!pip install datasets

```
→ Collecting datasets
           Downloading datasets-2.18.0-py3-none-any.whl (510 kB)
                                                                                        - 510.5/510.5 kB 4.6 MB/s eta 0:00
       Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
       Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-r
       Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow>=12.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
       Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow-hotfix in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
       Collecting dill<0.3.9,>=0.3.0 (from datasets)
           Downloading dill-0.3.8-py3-none-any.whl (116 kB)
                                                                                     — 116.3/116.3 kB 6.4 MB/s eta 0:00
       Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packac
       Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.19.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/c
       Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.62.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
       Collecting xxhash (from datasets)
           Downloading xxhash-3.4.1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86
                                                                                        - 194.1/194.1 kB 7.4 MB/s eta 0:00
       Collecting multiprocess (from datasets)
           Downloading multiprocess-0.70.16-py310-none-any.whl (134 kB)
                                                                                       — 134.8/134.8 kB 5.6 MB/s eta 0:00
       Requirement already satisfied: fsspec[http]<=2024.2.0,>=2023.1.0 in /usr/loca
       Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
       Requirement already satisfied: huggingface-hub>=0.19.4 in /usr/local/lib/pythc
       Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3
       Requirement already satisfied: pyvaml>=5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
       Requirement already satisfied: aiosignal>=1.1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/c
       Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
       Requirement already satisfied: frozenlist>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10,
       Requirement already satisfied: multidict<7.0,>=4.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
       Requirement already satisfied: yarl<2.0,>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
       Requirement already satisfied: async-timeout<5.0,>=4.0 in /usr/local/lib/pythc
       Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.7.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/pv
       Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/pyth
       Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
       Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10
       Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10
       Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/pythor
```

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack

Successfully installed datasets-2.18.0 dill-0.3.8 multiprocess-0.70.16 xxhash-

Installing collected packages: xxhash, dill, multiprocess, datasets

!pip install contractions

```
import re
import string
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, LSTM, Dense, Dropout, Bidirectional
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
import numpy as np
import tensorflow_datasets as tfds
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import contractions
```

```
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('wordnet')
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
True
```

Loading and Displaying Data

 ${\tt datasets, ds_info = tfds.load('huggingface:banking77', split=['train', 'test'], w}$

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/tensorflow datasets/core/dataset built hf names = hf datasets.list datasets() /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/huggingface hub/utils/ token.py:88: Us The secret `HF TOKEN` does not exist in your Colab secrets. To authenticate with the Hugging Face Hub, create a token in your settings tak You will be able to reuse this secret in all of your notebooks. Please note that authentication is recommended but still optional to access pu warnings.warn(Downloading readme: 100% 14.4k/14.4k [00:00<00:00, 672kB/s] Downloading and preparing dataset Unknown size (download: Unknown size, genera Downloading data: 100% 298k/298k [00:01<00:00, 150kB/s] Downloading data: 100% 93.9k/93.9k [00:01<00:00, 61.0kB/s] 10003/10003 [00:00<00:00, 140891.39 examples/ Generating train split: 100% s] Generating test split: 100% 3080/3080 [00:00<00:00, 113296.93 examples/

s]

```
# Unpack the datasets
dataset_train, dataset_test = datasets

# Extract the label names using the metadata
label_names = ds_info.features['label'].names
```

```
for example in dataset_train.take(5):
              print(example)
 → {'label': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=11>, 'text': <tf.Tensor: sl
                {'label': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=11>, 'text': <tf.Tensor: sh
                {'label': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=11>, 'text': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, num
                {'label': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=11>, 'text': <tf.Tensor: shape=()
                {'label': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=11>, 'text': <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, num
for example in dataset_train.take(5):
             text = example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8')
              label = int(example['label'].numpy())
              category = label_names[label]
              print(f'Text: {text}, Label: {label}, Category: {category}')
 →▼ Text: I am still waiting on my card?, Label: 11, Category: card_arrival
                Text: What can I do if my card still hasn't arrived after 2 weeks?, Label: 11,
                Text: I have been waiting over a week. Is the card still coming?, Label: 11, (
                Text: Can I track my card while it is in the process of delivery?, Label: 11,
                Text: How do I know if I will get my card, or if it is lost?, Label: 11, Cated
for example in dataset_test.take(5):
              text = example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8')
              label = int(example['label'].numpy())
              category = label names[label]
              print(f'Text: {text}, Label: {label}, Category: {category}')
 → Text: How do I locate my card?, Label: 11, Category: card_arrival
               Text: I still have not received my new card, I ordered over a week ago., Labe
                Text: I ordered a card but it has not arrived. Help please!, Label: 11, Category
                Text: Is there a way to know when my card will arrive?, Label: 11, Category: (
```

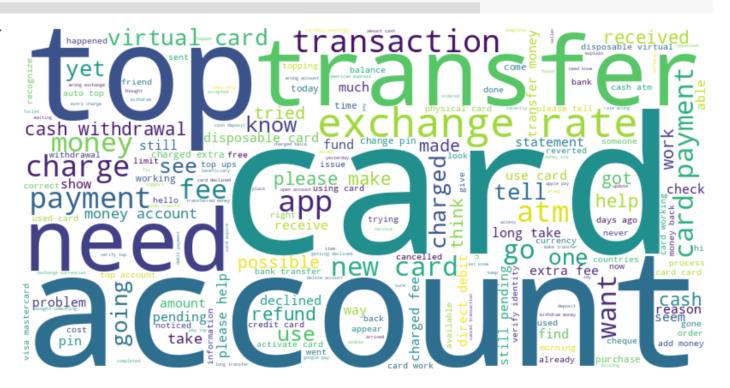
Exploratory Data Analysis

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

Text: My card has not arrived yet., Label: 11, Category: card_arrival

```
\rightarrow
         Label Number
                                                                   Label Name
                                                   card_payment_fee_charged
    0
                    15
    1
                                       direct_debit_payment_not_recognised
                    28
    2
                     6
                        balance_not_updated_after_cheque_or_cash_deposit
    3
                    75
                                             wrong_amount_of_cash_received
                                                      cash_withdrawal_charge
    4
                    19
                   . . .
    72
                                                         lost_or_stolen_card
                    41
    73
                    18
                                                              card_swallowed
    74
                    10
                                                             card acceptance
    75
                    72
                                                   virtual_card_not_working
    76
                    23
                                                    contactless not working
         Number of Examples
    0
                          187
    1
                          182
    2
                          181
    3
                          180
    4
                          177
                          . . .
    72
                           82
    73
                           61
    74
                           59
    75
                           41
    76
                           35
    [77 rows x 3 columns]
```

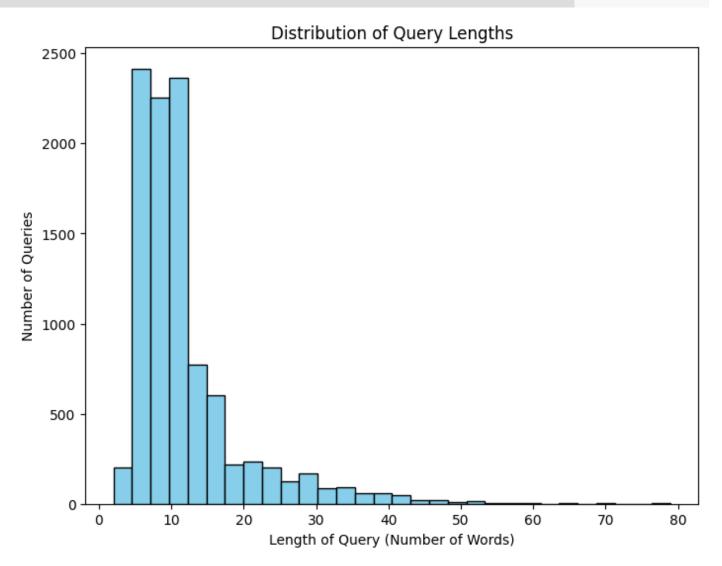




```
# Query Length Analysis
text_lengths = [len(example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8').split()) for example

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.hist(text_lengths, bins=30, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Distribution of Query Lengths')
plt.xlabel('Length of Query (Number of Words)')
plt.ylabel('Number of Queries')
plt.show()
```





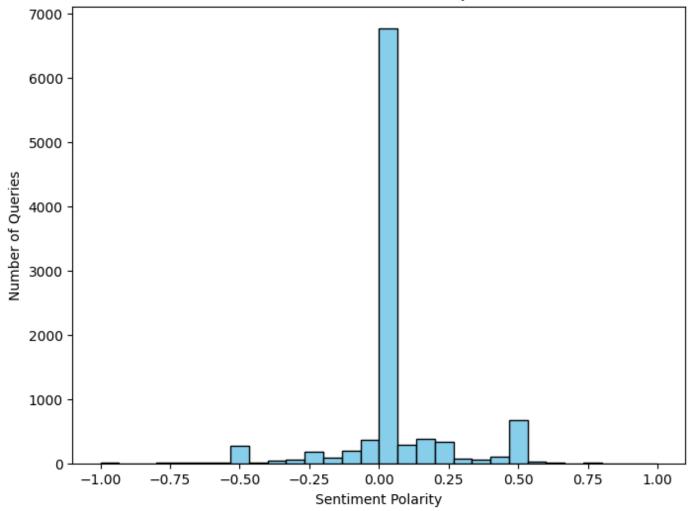
```
from textblob import TextBlob

# Sentiment analysis on the texts
sentiments = [TextBlob(example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8')).sentiment.polarity

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.hist(sentiments, bins=30, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution of Queries')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment Polarity')
plt.ylabel('Number of Queries')
plt.show()
```



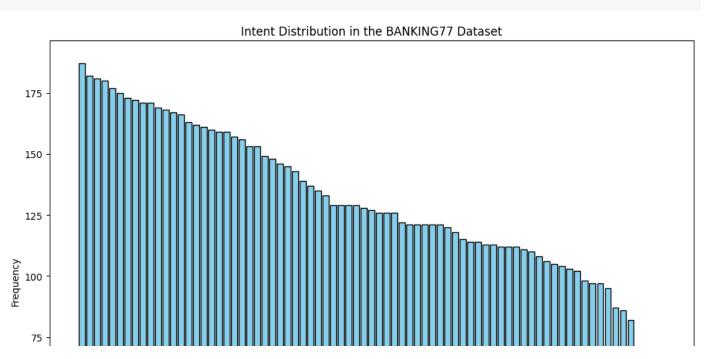
Sentiment Distribution of Queries

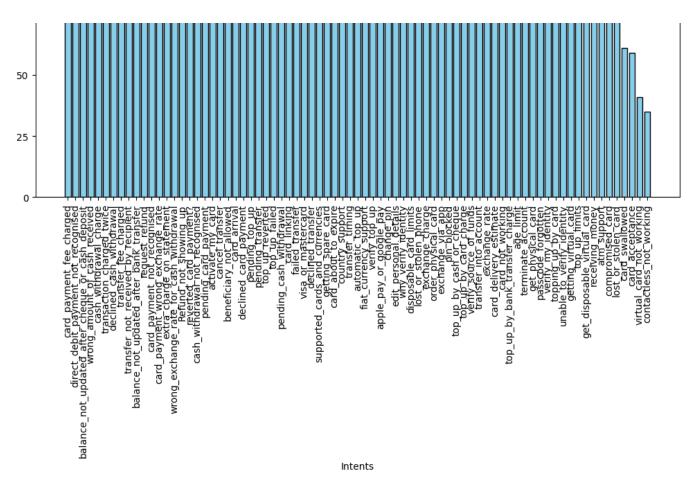


Extract intent labels from the dataset

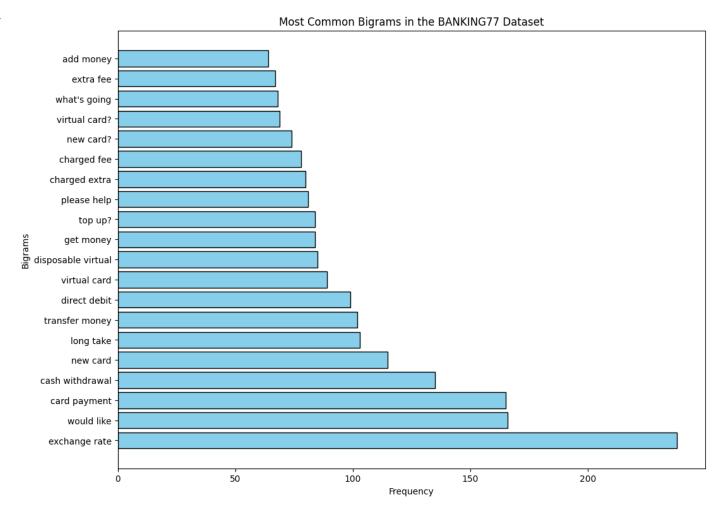
```
intent_labels = [int(example['label'].numpy()) for example in dataset_train]
from collections import Counter
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Count frequencies of each label
intent_freq = Counter(intent_labels)
# Get label names using dataset metadata
label_names = ds_info.features['label'].names
# Map label indices to label names
labeled_intents = [label_names[label] for label in intent_labels]
# Count frequencies of each named intent
named_intent_freq = Counter(labeled_intents)
# Extracting data for plotting
intents, intent_counts = zip(*named_intent_freq.most_common())
# Plotting the distribution of intents
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 9))
plt.bar(intents, intent_counts, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Intent Distribution in the BANKING77 Dataset')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Intents')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```





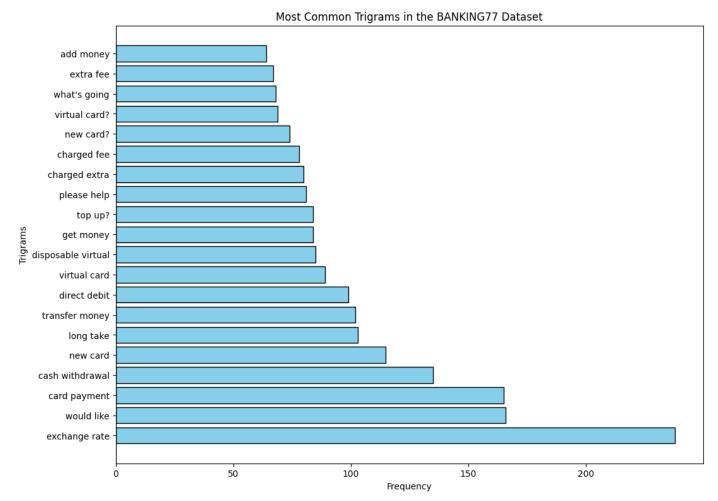


```
from nltk import ngrams
def extract_ngrams(data, num):
    n_grams = ngrams(data, num)
    return [' '.join(grams) for grams in n_grams]
# Extract bigrams from texts
bigrams = Counter()
for example in dataset_train:
   text = example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8').lower().split()
   filtered_text = [word for word in text if word not in stop_words]
    bigrams.update(extract_ngrams(filtered_text, 2))
most_common_bigrams = bigrams.most_common(20)
bigram_words, bigram_counts = zip(*most_common_bigrams)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 9))
plt.barh(bigram_words, bigram_counts, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Most Common Bigrams in the BANKING77 Dataset')
plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.ylabel('Bigrams')
plt.show()
```



```
def extract_ngrams(data, num):
    n_grams = ngrams(data, num)
    return [' '.join(grams) for grams in n_grams]
# Extract bigrams from texts
trigrams = Counter()
for example in dataset_train:
   text = example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8').lower().split()
    filtered_text = [word for word in text if word not in stop_words]
   trigrams.update(extract_ngrams(filtered_text, 3))
most_common_trigrams = trigrams.most_common(20)
trigram_words, trigram_counts = zip(*most_common_trigrams)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 9))
plt.barh(bigram_words, bigram_counts, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Most Common Trigrams in the BANKING77 Dataset')
plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.ylabel('Trigrams')
plt.show()
```





```
# Clear session
tf.keras.backend.clear_session()
```

Data Preprocessing

```
def load_and_shuffle_data(shuffle_train=False):
    dataset_train, dataset_test = tfds.load('huggingface:banking77', split=['train'
    if shuffle_train:
        dataset_train = dataset_train.shuffle(buffer_size=10000, seed=42)
    train_data = list(dataset_train)
    test_data = list(dataset_test)
    sentences_train = [example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8') for example in train
    sentences_test = [example['text'].numpy().decode('utf-8') for example in test_datal
    labels_train = [example['label'].numpy() for example in train_datal
    labels_test = [example['label'].numpy() for example in test_datal
    return sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test
```

```
def preprocess sentences withcontractions(sentences):
   stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Set of English stop words
    punctuation_table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation) # Mapping table
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer() # NLTK Word lemmatizer
    processed_sentences = []
    for sentence in sentences:
        sentence = contractions.fix(sentence)
       # Create space around punctuation and remove double spaces
        sentence = re.sub(r"([?.!,i])", r" \1 ", sentence)
       sentence = re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", sentence)
       # Tokenize the sentence into words
       words = word_tokenize(sentence)
       # Convert each word to lowercase, remove stopwords and punctuation
       words = [word.lower() for word in words ]
       # Remove non-alphanumeric characters and empty strings
       words = [re.sub(r'\W+', '', word) for word in words if word.isalnum()]
       # Lemmatize each word
       #words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
       # Append the list of cleaned words to the processed_sentences list
        processed_sentences.append(words)
    return processed sentences
```

```
def preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_lemmatized(sentences):
   stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Set of English stop words
    punctuation_table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation) # Mapping table
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer() # NLTK Word lemmatizer
    processed_sentences = []
    for sentence in sentences:
       # Create space around punctuation and remove double spaces
        sentence = re.sub(r"([?.!,i])", r" \1 ", sentence)
        sentence = re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", sentence)
       # Tokenize the sentence into words
       words = word tokenize(sentence)
       # Convert each word to lowercase, remove stopwords and punctuation
       words = [word.lower() for word in words if word not in stop words and words
       # Remove non-alphanumeric characters and empty strings
       words = [re.sub(r'\W+', '', word) for word in words if word.isalnum()]
       # Lemmatize each word
       words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
       # Append the list of cleaned words to the processed sentences list
        processed_sentences.append(words)
    return processed sentences
```

```
def preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_lemmatized(sentences):
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Set of English stop words
   punctuation_table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation) # Mapping table
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer() # NLTK Word lemmatizer
    processed_sentences = []
    for sentence in sentences:
       # Create space around punctuation and remove double spaces
        sentence = re.sub(r"([?.!,i])", r" \1 ", sentence)
        sentence = re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", sentence)
       # Tokenize the sentence into words
       words = word tokenize(sentence)
       # Convert each word to lowercase, remove stopwords
       words = [word.lower() for word in words]
       # Remove non-alphanumeric characters and empty strings
       words = [re.sub(r'\W+', '', word) for word in words if word.isalnum()]
       # Lemmatize each word
       words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
       # Append the list of cleaned words to the processed sentences list
        processed_sentences.append(words)
    return processed sentences
```

```
def preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_notlemmatized(sentences):
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Set of English stop words
   punctuation_table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation) # Mapping table
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer() # NLTK Word lemmatizer
    processed_sentences = []
    for sentence in sentences:
       # Create space around punctuation and remove double spaces
        sentence = re.sub(r"([?.!,i])", r" \1 ", sentence)
        sentence = re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", sentence)
       # Tokenize the sentence into words
       words = word tokenize(sentence)
       # Convert each word to lowercase, remove stopwords and punctuation
       words = [word.lower() for word in words if word not in stop words and words
       # Remove non-alphanumeric characters and empty strings
       words = [re.sub(r'\W+', '', word) for word in words if word.isalnum()]
       # Lemmatize each word
       #words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
       # Append the list of cleaned words to the processed sentences list
        processed_sentences.append(words)
    return processed sentences
```

```
def preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(sentences):
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Set of English stop words
   punctuation_table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation) # Mapping table
    lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer() # NLTK Word lemmatizer
    processed_sentences = []
    for sentence in sentences:
       # Create space around punctuation and remove double spaces
        sentence = re.sub(r"([?.!,i])", r" \1 ", sentence)
        sentence = re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", sentence)
       # Tokenize the sentence into words
       words = word tokenize(sentence)
       # Convert each word to lowercase, remove stopwords
       words = [word.lower() for word in words]
       # Remove non-alphanumeric characters and empty strings
       words = [re.sub(r'\W+', '', word) for word in words if word.isalnum()]
       # Lemmatize each word
       #words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
       # Append the list of cleaned words to the processed sentences list
        processed_sentences.append(words)
    return processed sentences
```

```
def create word index and train word2vec(sentences, word embedding dim):
   word2vec_model = Word2Vec(sentences, vector_size=word_embedding_dim, window=1)
   word2vec model.build vocab([["<UNK>"]], update=True)
   word_index = {word: idx + 1 for idx, word in enumerate(word2vec_model.wv.index
   word_index['<UNK>'] = 0 # Assign index 0 to <UNK>
    return word_index, word2vec_model
def convert_words_to_ids(sentences, word_index):
    return [[word_index.get(word, word_index['<UNK>']) for word in sentence] for
def pad_sequences_to_max_length(sequences, max_length=None):
    if max_length is None:
        max_length = max(len(seq) for seq in sequences)
    return pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating:
def create embedding matrix(word index, word2vec model, embedding dim):
    max_features = len(word_index) + 1 # <UNK> uses 0 index
    embedding_matrix = np.zeros((max_features, embedding_dim))
    for word, i in word_index.items():
        if word in word2vec model.wv and i > 0: # Ensure i > 0 to skip <UNK>
            embedding_matrix[i] = word2vec_model.wv[word]
    return embedding_matrix
```

```
def create_word_index_and_train_word2vec_handlingoov(sentences, word_embedding_dir
    sentences = [['<UNK>']] + sentences
   word2vec_model = Word2Vec(sentences, vector_size=word_embedding_dim, window=2
   word_index = {word: idx + 1 for idx, word in enumerate(word2vec_model.wv.index
   word_index['<UNK>'] = 0 if initialize_unk_zero else word2vec_model.wv.key_to_
    return word_index, word2vec_model
def convert_words_to_ids(sentences, word_index):
    return [[word_index.get(word, word_index['<UNK>']) for word in sentence] for
def pad_sequences_to_max_length(sequences, max_length=None):
    if max_length is None:
        max_length = max(len(seq) for seq in sequences)
    return pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating:
def create embedding matrix handlingoov(word index, word2vec model, embedding dim
    max_index = max(word_index.values())
    embedding_matrix = np.zeros((max_index+1, embedding_dim))
    for word, i in word_index.items():
        if word in word2vec model.wv:
            embedding_matrix[i] = word2vec_model.wv[word]
    return embedding_matrix
```

LSTM model without punctuations and stopwords - Lemmatized

```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_lemmatized(set
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_lemmatized(set
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec(tokenized_sente)

# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id_sequences_train = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_train, word_index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)

# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
```

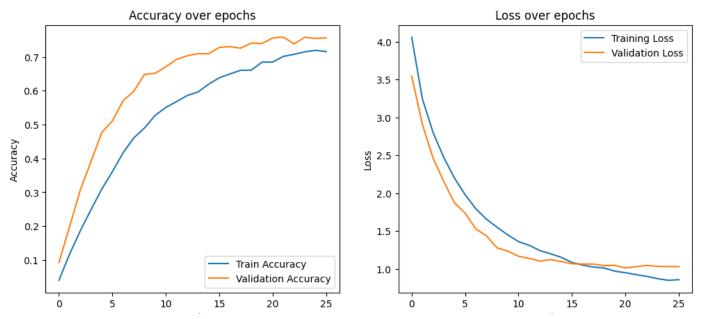
```
# One-hot encoding of labels
num classes = 77
labels train one hot = to categorical(labels train, num classes=num classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding_m
    LSTM(64, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for sta
   Dropout(0.3),
   LSTM(32), # Additional LSTM layer
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(32, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.001
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial learning rate,
    decay_steps=10000,
   decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_le
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best model = tf.keras.models.load model('best model.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy*100:.2f}%")
```

```
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
# Optionally, visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
Epoch 1/30
Epoch 2/30
1/313 [......] - ETA: 37s - loss: 3.6581 - accuracy:
saving api.save model(
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
```

313/313 [=========================] - 26s 84ms/step - loss: 1.3099 - accu Epoch 13/30 Epoch 14/30 Epoch 15/30 Epoch 16/30 313/313 [====== ========== | - 25s 80ms/step - loss: 1.0834 - accu Epoch 17/30 Epoch 18/30 Epoch 19/30 Epoch 20/30 Epoch 21/30 Epoch 22/30 Epoch 23/30 Epoch 24/30 Epoch 25/30 Epoch 26/30 Epoch 26: early stopping 97/97 [==============] - 4s 14ms/step - loss: 1.0116 - accurac Test Accuracy: 75.62%

Test Loss: 1.0116



Epochs Epochs

LSTM model with punctuations and stopwords - Lemmatized

```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_lemmatized(sentences_withpunctuations_lemmatized)
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_lemmatized(senter
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec(tokenized_senter
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id sequences train = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences train, word index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
# One-hot encoding of labels
num classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding_m
    LSTM(64, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for sta
    Dropout (0.3),
    LSTM(32), # Additional LSTM layer
```

```
Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(32, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(num classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.001
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial_learning_rate,
   decay steps=10000,
   decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model2.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best model = tf.keras.models.load model('best model.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss:.4f}")
# Optionally, visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
```

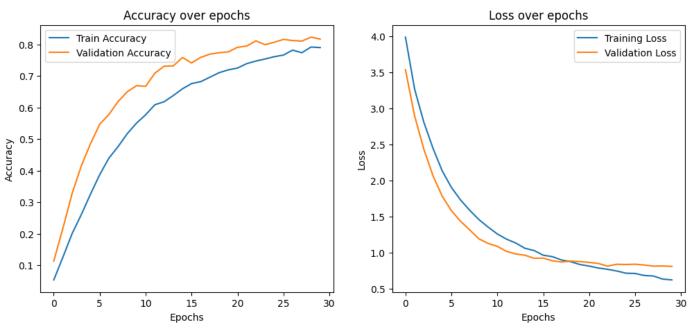
```
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
→▼ Epoch 1/30
Epoch 2/30
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
Epoch 13/30
Epoch 14/30
Epoch 15/30
Epoch 16/30
Epoch 17/30
Epoch 18/30
Epoch 19/30
```

Epoch 20/30 Epoch 21/30 Epoch 22/30 Epoch 23/30 Epoch 24/30 Epoch 25/30 Epoch 26/30 313/313 [======= Epoch 27/30 Epoch 28/30 Epoch 29/30 313/313 [====== Epoch 30/30 Test Accuracy: 81.69%

Test Loss: 0.8076



LSTM model without punctuations and stopwords - NotLemmatized

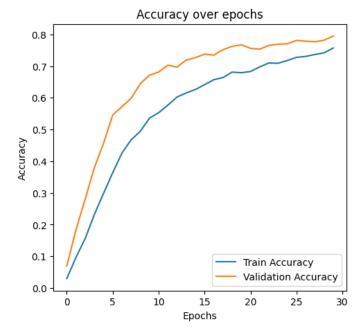
```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences train, sentences test, labels train, labels test = load and shuffle date
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_notlemmatize
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withoutpunctuations_notlemmatized
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec(tokenized_senter
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id sequences train = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences train, word index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
# One-hot encoding of labels
num classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding_m
    LSTM(64, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for sta
   Dropout(0.3),
   LSTM(32), # Additional LSTM layer
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(32, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.001
lr schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
```

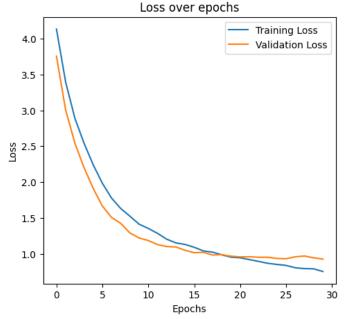
```
initial_learning_rate,
    decay_steps=10000,
   decay rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model3.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation data=(padded test, labels test one hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best model = tf.keras.models.load model('best model.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
# Optionally, visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
```

plt.show()

```
→ Tepoch 1/30
Epoch 2/30
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
Epoch 13/30
Epoch 14/30
Epoch 15/30
Epoch 16/30
Epoch 17/30
Epoch 18/30
Epoch 19/30
Epoch 20/30
Epoch 21/30
Epoch 22/30
Epoch 23/30
Epoch 24/30
```

Test Loss: 0.9264





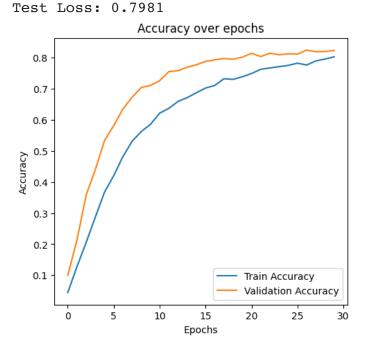
LSTM model with punctuations and stopwords - NonLemmatized

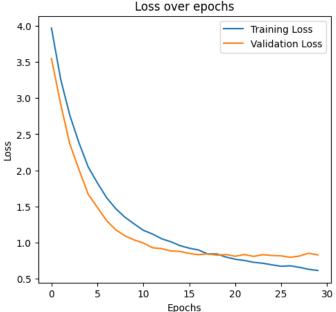
```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(se
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(se
word index, word2vec model = create word index and train word2vec(tokenized sente
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id sequences train = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences train, word index)
id sequences test = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences test, word index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
# One-hot encoding of labels
num classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding_m
    LSTM(64, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for sta
    Dropout(0.3),
    LSTM(32), # Additional LSTM layer
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.001
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial_learning_rate,
    decay_steps=10000,
    decay rate=0.9,
```

```
staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning rate=lr schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model4.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best model = tf.keras.models.load model('best model.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss:.4f}")
# Optionally, visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

→ Epoch 1/30

Spoch 2/30 313/313 ==================================	313/313 [=============] - 52s 141	lms/step - loss: 3.9667 - acc
Epoch 3/30 313/313 ==================================	-	
313/313		4ms/step - loss: 3.2610 - acc
Epoch 4/30 313/313 ==================================	-	4mg/ghom logg, 2 7614 agg
313/313 [===================================	•	4ms/step - 10ss: 2.7614 - acc
Bpoch 5/30 313/313 ==================================	-	4ms/sten = loss: 2.3789 = acc
313/313		4m5/5ccp - 1055. 2.5/07 - dcc
Epoch 6/30 313/313 [===================================	-	4ms/step - loss: 2.0476 - acc
313/313 [===================================		
313/313	-	3ms/step - loss: 1.8263 - acc
Epoch 8/30 313/313 [===================================	Epoch 7/30	
313/313 ==================================	313/313 [==========] - 39s 123	3ms/step - loss: 1.6234 - acc
Epoch 9/30 313/313 [===================================	-	
13/3/13 [====================================		1ms/step - loss: 1.4706 - acc
Epoch 10/30 313/313 [===================================	-	
313/313		4ms/step - loss: 1.3519 - acc
Epoch 11/30 313/313 [===================================	-	Cma /atan lasa 1 2004 asa
313/313 [===================================		oms/step - loss: 1.2604 - acc
Epoch 12/30 313/313 [===================================		6mg/sten _ loss: 1 1720 _ acc
313/313 [===================================		oms/seep = 10ss. 1:1/20 = dec
Epoch 13/30 313/313 [===================================	-	6ms/step - loss: 1.1202 - acc
Epoch 14/30 313/313 [===================================		, 200p 2001 21221 W
313/313 [===================================	-	6ms/step - loss: 1.0545 - acc
Epoch 15/30 313/313 [===================================	Epoch 14/30	
313/313 [===================================	313/313 [========] - 39s 124	4ms/step - loss: 1.0132 - acc
Epoch 16/30 313/313 [===================================	-	
313/313 [===================================		5ms/step - loss: 0.9595 - acc
Epoch 17/30 313/313 [===================================	-	5 /
313/313 [===================================		/ms/step - loss: 0.9245 - acc
Epoch 18/30 313/313 [===================================	-	/ms/stop loss, 0 8008 age
313/313 [===================================		4ms/scep - 10ss. 0.0990 - acc
Epoch 19/30 313/313 [===================================	-	4ms/step - loss: 0.8456 - acc
313/313 [===================================		
313/313 [===================================	-	4ms/step - loss: 0.8445 - acc
Epoch 21/30 313/313 [===================================	Epoch 20/30	_
313/313 [===================================	313/313 [=======] - 39s 124	4ms/step - loss: 0.8017 - acc
Epoch 22/30 313/313 [===================================	<u>-</u>	
313/313 [===================================		5ms/step - loss: 0.7717 - acc
Epoch 23/30 313/313 [===================================	-	
313/313 [===================================		5ms/step - loss: 0.7545 - acc
Epoch 24/30 313/313 [===================================	-	/ms/ston loss: 0 7200 sec
313/313 [===================================		-ma/aceh - 1022: 0.1230 - dCC
Epoch 25/30 313/313 [===================================	-	4ms/step = loss: 0.7162 = acc
313/313 [===================================		, 200p 2000. 01/102 doc
Epoch 26/30	-	5ms/step - loss: 0.6944 - acc
313/313 [===================================		-
	313/313 [===================================	6ms/step = loss: 0.6739 = acc





```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
best_model = tf.keras.models.load_model('best_model.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)

# Assuming ds_info is available and has a feature descriptor for labels
label_names = ds_info.features['label'].names

# Predicting the probabilities
predictions = best_model.predict(padded_test)
```

```
# Converting probabilities to class indices
predicted_classes = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)

# Extract true classes from one-hot encoded test labels
true_classes = np.argmax(labels_test_one_hot, axis=1)

# Generate the classification report
report = classification_report(true_classes, predicted_classes, target_names=labe)

# Print the classification report
print(report)
```

97/97 [=======] - 8s 24ms/ 97/97 [========] - 5s 24ms/		0.7981 -	accura
	precision	recall	f1-sco
activate_my_card	0.95	0.95	0.9
age_limit	0.93	0.97	0.
apple_pay_or_google_pay	0.98	1.00	0.9
atm_support	0.97	0.95	0.9
automatic_top_up	0.80	0.80	0.{
<pre>balance_not_updated_after_bank_transfer</pre>	0.57	0.70	0.(
balance_not_updated_after_cheque_or_cash_deposit	0.83	0.72	0.7
<pre>beneficiary_not_allowed</pre>	0.70	0.78	0.7
cancel_transfer	0.89	0.85	0.8
<pre>card_about_to_expire</pre>	0.95	0.95	0.
card_acceptance	0.71	0.60	0.6
card_arrival	0.78	0.80	0
card_delivery_estimate	0.74	0.80	0.
card_linking	0.73	0.90	0.{
card_not_working	0.72	0.72	0.
<pre>card_payment_fee_charged</pre>	0.82	0.80	0.{
<pre>card_payment_not_recognised</pre>	0.67	0.78	0
<pre>card_payment_wrong_exchange_rate</pre>	0.83	0.88	0.{
card_swallowed	0.97	0.82	0.{
cash_withdrawal_charge	0.95	0.90	0.9
cash_withdrawal_not_recognised	0.82	0.90	0.{
change_pin	0.94	0.82	0.{
compromised_card	0.77	0.60	0.(
<pre>contactless_not_working</pre>	0.97	0.88	0.
country_support	0.91	0.97	0.9
<pre>declined_card_payment</pre>	0.69	0.78	0
declined_cash_withdrawal	0.82	0.93	0.{
declined_transfer	0.88	0.70	0.7
<pre>direct_debit_payment_not_recognised</pre>	0.86	0.80	0.{
disposable_card_limits	0.79	0.75	0.
edit_personal_details	0.87	0.97	0.

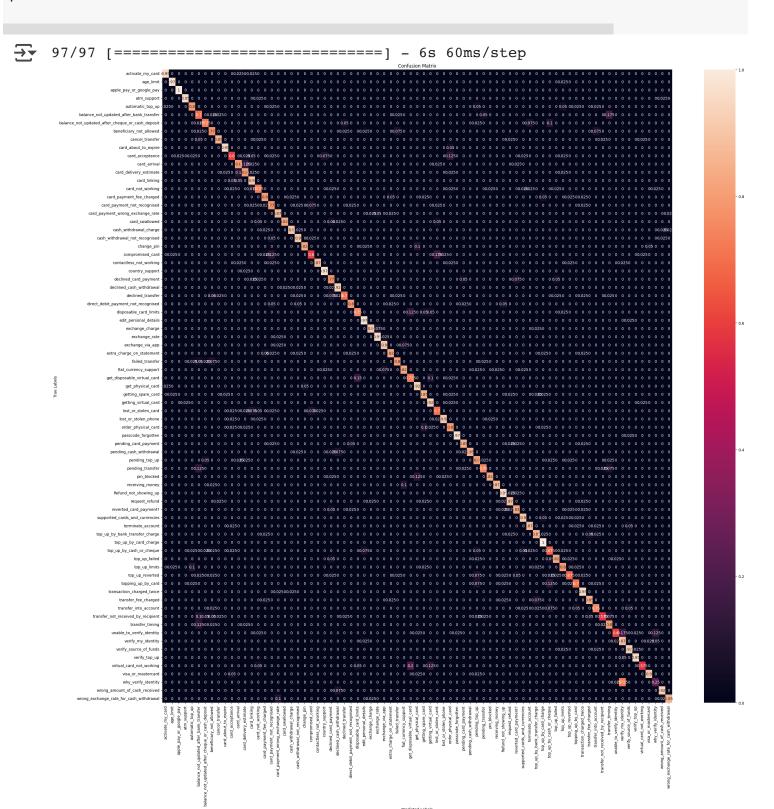
```
exchange charge
                                        0.92
                                                  0.90
                                                             0.9
                                        0.88
                                                  0.95
                                                             0.9
                  exchange_rate
                                        0.90
                                                  0.90
                                                             0.9
               exchange_via_app
     extra_charge_on_statement
                                        0.87
                                                  0.82
                                                             0.8
                failed_transfer
                                        0.84
                                                  0.80
                                                             0.8
         fiat currency support
                                        0.82
                                                  0.82
                                                             0.8
   get_disposable_virtual_card
                                        0.69
                                                  0.72
                                                             0.7
              get physical card
                                                  0.93
                                                             0.8
                                        0.77
                                                             0.8
             getting_spare_card
                                        0.79
                                                  0.85
                                                  0.93
          getting_virtual_card
                                        0.76
                                                             0.8
           lost_or_stolen_card
                                        0.70
                                                  0.70
                                                             0.7
          lost_or_stolen_phone
                                        0.95
                                                  0.90
                                                             0.9
           order physical card
                                        0.71
                                                  0.80
                                                             0.7
             passcode forgotten
                                                  0.97
                                                             0.9
                                        0.97
          pending_card_payment
                                        0.87
                                                  0.85
                                                             0.8
                                                             0.9
       pending_cash_withdrawal
                                                  0.85
                                        1.00
                 pending_top_up
                                        0.68
                                                  0.80
                                                             0.7
               pending_transfer
                                        0.86
                                                  0.75
                                                             0.8
                    pin_blocked
                                        0.94
                                                  0.82
                                                             0.8
                receiving_money
                                        0.97
                                                  0.88
                                                             0.9
                                                  0.95
         Refund not showing up
                                        0.84
                                                             0.8
                 request_refund
                                        0.85
                                                  0.88
                                                             0.8
        reverted card payment?
                                        0.80
                                                  0.82
                                                             0.8
                                                  α αα
                                        0 06
                                                             0 (
cupported carde and currencies
```

import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

```
# Predicting the probabilities
predictions = best_model.predict(padded_test)
predicted_classes = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
true_classes = np.argmax(labels_test_one_hot, axis=1)
# Compute the confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(true_classes, predicted_classes)
# Optional: Normalize the confusion matrix by the number of samples in each class
#cm_normalized = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]

plt.figure(figsize=(30, 30)) # You can adjust the size to fit your needs
sns.heatmap(cm_normalized, annot=True, fmt='g', xticklabels=label_names, ytickla
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.ylabel('True Labels')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.yticks(rotation=0) # Keeping the labels horizontal
```

plt.show()



Start coding or generate with AI.

Hyperparameter Tuning

pip install keras-tuner

```
Collecting keras-tuner

Downloading keras_tuner-1.4.7-py3-none-any.whl (129 kB)

Requirement already satisfied: keras in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/Installing collected packages: kt-legacy, keras-tuner
Successfully installed keras-tuner-1.4.7 kt-legacy-1.0.5
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, LSTM, Dropout, Dense
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from keras_tuner import RandomSearch
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(se
tokenized sentences test = preprocess sentences withpunctuations notlemmatized(se
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec(tokenized_senter
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id sequences train = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences train, word index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
# One-hot encoding of labels
num_classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
def build model(hp):
    model = tf.keras.Sequential([
```

```
Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding
    LSTM(hp.Int('units_lstm1', min_value=32, max_value=128, step=32), return_
    Dropout(hp.Float('dropout_1', min_value=0.2, max_value=0.5, step=0.1)),
    LSTM(hp.Int('units_lstm2', min_value=32, max_value=128, step=32)),
    Dropout(hp.Float('dropout_2', min_value=0.2, max_value=0.5, step=0.1)),
    Dense(hp.Int('units_dense', min_value=32, max_value=128, step=32), activa
    Dropout(hp.Float('dropout_3', min_value=0.2, max_value=0.5, step=0.1)),
    Dense(num classes, activation='softmax')
1)
# Use a learning rate schedule
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial_learning_rate=hp.Float('initial_lr', min_value=1e-4, max_value=1e-
    decay_steps=10000,
    decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=lr schedule),
              loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
return model
```

```
tuner = RandomSearch(
    build_model,
    objective='val_accuracy',
    max_trials=10,  # Set a small number for demonstration
    executions_per_trial=1,
    directory='my_dir',
    project_name='lstm_tuning'
)

# Early stopping to avoid overfitting
early_stopping = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5,
# Start the search process
tuner.search(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30, validation_data=(padded_train)
```

→ Trial 10 Complete [00h 13m 24s] val_accuracy: 0.8123376369476318

Best val_accuracy So Far: 0.8451298475265503 Total elapsed time: 03h 16m 27s

```
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from keras_tuner import RandomSearch

# Assuming 'tuner' is your Keras Tuner object after running the tuning
best_model = tuner.get_best_models(num_models=1)[0]
best_hyperparameters = tuner.get_best_hyperparameters(num_trials=1)[0]

test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Best Model Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Best Model Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")

# Optionally, you can print the best hyperparameters
print("Best hyperparameters:")
for param, value in best_hyperparameters.values.items():
    print(f"{param}: {value}")
```



→ WARNING:tensorflow:Detecting that an object or model or tf.train.Checkpoint is WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING:tensorflow:Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje WARNING: tensorflow: Value in checkpoint could not be found in the restored obje

Best Model Test Accuracy: 84.51% Best Model Test Loss: 0.6739

Best hyperparameters:

units_lstm1: 128

dropout 1: 0.30000000000000004

units_lstm2: 64

dropout 2: 0.30000000000000004

units dense: 128

dropout 3: 0.30000000000000004 initial lr: 0.003982162357170975

tuner.results_summary()



→ Results summary Results in my dir/lstm tuning Showing 10 best trials Objective(name="val_accuracy", direction="max")

Trial 05 summary Hyperparameters: units lstm1: 128

dropout 1: 0.30000000000000004

units lstm2: 64

dropout_2: 0.30000000000000004

units_dense: 128

dropout_3: 0.30000000000000004
initial_lr: 0.003982162357170975

Score: 0.8451298475265503

Trial 02 summary Hyperparameters: units_lstm1: 96 dropout_1: 0.2 units_lstm2: 128

dropout_2: 0.2 units dense: 96

dropout_3: 0.30000000000000004
initial_lr: 0.00694090003577775

Score: 0.8431817889213562

Trial 07 summary Hyperparameters: units_lstm1: 64

dropout_1: 0.30000000000000004

units_lstm2: 32

dropout_2: 0.30000000000000004

units_dense: 96

dropout_3: 0.30000000000000004
initial_lr: 0.0009756992661327715

Score: 0.8415584564208984

Trial 08 summary Hyperparameters: units lstm1: 96

dropout_1: 0.30000000000000004

units_lstm2: 96

dropout_2: 0.30000000000000004

units_dense: 32

dropout_3: 0.30000000000000004
initial_lr: 0.0013369436103508122

Score: 0.8363636136054993

Trial 00 summary Hyperparameters: units_lstm1: 128

dropout_1: 0.30000000000000004

units_lstm2: 128 dropout_2: 0.2 units_dense: 128 dropout_3: 0.4

initial_lr: 0.000697200142912107

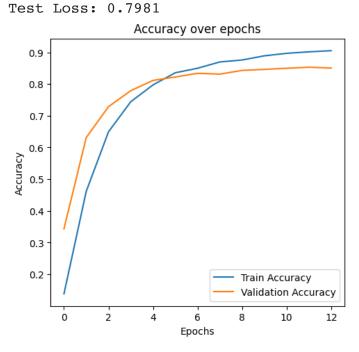
Score: 0.8350640476051331

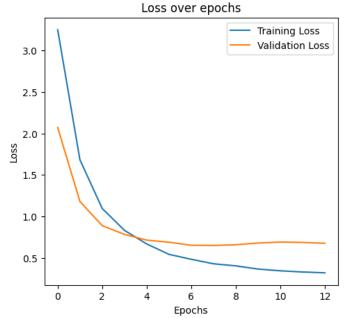
Model with updated Hyperparameters

```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(se
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withpunctuations_notlemmatized(se
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec(tokenized_senter
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id_sequences_train = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_train, word_index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix(word_index, word2vec_model, 100)
# One-hot encoding of labels
num classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim=len(word_index) + 1, output_dim=100, weights=[embedding_m
    LSTM(128, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for s
    Dropout (0.3),
    LSTM(64), # Additional LSTM layer
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.004
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial_learning_rate,
    decay_steps=10000,
    decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
```

```
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model4.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best_model = tf.keras.models.load_model('best_model4.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = best model.evaluate(padded test, labels test one hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
# Optionally, visualize training history
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.vlabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

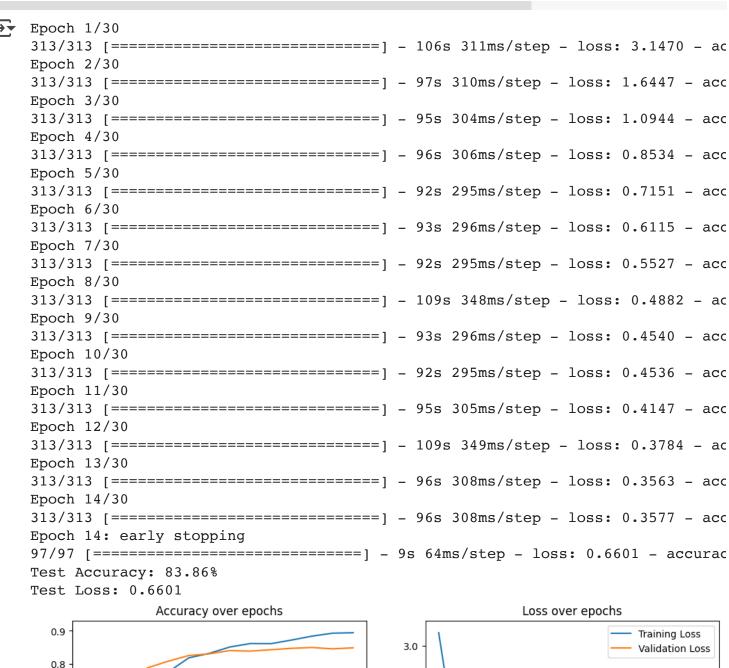
/usi/iocai/iib/pychons.iv/uisc-packages/keras/sic/engine/craining.py.sivs: use saving api.save model(Epoch 3/30 Epoch 4/30 313/313 [====== Epoch 5/30 313/313 [====== Epoch 6/30 Epoch 7/30 Epoch 8/30 313/313 [======= Epoch 9/30 Epoch 10/30 Epoch 11/30 ========= | - 73s 232ms/step - loss: 0.3432 - acc 313/313 [====== Epoch 12/30 Epoch 13/30 Epoch 13: early stopping Test Accuracy: 82.40%

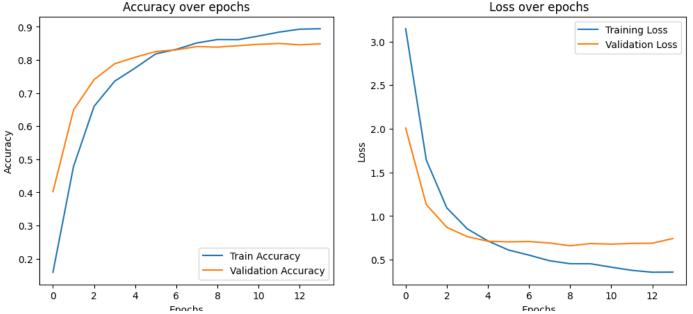




```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withcontractions(sentences_train
tokenized sentences test = preprocess sentences withcontractions(sentences test)
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec_handlingoov(token)
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id sequences train = convert words to ids(tokenized sentences train, word index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix_handlingoov(word_index, word2vec_model
max index=max(word index.values())
# One-hot encoding of labels
num_classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim= max_index + 1, output_dim=250, weights=[embedding_matrix
   LSTM(128, return_sequences=True), # More units and returning sequences for s
   Dropout(0.3),
   LSTM(64), # Additional LSTM layer
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(128, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.3),
   Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
initial_learning_rate = 0.004
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial_learning_rate,
```

```
decay_steps=10000,
    decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model5.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best_model = tf.keras.models.load_model('best_model5.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = best model.evaluate(padded test, labels test one hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.vlabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.vlabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





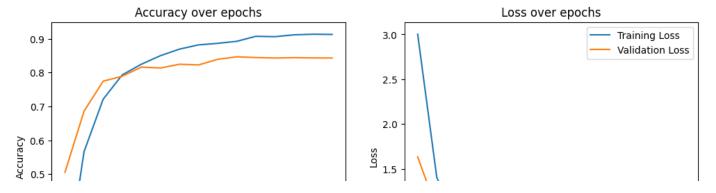
<u>гроспо</u>

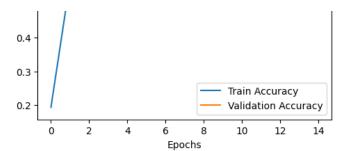
```
# Load and preprocess data
sentences_train, sentences_test, labels_train, labels_test = load_and_shuffle_data
tokenized_sentences_train = preprocess_sentences_withcontractions(sentences_train
tokenized_sentences_test = preprocess_sentences_withcontractions(sentences_test)
word_index, word2vec_model = create_word_index_and_train_word2vec_handlingoov(token)
# Convert sentences to IDs and pad sequences
id_sequences_train = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_train, word_index)
id_sequences_test = convert_words_to_ids(tokenized_sentences_test, word_index)
padded_train = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_train)
padded_test = pad_sequences_to_max_length(id_sequences_test)
# Create the embedding matrix
embedding_matrix = create_embedding_matrix_handlingoov(word_index, word2vec_model
max_index=max(word_index.values())
# One-hot encoding of labels
num_classes = 77
labels_train_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_train, num_classes=num_classes)
labels_test_one_hot = to_categorical(labels_test, num_classes=num_classes)
# Model definition with advanced layer configuration
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    Embedding(input_dim= max_index + 1, output_dim=250, weights=[embedding_matrix
    Bidirectional(LSTM(128, return_sequences=True)), # More units and returning
    Dropout(0.3),
    Bidirectional(LSTM(64)), # Additional LSTM layer
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dropout (0.3),
    Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
], name="AdvancedLSTMModel")
# Setting up a variable learning rate
```

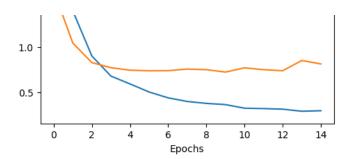
```
initial_learning_rate = 0.004
lr_schedule = tf.keras.optimizers.schedules.ExponentialDecay(
    initial learning rate,
   decay_steps=10000,
   decay_rate=0.9,
    staircase=True)
optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=lr_schedule)
# Compile the model with the optimizer and learning rate schedule
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['acc
# Early stopping and model checkpointing
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, verbose=1)
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('best_model7.h5', save_best_only=True, monitor='val_
# Train the model with early stopping and checkpointing
history = model.fit(padded_train, labels_train_one_hot, epochs=30,
                    validation_data=(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot),
                    callbacks=[early_stopping, checkpoint])
# Load the best model and evaluate its performance
best_model = tf.keras.models.load_model('best_model7.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
Epoch 1/30
Epoch 2/30
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/training.py:3103: Use
saving api.save model(
Epoch 3/30
Epoch 4/30
Epoch 5/30
Epoch 6/30
Epoch 7/30
Epoch 8/30
Epoch 9/30
Epoch 10/30
Epoch 11/30
Epoch 12/30
Epoch 13/30
Epoch 14/30
Epoch 15/30
Epoch 15: early stopping
Test Accuracy: 84.68%
Test Loss: 0.7222
```







```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
best_model = tf.keras.models.load_model('best_model7.h5')
test_loss, test_accuracy = best_model.evaluate(padded_test, labels_test_one_hot)

# Assuming ds_info is available and has a feature descriptor for labels
label_names = ds_info.features['label'].names
# Predicting the probabilities
predictions = best_model.predict(padded_test)

# Converting probabilities to class indices
predicted_classes = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)

# Extract true classes from one-hot encoded test labels
true_classes = np.argmax(labels_test_one_hot, axis=1)

# Generate the classification report
report = classification_report(true_classes, predicted_classes, target_names=labe)

# Print the classification report
print(report)
```

```
<del>→</del>
   97/97 [=======] - 18s 133ms/step
                                              precision
                                                          recall
                                                               f1-scor
                                                           0.95
                               activate my card
                                                   0.93
                                                                    0.9
                                     age limit
                                                   0.95
                                                           0.93
                                                                    0.9
                         apple_pay_or_google_pay
                                                   0.98
                                                           1.00
                                                                    0.9
                                   atm support
                                                   0.91
                                                           0.97
                                                                    0.9
                               automatic_top_up
                                                   0.92
                                                           0.82
                                                                    0.8
           balance_not_updated_after_bank_transfer
                                                   0.67
                                                           0.82
                                                                    0.7
   balance_not_updated_after_cheque_or_cash_deposit
                                                   0.94
                                                           0.85
                                                                    0.8
                         beneficiary_not_allowed
                                                   0.86
                                                           0.75
                                                                    0.8
                                cancel transfer
                                                   0.89
                                                           0.85
                                                                    0.8
```

card about to expire	0.97	0.90	0.9
card_about_to_expire			
card_acceptance	0.93	0.70	0.{
card_arrival	0.84	0.90	0.{
card_delivery_estimate	0.71	0.75	0.7
card_linking	0.95	0.93	0.9
card_not_working	0.80	0.88	0.8
card_payment_fee_charged	0.80	0.80	0.8
card_payment_not_recognised	0.76	0.85	0.{
<pre>card_payment_wrong_exchange_rate</pre>	0.89	0.85	0.8
card_swallowed	0.96	0.68	0.7
cash_withdrawal_charge	0.88	0.90	0.{
cash_withdrawal_not_recognised	0.70	0.88	0.7
change_pin	0.90	0.90	0.(
compromised_card	0.77	0.60	0.6
contactless_not_working	1.00	0.80	0.8
country_support	0.90	0.93	0.9
declined_card_payment	0.74	0.93	0.{
declined_cash_withdrawal	0.80	0.93	0.{
declined_transfer	0.80	0.80	0.{
direct_debit_payment_not_recognised	0.89	0.80	0.{
disposable_card_limits	0.84	0.78	0.8
edit_personal_details	0.95	0.70	0.9
exchange_charge	0.95	0.88	0.9
	0.93 0.84	0.00	
exchange_rate			0.{
exchange_via_app	0.84	0.90	0.{
extra_charge_on_statement	0.81	0.88	0.8
failed_transfer	0.77	0.82	0.{
fiat_currency_support	0.90	0.70	0.7
<pre>get_disposable_virtual_card</pre>	0.85	0.82	0.{
<pre>get_physical_card</pre>	0.83	1.00	0.9
getting_spare_card	0.80	0.90	0.{
<pre>getting_virtual_card</pre>	0.97	0.95	0.9
_lost_or_stolen_card	0.85	0.70	0.7
lost_or_stolen_phone	1.00	0.90	0.9
order_physical_card	0.79	0.78	0.7
passcode_forgotten	1.00	0.95	0.
<pre>pending_card_payment</pre>	0.85	0.88	0.{
pending_cash_withdrawal	0.86	0.93	0.{
pending_top_up	0.67	0.88	0.7
pending_transfer	0.86	0.78	0.8
pin_blocked	0.97	0.75	0.8
receiving_money	0.84	0.93	0.{
Refund_not_showing_up	0.93	0.93	0.9
request_refund	0.90	0.88	0.8
reverted_card_payment?	0.87	0.82	0.8
supported_cards_and_currencies	0.88	0.88	0.8

text1 = ["Someone grabbed my card and ran away, now I dont have access to the card
predictclass(text1)

```
1/1 [=======] - 0s 184ms/step 'lost_or_stolen_card'
```

```
def predictclass(text):
```

```
new_sequences = convert_words_to_ids(preprocess_sentences_withcontractions(text
new_padded = pad_sequences(new_sequences, maxlen=142, padding='post')
predicted_class = np.argmax(best_model.predict(new_padded))
return (label_names[predicted_class])
```