



Introductions



Meet Our Team!



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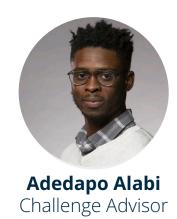


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Our Al Studio TA and Challenge Advisors







Presentation Agenda

- 1. Al Studio Project Overview
- 2. Architecture
- 3. **Implementation**
- 4. Vector Search LLM
- 5. Final Implementation and Demonstration



Al Studio Project Overview



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Self-Hosted Product-Centric Project

Utilizing a pre-trained LLM of public data

End-to-end implementation



Our Goal

- 1. Design an **end-to-end self-hosted application** that allows users to retrieve information from a private pdf document
- 2. Redesign to implement **multiple documents** to be inputted into the chatbot
- 3. Allow JPMC to deliver recommendations and information to clients in-house without third-parties involved
 - a. Companies with financial data don't have the liberty to send data to OpenAl due to the necessity of **data security** regarding financial statements
 - b. Federal Trade Commission Financial Privacy Regulations



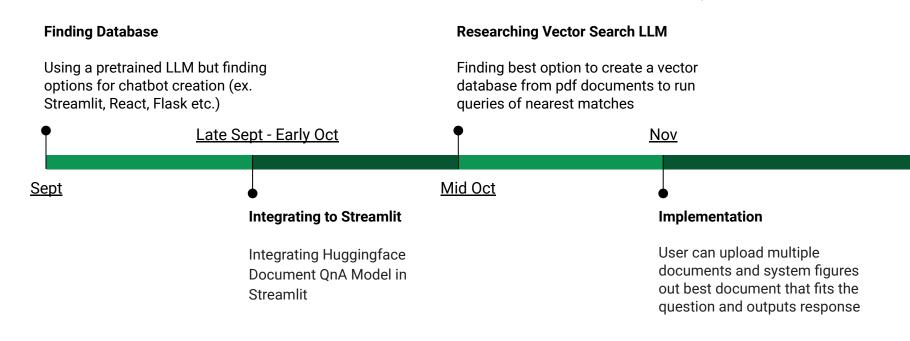
Business Impact

- Worked with JP Morgan Chase on this project
- With explosions of LLMs such as ChatGPT, chatbots are now able to have human-like conversations
- Companies like JPMC would benefit from chatbots that allow users to talk to these documents without sharing any data with external services



Our Approach

Decided on the following approach based on Challenge Advisor guidance. Before starting the project, we researched different architectures and frameworks that are feasible for us to implement.



How can financial companies abide by data regulations while still utilizing AI/ML/DL to make processes more efficient?

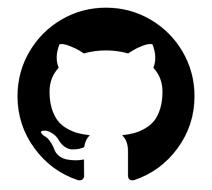
- Create data processing programs in-house!
 - Maintains data integrity and safety
 - Abides by financial institution data privacy laws
 - Gives firms the opportunity to cater their created software product to their own needs
 - Streamlined data collection and processing



Resources We Leveraged

- HuggingFace
- Streamlit
- Github





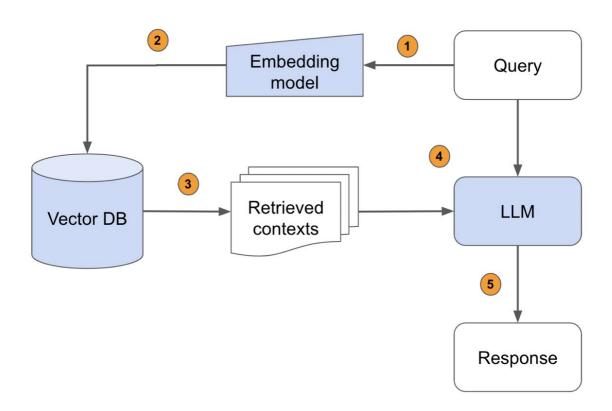




Architecture



Program Architecture





Implementation



Model Research

HuggingFace

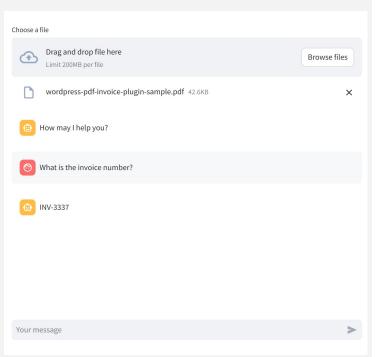
- Building and deploying machine learning models
- Includes open-source pre-trained models
- Ideal to test chatbot on in regards to basic information
- Involves a wide range of datasets to test different types of questions on





Streamlit is an open-source app framework for machine learning and data science web apps







DocQuery Implementation

- Takes a single image file or single page
 PDF
- Takes a question from the user
- Returns an answer using DocQuery



RoBERTa Implementation

- RoBERTa Overview

- Self-supervised transformers model pretrained on large English texts
- Bidirectional representation learning

- Implementation

- Takes a single PDF file and extracts the text from the file
- Takes a question from the user
- Returns an answer using the RoBERTa model
- Demo

```
# File uploader widget
uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Choose a file")
# Upload file to temp folder and get file path
if uploaded file:
    temp dir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
   path = os.path.join(temp_dir, uploaded_file.name)
   with open(path, "wb") as f:
        f.write(uploaded_file.getvalue())
# Store LLM generated responses
if "messages" not in st.session state.keys():
   st.session_state.messages = [{"role": "assistant", "content": "How may I help you?"}]
# Display chat messages
for message in st.session state.messages:
    with st.chat message(message["role"]):
       st.write(message["content"])
def generate response(path, prompt input):
    p = pipeline("document-question-answering")
   doc = document.load document(path)
   return p(question=prompt input, **doc.context)[0]["answer"]
# User-provided prompt
if prompt := st.chat_input():
   st.session_state.messages.append({"role": "user", "content": prompt})
   with st.chat message("user"):
        st.write(prompt)
# Generate a new response if last message is not from assistant
if st.session state.messages[-1]["role"] != "assistant":
   with st.chat message("assistant"):
        with st.spinner("Thinking..."):
            response = generate response(path, prompt)
            st.write(response)
   message = {"role": "assistant", "content": response}
    st.session_state.messages.append(message)
```



```
import streamlit as st
from hugchat import hugchat
from transformers import pipeline
from pypdf import PdfReader
import io
st.set page config(page title="AI Finance Chatbot@")
st.header('AI Finance Chatbot '')
uploaded_file = st.file_uploader('Choose your .pdf file', type="pdf")
if uploaded file is not None:
   file contents = uploaded file.read()
   remote_file_bytes = io.BytesIO(file_contents)
    pdfdoc remote = PdfReader(remote file bytes)
    pdf text = ""
   for i in range(len(pdfdoc remote.pages)):
       print(i)
       page = pdfdoc remote.pages[i]
       page_content = page.extract_text()
       pdf text += page content
    print(pdf text)
    nlp = pipeline(
        "question-answering",
       model="deepset/roberta-base-squad2",
       tokenizer="deepset/roberta-base-squad2",
if "messages" not in st.session state.keys():
   st.session_state.messages = [
       {"role": "assistant", "content": "Ask me a question about the document!"}
```



Vector Search LLMs



Vector Search in Large Language Models (LLMs): A Comprehensive Overview

- What is Vector Search?

- Turns text into numerical vectors representing its meaning.
- Helps find relevant answers in a huge amount of data.

- How Does it Work?

- Input Conversion: Changes your question into a vector.
- Matching: Compares your vector with stored vectors to find the best match.

- Benefits

- Fast: Quickly sifts through large data.
- Accurate: Understands context, not just keywords.



Implementing Vector Search in Chatbots

Input as Query: Al interprets request as a query. Question is now converted into a numerical vector.

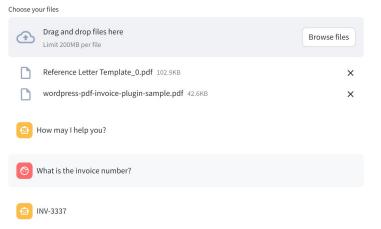
Semantic Understanding: LLM analyzes the text's content, breaking down into simpler concepts.

Response Generation: The AI then generates a response, akin to how vector search matches a query vector with the most relevant document vectors, the essence of the original text is preserved.

student input: "to make my HW more "readable and to the point" gpt respond: In order to make your HW more "concise and reader-friendly"......



Final Implementation and Demonstration



Your message



Txt-Al Implementation

- Converts pdf files into txt
- Creates vector embeddings of all files and stores in a vector database
- Searches database for file with closest context



References and Resources

- <u>impira/layoutlm-document-qa · Hugging Face</u>
- <u>GitHub impira/docquery: An easy way to extract information from documents</u>
- <u>deepset/roberta-base-squad2 · Hugging Face</u>
- <u>GitHub neuml/txtai: All-in-one open-source embeddings database for semantic search, LLM orchestration and language model workflows</u>
- How to build an LLM-powered ChatBot with Streamlit
- <u>GitHub py-pdf/pypdf: A pure-python PDF library capable of splitting, merging, cropping, and transforming the pages of PDF files</u>

