



CS211 Computer Architecture
Fall 2020

Recitation 8

Reference

<https://www.felixcloutier.com/x86/>

Reminder:

data type	suffix	size (bytes)
byte	b	1
word	w	2
double (or long) word	l	4
quad word	q	8
single precision float	s	4
double precision float	d	8

mov vs lea

Does lea attempt to access memory? How about mov?

mov vs lea

- mov – load a value
- lea – load effective address
- **lea** **source**, **destination** □ won't “dereference” address like mov; moves address itself

Example:

```
%eax = 0x20, %ebx = 0x4, 0x28 = $50
```

```
leal (%eax, %ebx, 2), %ecx *source = 0x28 □ moves 0x28 into ecx
```

```
movl (%eax, %ebx, 2), %ecx *source = 0x28 □ moves 50 into ecx
```

Jump Statements

- Recursion and loops can be implemented using **jump statements**
 - Jump to another part of code if given condition is satisfied
 - Carries out conditions give which **carry flags** are set to act as “true” or “false”

jX	Condition	Description
jmp	1	Unconditional
j e	ZF	Equal / Zero
j ne	\sim ZF	Not Equal / Not Zero
j s	SF	Negative
j ns	\sim SF	Nonnegative
j g	$\sim (SF \wedge OF) \& \sim ZF$	Greater (Signed)
j ge	$\sim (SF \wedge OF)$	Greater or Equal (Signed)
j l	$(SF \wedge OF)$	Less (Signed)
j le	$(SF \wedge OF) \mid ZF$	Less or Equal (Signed)
j a	$\sim CF \& \sim ZF$	Above (unsigned)
j b	CF	Below (unsigned)

GDB/HW4 Review

Important notes

- Disassemble the assembly (duh) - **disas**
- Breakpoints are how you will prevent the bomb from exploding
 - **b** <function name or address>
 - Function names for each phase are “phase_1, phase_2, etc”
 - Function name that gets called to explode is “explode_bomb”
- Show register info – **i r**
- Print contents at address or register – **x <...>**
 - x \$rax; x 0x5175879; x/s \$rdi