

# Artificial Intelligence

## Advanced Topics in AI & ML

### Interpretability, Explainability, and AI Ethics

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ML Research



# Content

## ① Interpretability

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- ② Explainability

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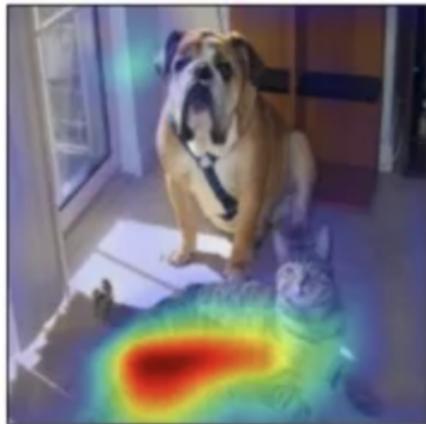
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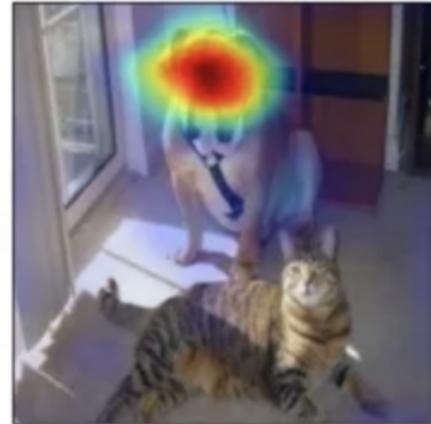
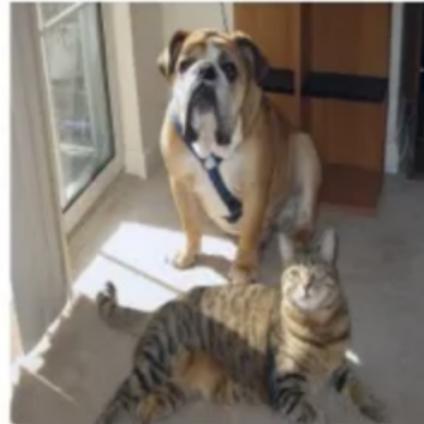
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Grad-CAM for "Cat"



Grad-CAM for "Dog"



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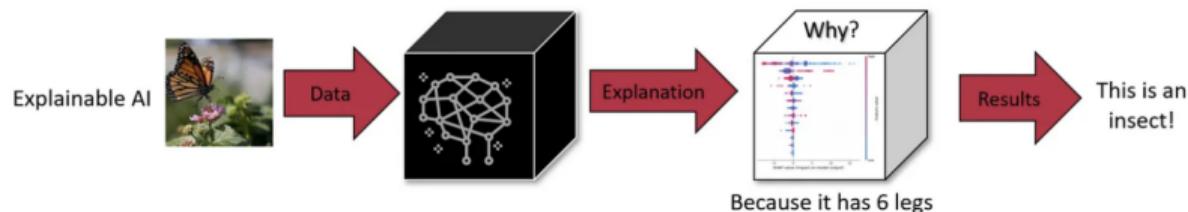
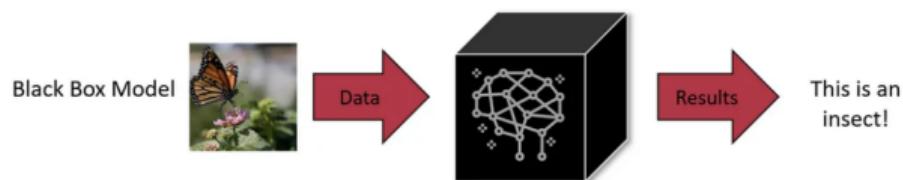
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# AI Ethics<sup>1</sup>

<h2>Inequity and fairness</h2> <p>ML can contribute to and amplify social <b>inequity</b></p> <p>For <b>foundation models</b>, it is useful to separate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>intrinsic biases</b> (properties in the foundation model)</li><li>• <b>extrinsic harms</b> (harms in specific applications)</li></ul> <p><b>Source tracing</b> to understand ethical/legal responsibility</p> <p>Mitigations: <b>proactive interventions</b>/<b>reactive recourse</b></p>	<h2>Environment</h2> <p>Foundation models involve significant training/<b>emissions</b></p> <p>One perspective: <b>amortised cost over re-use</b></p> <p>Several factors would be <b>beneficial</b> to consider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>compute-efficient models, hardware, energy grids</b></li><li>• <b>environmental cost</b> as a factor for evaluation</li><li>• greater <b>documentation</b> and measurement</li></ul>	<h2>Economics</h2> <p>Foundation models may have <b>economic impact</b> due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>novel capabilities</b></li><li>• potential applications in <b>wide array of industries</b></li></ul> <p>Initial analyses have been conducted to understand implications for <b>productivity, wage inequality, concentration of ownership</b></p>
<h2>Misuse</h2> <p><b>Misuse</b>: the use of foundation models as technically intended but for societal harm (e.g. disinformation)</p> <p>Foundation models may make misuse easier by generating <b>high-quality</b> personalised content</p> <p><b>Disinformation actors</b> can target demographic groups</p> <p>Foundation models may also help to <b>detect misuse</b></p>	<h2>Legality</h2> <p>How <b>law</b> bears on development/deployment is unclear</p> <p><b>Legal/regulatory</b> frameworks will be needed</p> <p>In the <b>US</b> setting, important issues include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>liability</b> for model predictions</li><li>• <b>protections</b> from model behaviour</li></ul> <p><b>Legal standards</b> must advance for intermediate models</p>	<h2>Ethics of scale</h2> <p>Widespread adoption of foundation models poses ethical, political and social concerns</p> <p>Ethical issues related to <b>scale</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>homogenisation</b></li><li>• <b>concentration of power</b></li></ul> <p>How can <b>norms</b> and <b>release strategies</b> address these?</p>

<sup>1</sup>[www.youtube.com](https://www.youtube.com)

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- ➌ Interpretability deals mostly on a lower level, input/output dependencies
- ➍ Explainability steps in on a higher level to provide a human-like explanations
- ➎ Usually the most interpretable are simpler models; explainability can be applied to a model of any complexity

# Thank you!