Probabilistic Analysis II Exercises

- (a) What is the asymptotic WORST case running time of functions func1-func3? Justify your solution.
- (b) What is the asymptotic EXPECTED running time of functions func1-func3? Justify your solution.

Simplify and express your answer as $\Theta(n^k)$ or $\Theta(n^k(\log n))$ wherever possible. If the asymptotic running time is exponential, then just give exponential lower bounds.

 $\mathbf{Random}(n)$ generates a random number between 1 and n with uniform distribution (every integer between 1 and n is equally likely.) $\mathbf{CoinFlip}()$ returns **heads** or **tails** with equal probability.

```
1.
          func1(A, n)
                                                                                                                             */
           /* A is an array of integers
        1 if (n \le 10) then return (A[1]);
       s \leftarrow A[1];
       3 for i \leftarrow 1 to n do
              for j \leftarrow 2 to n do
                  s \leftarrow s + A[i] * A[j];
                   c \leftarrow \mathbf{CoinFlip}();
        6
                  if (c = tails) then Return(s);
           end
        8
       9 end
      10 return (s);
2.
          func2(A, n)
          /* A is an array of integers
       1 if (n < 50) then return (A[1]);
       k \leftarrow \mathbf{Random}(n-2);
       s \leftarrow 0;
       4 for i \leftarrow 1 to n - 8 do
            for j \leftarrow 1 to n-5 do
                  A[i] \leftarrow A[i] + A[i+3] + A[j+1];
                s \leftarrow s + A[i];
              \mathbf{end}
        8
       9 end
      10 s \leftarrow s + \text{func2}(A, k);
      11 return (s);
3.
          func3(A, n)
           /* A is an array of integers
        1 if (n \le 15) then return (A[1]);
       s \leftarrow 0;
       3 for i \leftarrow 1 to n-5 do
             B[i] \leftarrow A[i] + A[i+3];
             s \leftarrow s + A[i];
       6 end
       7 k \leftarrow \mathbf{Random}(\lfloor n/7 \rfloor);
       s \leftarrow s + \text{func3}(A, k);
       9 s \leftarrow s + \text{func3}(B, n-k);
```

10 return (s);

4. Consider the following function:

Input: Array A of at least j elements. Integers i and j. Result: A permutation of the i through j elements of A such that $A[i] \leq A[i+1] \leq A[i+2] \leq \ldots \leq A[j]$.

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 \begin{array}{lll} & \text{Sort3}(\mathsf{A}[\ ],i,j) \\ & \text{1} & \text{if } (i < j) \text{ then} \\ & \text{2} & p \leftarrow \mathsf{NearCenter}(A,i,j); \\ & /^* \ Partition \ \mathsf{A}[i,\dots,j] \ using \ p \ s.t. \ \mathsf{A}[s] = p \ and \ \mathsf{A}[i'] \leq p \leq A[j'] \ for \ i \leq i' \leq s \leq j' \leq j \\ & \text{3} & s \leftarrow \mathsf{Partition}(\mathsf{A},i,j,p); \\ & \text{3} & s \leftarrow \mathsf{Partition}(\mathsf{A},i,j,p); \\ & \text{4} & \mathsf{Sort3}(\mathsf{A}[\ ],i,s-1); \\ & \mathsf{5} & \mathsf{Sort3}(\mathsf{A}[\ ],s+1,j); \\ & \mathbf{6} & \mathbf{end} \end{array}
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Function NearCenter returns an element p of $S = \{A[i], A[i+1], A[i+2], ..., A[j]\}$ whose rank is between n/10 and 9n/10, i.e., at least n/10 elements of S are less than or equal to p and at least 9n/10 elements of S are greater than or equal to p.

Let n = i - j + 1 be the number of elements being sorted.

Assume that function NearCenter takes cn time where n = i - j + 1 time.

Function Partition is the function defined in class and in the slides.

What is the asymptotic WORST CASE running time of Sort3. Justify your solution.

(You may assume that the more uneven the partition, the longer the combined running times of Sort3(A[],i,s-1) and Sort3(A[],s+1,j).)