

CID 1030

# Propylene glycol

## Hazardous Reactivities and Incompatibilities



Reacts with strong oxidants, causing fire hazard.

*International Program on Chemical Safety/Commission of the European Communities; International Chemical Safety Card on Propylene glycol (July, 1997). Available from, as of January 4, 2010: <http://www.inchem.org/pages/icsc.html>*

► [Hazardous Substances Data Bank \(HSDB\)](#)

Propylene glycol is incompatible with oxidizing reagents such as [potassium permanganate](#).

*Rowe, R.C., Sheskey, P.J., Quinn, M.E.; (Eds.), Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients 6th edition Pharmaceutical Press, London, England 2009, p. 593*

► [Hazardous Substances Data Bank \(HSDB\)](#)

No significantly dangerous substances are produced after contact with light, humidity or commonly available chemicals. Propylene glycol may react with [hydrofluoric acid](#) + [nitric acid](#) + [silver nitrate](#) to form the explosive [silver fulminate](#).

*IPCS; Poisons Information Monograph 443: Propylene glycol (May 1994). Available from, as of January 4, 2009: <http://www.inchem.org/documents/pims/chemical/pim443.htm>*

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A chemical polishing mixture /of [hydrofluoric acid](#), propylene glycol, and [silver nitrate](#)/ was put into a closed glass bottle which burst 30 min later, and formation of [silver fulminate](#) was suggested. However, in absence of the [silver](#) salt such mixtures evolve gas and should not be stored in any event, especially after use for metal polishing, when the dissolved metal(s) tend to further destabilize the mixture.

*Bretherick, L. Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards. 4th ed. Boston, MA: Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd., 1990, p. 1167*

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