

# Spark Assignment 1

Deadline: 2/04/2022

Create a folder including all the .scala files you used and the (.pdf or .docx) report for the answers. Zip the folder with the name “Spark1\_StudentIdNumber” and upload.

## Exercise 0 – Setting up the Environment

### Dataset – Wikimedia Projects

The [Wikimedia Foundation](#) supports hundreds of thousands of people around the world in creating the largest free knowledge projects in history. The work of volunteers helps millions of people around the globe discover information, contribute knowledge, and share it with others no matter their bandwidth.

In this assignment you are going to explore the page views of Wikimedia projects. Download the page view statistics generated between 0-1am on Jan 1, 2016 from [here](#).

Each line, delimited by a white space, contains the statistics for one Wikimedia page. The schema looks as follows:

Field	Meaning
Project code	The project identifier for each page.
Page title	A string containing the title of the page.
Page hits	Number of requests on the specific hour.
Page size	Size of the page.

### Spark Framework – Initialize

Launch the spark shell and then create an RDD named pagecounts from the input file (the file must be copied on the same directory as the spark-shell).

A) Libraries that need to be imported:

- `import org.apache.spark;`
- `import org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD;`
- `import org.apache.spark.storage.StorageLevel._;`
- `import org.apache.spark.sql._;`
- `import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession;`

B) Create a new Spark Session

- `val spark = SparkSession.builder().getOrCreate()`

#### C) Load Dataset

- `val pagecounts = sc.textFile("directory_to/pagecounts-20160101000000_parsed.out")`

## Exercise 1 – Explore the Web Logs with Spark (60%)

First convert the **pagecounts** from RDD[String] into RDD[Log] using the following guideline:

1. create a case class called Log using the four field names of the dataset.
2. create a function that takes a string, split it by white space and converts it into a log object.
3. create a function that takes an RDD[String] and returns an RDD[Log] using your convert function via the built-in map function.

In the remaining sections of this exercise, you have to make use of the RDD[Log] that you have created. For each of the questions below, implement a Scala function that takes as input an RDD[Log] and prints the requested values. You must include all of those results in your report.

### Question 1 (3 points)

Retrieve the first 15 records and beautify.

Use the take() operation of an RDD to get the first k records, with k = 15. The take() operation returns an array and Scala simply prints the array with each element separated by a comma. This is not easy to read. Make the output more readable by traversing the array to print each record on its own line.

### Question 2 (3 points)

Determine the number of records the dataset has in total.

### Question 3 (4 points)

Compute the min, max, and average page size.

**Hint:** use map and reduce/reduceByKey functions provided by the RDD api.

### Question 4 (4 points)

Determine the record(s) with the largest page size. If multiple records have the same size, list all of them.

### Question 5 (6 points)

Determine the record with the largest page size again. But now, pick the most popular.

### Question 6 (4 points)

Determine the record(s) with the largest page title. If multiple titles have the same length, list all of them.

### Question 7 (6 points)

Use the results of Question 3, and create a new RDD with the records that have greater page size than the average.

**Hint:** use the function **filter** provided by the RDD api.

### Question 8 (3 points)

Compute the total number of pageviews for each project (as the schema shows, the first field of each record contains the project code).

### Question 9 (5 points)

Report the 10 most popular pageviews of all projects, sorted by the total number of hits.

### Question 10 (5 points)

Determine the number of page titles that start with the article “The”. How many of those page titles are not part of the English project (Pages that are part of the English project have “en” as first field)?

### Question 11 (5 points)

Determine the percentage of pages that have only received a single page view in this one hour of log data.

### Question 12 (6 points)

Determine the number of unique terms appearing in the page titles. Note that in page titles, terms are delimited by “\_” instead of a white space. You can use any number of normalization steps (e.g. lowercasing, removal of non-alphanumeric characters).

### Question 13 (6 points)

Determine the most frequently occurring page title term in this dataset.

## Exercise 2 – Explore the Web Logs with Spark SQL (40%)

First convert the **pagecounts** from RDD[String] into DataFrame using the **toDF** function with appropriate arguments similarly to the following example [here](#).

**Hint:** You may need to transform RDD[String] into RDD[Log] and then DataFrame. Your resulting DataFrame (DF) should look similar to the following figure:

project	page	pagehits	pagesize
aa	271_a.C	1	4675
aa	Category:User_th	1	4770
aa	Chiron_Elias_Krase	1	4694
aa	Dassault_rafaele	2	9372
aa	E.Desv	1	4662
aa	File:Wiktionary-1...	1	10752
aa	Indonesian_Wikipedia	1	4679
aa	Main_Page	5	266946
aa	Requests_for_new...	1	4733
aa	Special:Contribut...	1	5812

only showing top 10 rows

Figure 1 – The first n = 10 rows of the DataFrame using the show(n) built-in function of the DataFrame api.

Next, you must use your DF to answer again to the questions 3, 5, 7, 12, 13 of Ex.1, but this time by **running SQL queries programmatically**, as shown in the following tutorial [here](#). You must also include all of those results (with the table format to be visible) in your report.

**Hint:** From the DF API, you have to use the following functions: *createOrReplaceTempView*, *sql*, *show*

*Have Fun!*