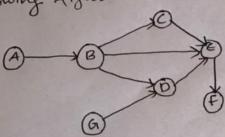
Patri Stancture 1st- Sem Mca-217

Consider a directed acyclic graph a given in following figure.



Algorithm

8 tep 1: write the indegree of all vertices

I tep 2: if there is any vertex have not indeque

a topological ardering.

Step 3: Check the verlex have indegree = 0 for the topological sorting

Step 4: Verlex 4 has indegree = 0, remove vertese

A and its associated edges and update
the indegree of the other vertex.

step 5: Gutinue Same Steps until the zeaph became empty.

PROGRAM

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
int i,j,k,n,ar[10][10],indeg[10],flag[10],count=0;
printf("enter number of vertices");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("enter the adjacency matrix");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         printf("Enter row %d\n",i+1);
         for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
             scanf("%d",&ar[i][j]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         indeg[i]=0;
         flag[i]=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
         for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
             indeg[i]=indeg[i]+ar[j][i];
    printf("\nThe topological order is:");
    while(count<n){</pre>
         for(k=0;k<n;k++){</pre>
             if((indeg[k]==0) && (flag[k]==0)){
                  printf("%d ",(k+1));
                  flag [k]=1;
             }
             for(i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                  if(ar[i][k]==1)
                      indeg[k]--;
             }
         }
         count++;
    }
```

```
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
enter number of vertices7
enter the adjacency matrixEnter row 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0
Enter row 2
0 0 1 1 1 0 0
Enter row 3
0 0 0 0 1 0 0
Enter row 4
0 0 0 0 1 0 0
Enter row 5
0 0 0 0 0 1 0
Enter row 6
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Enter row 7
0 0 0 1 0 0
The topological order is:1 7 2 3 4 5 6
```

2. Write a program for creating Doubly LL and performs
-the following operation. A) inscrt an element at particular position e) Delete an element at the end of the list. B) serech an element A: step 1: if PTR = NULL, overflow Algorithm Step 2: SET New-NODE = PTR steps: Set PTR = PTR -> NEXT slep4: SET TEMP = START step 6: SET 1 = 0 repeat until 1 5 Lepz: set temp = temp = novel step 8: if temp = NULL . 30 to step 15 step 7: Set New-node > Next = Temp > next step 10: set nev-node - prev = temp step 11: temp - next = new-node step 12; temp - neset - prev= new-nocle Step 15: Exit

Step 1: if head = = NULL, underflow

Step 2: Set pTR = head, Set i = 0

Step 2: Repeat until while PTR] = NULL

Step 3: Repeat until while PTR] = NULL

Step 4: if PTR > detr = ; term, resturn;

Step 5: i = i+1

Step 6: PTR = PTR > next

Step 4: exit.

```
Deletion at end

Step 1: if lead = NULL, underflow

Step 2: Set temp = head

Step 2: Repeat until utile Temp > next! = NULL

Step 4: Set temp = Temp > next

Step 6: Set temp > prev > next = NULL

Step 6: Set temp > prev > next = NULL

Step 6: Free temp

Step 4: exist.
```

PROGRAM

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
{
         struct node *prev;
         struct node *next;
         int data;
};

struct node *head,*last;

void createList(int n);
```

```
void insert_at_anyposition(int data,int position);
void search();
void delete_at_end();
void display();
void main ()
{
      int choice=0,n,data;
      while(choice!=6)
      {
            printf("----");
            printf("\n1.Create the list \n2.Insert at particular position \n3.Search
an element \n4.Delete an element at end \n5.Display \n6.Exit\n");
            printf("Enter your choice : ");
            scanf("\n%d",&choice);
            switch(choice)
            {
                  case 1:printf("Enter number of nodes to be inserted: ");
                        scanf("%d",&n);
                        createList(n);
                        break;
                  case 2:printf("Enter the position where you want to insert new
node: ");
                scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter data of %d node : ", n);
                   scanf("%d", &data);
                          insert_at_anyposition(data,n);
                          break;
                   case 3:search();
                          break;
                   case 4:delete_at_end();
                          break;
                   case 5:display();
                          break;
                   case 6:exit(0);
                          break;
                   default: printf("Enter a valid choice");
             }
      }
}
void createList(int n)
{
  int i, data;
  struct node *newNode;
  if(n >= 1)
  {
```

```
head = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("Enter data of 1 node: ");
scanf("%d", &data);
head->data = data;
head->prev = NULL;
head->next = NULL;
last = head;
for(i=2; i<=n; i++)
{
  newNode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  printf("Enter data of %d node: ", i);
  scanf("%d", &data);
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->prev = last;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  last->next = newNode;
  last = newNode;
}
```

```
printf("\nDOUBLY LINKED LIST CREATED SUCCESSFULLY\n");
  }
}
void insert_at_anyposition(int data,int position)
{
      int i;
  struct node * newNode, *temp;
  if(head == NULL)
  {
    printf("Error, List is empty!\n");
  }
  else
  {
    temp = head;
    i=1;
    while(i<position-1 && temp!=NULL)
      temp = temp->next;
      i++;
    }
```

```
if(temp!=NULL)
    {
      newNode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
      newNode->data = data;
      newNode->next = temp->next;
      newNode->prev = temp;
      if(temp->next != NULL)
       temp->next->prev = newNode;
      }
      temp->next = newNode;
      printf("NODE INSERTED SUCCESSFULLY AT %d POSITION\n", position);
    }
    else
    {
      printf("Error, Invalid position\n");
    }
  }
}
void search()
```

```
{
      struct node *ptr;
      int item,i=0,flag;
      ptr = head;
      if(ptr == NULL)
      {
            printf("\nEmpty list\n");
      }
      else
      {
             printf("\nEnter the value of node you want to search:\n");
             scanf("%d",&item);
            while (ptr!=NULL)
            {
                   if(ptr->data == item)
                   {
                          printf("\nNode found at %d position\n ",i+1);
                          flag=0;
                          break;
                   }
                   else
                   {
                          flag=1;
                   }
```

```
i++;
            ptr = ptr -> next;
            }
            if(flag==1)
            {
                   printf("\nNode not found\n");
            }
      }
}
void delete_at_end()
{
      struct node *ptr;
      if(head == NULL)
      {
            printf("\nCannot delete");
      }
      else if(head->next == NULL)
      {
            head = NULL;
            free(head);
            printf("\nNode deleted\n");
      }
      else
```

```
{
             ptr = head;
             if(ptr->next != NULL)
             ptr = ptr -> next;
             ptr -> prev -> next = NULL;
             free(ptr);
             printf("\nNode deleted\n");
      }
}
void display()
{
      struct node *ptr;
      if(head == NULL)
      {
      printf("List is empty");
      }
      else
      {
      printf("\n The nodes in DoublyLL : \n");
      ptr = head;
      while(ptr != NULL)
```

```
{
    printf("%d\n",ptr->data);
    ptr=ptr->next;
}
}
```

a)node insert at particular position

```
1.Create the list
2.Insert at particular position
3.Search an element
4.Delete an element at end
5.Display
6.Exit
Enter your choice : 2
Enter the position where you want to insert new node: 3
Enter data of 3 node : 12
NODE INSERTED AT 3 POSITION
1.Create the list
Insert at particular position
3.Search an element
4.Delete an element at end
5.Display
6.Exit
Enter your choice : 5
```

b)search an element

```
The nodes in DoublyLL:

8
3
12
2
1.Create the list
2.Insert at particular position
3.Search an element
4.Delete an element at end
5.Display
6.Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the value of node you want to search:
8
Node found at 1 position
```

c)delete at end

```
1.Create the list
2.Insert at particular position
3.Search an element
4.Delete an element at end
5.Display
6.Exit
Enter your choice : 4

Node deleted
```