Norm_Imputation_strategy_selection

Fay

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Normalize or impute first?

Here is a document on selecting the best order for normalization and imputation of the immune gene expression data.

Layout:

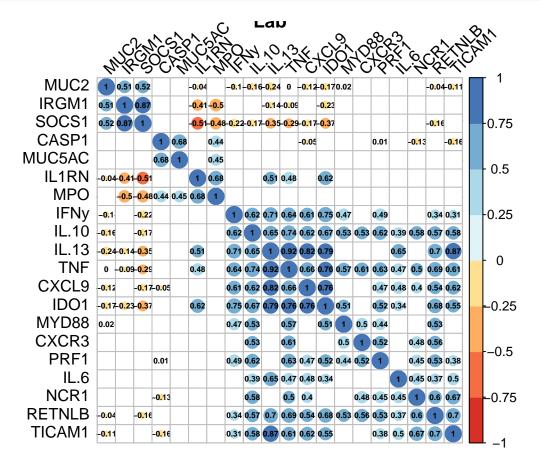
- 1. Correlation of non-normalized and non-imputed gene expression data
- 2. Correlation of non-normalized and imputed gene expression data
- 3. Correlation of normalized data (no imputation)
- 4. Correlation of 1st normalized and sequentially imputed gene expression data
- 5. Corrrelation of 1st imputed and sequentially normalized gene expression data

Data input

Libraries

1. Correlation of non-normalized and non-imputed gene expression data

```
order="hclust", #hclust reordering
p.mat = p.mat, sig.level = 0.01, insig = "blank",
addCoef.col = 'black',
number.cex=0.5,
title = "Lab")
```

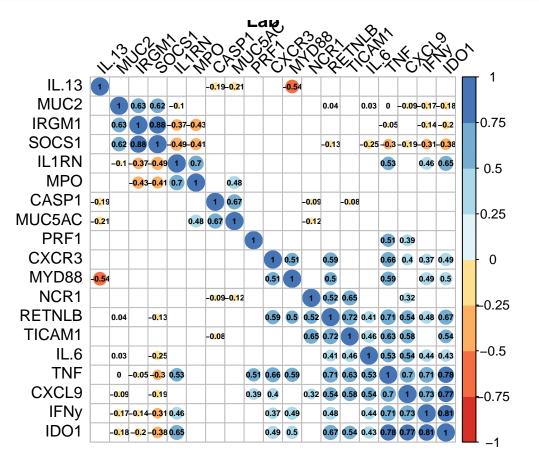


Correlation of non-normalized and non-imputed gene expression data, Results:

- a. positive correlations between MUC2, IRGM1 and SOCS1
- b. positive correlations between CASP1 and MUC5AC
- c. positive correlations between IFNy, IL.10, IL.13, TNF, CXCL9, TICAM1 and IDO1
- d. MYD88, PRF1, IL.6, NCR1, RETNLB, TICAM1 positive correlations with group c
- e. negative correlations between group a (MUC2, IRGM1, SOCS1) and group c (IFNY, IL.10 etc)
- f. negative correlations between IL1RN, MPO and group a
- g. negative correlations between NCR1, RETNLB, TICAM1 and group a

2. Correlation of non-normalized and imputed gene expression data

```
lab <- hm_imp %>%
    filter(origin== "Lab")
gene_correlation <- lab[,Genes_v]</pre>
# draw correlation between the genes
gene_correlation <- as.matrix(cor(gene_correlation,</pre>
                                   use="pairwise.complete.obs"))
# matrix of the p-value of the correlatio
p.mat <- cor.mtest(gene_correlation)</pre>
corrplot(gene_correlation,
         method = "circle", #method of the plot, "color" would show colour gradient
         t1.col = "black", t1.srt=45, #colour of labels and rotation
         col = brewer.pal(n = 8, name ="RdYlBu"), #colour of matrix
         order="hclust", #hclust reordering
         p.mat = p.mat, sig.level = 0.01, insig = "blank",
         addCoef.col = 'black',
         number.cex=0.5,
         title = "Lab")
```



2. Correlation of non-normalized and imputed gene expression data, Results:

```
a. positive correlations between MUC2, IRGM1, SOCS1
```

- b. positive correlations between IL1RN, MPO
- c. positve correlations between CASP1, MUC5AC
- d. positve correlations between CXCR3, MYD88
- e. positive correlations between RETNLB, TICAM1, IL.6, TNF, CXCL9, IFNy, IDO1
- f. positive correlations between IL1RN and TNF, IFN< and IDO1
- g. negative correlations between IRGM1, SOCS2 and IL1RN, MPO
- h. negative correlations between group MUC2, IRGM1, SOC1 vs IL.6, TNF, CXCL9, IFNy and IDO1
- i. negative correlations between IL.13 and CASP1, MUC5AC and MYD88

3. Correlation of normalized data (no imputation)

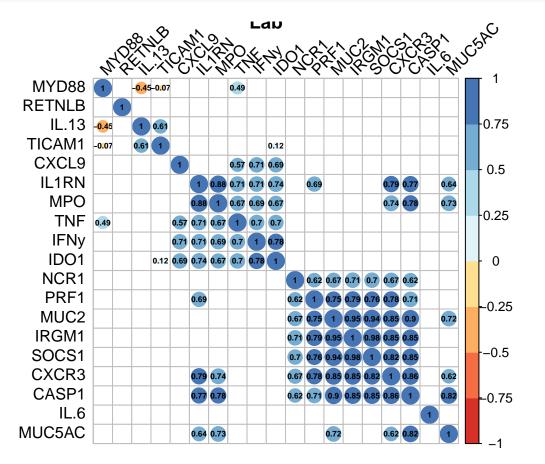
```
#DCt (sample) = Ct(reference gene) - Ct(gene of interest)
calculate_delta_ct <- function(df, HKG) {</pre>
  # Extract the column of the housekeeping gene
  reference_gene <- df[[HKG]]
  Mouse_ID <- df$Mouse_ID</pre>
  g <- df[, colnames(df) %in% Genes_v]
  delta_ct <- sapply(g, function(gene) reference_gene - gene)</pre>
  delta_ct <- as.data.frame(cbind(Mouse_ID, delta_ct))</pre>
  return(delta_ct)
}
# more positive = higher expression
# Use the function
norm_field <- calculate_delta_ct(field, "GAPDH")</pre>
norm_lab <- calculate_delta_ct(lab, "PPIB")</pre>
norm_g <- rbind(norm_field, norm_lab)</pre>
hm_norm <- hm %>%
    dplyr::select(-all_of(Genes_v)) %>%
    left_join(norm_g, by = "Mouse_ID")
rm(result, norm_g)
```

Correlations normalised genes (no imputation)

```
lab <- hm_norm%>%
    filter(origin== "Lab")

gene_correlation <- sapply(lab[,Genes_v], as.numeric)

# draw correlation between the genes</pre>
```



3. Correlation of normalized (not imputed) gene expression data, Results:

- a. correlation between IL.13 and TICAM1
- b. correlation between CXCL9 and TNF, IFNy and IDO1

- c. correlation between IL1RN, MPO, TNF, IFNy, IDO1
- d. correlation between NCR1, PRF1, MUC2, IRGM1, SOCS1, CXCR3, CASP1
- e. correlation between MUC5AC and CXCL9, IL1RN, MUC2, CXCR3, IL.16
- f. correlation between MYD88 and IL.13, TICAM1

4. Correlation of 1st normalized and sequentially imputed gene expression data

```
hm_genes <- hm_norm[,c("Mouse_ID", "origin", Genes_v)]
genes <- hm_genes[, -1]
seed = 1213
#init <- mice(hm_genes, maxit = 0)</pre>
```

Error in edit.setup(data, setup, \dots): mice detected constant and/or collinear variables. No predictors were left after their removal.

The treshold for colinearity in the package "MICE" is set to a max correlation of 0.99 by default.

The normalised gene expression values present a maximum correlation of

```
max(gene_correlation[gene_correlation < 1], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0.9843948
```

between genes.

I can't run mice as genes become "too" correlated.

I can't get this to work: https://github.com/amices/mice/issues/278

5. Corrrelation of 1st imputed and sequentially normalized gene expression data

```
field <- hm_imp %>%
    dplyr::filter(origin == "Field")

lab <- hm_imp %>%
    dplyr::filter(origin == "Lab")

#DeltaCt (sample) = Ct(reference gene) - Ct(gene of interest)

# more positive = higher expression

# Use the function
norm_field <- calculate_delta_ct(field, "GAPDH")

norm_lab <- calculate_delta_ct(lab, "PPIB")</pre>
```

```
norm_g <- rbind(norm_field, norm_lab)</pre>
hm_norm <- hm %>%
    dplyr::select(-all_of(Genes_v)) %>%
    left_join(norm_g, by = "Mouse_ID")
lab <- hm_norm%>%
    filter(origin== "Lab")
gene_correlation <- sapply(lab[,Genes_v], as.numeric)</pre>
# draw correlation between the genes
gene_correlation <- as.matrix(cor(gene_correlation,</pre>
                                   use="pairwise.complete.obs"))
# matrix of the p-value of the correlatio
p.mat <- cor.mtest(gene_correlation)</pre>
corrplot(gene_correlation,
         method = "circle", #method of the plot, "color" would show colour gradient
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt=45, #colour of labels and rotation
         col = brewer.pal(n = 8, name ="RdYlBu"), #colour of matrix
         order="hclust", #hclust reordering
         p.mat = p.mat, sig.level = 0.01, insig = "blank",
```

addCoef.col = 'black',

number.cex=0.5,
title = "Lab")

