Question 1: Answer The Following Questions

- 1- What is Object Destructuring?
- 2- Explain Closures in JavaScript.
- 3- What do you understand by hoisting in JavaScript?
- 4- Explain the @Component Decorator In Angular .
- 5- What is Eager and Lazy loading?
- 6- How to use ngFor in a tag?
- 7- How do you specify units in the CSS?. What are the different ways to do it?
- 8- What property is used for changing the font face?
- 9- How is border-box different from content-box?
- 10- How to center align a div inside another div? [2 Ways]

Question2: What is The Output?

```
const SumBy = num1 => num2 => num1 + num2;
const sumByTwo = SumBy(2);
const sumByThree = SumBy(3);

console.log(sumByTwo(4));
console.log(sumByThree(5));
```

```
class Chameleon {
   static colorChange(newColor) {
     this.newColor = newColor;
     return this.newColor;
}

constructor(newColor) {
   this.newColor = newColor;
}

const freddie = new Chameleon('Purple');
console.log(freddie.colorChange('orange'));
```

```
function Person(firstName, lastName) {
   this.firstName = firstName;
   this.lastName = lastName;
}
const member = new Person('Lydia', 'Hallie');
Person.getFullName = function() {
   return `${this.firstName} ${this.lastName}`;
};
console.log(member.getFullName());
```

```
var p = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
    reject(Error('The Fails!'))
})
p.catch(error => console.log(error))
p.catch(error => console.log(error.message))
p.catch(error => console.log(error.message))
```

```
const add = (() \Rightarrow \{
  let state = 0;
  return (v) \Rightarrow {
    return (state += v);
  };
})();
class Calculator {
  constructor(addFn) {
    this.addFn = addFn;
  }
  add(v1, v2) {
    return this.addFn(v1), this.addFn(v2);
  }
const c1 = new Calculator(add);
const c2 = new Calculator(add);
console.log(c1.add(1, 1));
console.log(c2.add(1, 1));
```

Question 3:

1- Consider the following code snippet

```
for (var i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
  var btn = document.createElement('button');
  btn.appendChild(document.createTextNode('Button ' + i));
  btn.addEventListener('click', function(){ console.log(i); });
  document.body.appendChild(btn);
}</pre>
```

- (a) What gets logged to the console when the user clicks on "Button 4" and why?
- (b) Provide one or more alternate implementations that will work as expected.
- 2- Given an integer x, return true if x is palindrome integer.

 An integer is a palindrome when it reads the same backward as forward.

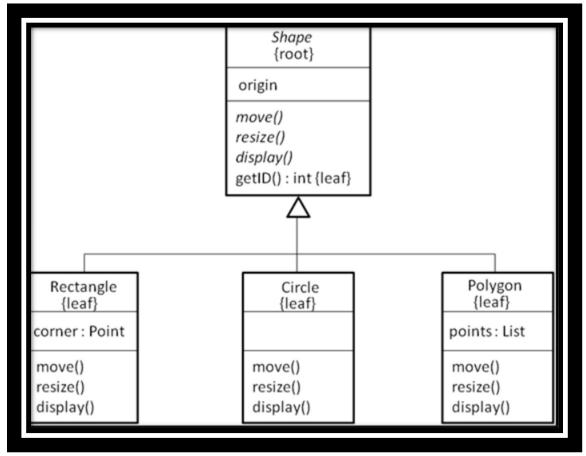
For example, 121 is a palindrome while 123 is not.

- 3- Write a JavaScript program to remove items from a dropdown list.
- 4- Write a JavaScript program to calculate the volume of a sphere.

Input radius value and get the volume of a sphere.

Radius	
Volume	
Calculate	

- 5- Write a function that returns the length of a string. Make your function recursive.
- 6- Create sticky footer using html, css and javascript
- 7- Make This Possible



8- Add Validation To This Form Using Reactive Form Module In Angular.

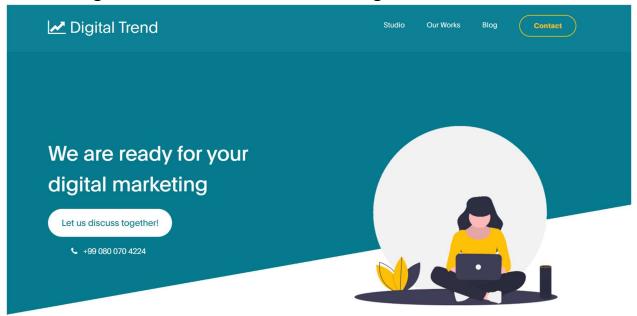
Email Address Make it Required

Message Make it Required Min-length = 50 And Max Length 240

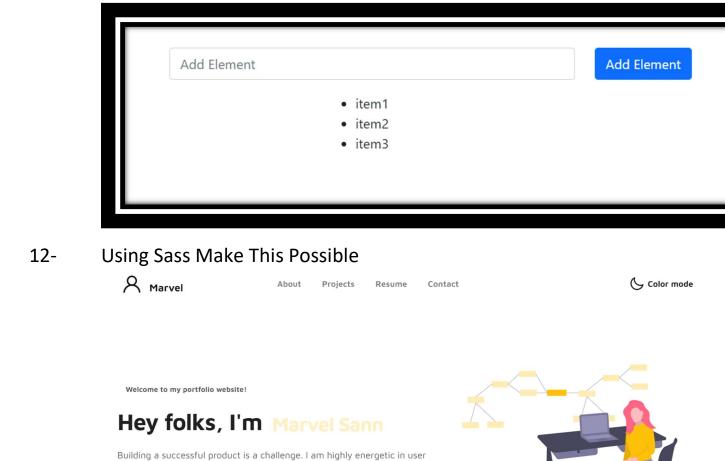


- 9- From This Api Link Fetch Data And Show id , title and body https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts
 - a) Use fetch function and display data into card
 - b) Using Angular Framework Display Data into Table

10- Using Html5 and Css3 Make This Image Possible



11- Using Jquery Add And Remove Todo Element



Question4: True Or False

- 1- JavaScript is synchronous, blocking, single-threaded language. True
- 2- With interpolation, Angular Converts the expression results to strings.

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- 3- Javascript provides a parameterless constructor for each class. True
- 4- A method inside an abstract class must be declared abstract False

- 5- Two formal parameters for the same method may use the same name in Javascript False
- 6- A class may extend only one other class and implement only one interface False
- 7- If class A extends class B, class A is a subclass of B and B is a superclass of A. True
- 8- Encapsulation is the concept of object-oriented programming that "shows" only essential attributes and "hides" unnecessary information. False => Abstraction
- 9- Elements that have higher z-index values are displayed in front of elements with lower z-index values. True
- 10- Enums or enumerations are a TypeScipt data type that allows us to define a set of named constants

GoodLuck 😊

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