# Artificial Intelligence Advanced Topics in AI & ML

Deep Learning Applications: Computer Vision, Speech Recognition

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#### Content

 $\color{red} \bullet$  Computer Vision





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#### Content

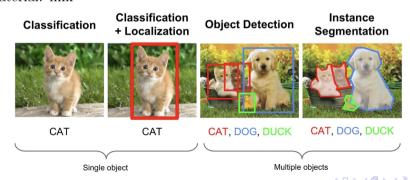
- Omputer Vision
- Speech Recognition





#### Computer Vision

- Computer Vision (CV): Direction targeted to analyze vision information: mostly images and videos
- Most common CV directions: classification, detection, segmentation
- Main research is concentrated around architectures of CV models: Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)
- Read material: link

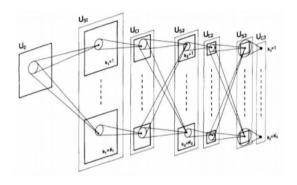


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3 / 10

# The CNN Basis: Neocognitron<sup>1</sup>

- Fukushima in 1979 proposed an almost modern method for constructing the architecture of neural networks, which he borrowed from the model of the primary visual cortex
- Two types of neurons:
  - Simple, responsible for local characteristics
  - Complex, responsible for compensating for distortion
  - Organized into a cascade structure SCSCSC...
  - ► In a convolutional network, S=convolution, C=subsampling



• The main disadvantage: no backpropagation method was proposed for training

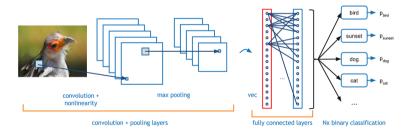




CV, ASR 4

#### **CNNs**

- CNN main operation: Convolution that is (spatially) translation-invariant
- CNN-related: Pooling operation, reducing the spatial size and keeping the most important features
- Now Visual Transformers (e.g., ViT<sup>2</sup>) ar on par with CNNs
- Read material: link



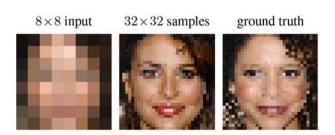


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>An Image is Worth 16x16 Words: Transformers for Image Recognition at Scale (2) > (2) > (2) > (2)

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## Image Enhancement

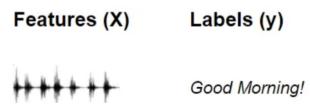
- A very important problem for many applications (e.g. in a smartphone): Image Enhancement
- Relevant tasks: image super-resolution, removal of blur (motion and defocus), image reconstruction (noise removal)
- Read material (optional): link





## Speech Recognition

- Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR): Direction targeted to map a sequence of audio inputs to text outputs
- ASR mains differences with CV: 1) temporal sequence; 2) can benefit from signal pre-processing (like Fourier Transform, Mel-Frequency Cepstral Coefficients, etc.)
- Main research is concentrated around architectures of ASR models and how to omit pre-processing stage
- Read material: link



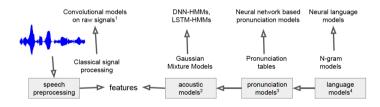
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#### **ASR History**

- The first really working prototype was based on Hidden Markov Models<sup>3</sup> invented in 1960s and applied to speech recognition in 1970s
- ASR became popular after incorporation of Digital Assistants ("OK Google", Siri, Alexa, etc)
- Now the state-of-the-art models are based on Neural Nets
- Read material: link





<sup>3</sup>Wiki

• Read all the mentioned links





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- Read all the mentioned links
- ② Computer vision is based on CNNs and Vision Transformers





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- 2 Computer vision is based on CNNs and Vision Transformers
- Main tasks in CV are classification, detection, and segmentation



9 / 10



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- ASR has a long history starting with HMMs





- Read all the mentioned links
- 2 Computer vision is based on CNNs and Vision Transformers
- Main tasks in CV are classification, detection, and segmentation
- ASR has a long history starting with HMMs
- CV and ASR are now working on par or better than human-based!





# Thank you!





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