

CID 1030

Propylene glycol

First Aid



EYES: First check the victim for contact lenses and remove if present. Flush victim's eyes with [water](#) or normal saline solution for 20 to 30 minutes while simultaneously calling a hospital or poison control center. Do not put any ointments, oils, or medication in the victim's eyes without specific instructions from a physician. **IMMEDIATELY** transport the victim after flushing eyes to a hospital even if no symptoms (such as redness or irritation) develop. **SKIN:** **IMMEDIATELY** flood affected skin with [water](#) while removing and isolating all contaminated clothing. Gently wash all affected skin areas thoroughly with soap and [water](#). If symptoms such as redness or irritation develop, **IMMEDIATELY** call a physician and be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital for treatment. **INHALATION:** **IMMEDIATELY** leave the contaminated area; take deep breaths of fresh air. If symptoms (such as wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath, or burning in the mouth, throat, or chest) develop, call a physician and be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital. Provide proper respiratory protection to rescuers entering an unknown atmosphere. Whenever possible, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) should be used; if not available, use a level of protection greater than or equal to that advised under Protective Clothing. **INGESTION:** **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** If the victim is conscious and not convulsing, give 1 or 2 glasses of [water](#) to dilute the chemical and **IMMEDIATELY** call a hospital or poison control center. Be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital if advised by a physician. If the victim is convulsing or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth, ensure that the victim's airway is open and lay the victim on his/her side with the head lower than the body. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** **IMMEDIATELY** transport the victim to a hospital. (NTP, 1992)

National Toxicology Program, Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, National Institutes of Health (NTP). 1992. National Toxicology Program Chemical Repository Database. Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.

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