

Figure 2: Time series of total precipitation, salinity, pH, and phosphate for Bangs Lake, Grand Bay reserve. All observations are daily averages, excluding phosphate which was sampled monthly. Vertical green bars indicate a heavy rain event in April 2005 and hurricane Isaac in August 2012. Salinity and pH include a loess smooth to reduce variability. Orthophosphate is colored by event categories in relation to the vertical green bars. E1A: event 1 acute, E1C: event 1 chronic, NI1: non-impact 1, E2A: event 2 acute, E2C: event 2 chronic, and NI2: non-impact 2.

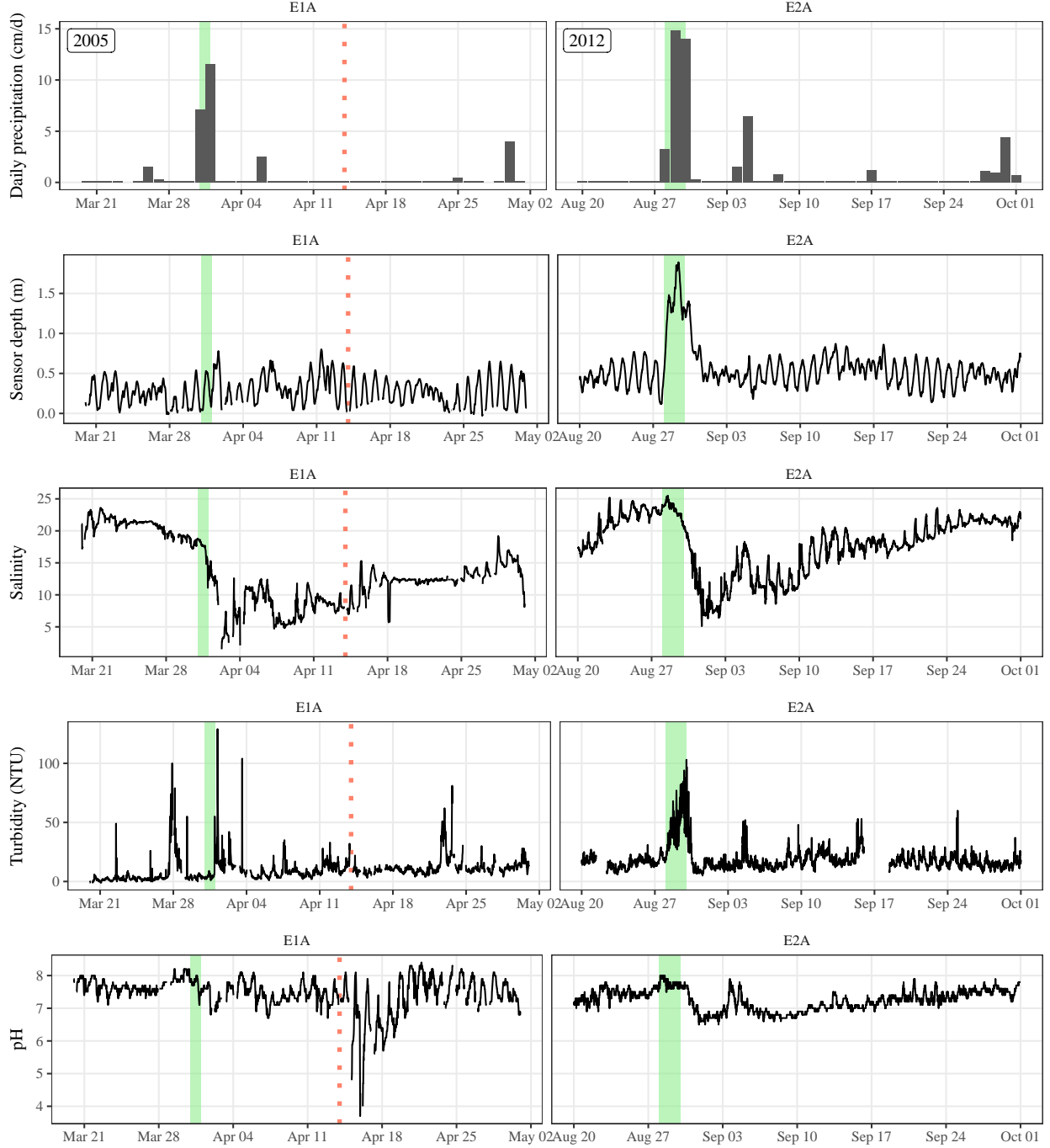


Figure 3: Time series of daily precipitation, sensor depth, salinity, turbidity, and pH for Bangs Lake, Grand Bay reserve. Precipitation data are daily totals from the Pascagoula International Airport. All other data were collected at 15 minute time steps. Green shading indicates period of high precipitation for a heavy rain event in 2005 (left, March 31st to April 1st) and hurricane Isaac in 2012 (right, August 28th to 30th). Red shading for the first event indicates the date of documented phosphorus spill. E1A: event 1 acute, E2A: event 2 acute.

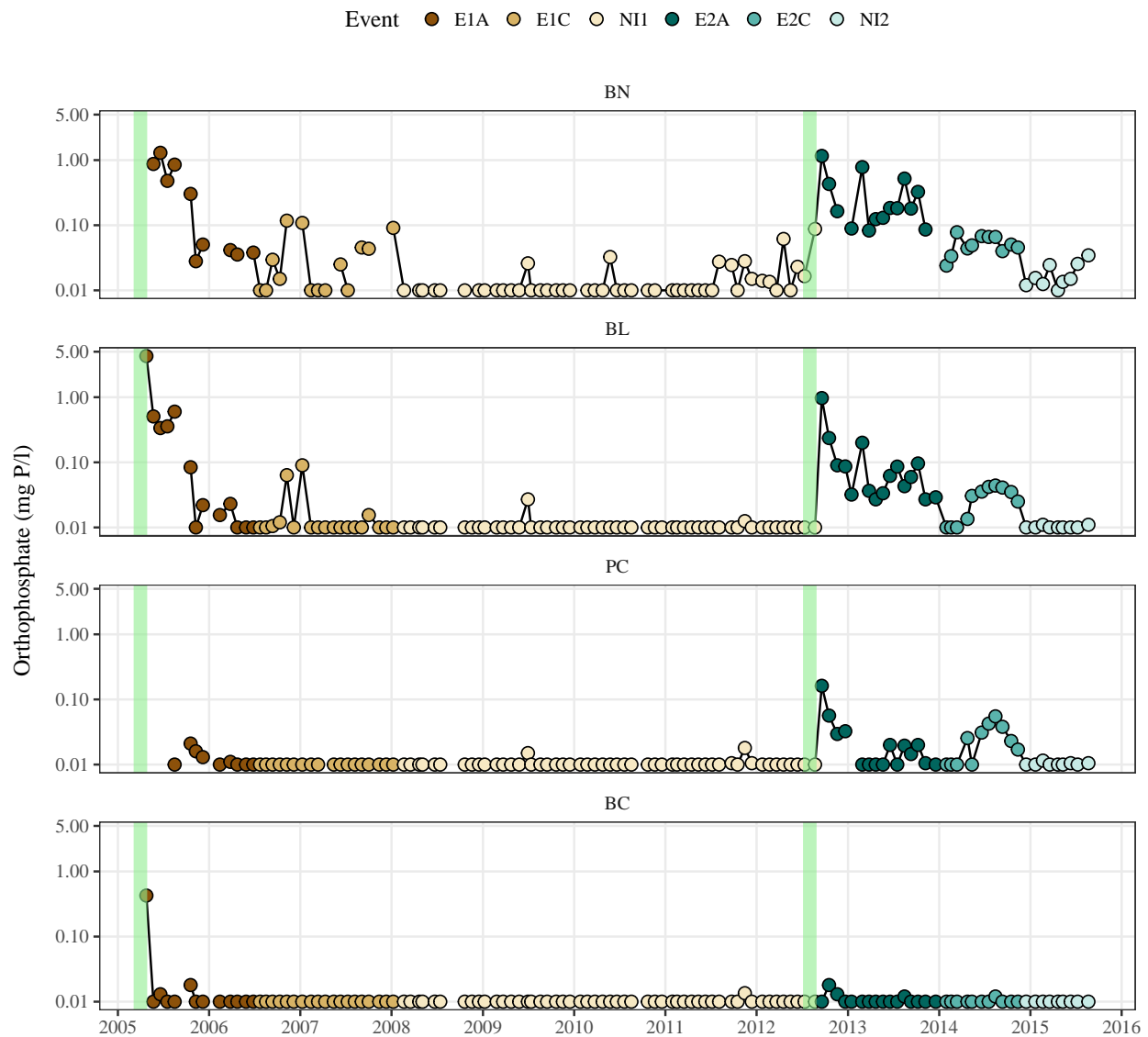


Figure 4: Monthly phosphate time series at Bangs North (BN), Bangs Lake (BL), Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC) stations at Grand Bay. Distance from spill increases from top to bottom. Vertical green bars indicate a heavy rain event in April 2005 and hurricane Isaac in August 2012. E1A: event 1 acute, E1C: event 1 chronic, NI1: non-impact 1, E2A: event 2 acute, E2C: event 2 chronic, and NI2: non-impact 2.

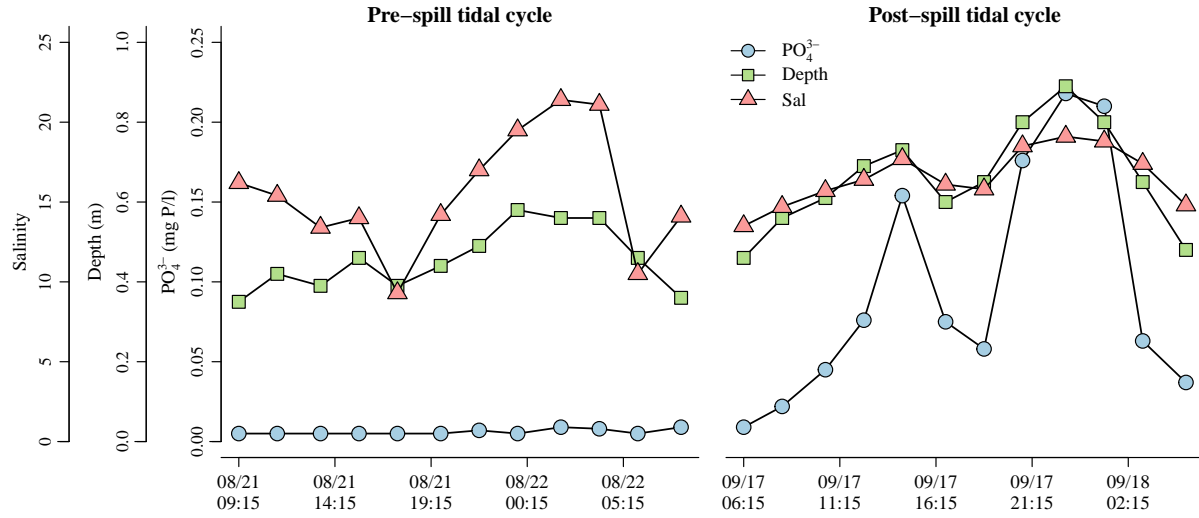


Figure 5: Diel phosphate and salinity data before and after Hurricane Isaac during the second spill event. Bayou Cumbest, is approximately 7 km (hydrologically) from the spill station and elevated phosphorus is observed with tidal influx (depth) following the event.

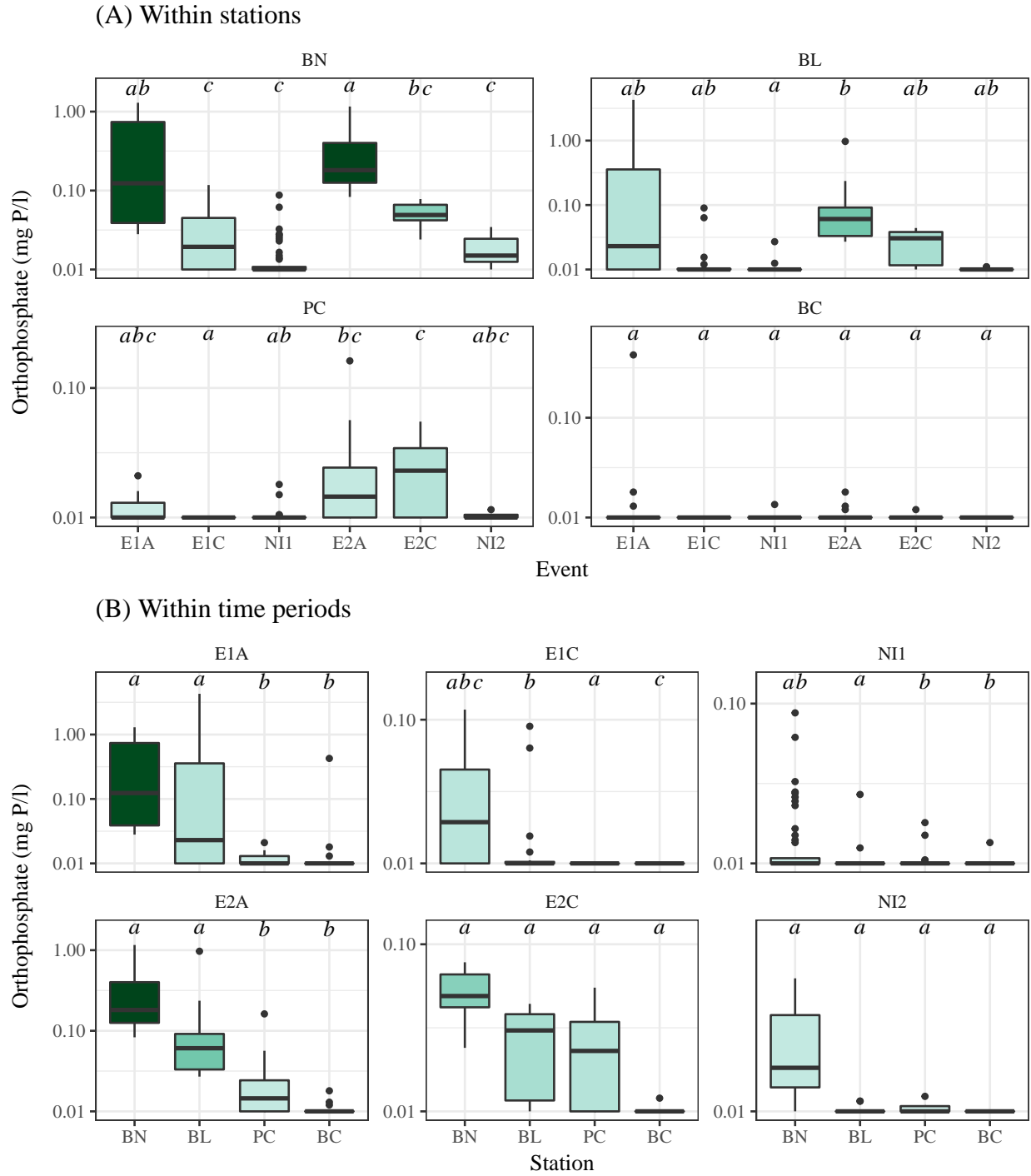


Figure 6: Boxplot summaries of monthly orthophosphate data for (A) time periods group by station and (B) stations grouped by time period. Boxplots within each panel that do not share a letter have significantly different concentrations. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time frames are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), event 2 chronic (E2C), and non-impact 2 (NI2).

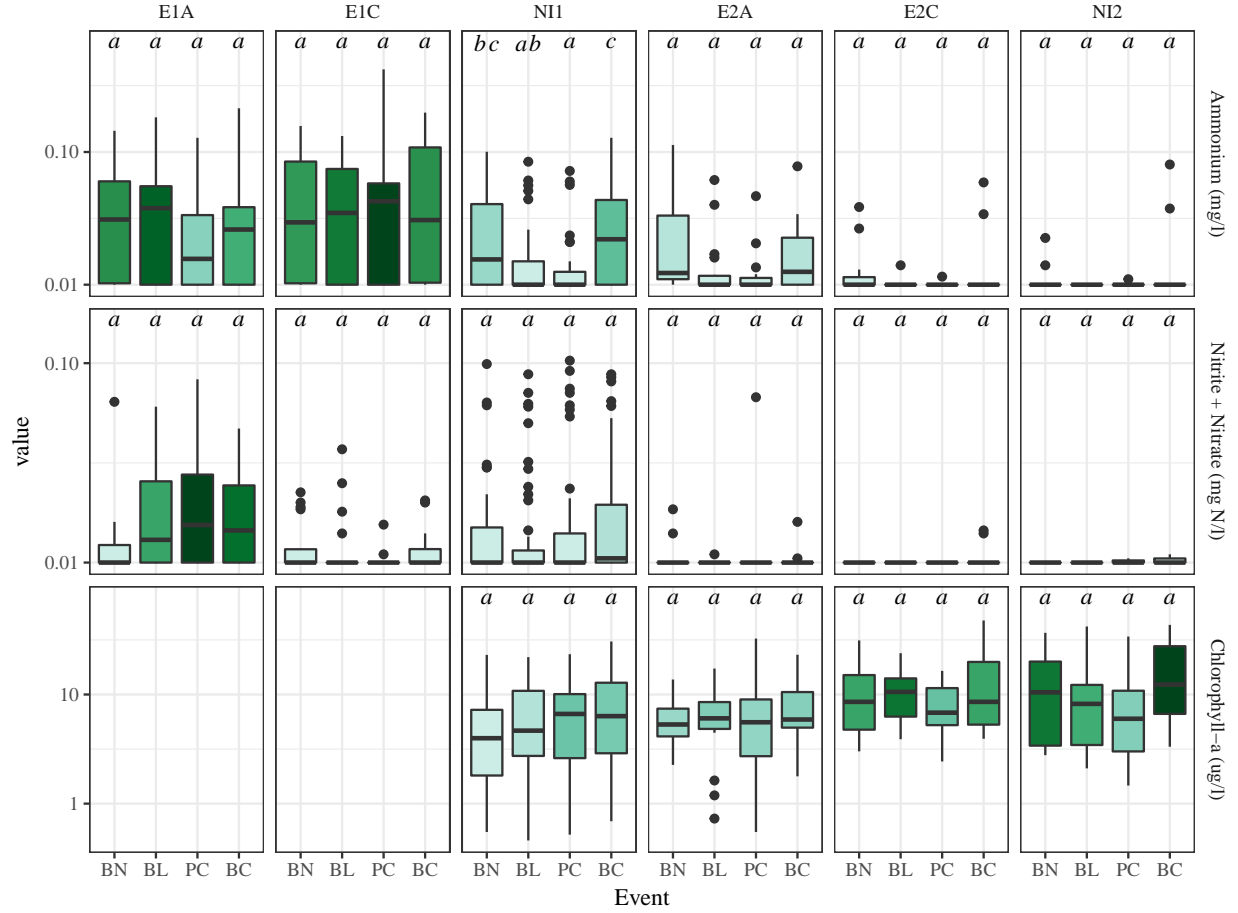


Figure 7: Boxplot summaries of nutrient data for stations grouped by time periods. Boxplots within each panel that do not share a letter have significantly different concentrations. Insufficient chlorophyll data were removed for E1A and E1C. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time frames are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), event 2 chronic (E2C), and non-impact 2 (NI2).

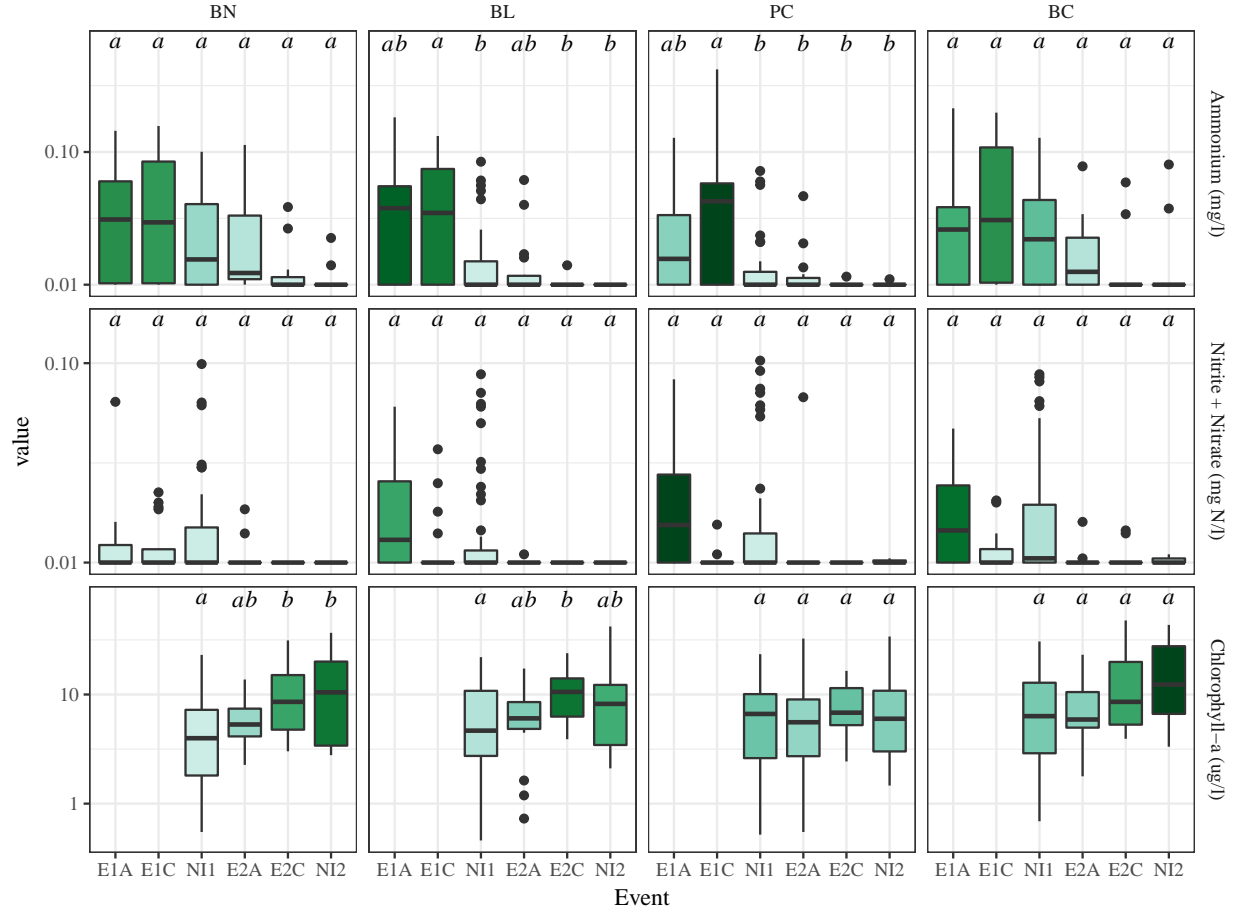


Figure 8: Boxplot summaries of nutrient data for time periods grouped by station. Boxplots within each panel that do not share a letter have significantly different concentrations. Insufficient chlorophyll data were removed for E1A and E1C. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time frames are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), event 2 chronic (E2C), and non-impact 2 (NI2).

Table 2: Station summaries of water quality (hourly) and nutrient (monthly) observations from 2005 to 2015. Units are mg L^{-1} for all variables, except *Chl-a* as $\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$, *DOsat* as percent, pH from 0-12, and salinity as psu. Nutrient summaries are based on maximum likelihood estimates for left-censored data and summary values less than the detection limit (0.01 mg/l) are estimated accordingly. Stations are BC: Bayou Cumbest, BH: Bayou Heron (no nutrient data), BL: Bangs Lake, BN: Bangs North (no water quality data), and PC: Point aux Chenes.

Stations	Average	Median	St. Dev	Min	Max
Chl-<i>a</i>					
BN	7.94	5.01	9.79	0.55	36.71
BL	8.25	5.43	9.44	0.46	41.98
PC	7.98	5.17	9.39	0.52	33.95
BC	10.82	6.69	13.76	0.69	47.67
DO_{sat}					
BL	92.05	93.10	16.26	8.60	297.70
PC	97.08	97.90	15.52	8.40	221.90
BC	80.12	80.90	19.11	1.80	221.90
BH	45.26	47.00	27.19	0.00	165.80
NH₄⁺					
BN	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.16
BL	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.18
PC	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.42
BC	0.04	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.21
NO₂⁻/NO₃⁻					
BN	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.10
BL	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.09
PC	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.10
BC	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.09
pH					
BL	7.75	7.70	0.37	3.70	9.60
PC	8.06	8.10	0.22	7.00	9.00
BC	7.26	7.30	0.46	5.10	9.00
BH	6.88	7.00	0.64	4.00	8.40
PO₄³⁻					
BN	0.12	0.02	0.90	0.01	1.29
BL	0.09	0.00	2.13	0.01	4.29
PC	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.16
BC	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.43
Salinity					
BL	22.02	22.40	5.49	1.50	32.10
PC	23.30	24.30	5.37	4.30	33.20
BC	17.22	18.00	7.86	0.00	33.50
BH	17.93	19.50	7.50	0.00	32.40

Table 3: Summary of PO_4^{-3} (mg P/l) trends for time periods with sufficient data. Trends are based on seasonal Kendall tests, where τ is the direction and strength of the trend, slope is the change per year, median is the median in the time period, and percent change is the slope divided by the median. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time periods are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), and event 2 chronic (E2C). * $p < 0.05$; ** $p < 0.005$

Time periods, stations	τ	slope	median	% change
E1A, E1C				
BN	-0.48	-0.03	0.04	-79.25
BL	-0.66**	-0.02	0.01	-236.25
PC	-0.31*	0.00	0.01	0.00
BC	-0.19	0.00	0.01	0.00
NI1				
BN	0.37**	0.00	0.01	0.00
BL	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00
PC	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.00
BC	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.00
E2A, E2C				
BN	-1.00**	-0.12	0.09	-134.88
BL	-0.85**	-0.04	0.04	-104.79
PC	0.12	0.00	0.02	0.00
BC	-0.15	0.00	0.01	0.00

Table 4: Summary of NH_4^+ (mg N/l) trends for time periods with sufficient data. Trends are based on seasonal Kendall tests, where τ is the direction and strength of the trend, slope is the change per year, median is the median in the time period, and percent change is the slope divided by the median. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time periods are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), and event 2 chronic (E2C). * $p < 0.05$; ** $p < 0.005$

Time periods, stations	τ	slope	median	% change
E1A, E1C				
BN	-0.12	-0.01	0.03	-26.03
BL	-0.20	-0.01	0.03	-41.73
PC	-0.17	-0.01	0.03	-18.46
BC	-0.07	0.00	0.03	-5.13
NI1				
BN	0.13	0.00	0.02	19.35
BL	-0.19	0.00	0.01	0.00
PC	-0.18	0.00	0.01	0.00
BC	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
E2A, E2C				
BN	-0.32	0.00	0.01	-4.55
BL	-0.04	0.00	0.01	0.00
PC	-0.22	0.00	0.01	0.00
BC	-0.30	0.00	0.01	-11.25

Table 5: Summary of Chl-*a* ($\mu\text{g/l}$) trends for time periods with sufficient data. Trends are based on seasonal Kendall tests, where τ is the direction and strength of the trend, slope is the change per year, median is the median in the time period, and percent change is the slope divided by the median. Stations are Bangs Lake (BL), Bangs North (BN), and Point aux Chenes (PC), and Bayou Cumbest (BC). Time periods are event 1 acute (E1A), event 1 chronic (E1C), non-impact 1 (NI1), event 2 acute (E2A), and event 2 chronic (E2C). * $p < 0.05$; ** $p < 0.005$

Time periods, stations	τ	slope	median	% change
NI1				
BN	0.61**	2.24	3.98	56.36
BL	0.67**	2.14	4.66	45.98
PC	0.59**	2.12	6.63	31.90
BC	0.39**	2.17	6.34	34.29
E2A, E2C				
BN	0.36	1.21	6.12	19.69
BL	0.56	1.25	6.86	18.23
PC	-0.04	0.01	5.96	0.13
BC	0.26	1.42	6.92	20.52