

Introduction

Methods	Percentage
Assignments	20
Quizzes	20
Group project	20
Final Assessment	40
TOTAL	100

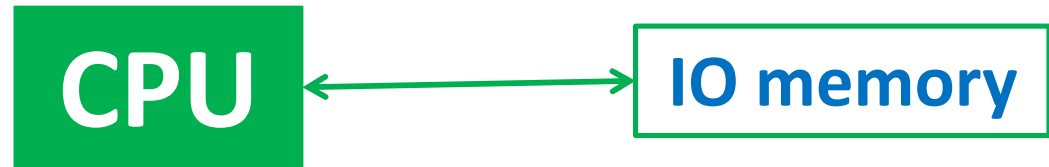
What Is the TA about?

- **Automata Theory** constitute the **theoretical foundation** of computer science (the study of abstract computing devices, or “machines”) and covers several topics: **formal languages**, **grammars**, **automata**, **computability** and **complexity**.
- **Languages**, **grammars** and **automata** provide **abstract models** of computers and computation.
- **Computability** and **complexity** determine what can be computed in **principle** what can be computed in **practice**.

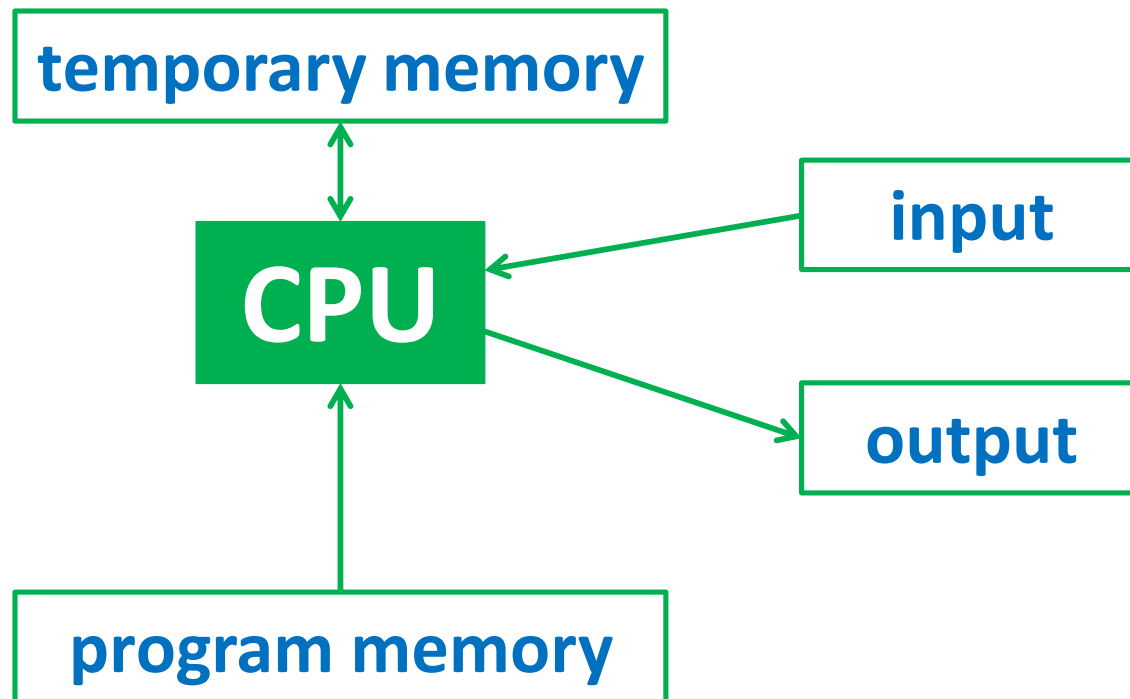
Why Is the TA Useful?

- Direct **application** to creating
 - compilers, lexical analyzers, programming languages,
 - HTML, natural language processing, security,
 - designing applications, etc.
- **Formal framework** to analyze new types of computing devices, e.g. **bio-computers** or **quantum computers**.
- Develop **mathematically mature** computer scientists capable of **precise** and **formal reasoning**!

Computation Model



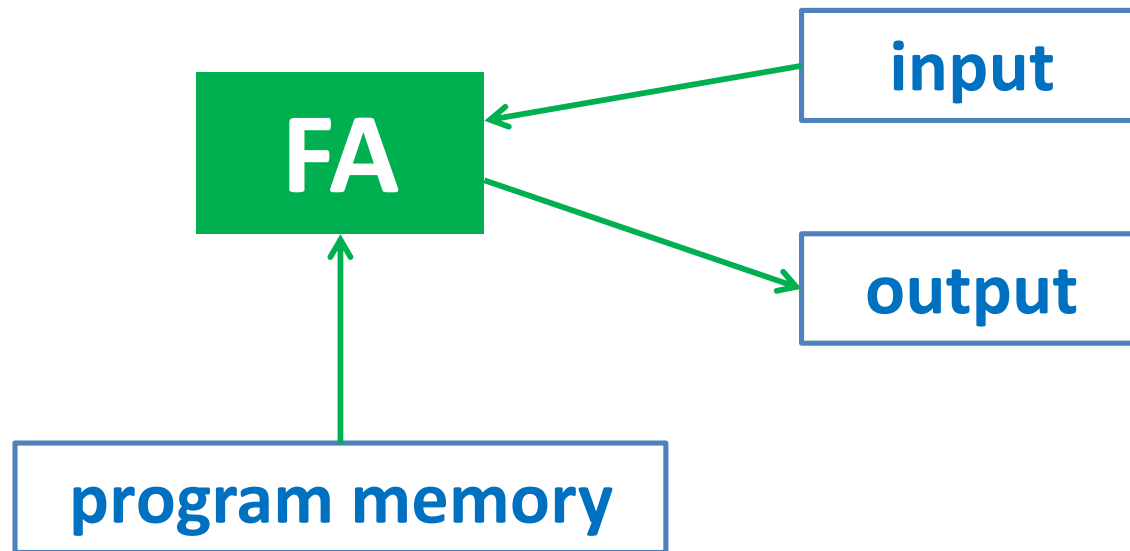
Computation Model



Automata

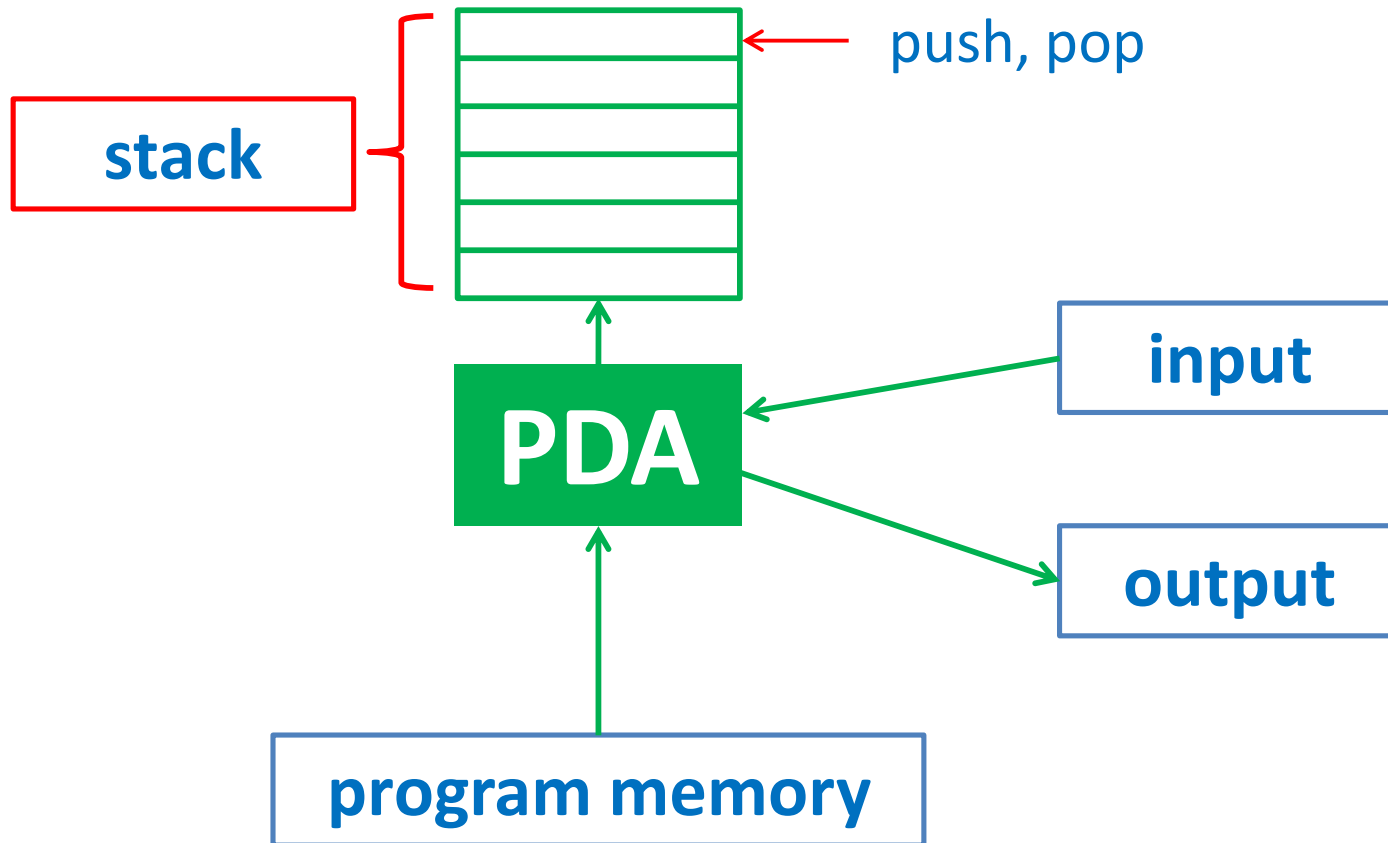
- **Automata** are distinguished by the **temporary memory**
 - **Finite Automata:** **no temporary memory**
 - **Pushdown Automata:** **stack**
 - **Turing Machines:** **random access memory**

Finite Automata



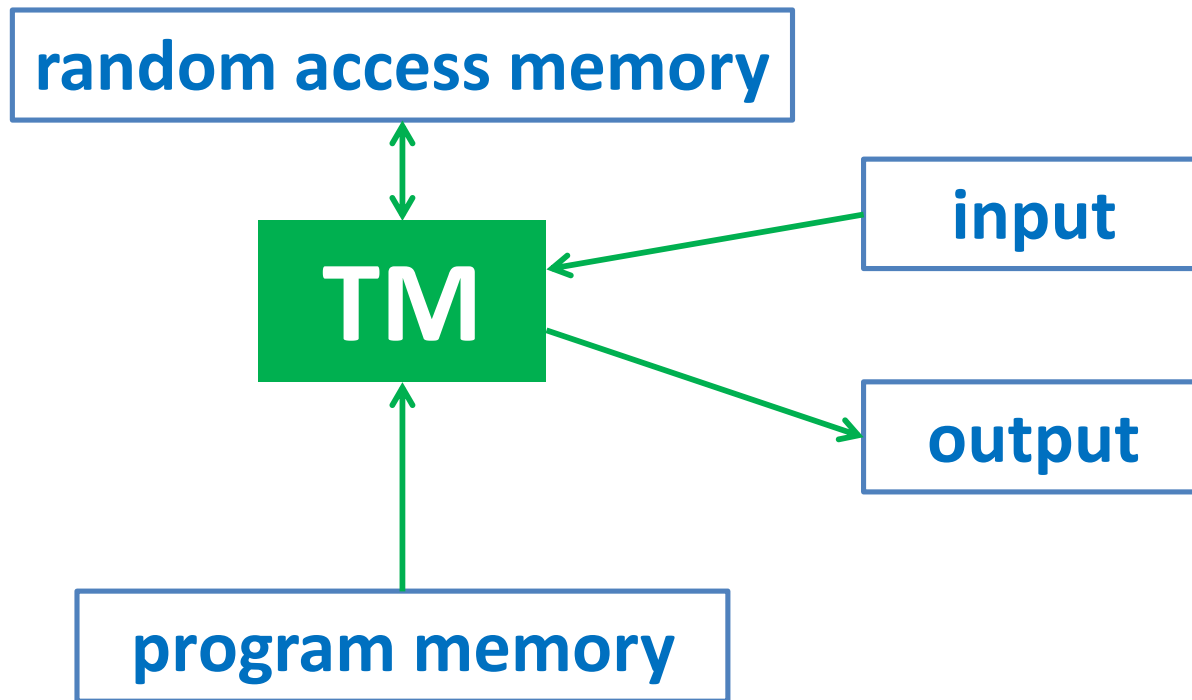
Example: Vending Machines (small computing power)

Pushdown Automata



Example: Compilers for Programming Languages

Turing Machines



Example: Any Algorithm (highest computing power)

Computational Power



Less power

More power

Solve more computational problems