

Machine Learning Prediction on MultiTarget Variable

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

In [ ]:

In [2]: train_df=pd.read_csv(r'F:\Data Science Assignmrnt GI Bots\DATA Scientist Assignment\train.csv')
train_target_df=pd.read_csv(r'F:\Data Science Assignmrnt GI Bots\DATA Scientist Assignment\trainLabels.csv')

In [3]: train_df.shape
Out[3]: (9999, 146)

In [4]: train_df.head(5)
Out[4]:
```

	id	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	...	x136	x137	x138	x139	x140	x141	x142	x143	x144	x145
0	1	NO	NO	dqOIM6y8YgnVSezBRlQXs9bvOfnRqrtl0xRIEikD7g8=	GNjrXXA3SxbgD0dTRbIAPO9JfJ7AlaZnuI48g5XSUk=	0.576561	0.073139	0.481394	0.115697	0.472474	...	0.0	0.810	3306	4676	YES	NO	YES	2	0.375535	0.464610
1	2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	...	0.0	0.510	4678	3306	YES	NO	YES	4	0.741682	0.593630
2	3	NO	NO	lb4VpsEsqJHzDiyL0dZLQ+xQzDPkxE+9T3mx5fv2wl=	X6dDAI/DZOWvu0Dg6gCgRoNr2vTUzmC4SdHTNUPS38=	1.341803	0.051422	0.935572	0.041440	0.501710	...	0.0	0.850	4678	3306	NO	NO	NO	1	0.776467	0.493159
3	4	YES	NO	BfrqME7vdLw3suQp6YAT16W2piNUmpKhMzuDrVfQ4w=	YGCdlSlfn4flao/ASKdZFhGlq23oqzFSbUVb6px1pig=	0.653912	0.041471	0.940787	0.090851	0.556564	...	0.0	0.945	3306	4678	NO	NO	YES	3	0.168234	0.546582
4	5	NO	NO	RTjsrrR8DTlJyaiP9Q3Z8s0zseqIVQTrlSe97GCWfbk=	3yK2OPJ1uYDsoMgsxsjY1FxxK0lID8Xfh20VYGqT+nU=	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.375297	...	0.0	1.000	1263	892	NO	NO	NO	1	0.246637	0.361045

5 rows × 146 columns

```
In [5]: train_target_df.head(5)
Out[5]:
```

	id	y1	y2	y3	y4	y5	y6	y7	y8	y9	...	y24	y25	y26	y27	y28	y29	y30	y31	y32	y33
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

5 rows × 34 columns

Preprocessing the Data for ML

```
In [6]: missing_percent_training_data=train_df.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)*100/len(train_df)
missing_percent_training_data
Out[6]:
```

x26	14.261426
x12	14.261426
x2	14.261426
x3	14.261426
x4	14.261426
...	
x53	0.000000
x52	0.000000
x51	0.000000
x50	0.000000
x145	0.000000

Length: 146, dtype: float64

```
In [7]: missing_percent_train_target_data=train_target_df.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)*100/len(train_target_df)
missing_percent_train_target_data
Out[7]:
```

id	0.0
y25	0.0
y19	0.0
y20	0.0
y21	0.0
y22	0.0
y23	0.0
y24	0.0
y26	0.0
y1	0.0
y27	0.0
y28	0.0
y29	0.0
y30	0.0
y31	0.0
y32	0.0
y18	0.0
y17	0.0
y16	0.0
y15	0.0
y14	0.0
y13	0.0
y12	0.0
y11	0.0
y10	0.0
y9	0.0
y8	0.0
y7	0.0
y6	0.0
y5	0.0
y4	0.0
y3	0.0
y2	0.0
y33	0.0

dtype: float64

```
In [8]: train_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9999 entries, 0 to 9998
Columns: 146 entries, id to x145
dtypes: float64(55), int64(31), object(60)
memory usage: 11.1+ MB
```

Data Cleannging , Filling Missing Value

```
In [9]: # Assuming train_df is your DataFrame
object_columns = train_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
train_df[object_columns] = train_df[object_columns].fillna('Not Available')

In [10]: train_df.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
Out[10]:
```

id	0
x109	0
x93	0
x94	0
x95	0
..	
x49	0
x50	0
x51	0
x52	0
x145	0

Length: 146, dtype: int64

```
X1: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X2: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X10: ['YES' 'Not Available' 'NO']
X11: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X12: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X13: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X14: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X24: ['YES' 'Not Available' 'NO']
X25: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X26: ['YES' 'Not Available' 'NO']
X30: ['NO' 'YES']
X31: ['NO' 'YES']
X32: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X33: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X41: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X42: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X43: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X44: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X45: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X55: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X56: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X57: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X62: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X63: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X71: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X72: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X73: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X74: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X75: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X85: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X86: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X87: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X92: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X93: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X101: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X102: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X103: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X104: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X105: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X115: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X116: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X117: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X126: ['YES' 'NO']
X127: ['NO' 'YES']
X128: ['NO' 'YES']
X129: ['NO' 'YES']
X130: ['NO' 'YES']
X140: ['YES' 'NO']
X141: ['NO' 'YES']
X142: ['YES' 'NO']

Number of Column: 50
```

```
X1: 7115
X64: 5678
X34: 5569
X3: 4752
X94: 4648
X91: 3396
X65: 1019
X35: 981
X95: 760
X4: 759
X1: 3
X2: 3
X10: 3
X11: 3
X12: 3
X13: 3
X14: 3
X24: 3
X25: 3
X26: 3
X32: 3
X33: 3
X41: 3
X42: 3
X43: 3
X44: 3
X45: 3
X55: 3
X56: 3
X57: 3
X62: 3
X63: 3
X71: 3
X72: 3
X73: 3
X74: 3
X75: 3
X85: 3
X86: 3
X87: 3
X92: 3
X93: 3
X101: 3
X102: 3
X103: 3
X104: 3
X105: 3
X115: 3
X116: 3
X117: 3
X30: 2
X31: 2
X126: 2
X127: 2
X128: 2
X129: 2
X130: 2
X140: 2
X141: 2
X142: 2
Total unique values across all columns: 34817
```

Drop Column which have High Unique Values

```
In [19]: train_df=train_df.drop(['id', 'x3', 'x4', 'x34', 'x35', 'x61', 'x64', 'x65', 'x91', 'x94', 'x95'], axis=1)

In [20]: train_df

Out[20]:
```

	x1	x2		x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	x10	x11	x12	...	x136	x137	x138	x139	x140	x141	x142	x143		x144	x145
0	0	0	0	0.576561	0.073139	0.481394	0.115697	0.472474	1	0	0	...	0.0	0.810	3306	4676	1	0	1	2	0.375535	0.464610	
1	2	2	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2	2	2	...	0.0	0.510	4678	3306	1	0	1	4	0.741682	0.593630	
2	0	0	1.341803	0.051422	0.935572	0.041440	0.501710	0	0	1	...	0.0	0.850	4678	3306	0	0	0	1	0.776467	0.493159		
3	1	0	0.653912	0.041471	0.940787	0.090851	0.556564	1	0	0	...	0.0	0.945	3306	4678	0	0	1	3	0.168234	0.546582		
4	0	0	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.375297	0	0	1	...	0.0	1.000	1263	892	0	0	0	1	0.246637	0.361045		
...	
9994	0	0	1.207136	0.082855	0.918960	0.313880	0.495189	0	0	0	...	0.0	0.810	4677	3307	1	0	1	1	0.502268	0.486637		
9995	0	0	1.414798	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.357369	1	0	0	...	0.0	1.000	1262	892	1	0	1	15	0.890135	0.346276		
9996	1	1	1.413677	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.668517	1	0	0	...	0.0	1.000	1261	892	1	0	1	5	0.726457	0.659001		
9997	0	0	1.294118	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.570707	0	0	0	...	1.0	1.000	1188	918	0	0	0	3	0.450980	0.561448		
9998	1	1	0.660897	0.042735	0.946581	0.086966	0.510278	1	0	0	...	0.0	0.880	3308	4680	1	0	1	0	0.604274	0.499395		

9999 rows × 135 columns

Training the Model & Predicting the Classes

```
In [21]: train_target_df.shape

Out[21]: (49999, 34)

In [22]: train_df.shape

Out[22]: (9999, 135)

In [23]: train_target_df=train_target_df.loc[:9998,'y1':]
```

Train Test Split

```
In [25]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

In [26]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(train_df, train_target_df, test_size=0.2)

In [27]: X_train.head(5)

Out[27]:
```

	x1	x2		x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	x10	x11	x12	...	x136	x137	x138	x139	x140	x141	x142	x143		x144	x145
9429	0	0	0	1.294118	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.379630	1	0	0	...	-1.0	1.00	1188	918	0	0	0	3	0.153595	0.349327	
5965	0	0	0	1.414798	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.484152	1	0	0	...	0.0	1.00	1262	892	1	0	1	9	0.572870	0.474643	
2517	0	0	0	1.414798	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.504754	0	0	0	...	0.0	1.00	1262	892	0	0	0	1	0.653587	0.495246	
9699	0	0	0	1.204706	0.093235	0.896176	0.445294	0.503636	1	0	0	...	0.0	0.61	4400	3400	0	0	0	4	0.367941	0.482955	
6301	0	0	0	1.41649	0.096648	0.911507	0.210812	0.313809	0	0	0	...	0.0	0.87	4678	3311	1	0	1	0	0.345515	0.304831	

5 rows × 135 columns

```
In [28]: Y_train.head(5)

Out[28]:
```

	y1	y2	y3	y4	y5	y6	y7	y8	y9	y10	...	y24	y25	y26	y27	y28	y29	y30	y31	y32	y33
9429	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
5965	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2517	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9699	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6301	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 33 columns

Algorithm

NaveBayes

```
In [30]: from sklearn.metrics.problem_transform import BinaryRelevance
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB

# initialize binary relevance multi-label classifier
# with a gaussian naive bayes base classifier
classifier1 = BinaryRelevance(classifier=GaussianNB())

# train
classifier1.fit(X_train.values, Y_train.values)

# predict
predictions1 = classifier1.predict(X_test.values)
```

Confusion Matrix for Each Target Variable

```
In [32]: from sklearn.metrics import multilabel_confusion_matrix, classification_report
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def calculate_confusion_matrices(predictions1, true_labels, threshold=0.5):
    # Convert sparse matrix to a dense NumPy array
    binary_predictions = (predictions1.toarray() >= threshold).astype(int)
    binary_true_labels = (true_labels >= threshold).astype(int)

    # Calculate confusion matrices for each Label
    confusion_matrices = multilabel_confusion_matrix(binary_true_labels, binary_predictions)

    # Print confusion matrices
    for i, confusion_matrix in enumerate(confusion_matrices):
        print(f'Confusion Matrix for Label {i + 1}:\n', confusion_matrix)

    # Get unique class labels
    unique_labels = np.unique(binary_true_labels)

    return confusion_matrices
```

```
In [33]: confusion_matrices = calculate_confusion_matrices(predictions1, Y_test.values)
```

Confusion Matrix for Label 1:
[[1792 194]
 [2 12]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 2:
[[1954 46]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 3:
[[1906 45]
 [5 44]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 4:
[[1960 7]
 [1 32]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 5:
[[2000 0]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 6:
[[1584 263]
 [9 144]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 7:
[[1195 729]
 [5 71]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 8:
[[1998 0]
 [2 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 9:
[[1554 300]
 [28 118]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 10:
[[1639 336]
 [9 16]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 11:
[[1997 2]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 12:
[[1588 260]
 [9 143]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 13:
[[1732 235]
 [8 25]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 14:
[[2000 0]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 15:
[[1977 19]
 [0 4]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 16:
[[1814 162]
 [2 22]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 17:
[[1999 0]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 18:
[[1999 0]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 19:
[[1995 4]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 20:
[[1862 133]
 [0 5]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 21:
[[1817 168]
 [1 14]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 22:
[[1618 370]
 [1 11]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 23:
[[1999 0]
 [0 1]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 24:
[[1709 247]
 [11 33]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 25:
[[1753 242]
 [0 5]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 26:
[[1562 418]
 [2 18]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 27:
[[1821 160]
 [3 16]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 28:
[[1427 558]
 [1 14]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 29:
[[1515 431]
 [8 46]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 30:
[[1758 209]
 [6 27]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 31:
[[1682 269]
 [1 48]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 32:
[[1557 320]
 [21 102]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 33:
[[500 382]
 [222 896]]

```
In [34]: from sklearn.metrics import multilabel_confusion_matrix, classification_report

def calculate_reports(predictions1, true_labels, threshold=0.5):
    # Convert sparse matrix to a dense NumPy array
    binary_predictions = (predictions1.toarray() >= threshold).astype(int)
    binary_true_labels = (true_labels >= threshold).astype(int)

    # Calculate and print classification reports for each Label
    classification_reports = []
    for i in range(binary_true_labels.shape[1]):
        class_report = classification_report(
            binary_true_labels[:, i], binary_predictions[:, i], labels=[0, 1],
            target_names=[f'Label {i+1}_0', f'Label {i+1}_1']
        )
        classification_reports.append(class_report)
    print(f"Classification Report for Label {i + 1}:\n", class_report)

    return confusion_matrices, classification_reports
```

Classification Reports for Each Taret Variable

```
In [35]: classification_reports = calculate_reports(predictions1, Y_test.values)
```

Classification Report for Label 1:					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
Label 1_0	1.00	0.90	0.95	1986	
Label 1_1	0.06	0.86	0.11	14	
accuracy			0.90	2000	
macro avg	0.53	0.88	0.53	2000	
weighted avg	0.99	0.90	0.94	2000	
Classification Report for Label 2:					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
Label 2_0	1.00	0.98	0.99	2000	
Label 2_1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	
accuracy			0.98	2000	
macro avg	0.50	0.49	0.49	2000	
weighted avg	1.00	0.98	0.99	2000	

```
In [ ]:
```

Try with another Algorithm to see if we can get better Results

Decision TREE

```
In [36]: from skmultilearn.problem_transform import BinaryRelevance
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

# initialize binary relevance multi-label classifier
# with a gaussian naive bayes base classifier
classifier2 = BinaryRelevance(classifier=DecisionTreeClassifier())

# train
classifier2.fit(X_train.values, Y_train.values)

# predict
predictions2 = classifier2.predict(X_test.values)
```


In [37]: `from sklearn.metrics import multilabel_confusion_matrix, classification_report`

```
def calculate_confusion_matrices(predictions2, true_labels, threshold=0.5):
    # Convert sparse matrix to a dense NumPy array
    binary_predictions = (predictions2.toarray() >= threshold).astype(int)
    binary_true_labels = (true_labels >= threshold).astype(int)

    # Calculate confusion matrices for each Label
    confusion_matrices = multilabel_confusion_matrix(binary_true_labels, binary_predictions)

    # Print confusion matrices
    for i, confusion_matrix in enumerate(confusion_matrices):
        print(f"Confusion Matrix for Label {i + 1}:\n", confusion_matrix)

    # Get unique class Labels
    unique_labels = np.unique(binary_true_labels)

    return confusion_matrices
```

In [38]: `confusion_matrices = calculate_confusion_matrices(predictions2, Y_test.values)`

Confusion Matrix for Label 1:
[[1975 11]
 [8 6]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 2:
[[1999 1]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 3:
[[1942 9]
 [16 33]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 4:
[[1966 1]
 [5 28]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 5:
[[1999 1]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 6:
[[1783 64]
 [47 106]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 7:
[[1887 37]
 [32 44]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 8:
[[1997 1]
 [2 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 9:
[[1802 52]
 [39 107]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 10:
[[1955 20]
 [11 14]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 11:
[[1999 0]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 12:
[[1795 53]
 [51 101]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 13:
[[1947 20]
 [11 22]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 14:
[[2000 0]
 [0 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 15:
[[1993 3]
 [0 4]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 16:
[[1965 11]
 [13 11]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 17:
[[1999 0]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 18:
[[1999 0]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 19:
[[1997 2]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 20:
[[1994 1]
 [0 5]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 21:
[[1976 9]
 [5 10]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 22:
[[1977 11]
 [6 6]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 23:
[[1997 2]
 [1 0]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 24:
[[1929 27]
 [17 27]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 25:
[[1983 12]
 [2 3]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 26:
[[1965 15]
 [11 9]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 27:
[[1975 6]
 [8 11]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 28:
[[1966 19]
 [9 6]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 29:
[[1914 32]
 [33 21]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 30:
[[1938 29]
 [15 18]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 31:
[[1915 36]
 [26 23]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 32:
[[1843 34]
 [42 81]]
Confusion Matrix for Label 33:
[[745 137]
 [176 942]]

"Nave Bayes Model" have Better Results than "Decision Tree model "

In []:

Test File

In [39]: `#Read Test file for which prediction have to be submitted`

In [40]: `Live_test=pd.read_csv(r'F:\Data Science Assignmrnt GI Bots\DATA Scientist Assignment\test.csv')`

In [41]: `Live_test.head(5)`

Out[41]:	1698001	NO	NO.1	5KaYd5siHnBD/IjH8BF1fPz5zrCADHZia/Lrhlyxkvc=	FzMciXY2ETaomhy8gPc9UL8LRkEnQA56+/wVF1fogk8=	1.41479820627803	0	1	0.1	0.202060221870048	...	0.30	1.8	1262.3	892.3	NO.36	NO.37	NO.38	0.31	0.0896860986547085	0.193343898573693.1
0	1698002	NO	NO	9ACcuXc7MMm9V7JZS/3P3VxAKyMvLAtsdwFKwgncc+k=	WV5vAHFYgkeuyFB5KVNGFOBuwjKUGKYc8wh9QfpVzAA=	0.832679	0.049834	0.945938	0.317427	0.482021	...	1.0	0.866667	4672	3311	NO	NO	NO	5	0.945032	0.471318
1	1698003	NO	NO	MeBJ/ZzEiXINKat4w1oeDxiMNMKrAeYOPH4100hpYDo=	tnLDGLnpYhzsik5+X+WPo4KQJoQA0TTWRImEIQ3XNJQ=	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.703088	...	-1.0	1.000000	1263	892	NO	NO	NO	8	0.557175	0.693587
2	1698004	NaN	NaN		NaN	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	...	0.0	0.870000	4672	3306	YES	NO	YES	0	0.870538	0.405822
3	1698005	NO	NO	uduY7XWJ8eFgTltv5P0rPh5GW6KwBu+PFH13uQRN+0=	0L7+HNDV8S57etySgdIjbm2AK1zQuLP77IGk2hyEmCo=	1.129212	0.087020	0.814240	1.112804	0.874318	...	0.0	0.870000	4400	3413	YES	NO	YES	2	0.224729	0.870909
4	1698006	NO	NO	kM4KU87XvnrKRVf4dN3Tu4zQYq8fpcqHDTFADWdfCg8=	4LhhvTzxwwh2SnFtcpaRasyvph68a3YDIQCshAfYS2o=	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.232779	...	0.0	1.000000	1263	892	YES	NO	YES	6	0.536996	0.223278

5 rows × 146 columns

In [42]: `# Naming Columns`

In [43]: `Live_test.columns=['id',
 'x1','x2','x3','x4','x5','x6','x7','x8','x9','x10',
 'x11','x12','x13','x14','x15','x16','x17','x18','x19','x20',
 'x21','x22','x23','x24','x25','x26','x27','x28','x29','x30',
 'x31','x32','x33','x34','x35','x36','x37','x38','x39','x40',
 'x41','x42','x43','x44','x45','x46','x47','x48','x49','x50',
 'x51','x52','x53','x54','x55','x56','x57','x58','x59','x60',
 'x61','x62','x63','x64','x65','x66','x67','x68','x69','x70',
 'x71','x72','x73','x74','x75','x76','x77','x78','x79','x80',
 'x81','x82','x83','x84','x85','x86','x87','x88','x89','x90',
 'x91','x92','x93','x94','x95','x96','x97','x98','x99','x100',
 'x101','x102','x103','x104','x105','x106','x107','x108','x109','x110',
 'x111','x112','x113','x114','x115','x116','x117','x118','x119','x120',
 'x121','x122','x123','x124','x125','x126','x127','x128','x129','x130',
 'x131','x132','x133','x134','x135','x136','x137','x138','x139','x140',
 'x141','x142','x143','x144','x145']`

In [44]: Live_test.head(5)

Out[44]:

	id	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	...	x136	x137	x138	x139	x140	x141	x142	x143	x144	x145
0	1698002	NO	NO	9ACcuXc7MMm9V7jZSr3P3VxAKyMMLAtsdwPKwgncc+k=	WV5vAHFYqkeuyFB5KVNGFOBuwjKUGKYc8wh9QfpVzAA=	0.832679	0.049834	0.945938	0.317427	0.482021	...	1.0	0.866667	4672	3311	NO	NO	NO	5	0.945032	0.471318
1	1698003	NO	NO	MeBJ/ZzEiXlNKat4w1oeDxiMnKraeY0PH41i00hpYDo=	tnLDGLnpYhzsik5+X+WPo4KQJoQA0TfWRlmeIQ3XNJQ=	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.703088	...	-1.0	1.000000	1263	892	NO	NO	NO	8	0.557175	0.693587
2	1698004	NaN	NaN		NaN	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	...	0.0	0.870000	4672	3306	YES	NO	YES	0	0.870538	0.405822
3	1698005	NO	NO	uduY7XWJ8eFgTltv5P0rPh5GW6KwBu+IPFH13uQRN+0=	0L7+hNDV8S57etySgdIjbm2AK1zQuLP77lGk2hyEmCo=	1.129212	0.087020	0.814240	1.112804	0.874318	...	0.0	0.870000	4400	3413	YES	NO	YES	2	0.224729	0.870909
4	1698006	NO	NO	kM4KU87XvnnKRV4dN3Tu4zQYq8fpcqhDTFADWdfCg8=	4LhhvTzxwvh25nFtcpaRasyvph66a3YDIQCshAfyS2o=	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.232779	...	0.0	1.000000	1263	892	YES	NO	YES	6	0.536996	0.223278

5 rows × 146 columns

Preprocessing the Data for ML

In [45]: missing_percent_Live_test_data=Live_test.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)*100/len(Live_test)
missing_percent_Live_test_data

Out[45]:

x26	14.707354
x12	14.707354
x2	14.707354
x3	14.707354
x4	14.707354
...	
x53	0.000000
x52	0.000000
x51	0.000000
x50	0.000000
x145	0.000000

Length: 146, dtype: float64

In [46]: # Missing Value filled with Not Available
object_columns = Live_test.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
Live_test[object_columns] = Live_test[object_columns].fillna('Not Available')

In [47]: list_col = Live_test.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
output_count = 0 # Counter for the number of outputs

for col in list_col:
 unique_values = Live_test[col].unique()
 if len(unique_values) < 10:
 output_count += 1
 print('{}: {}'.format(col.upper(), unique_values))

print("Number of Column:", output_count)

X1: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X2: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X10: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X11: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X12: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X13: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X14: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X24: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X25: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X26: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X30: ['NO' 'YES']
X31: ['NO' 'YES']
X32: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X33: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X41: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X42: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X43: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X44: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X45: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X55: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X56: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X57: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X62: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X63: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X71: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X72: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X73: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X74: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X75: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X85: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X86: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X87: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X92: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X93: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X101: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X102: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X103: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X104: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X105: ['NO' 'YES' 'Not Available']
X115: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X116: ['NO' 'Not Available' 'YES']
X117: ['YES' 'NO' 'Not Available']
X126: ['YES' 'NO']
X127: ['NO' 'YES']
X128: ['NO' 'YES']
X129: ['NO' 'YES']
X130: ['NO' 'YES']
X140: ['NO' 'YES']
X141: ['NO' 'YES']
X142: ['NO' 'YES']
Number of Column: 50

```
In [48]: list_col = Live_test.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
unique_values_dict = {} # Dictionary to store unique values for each column

for col in list_col:
    unique_values = Live_test[col].nunique()
    unique_values_dict[col] = unique_values

# Sort the dictionary by values in descending order
sorted_unique_values = sorted(unique_values_dict.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)

# Print the sorted unique values
for col, unique_count in sorted_unique_values:
    print('{}: {}'.format(col.upper(), unique_count))

total_unique_count = sum(unique_values_dict.values())
print("Total unique values across all columns:", total_unique_count)
```

X61: 1626
X34: 1456
X64: 1455
X94: 1298
X3: 1237
X91: 921
X65: 381
X35: 358
X95: 296
X4: 281
X1: 3
X2: 3
X10: 3
X11: 3
X12: 3
X13: 3
X14: 3
X24: 3
X25: 3
X26: 3
X32: 3
X33: 3
X41: 3
X42: 3
X43: 3
X44: 3
X45: 3
X55: 3
X56: 3
X57: 3
X62: 3
X63: 3
X71: 3
X72: 3
X73: 3
X74: 3
X75: 3
X85: 3
X86: 3
X87: 3
X92: 3
X93: 3
X101: 3
X102: 3
X103: 3
X104: 3
X105: 3
X115: 3
X116: 3
X117: 3
X30: 2
X31: 2
X126: 2
X127: 2
X128: 2
X129: 2
X130: 2
X140: 2
X141: 2
X142: 2
Total unique values across all columns: 9449

```
In [49]: for col in Live_test:
Live_test[col].replace({'YES':1, 'NO':0,'Not Available':2},inplace=True)
```

```
In [50]: Live_test1=Live_test
```

```
In [51]: Live_test=Live_test.drop(['id', 'x3', 'x4', 'x34', 'x35', 'x61', 'x64', 'x65', 'x91', 'x94', 'x95'], axis=1)
```

```
In [52]: Live_test.head(5)
```

Out[52]:

	x1	x2	x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	x10	x11	x12	...	x136	x137	x138	x139	x140	x141	x142	x143	x144	x145
0	0	0	0.832679	0.049834	0.945938	0.317427	0.482021	1	0	0	...	1.0	0.866667	4672	3311	0	0	0	5	0.945032	0.471318
1	0	0	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.703088	0	0	1	...	-1.0	1.000000	1263	892	0	0	0	8	0.557175	0.693587
2	2	2	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2	2	2	...	0.0	0.870000	4672	3306	1	0	1	0	0.870538	0.405822
3	0	0	1.129212	0.087020	0.814240	1.112804	0.874318	0	0	0	...	0.0	0.870000	4400	3413	1	0	1	2	0.224729	0.870909
4	0	0	1.415919	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.232779	0	0	1	...	0.0	1.000000	1263	892	1	0	1	6	0.536996	0.223278

5 rows × 135 columns

Prediction with NaveBayes Model

```
In [53]: predictions_Live = classifier1.predict(Live_test.values)
```

```
In [54]: predictions_Live
```

Out[54]: <1999x33 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>' with 8322 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Column format>

```
In [55]: predictions_Live_arr=predictions_Live.toarray()
```

```
In [56]: Live_test1.id
```

Out[56]: 0 1698002
1 1698003
2 1698004
3 1698005
4 1698006
...
1994 1699996
1995 1699997
1996 1699998
1997 1699999
1998 1700000
Name: id, Length: 1999, dtype: int64

```
In [57]: target=[]
for num in Live_test1.id:
    for i in range(1,34):
        target.append(str(num)+'_y'+str(i))
```

```
In [58]: len(target)
```

Out[58]: 65967

```
In [66]: submission_df=pd.DataFrame(target,columns=['id_label'])
```

```
In [67]: submission_df
```

Out[67]:

	id_label
0	1698002_y1
1	1698002_y2
2	1698002_y3
3	1698002_y4
4	1698002_y5
...	...
65962	1700000_y29
65963	1700000_y30
65964	1700000_y31
65965	1700000_y32
65966	1700000_y33

65967 rows × 1 columns

```
In [68]: prediction_list=[]
for i in range(len(predictions_Live_arr)):
    prediction_list.extend(predictions_Live_arr.tolist()[i])
```

```
In [69]: pred_df=pd.DataFrame(prediction_list,columns=['pred'])
```

In [70]: test_prediction_df=pd.concat([submission_df,pred_df],axis=1)

In [71]: test_prediction_df

Out[71]:

	id_label	pred
0	1698002_y1	0
1	1698002_y2	0
2	1698002_y3	0
3	1698002_y4	0
4	1698002_y5	0
...
65962	1700000_y29	0
65963	1700000_y30	0
65964	1700000_y31	0
65965	1700000_y32	0
65966	1700000_y33	0

65967 rows × 2 columns

In [72]: test_prediction_df.to_csv('test_prediction.csv', index=None)

In []: