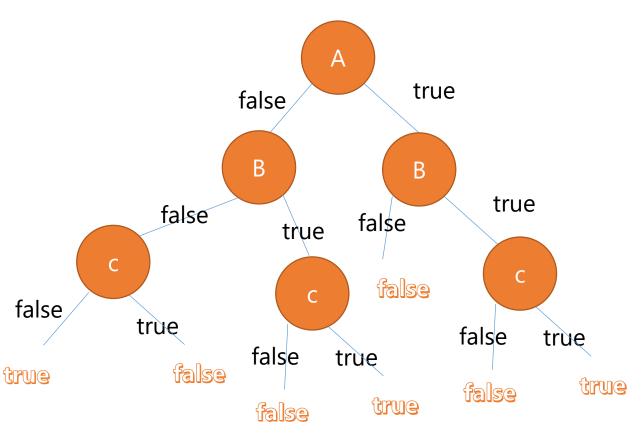
#### A NAND B

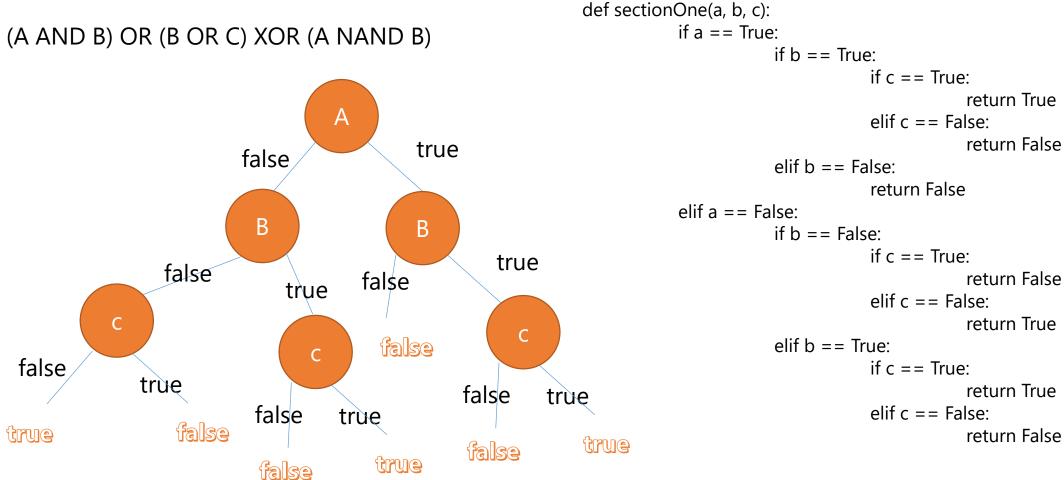
Α	В	RESULT
F	F	T
F	Т	Т
Т	F	Т
Т	Т	F

```
def myNand(a, b):
    if a == False:
        return True
    elif a == True:
        if b == True:
            return False
    elif b == False:
        return True
```

### (A AND B) OR (B OR C) XOR (A NAND B)

Α	В	С	RESULT
F	F	F	Т
F	F	T	F
F	T	F	F
F	T	T	Т
Т	F	F	F
Т	F	Т	F
Т	Т	F	F
Т	Т	Т	Т

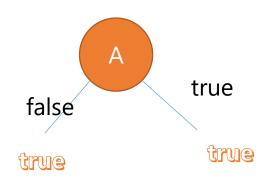




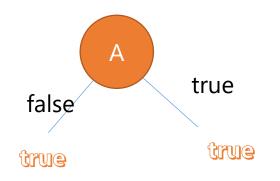
**Amir Shokri** 

### (A AND B OR C) OR (C NAND B)

Α	В	С	RESULT
F	F	F	Т
F	F	Т	Т
F	Т	F	Т
F	Т	Т	Т
Т	F	F	Т
Т	F	Т	Т
T	T	F	T
Т	Т	Т	Т



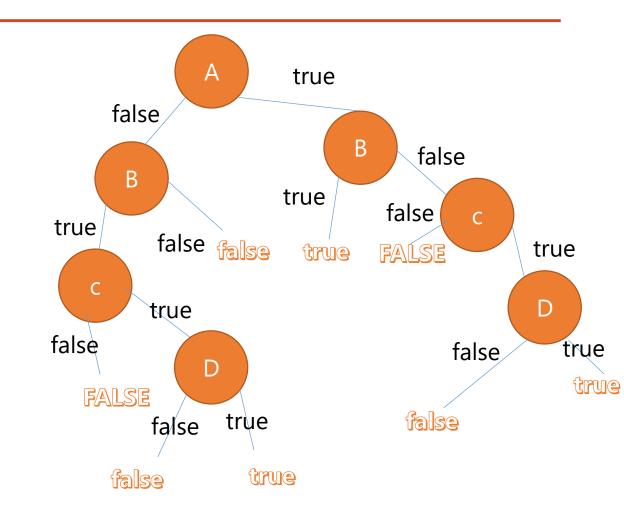
### (A AND B OR C) OR (C NAND B)



```
def sectionTwo(a, b, c):
    if a == True:
        return True
    elif a == False:
        return True
```

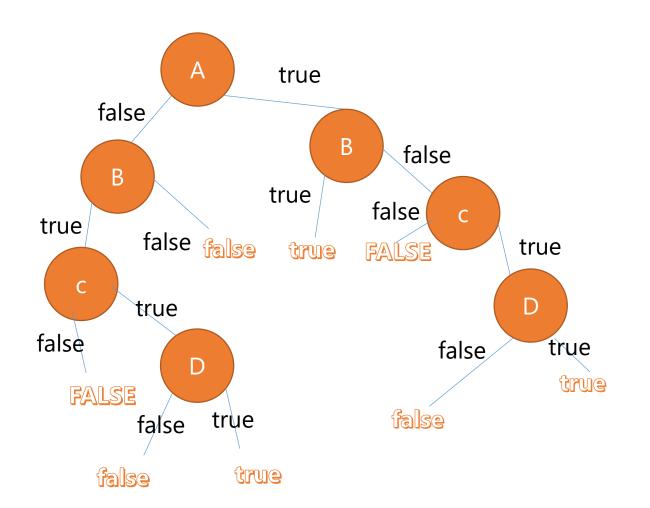
### (A XOR B) AND (B OR C) AND (C AND D)

Α	В	C	D	RESULT
F	F	F	F	F
F	F	F	Т	F
F	F	Т	F	F
F	F	Т	Т	F
F	T	F	F	F
F	T	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	F
F	T	T	T	Т
Т	F	F	F	F
Т	F	F	Т	F
Т	F	T	F	F
Т	F	Т	Т	Т
Т	Т	F	F	F
Т	Т	F	Т	F
Т	Т	Т	F	F
Т	T	Т	T	F



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(A XOR B) AND (B OR C) AND (C AND D)



```
def sectionThree(a, b, c, d):
              if a == True:
                             if b == True:
                                           return True
                             elif b == False:
                                           if c == False:
                                                          return False
                                            elif c == True:
                                                          if d == False:
                                                                         return False
                                                          elif d == True:
                                                                         return True
              elif a == False:
                             if b == False:
                                            return False
                             elif b == True:
                                           if c == False:
                                                          return False
                                            elif c == True:
                                                          if d == False:
                                                                         return False
                                                          elif d == True:
                                                                         return True
```

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## Exercise 3 – FIND-S

Example	Size	Color	Shape	Class/Label
1	big	red	circle	No
2	small	red	triangle	No
3	small	red	circle	Yes
4	big	blue	circle	No
5	small	blue	circle	Yes

$$h_0 = \langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$$
  
 $h_1 = \langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$   
 $h_2 = \langle \emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset \rangle$   
 $h_3 = \langle \text{small, red, circle} \rangle$   
 $h_4 = \langle \text{small, red, circle} \rangle$   
 $h_5 = \langle \text{big, ?, circle} \rangle$ 

## Exercise 3 – FIND-S

```
def myFindS(data, arributeCount, exampleCount):
          h = ['null', 'null', 'null']
          print("h[0]: ", h)
          for i in range(exampleCount):
                    if data[i][arributeCount -1] == 'yes':
                              for j in range(arributeCount - 1):
                                        if h[j] == 'null':
                                                  h[i] = data[i][i]
                                        elif h[j] != data[i][j]:
                                                  h[i] = '?'
                    print("h[", i+1, "]: ", h)
arributeCount = 4
exampleCount = 5
myData = [ ['big', 'red', 'circle', 'no'], ['small', 'red', 'triangle',
'no'],['small', 'red', 'circle', 'yes'],['big', 'blue', 'circle', 'no'],['small',
'blue', 'circle', 'yes'] ]
myFindS(myData, arributeCount, exampleCount)
```

```
h[0] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 1 ] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 2 ] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 3 ] : ['small', 'red', 'circle']
h[ 4 ] : ['small', 'red', 'circle']
h[ 5 ] : ['small', '?', 'circle']
```

## Exercise 3 – FIND-S

```
def myFindS(data, arributeCount, exampleCount):
          h = ['null', 'null', 'null']
          print("h[0]: ", h)
          for i in range(exampleCount):
                    if data[i][arributeCount -1] == 'yes':
                              for j in range(arributeCount - 1):
                                        if h[j] == 'null':
                                                  h[i] = data[i][i]
                                        elif h[j] != data[i][j]:
                                                  h[i] = '?'
                    print("h[", i+1, "]: ", h)
arributeCount = 4
exampleCount = 5
myData = [ ['big', 'red', 'circle', 'no'], ['small', 'red', 'triangle',
'no'],['small', 'red', 'circle', 'yes'],['big', 'blue', 'circle', 'no'],['small',
'blue', 'circle', 'yes'] ]
myFindS(myData, arributeCount, exampleCount)
```

```
h[0] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 1 ] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 2 ] : ['null', 'null', 'null']
h[ 3 ] : ['small', 'red', 'circle']
h[ 4 ] : ['small', 'red', 'circle']
h[ 5 ] : ['small', '?', 'circle']
```

## Exercise 3 – ID3 ENTROPY

#### import math

```
def myEntropy(positiveCount, negativeCount, allCount):
```

```
a = - (negativeCount / allCount) * (math.log((negativeCount / allCount), 2.0))
```

Entropy: 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} -p_i * \log_2(p_i)$$

## Exercise 3 – KNN

```
import random
import math
def sortRowWise(m):
  for i in range(len(m)):
     for j in range(len(m[i])):
       for k in range(len(m[i]) - j - 1):
          if (m[i][k] > m[i][k + 1]):
            t = m[i][k]
            m[i][k] = m[i][k + 1]
            m[i][k + 1] = t
  return m
myNumbers = []
for x in range(1,50):
         myNumbers.append(x)
```

### Exercise 3 – KNN

```
w, h = 3, 100;
myData = [[0 for x in range(w)] for y in range(h)]
for x in range(0, 99):
         myData[x][0] = random.choice(myNumbers)
         myData[x][1] = random.choice(myNumbers)
print("43 : ", myData[43])
for x in range(0,99):
         myData[x][2] = (myData[43][0]-(myData[x][0])^2) + (myData[43][1]-
(myData[x][0])^2
myData = sorted(myData, key=lambda x: x[2])
print("[", myData[0][0], "][", myData[0][1], "]")
print("[", myData[1][0], "][", myData[1][1], "]")
print("[", myData[2][0], "][", myData[2][1], "]")
```

## Exercise 3 – READ NEWS STRING

```
def freq(str):
  unique_words = set(str)
  for words in unique_words:
     print('Frequency of ', words , 'is :', str.count(words))
file1 = open("news/1.txt","r")
file2 = open("news/2.txt","r")
file3 = open("news/3.txt","r")
file4 = open("news/4.txt","r")
file5 = open("news/5.txt","r")
string1 =
string2 =
string3 =
string4 =
string5 = ""
```

## Exercise 3 – READ NEWS STRING

```
for line in file1:
  string1 = string1 + line
string1 = string1.split(" ")
for line in file2:
  string2 = string2 + line
string2 = string2.split(" ")
for line in file3:
  string3 = string3 + line
string3 = string3.split(" ")
for line in file4:
  string4 = string4 + line
string4 = string4.split(" ")
for line in file5:
  string5 = string5 + line
string5 = string5.split(" ")
string = string1 + string2 + string3 + string4 + string5;
print(freq(string))
```