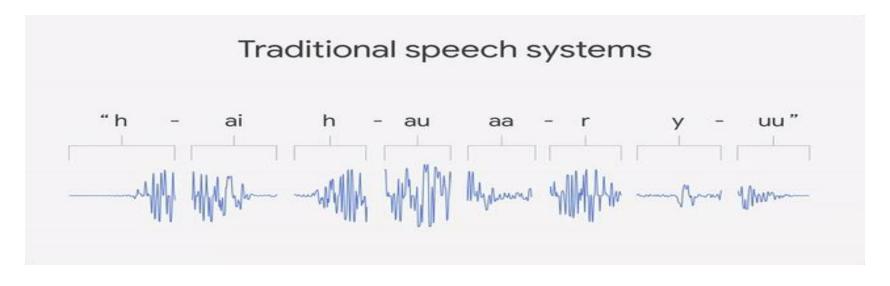
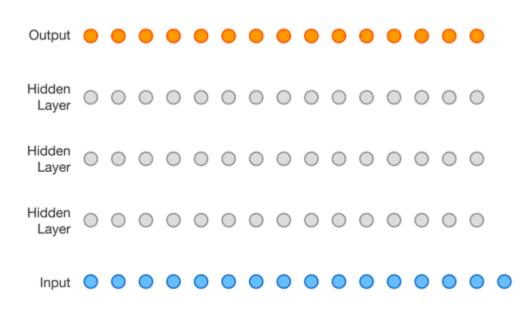
## **Google WaveNet**





**WaveNet** is a powerful **predictive technique** that uses multiple Deep Learning (DL) strategies from Computer Vision (CV) and Audio Signal Processing models and applies them to **longitudinal (time-series) data**.

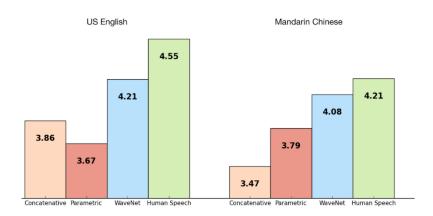
## Google WaveNet mit einer CNN-Architektur



A CNN that grows. It was trained on a large dataset of speech samples. During training, the network determined the underlying structure of the speech and what waveforms were realistic. The trained network then synthesised a voice one sample at a time, with each generated sample taking into account the properties of the previous sample. The resulting voice contained natural intonation and other features such as lip smacks.

| Speech samples                                       | Subjective 5-scale MOS in naturalness |                                      |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|  | North American English                | Mandarin Chinese                     |
| LSTM-RNN parametric                                  | $3.67 \pm 0.098$                      | $3.79 \pm 0.084$                     |
| HMM-driven concatenative                             | $3.86 \pm 0.137$                      | $3.47 \pm 0.108$                     |
| WaveNet (L+F)  | $4.21 \pm 0.081$                      | $4.08 \pm 0.085$                     |
| Natural (8-bit μ-law)<br>Natural (16-bit linear PCM) | $4.46 \pm 0.067$<br>$4.55 \pm 0.075$  | $4.25 \pm 0.082$<br>$4.21 \pm 0.071$ |

Table 1: Subjective 5-scale mean opinion scores of speech samples from LSTM-RNN-based statistical parametric, HMM-driven unit selection concatenative, and proposed WaveNet-based speech synthesizers, 8-bit  $\mu$ -law encoded natural speech, and 16-bit linear pulse-code modulation (PCM) natural speech. WaveNet improved the previous state of the art significantly, reducing the gap between natural speech and best previous model by more than 50%.



## **Google WaveNet**

