

Frequently Asked Questions

1. Why should I work with an agent?

Applying to universities in Türkiye isn't always straightforward. There are institution-specific rules, quotas, changing tuition policies, and documentation standards that can be confusing. EduBridge helps students avoid mistakes and provides personalized support from application to enrolment.

2. Do I need a visa to travel to Türkiye?

Yes, if your nationality requires it. After receiving your university acceptance letter, you must apply for a Student Visa at the nearest Turkish Embassy or Consulate. After arrival, apply for a residence permit within 30 days.

3. Which documents are needed for a student visa application?

Typically required: Valid passport, biometric photos, completed visa form, acceptance letter, proof of tuition payment, health insurance, diploma & transcripts, financial proof, criminal record certificate, birth certificate, accommodation proof, visa fee receipt, and reference letter (if applicable).

4. Do I need to know Turkish?

If your program is taught in Turkish, proficiency is required. For English-taught programs, Turkish is not mandatory but recommended.

5. Is proof of language proficiency required?

Yes. Turkish programs require C1 Turkish proficiency. English programs may require proof if English is not your first language.

6. How long does the Turkish language preparation program last?

Usually one academic year (two semesters), depending on your starting level.

7. What is the language of instruction at universities in Türkiye?

Public universities mostly teach in Turkish. Private/foundation universities often offer English-taught programs.

8. What is equivalency?

Equivalency determines how foreign education corresponds to the Turkish education system.

9. Which documents are required for high school equivalency in Türkiye?

Original diploma (notarised), transcript, proof of graduation requirements, translated ID, and residence certificate.

10. Can I take part in the Erasmus program?

Yes, after enrolling at a university that has Erasmus partnerships.

11. When are university application periods?

Varies by university. State universities have limited periods; private universities often have rolling admissions.

12. What are the admission requirements?

Each university sets its own criteria. Many require exam scores like TR-YÖS, SAT, IB, or ACT.

13. Can I apply using only my high school diploma?

Many private universities and some state universities accept applications based on high school diploma.

14. Can I apply using international exams like SAT, ACT, or IB?

Yes, many universities accept these exams.

15. Will I receive a residence permit?

Yes. You must apply within 30 days after university registration.

16. Which documents are required for a residence permit?

Student certificate, application form, health insurance, passport copy, biometric photos, residence fee receipt, and proof of address.

17. How long is a student residence permit valid?

Usually valid for the duration of your academic program.

18. Can international students obtain a work permit?

Yes, students with a valid residence permit can work part-time according to regulations.