

# Introduction to LaTeX

text layout

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## **Contents**

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## Text alignment

- Default: LaTeX justifies text.
- Encapsulate the text to align in an environment
  - left (flushleft): left align
  - center (center): center
  - right (flushright): right align
  - · Create an additional spacing between the paragraphs
- File: demo\_justif\_1.tex

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## Text alignment

- Use switch commands raggedright, raggedleft, centering
- \raggedright will produce left-aligned text, but the behaviour is different; in this case the text will be left-aligned from the point where the command is declared till another switch command is used. This is more suitable to align long blocks of text or the whole document.
- File: demo\_justif\_2.tex
- LaTeX default text alignment is fully-justified, but often left-justified text may be a more suitable format. This left-alignment can be easily accomplished by importing the ragged2e package
- File: demo\_ragged2e.tex

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## Hands-on

- Use handson\_justif.tex
- Play around with the justification options and check the result.

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## Lists

- Different possiblities to make a list in LaTeX:
  - unnumbered list.
  - numbered items.
  - A list with labeled items.
- The corresponding environments are:
  - itemize
  - enumerate
  - description
- Lists can be nested (up to 4 levels)

### itemize

```
\begin{itemize}
\item ...
\end{itemize}
```

- Each entry must be preceded by the control sequence \item.
- Can be nested (4 levels)
- Bullets can be changed for each level using the following command:

```
• \renewcommand{\labelitemi}{$\bullet$}
\renewcommand{\labelitemii}{$\cdot$}
\renewcommand{\labelitemiii}{$\diamond$}
\renewcommand{\labelitemiv}{$\ast$}
```

• File: demo\_itemize.tex

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# enumerate

- \begin{enumerate} \item ... \end{enumerate}
- File: demo\_enumerate.tex
- · Changing the format of the numbering can be done with the the enumerate package or enumitem

```
\usepackage{enumerate}
...
\begin{enumerate}[I]%for capital roman numbers.
\item
\end{enumerate}
\begin{enumerate}[(a)]%for small alpha-characters within brackets.
\item
\end{enumerate}
```

• File: demo\_enumerate\_2.tex

# description

- \begin{description} \item[] ... \end{description}
- · Very handy when explaining notations or terms.
- \begin{description}
   \item[Cost] Freeware.
   \item[Implementation] Easy: download the executable and click on it.
   \item[Maintenance] None.
   \end{description}
- File: demo\_description.tex

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- · Generate some text, and use the different list commands:
  - itemize

Hands-on

- enumerate
- description
- Try to build a nested list
- File: handson\_lists.tex

## Fills and spaces

- \hspace{width}: Creates a horizontal white space with the chosen width;
   has no effect at the end of the line
- \hspace\*{width}: Creates a horizontal white space with the chosen width;
   even at the end of the line
- \vspace{height}: Creates a vertical white space with the chosen height; has no effect at the beginning and at the end of a page
- \vspace\* {height}: Creates a vertical white space with the chosen height;
   even at the beginning and at the end of a page
- File: demo\_space\_1.tex

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## Fills and spaces

- \hfill: switch; the following text is aligned with the right margin of the page (if there is not enough space, there will be a line break)
- \vfill: switch; the following text is aligned with the bottom margin of the current page (if there is not enough space, there will be a page break)
- Other commands to insert vertical blank spaces
  - \smallskip
  - \medskip
  - \bigskip
- File: demo\_space\_3.tex

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## Columns

- use twocolumn option to your document class, which splits everything in two
- Package multicol: flexible tool to handle multicolumn documents
- Environment: enclosed inside the tags \begin{multicols} and \end{multicols}
- Parameters:
  - Number of columns
  - Header text, in between []. This is optional and will be displayed on top of the multicolumn text.
- File:column\_layout.tex
- See also: <a href="https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Multiple\_columns">https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Multiple\_columns</a>