## Trend analysis of four decades of water quality data in the upper San Francisco Estuary

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### Abstract

Recent methods for trend analysis have been developed that leverage the descriptive potential of long term time series. Combined with these methods, multi-decadal datasets of water quality in the San Francisco Estuary (SFE) could provide a valuable opportunity to gain insight into ecosystem properties and drivers of change in estuaries. This study explores the use of an estuarine adaptation of the Weighted Regression on Time, Discharge, and Season (WRTDS) approach to describe nutrient trends in the northern region of SFE (Suisun Bay and the Delta), a primary source of nutrients into the system. This novel technique is data-driven where the parameterization of the functional model changes smoothly over time following dynamic patterns of season and flow. By doing so, changes over time that have not been previously quantified can be described, including variation in flow-normalized concentrations, frequency occurrence of extreme events, and response to historical changes in the watershed, all of which are important needs for understanding trends in the northern SFE. The goal of the analysis is to apply the WRTDS model at multiple stations in the Delta and Suisun Bay regions of SFE to describe variation over time and relationships between key species of dissolved inorganic nitrogen (ammonium, nitrate/nitrite, total). This variation is considered in the context of varying contributions of input flows from the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers, as well as tidal exchange with the central SFE. Overall, this analysis is expected to further an ecological and management-based understanding of dynamics in SFE, with implications for water quality restoration and protection of this prominent system.

### **Analysis components**

- WRTDS trend analysis method applied to nine stations in SFE
- Models were developed for three nitrogen analytes: DIN,  $NO_2^-/NO_3^{2-}, NH_4^+$
- Results were evaluated as flow-normalized trends

### Water Quality and Flow Data

 Nine nutrient stations with bimonthly samples and daily flow estimates from major inflows

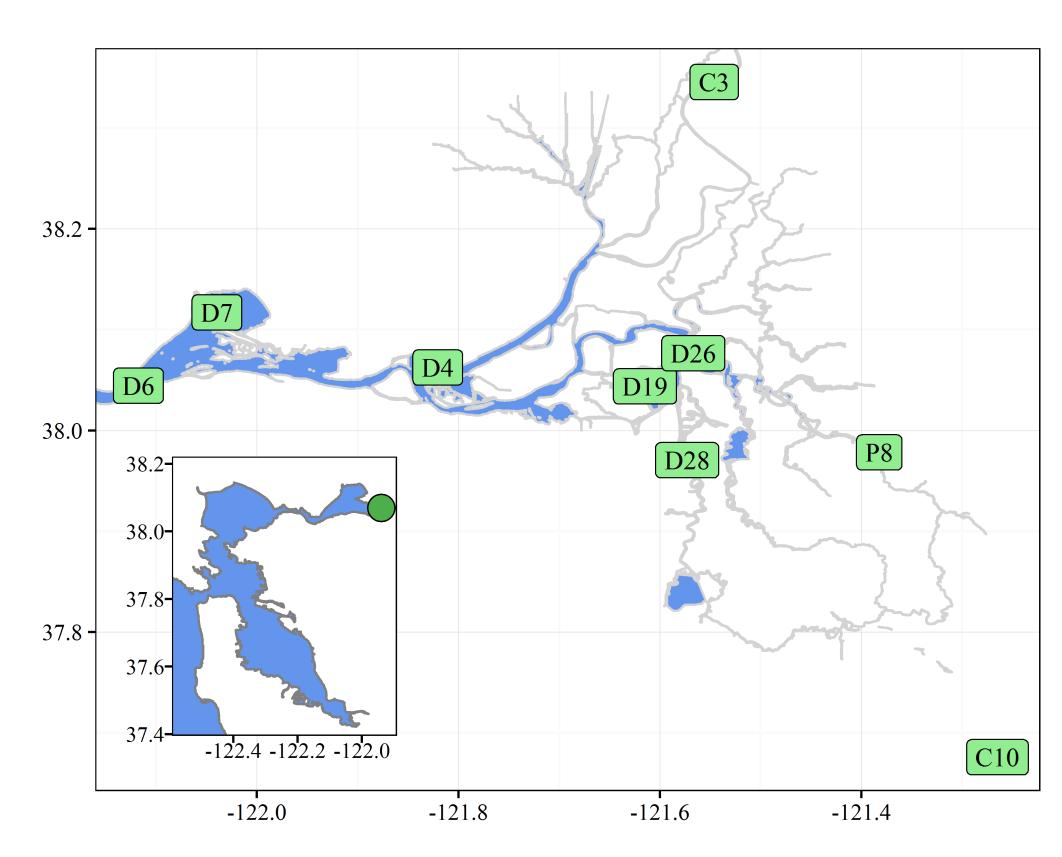


Figure: Locations of nutrient stations in SFE, sampled bimonthly.

### Applying Weighted Regression (WRTDS)

# WRTDS is applied to nutrient observations in relation to time, discharge, and season

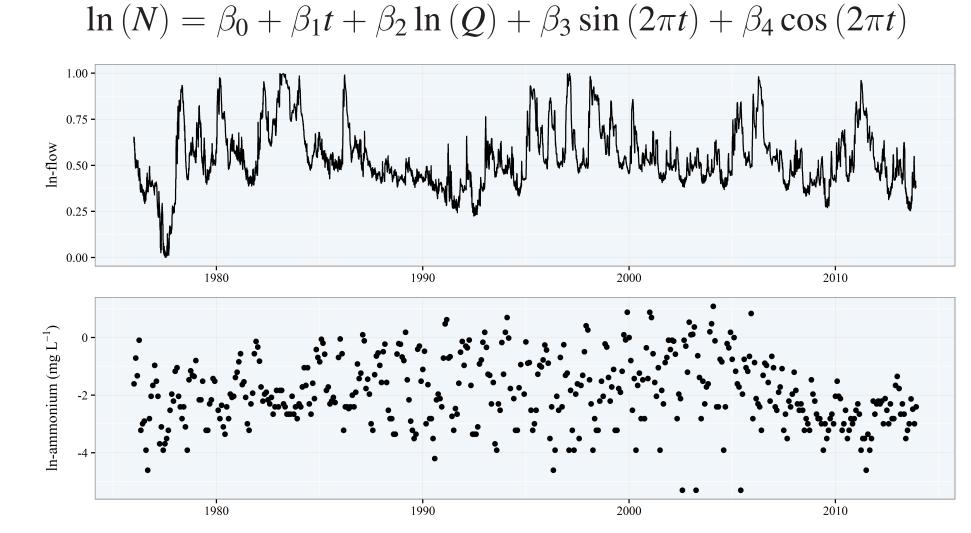


Figure: Example of flow and nitrogen data at C10.

WRTDS output monthly variation to flow changes and for different quantile distributions of nitrogen.

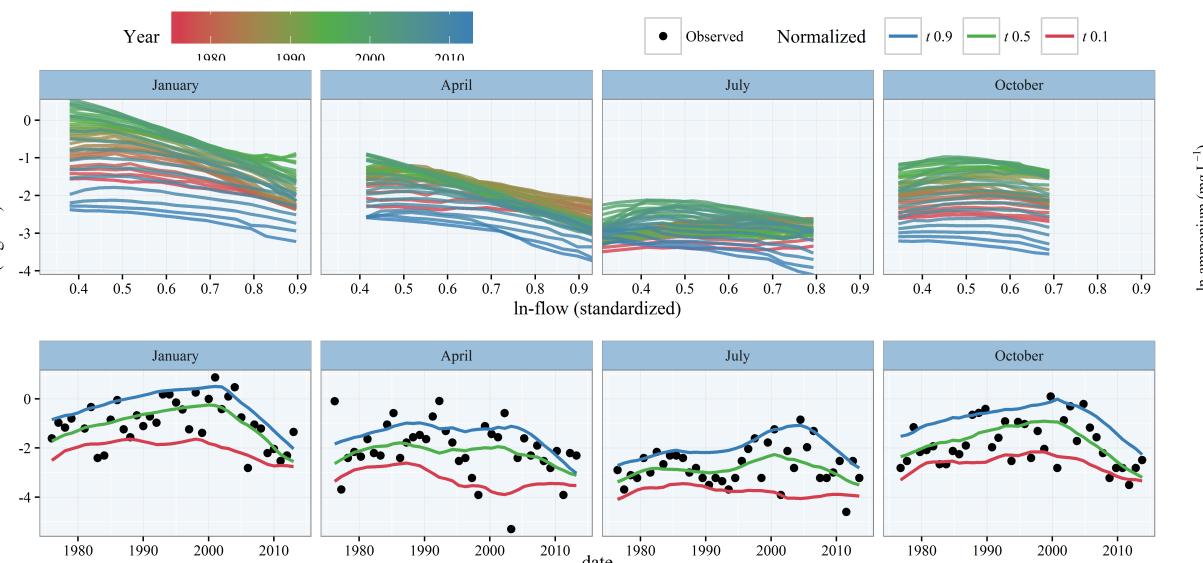


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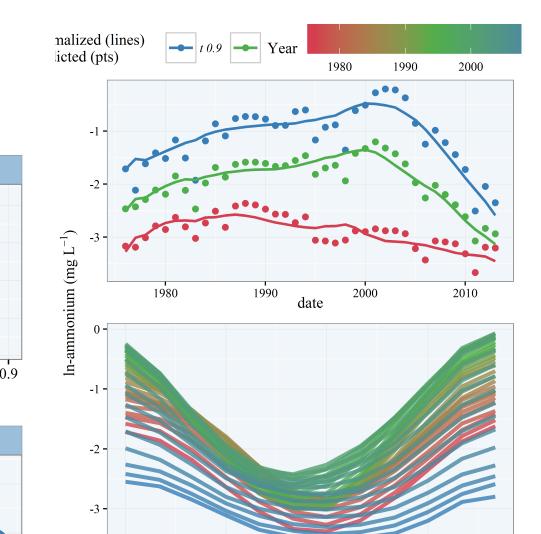


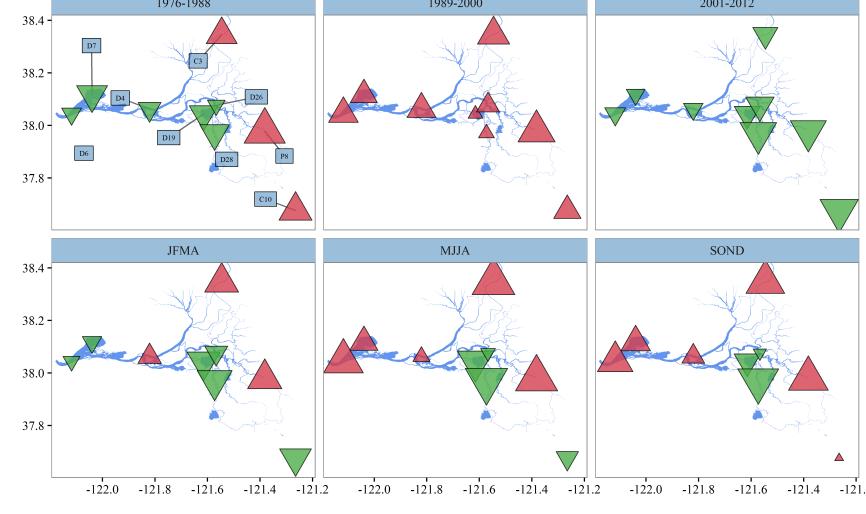
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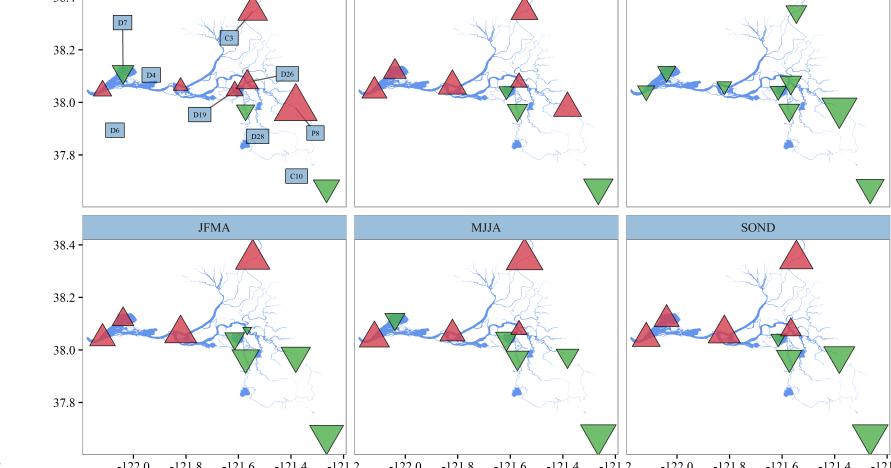
### Trend Analyses

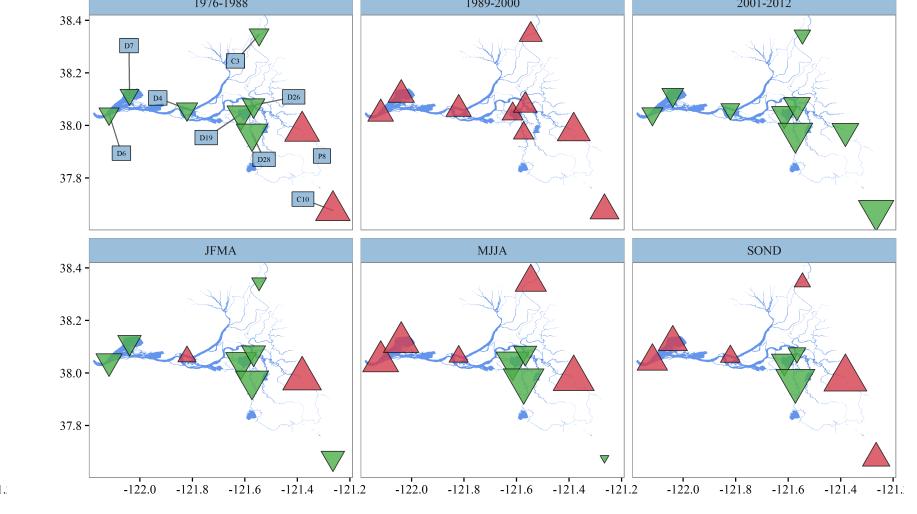
Ta	ble : Pe	rcent cha	anges in	DIN by y	ears/mo	nths.
Site	1976-	1989-	2001-	JFMA	MJJA	SOND
	1988	2000	2012			
C10	28.3	17.4	-41.7	-25.7	-10.1	1.7
C3	23.9	<i>26.8</i>	-13.9	<i>30.7</i>	<i>54.8</i>	<i>42.8</i>
D19	-19.8	3.3	-15.3	-28.6	-35.1	-15.6
D26	-5.2	<i>10.9</i>	-19.4	-10.9	-3.4	-2.6
D28	-21.7	<i>3.9</i>	-37.3	-32.9	-53.3	-48.8
D4	-10.9	<i>20.3</i>	-7.1	<i>11.4</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>10.7</i>
D6	-7.4	21.6	-8.5	-4.7	<i>45.6</i>	<i>34.7</i>
D7	-24.2	<i>17</i>	-6.1	-6.9	<i>19</i>	21.4
P8	49.9	38.4	-35.7	31.6	52.8	45.4

Table	e : Percei	nt change	es in amr	nonium b	by years/	month
Site	1976-	1989-	2001-	JFMA	MJJA	SOND
	1988	2000	2012			
C10	-39	-54.1	-46.5	-77.1	-88.7	-90.9
C3	<i>53.6</i>	41.6	-18.1	81.8	<i>95.8</i>	74.6
D19	8.8	-5.6	-7.5	-16	-21.8	-4.8
D26	<i>22.8</i>	<i>8.4</i>	-20.9	-0.9	<b>7.9</b>	18.7
D28	-11.8	-16.9	-18.2	-42.3	-24.7	-34.7
D4	5.3	<i>46.8</i>	-5.1	66.9	33.6	<i>68.3</i>
D6	11.8	<i>33</i>	-9.7	<i>36</i>	<i>56.4</i>	<b>45.</b> 3
D7	-20.8	<i>25.2</i>	-11.6	21.2	-16	34
P8	143.1	<i>46.7</i>	-86.5	-52.7	-23.9	-61.1

Site	1976-	1989-	2001-	JFMA	MJJA	SOND
	1988	2000	2012			
C10	38.7	23.7	-40.8	-12.5	-0.2	20.4
<b>C</b> 3	-7.2	11.9	-3.6	-2.3	<i>29.4</i>	<i>3.3</i>
D19	-21.8	<i>8.7</i>	-16.5	-28.6	-34	-16.3
D26	-11	<i>12.9</i>	-18.9	-13.4	-11.8	-4.7
D28	-30.2	<i>7.9</i>	-39.1	-34.5	-59.1	-53.8
D4	-9.2	<i>15.9</i>	-6.0	<i>5.4</i>	6.6	<i>7.3</i>
D6	-7.8	<i>16.7</i>	-8.8	-17.9	42.6	27.6
D7	-6	18	-9.9	-12.7	41.9	24.4
P8	<i>39.1</i>	33.9	-18.8	<i>52.2</i>	60.6	<i>67.3</i>

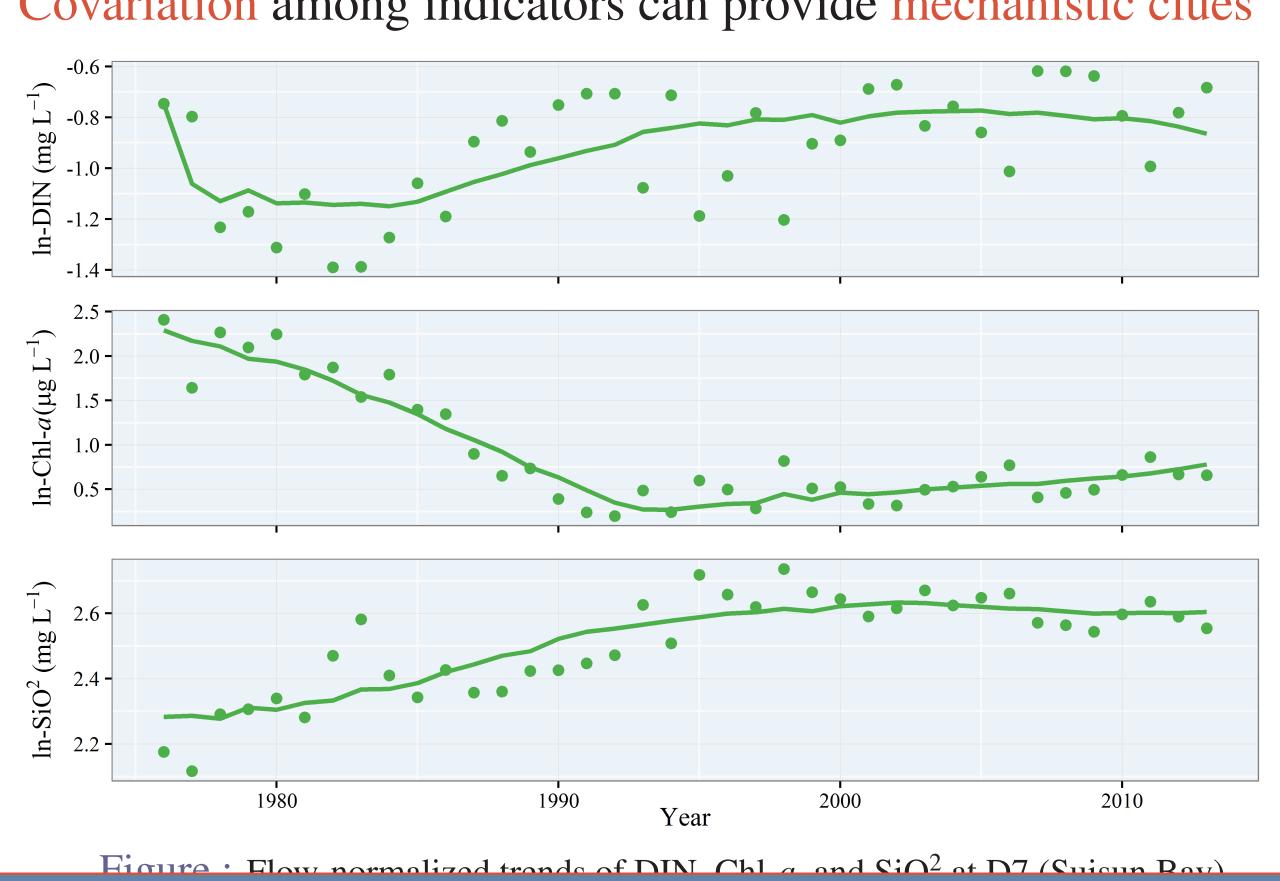






### **Further Evaluation**

### Covariation among indicators can provide mechanistic clues



### Conclusions

- one
- two
- Interactive data app of full results: https://beckmw.shinyapps.io/sf\_trends/