An Analysis and Recipe of SWLDA for Brain Computer Interfaces

Villar Ana Julia, Ramele Rodrigo, Santos Juan Miguel¹
C1437FBH Lavarden 315, Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires, Argentina
Elsevier Inc^{a,b}, Global Customer Service^{b,*}

^a 1600 John F Kennedy Boulevard, Philadelphia
^b 360 Park Avenue South, New York

Abstract

Brain Computer Interfaces is a broad discipline. It uses many tools from signal processing and statistics. One of the most used algorithms is SWLDA. This algorithm is the default implementation in BCI2000 and it is implemented in many other toolboxes. However their implementation details are hidden and neglected when it should not be. This work presents an analysis of the variants versions of the algorithms, their implementation details, and an analysis on the statistical assumptions which is based upon. We tested on a public dataset of P300 for ALS patients. We also tested on a Dataset of MI. BLABLABLA

Keywords: elsarticle.cls, LATEX, Elsevier, template

2010 MSC: 00-01, 99-00

1. Stepwise Discrimnant Analysis

There are five different alternatives of this algorithm

- document style
- baselineskip

^{*}Fully documented templates are available in the elsarticle package on CTAN.

^{*}Corresponding author

 $Email\ address: \verb| support@elsevier.com| (Global\ Customer\ Service)|$

 $[\]mathit{URL}$: www.elsevier.com (Elsevier Inc)

 $^{^1}$ Since 1880.

- front matter
 - keywords and MSC codes
 - theorems, definitions and proofs
 - lables of enumerations
 - citation style and labeling.
- Installation. If the document class elsarticle is not available on your computer, you can download and install the system package texlive-publishers (Linux) or install the IATEX package elsarticle using the package manager of your TEX installation, which is typically TEX Live or MikTEX.
- Usage. Once the package is properly installed, you can use the document class elsarticle to create a manuscript. Please make sure that your manuscript follows the guidelines in the Guide for Authors of the relevant journal. It is not necessary to typeset your manuscript in exactly the same way as an article, unless you are submitting to a camera-ready copy (CRC) journal.
- Functionality. The Elsevier article class is based on the standard article class and supports almost all of the functionality of that class. In addition, it features commands and options to format the
 - document style
 - baselineskip
 - front matter
- keywords and MSC codes
 - theorems, definitions and proofs
 - lables of enumerations
 - citation style and labeling.

2. Statistical Assumptions

- The author names and affiliations could be formatted in two ways:
 - (1) Group the authors per affiliation.
 - (2) Use footnotes to indicate the affiliations.

See the front matter of this document for examples. You are recommended to conform your choice to the journal you are submitting to.

35 3. Statistical Tests on Real Dataset

4. Bibliography styles

There are various bibliography styles available. You can select the style of your choice in the preamble of this document. These styles are Elsevier styles based on standard styles like Harvard and Vancouver. Please use BibTEX to generate your bibliography and include DOIs whenever available.

Here are two sample references: [1, 2].

References

References

- [1] C. M. Michel, M. M. Murray, Towards the utilization of EEG as a brain imaging tool, NeuroImage 61 (2) (2012) 371-385. arXiv:NIHMS150003, doi:10.1016/j.neuroimage.2011.12.039.
 - URL https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1053811911014418
- [2] B. Scholkopf, A. J. Smola, Learning with kernels: support vector machines, regularization, optimization, and beyond, MIT press, 2001.