# Kolla / Habanero / Ubuntu 16.04

## Introduction

This document explains how to deploy a Newton OpenStack instance on Power 8.

## Configuration

Start from a Power system running Ubuntu 16.04 with two NICs. On our system, enP1p3s0f0 is the 'public' interface and enP1p3s0f0 the 'management' interface.

```
vi /etc/network/interfaces

auto enP1p3s0f0
iface enP1p3s0f0 inet static
  dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8
  address 172.31.250.2/24
  mtu 1500

auto enP1p9s0
  iface enP1p9s0 inet static
      gateway 192.168.154.1
      dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8
      address 192.168.154.2/24
  mtu 1500
```

## Preparation

Note: all the Kolla installation must be done under 'root'. Modify the /etc/ssh/sshd\_config file.

```
ssh ubuntu@192.168.154.2
sudo vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
    # PermitRootLogin prohibit-password
    PermitEmptyPasswords no
    # PasswordAuthentication no
sudo service ssh restart
sudo cp /home/ubuntu/.ssh/authorized_keys /root/.ssh/exit
```

```
ssh <u>root@192.168.154.2</u>
```

## Update /etc/hosts

192.168.154.2 hnode1-11.pub.pic2.ibm.com hnode1-11

#### Add SMT off to /etc/rc.local

```
vi /etc/rc.local
    ppc64 cpu --smt=off
```

## Update

```
apt-get update
apt-get upgrade -y
apt-get install -y bridge-utils
```

### Setup the 'public' interface as a bridge

```
vi /etc/network/interfaces
```

```
# auto enP1p3s0f0
# iface enP1p3s0f0 inet static
      address 172.31.250.2/24
     dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8
# mtu 1500
auto enP1p3s0f0
iface enP1p3s0f0 inet manual
auto br1
iface br1 inet static
        address 172.31.250.2/24
        gateway 172.31.255.254
   dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8
        bridge ports enP1p3s0f0
        bridge fd 9
        bridge hello 2
        bridge maxage 12
        bridge stp off
        mtu 1500
```

#### Remove gateway from enP1p9s0

```
auto enP1p9s0
iface enP1p9s0 inet static
     # gateway 192.168.154.1
```

```
dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8 address 192.168.154.2/24 mtu 1500
```

#### Reboot

reboot

### Install pip

```
apt install python-pip -y
pip install --upgrade pip
```

#### Install Docker

```
apt-get install docker.io=1.10.3-Oubuntu6 -y
```

### Enable insecure access to the registry

```
vi /etc/default/docker
DOCKER OPTS="--insecure-registry 192.168.154.2:4000"
```

#### Restart Docker

service docker stop && service docker start

#### Update package

```
pip install -U docker-py
pip install -U python-openstackclient
pip install -U python-neutronclient
apt-get install -y python-dev libffi-dev libssl-dev gcc git
```

#### Create the drop-in unit directory for docker.service

```
mkdir -p /etc/systemd/system/docker.service.d
```

#### Create the drop-in unit file

```
tee /etc/systemd/system/docker.service.d/kolla.conf << 'EOF'
[Service]
MountFlags=shared
EOF</pre>
```

#### Reload and restart Docker

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl restart docker
```

#### Mount

```
mount --make-shared /run
```

#### Install NTP

```
apt-get install ntp -y
```

#### Install Ansible

```
pip install -U ansible==2.1.2.0
```

## Install Kolla

As Kolla on Power is a work in progress, the current version is a temporary custom version. It's distributed as a self contained images:

```
kolla-11182016.tar
kolla-etc-11182016.tar
kolla-tools-11182016.tar
kolla-usr-11182016.tar
```

The kolla-11182016.tar file will expand in your local home directory under kolla. It contains the original Kolla code from github.

```
tar -xvf kolla-11182016.tar
pip install kolla/
```

Make sure that Kolla version is '2.0.0.0rc2.dev624'

```
pip list | fgrep kolla
kolla (2.0.0.0rc2.dev624)
```

The kolla-etc-11182016.tar will expand in the etc local directory. It contains the Kolla deployment files specific to your environment. After configuration, these files need to be moved under the /etc/kolla directory.

```
tar -xvf kolla-etc-11182016.tar
mkdir -p /etc/kolla
cp etc/kolla/* /etc/kolla
```

The kolla-tools-11182016.tar will expand in your local directory. It's a set of tools to ease the build, deployment, cleanup tasks. They have to be reconfigured to match your local settings.

```
tar -xvf kolla-tools-11182016.tar
```

Note: after a system reboot run the after-reboot script to setup the environment. For automatic setup you can add the content of this file to your /etc/rc.local file.

Note: most of the tools don't have the IP addresses properly configured. Before running them, please make sure that the IP addresses match your environment.

```
The kolla-usr-11182016.tar will expand to the usr local directory. This is the modified Kolla code. It need to be moved under /usr
```

```
tar -xvf kolla-usr-11182016.tar
mkdir -p /usr/local/share/kolla
cp -R usr/local/share/kolla/* /usr/local/share/kolla
```

### Create an Ubuntu base image for POWER

```
apt-get install -y debootstrap
     curl -o debootstrap.sh
     https://raw.githubusercontent.com/docker/docker/master/contrib/m
     kimage/debootstrap
     chmod 755 debootstrap.sh
     ./debootstrap.sh ubuntu --components=main,universe xenial
     tar -C ubuntu -c . | sudo docker import - ubuntu:16.04
     docker tag ubuntu:16.04 ubuntu:ppc64
     docker images
     docker tag <image id> 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64
     I.e docker tag b7ed97810eff 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64
Install and start registry
     apt-get install docker-registry -y
     vi /etc/docker/registry/config.yml
          http:
               addr: :4000
               headers:
                    X-Content-Type-Options: [nosniff]
     nohup sudo /usr/bin/docker-registry
     /etc/docker/registry/config.yml &
```

This will start the registry service on port 4000. Check that it's opened for request

```
nc -zv <registry_host>:<port>
i.e.
nc -zv 192.168.154.2 4000
```

```
Connection to 192.168.154.2 4000 port [tcp/*] succeeded!
```

Push the Ubuntu ppc64 image in the local registry

```
docker push 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64
```

#### Horizon fix

## Disable libvirt profile

```
# Ubuntu
service libvirt-bin stop
update-rc.d libvirt-bin disable
sudo apparmor parser -R /etc/apparmor.d/usr.sbin.libvirtd
```

# Disable apparmor

```
service apparmor stop
update-rc.d -f apparmor remove
```

# Open port 22

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport ssh -j ACCEPT
```

#### **VGA**

In the image meta data, make sure to have vga set for the hw video model property

```
glance image-update cb5b0f93-5068-4ba8-b1b4-7b3673178d2b
--property hw video model=vga
```

Make sure to set the console on the kernel command line in the image itself. Make that change in /etc/default/grub, then rebuild the grub.cfg

```
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX="crashkernel=auto console=tty0
```

```
console=ttyS0,115200n8"
update-grub
```

Building Container Images (takes some time ~40 minutes)

```
kolla-build --base-image 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu --base ubuntu --base-tag ppc64 --type source --registry 192.168.154.2:4000 --push
```

Note: the 'gnocchi' package does not build (yet) on Power.

Note: from time to time, when the network is not reliable, some packages fail to build. In this case just restart the build process.

After the build completes you can list the images:

```
docker images
```

#### Cinder

The cinder implementation defaults to using LVM storage. The default implementation requires a volume group be set up. This can either be a real physical volume or a loopback mounted file for development.

During development, it may be desirable to use file backed block storage. It is possible to use a file and mount it as a block device via the loopback system.

```
mknod /dev/loop2 b 7 2
  dd if=/dev/zero of=/var/lib/cinder_data.img bs=1G count=200
  losetup /dev/loop2 /var/lib/cinder_data.img
  pvcreate /dev/loop2
  vgcreate cinder-volumes /dev/loop2
```

## Deployment

Create a pair of virtual interfaces

```
ip link add type veth
brctl addif br1 veth0
ifconfig veth0 up
ifconfig veth1 up
```

Deploying Kolla (all-in-one)

All variables for the environment can be specified in the files: "/etc/kolla/globals.yml" and "/etc/kolla/passwords.yml"

Generate new passwords

```
kolla-genpwd
```

### Start by editing the globals.yml file

```
sudo vi /etc/kolla/globals.yml
config strategy: "COPY ALWAYS"
kolla base distro: "ubuntu"
kolla install type: "source"
enable haproxy: "no"
kolla internal vip address: "192.168.154.2"
kolla internal fqdn: "{{ kolla internal vip address }}"
kolla external vip address: "{{ kolla internal vip address }}"
kolla external fqdn: "{{ kolla external vip address }}"
docker registry: "192.168.154.2:4000"
network interface: "enP1p9s0"
neutron external interface: "veth1"
neutron plugin agent: "linuxbridge"
enable heat: "yes"
enable neutron: "yes"
enable cinder: "yes"
# enable iscsi: "yes"
cinder iscsi ip address: "192.168.154.2"
cinder volume group: "cinder-volumes"
cinder volume backend name: "lvm"
```

#### Run the deployment

```
kolla-ansible deploy
```

After successful deployment of OpenStack, run the following command can create an openrc file /etc/kolla/admin-openrc.sh on the deploy node.

```
kolla-ansible post-deploy
```

## Update configuration script

```
vi /etc/kolla/init-runonce
```

```
# Test to ensure configure script is run only once
if glance image-list | grep -q ubuntu; then
        echo "This tool should only be run once per
deployment."
        exit
fi
```

```
echo Downloading glance image.
IMAGE URL=http://cloud-images.ubuntu.com/xenial/current/
IMAGE=xenial-server-cloudimg-ppc64el-disk1.img
if ! [ -f "$IMAGE" ]; then
    curl -L -o ./$IMAGE $IMAGE URL/$IMAGE
fi
echo Creating glance image.
glance image-create --name ubuntu-16.04 --progress
--disk-format gcow2 --container-format bare --progress
--file ./$IMAGE
echo Configuring neutron.
neutron net-create public1 --router:external
--provider:physical network physnet1
--provider:network type flat
neutron subnet-create --name 1-subnet --disable-dhcp
--allocation-pool start=172.31.250.150, end=172.31.250.199
public1 172.31.0.0/16 --gateway 172.31.255.254
--dns-nameservers list=true 8.8.8.8
neutron net-create demo-net --provider:network type vxlan
neutron subnet-create demo-net 10.0.0.0/24 --name
demo-subnet --gateway 10.0.0.1 --dns-nameservers list=true
8.8.8.8
neutron router-create demo-router
neutron router-interface-add demo-router demo-subnet
neutron router-gateway-set demo-router public1
```

#### Run the configuration script

```
source /etc/kolla/admin-openrc.sh
/etc/kolla/init-runonce
```

#### Logon to the Horizon dashboard

From the local system:

```
ssh -L 8080:192.168.154.2:80 root@172.31.250.2
```

#### Point a Web Browser at

```
http://localhost:8080/auth/login
domain: default
user: admin
password: <from /etc/kolla/admin-openrc.sh>
```

## Add compute node

Logon to the system that needs to be added to the infrastructure as compute node (IP: 192.168.154.4).

### Add Newton ppa (or install a different ppa if Mitaka or Kilo)

```
apt install -y software-properties-common
add-apt-repository ppa:ubuntu-cloud-archive/newton-staging
apt-get update
```

#### Install nova and neutron

```
apt-get install -y nova-compute
apt-get install -y neutron-linuxbridge-agent
```

#### Stop the services

```
service nova-compute stop
service neutron-linuxbridge-agent stop
```

#### Configure the services

## Download some configuration files from the Kolla controller system

```
cd ~
scp root@192.168.154.2:/etc/kolla//nova-compute/nova.conf .
scp
root@192.168.154.2:/etc/kolla//neutron-linuxbridge-agent/neutron
.conf .
scp
root@192.168.154.2:/etc/kolla//neutron-linuxbridge-agent/ml2_con
f.ini .
```

#### Update the configuration files

```
vi ml2_conf.ini
[ml2]
```

```
type drivers = flat,vlan,vxlan
     tenant network types = vxlan
     mechanism drivers = linuxbridge, 12population
     [ml2 type vlan]
     network vlan ranges =
     [ml2 type flat]
     flat networks = physnet1
     [ml2 type vxlan]
     vni ranges = 1:1000
     vxlan group = 239.1.1.1
     [securitygroup]
     firewall driver =
     neutron.agent.linux.iptables firewall.IptablesFirewallDrive
     [linux bridge]
    physical interface mappings = physnet1:veth1
     [vxlan]
     12 population = true
     local ip = 192.168.154.4
vi neutron.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     debug = False
     log dir = /var/log/kolla/neutron
     use stderr = False
     \# bind host = 192.168.154.2
    bind host = 0.0.0.0
    bind port = 9696
     api paste config = /usr/share/neutron/api-paste.ini
     endpoint type = internalURL
     metadata proxy socket =
     /var/lib/neutron/kolla/metadata proxy
     interface driver =
     neutron.agent.linux.interface.BridgeInterfaceDriver
     allow overlapping ips = true
     core plugin = ml2
     service plugins = router
     [nova]
     auth url = http://192.168.154.2:35357
     auth type = password
    project domain id = default
```

```
user domain id = default
     region name = RegionOne
     project name = service
     username = nova
     password = KXZUO0G0p68HukxqHq8UI86U7kxzJuSq8HGvbixK
     endpoint type = internal
     [oslo concurrency]
     lock path = /var/lib/neutron/tmp
     [oslo messaging rabbit]
     rabbit userid = openstack
     rabbit password = bstpqHG52O8sfYl21JYWfz7ReA8Jg6KXmr9bggcA
     rabbit ha queues = true
     rabbit hosts = 192.168.154.2:5672
     [agent]
     root helper = sudo neutron-rootwrap
     /etc/neutron/rootwrap.conf
     [database]
     connection =
    mysql+pymysql://neutron:X1o7xeMLcsmubQma277RfOeh8ULRJYomn9w
     698oj@192.168.154.2:3306/neutron
     \max \text{ retries} = -1
     [keystone authtoken]
     auth uri = http://192.168.154.2:5000
     auth url = http://192.168.154.2:35357
     auth type = password
    project domain id = default
    user domain id = default
    project name = service
     username = neutron
    password = TkK0fbFRm4IFFMu1Nt93r224o1XhqPej1CE9f5HY
    memcache security strategy = ENCRYPT
    memcache secret key =
    mojgGPLte3GcJ5dto67zXhrEWlVOpreBRdf1Ev4l
     memcached servers = 192.168.154.2:11211
     [oslo messaging notifications]
     driver = noop
vi nova.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     debug = False
     log dir = /var/log/kolla/nova
     use forwarded for = true
     api paste config = /etc/nova/api-paste.ini
```

```
state path = /var/lib/nova
osapi compute listen = 0.0.0.0
osapi compute listen port = 8774
osapi compute workers = 4
metadata listen = 0.0.0.0
metadata listen port = 8775
metadata workers = 4
ec2 listen = 0.0.0.0
ec2 listen port = 8773
use neutron = True
firewall driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
scheduler max attempts = 10
linuxnet interface_driver =
\verb"nova.network.linux_net.NeutronLinuxBridgeInterfaceDriver"
allow resize to same host = true
compute driver = libvirt.LibvirtDriver
my ip = 192.168.154.4
[vnc]
novncproxy host = 0.0.0.0
enabled = True
novncproxy port = 6080
vncserver listen = 0.0.0.0
vncserver proxyclient address = 192.168.154.4
novncproxy_base_url =
http://192.168.154.2:6080/vnc auto.html
[oslo messaging rabbit]
rabbit userid = openstack
rabbit password = bstpqHG5208sfYl21JYWfz7ReA8Jq6KXmr9bqqcA
rabbit ha queues = true
rabbit hosts = 192.168.154.2:5672
[oslo concurrency]
lock path = /var/lib/nova/tmp
[glance]
api servers = http://192.168.154.2:9292
num retries = 1
[cinder]
catalog info = volume:cinder:internalURL
[neutron]
url = http://192.168.154.2:9696
auth strategy = keystone
metadata proxy shared secret =
pBsCzjrZ8XGTEWLurBm8ywsEPw8T130RusiLOR2q
service metadata proxy = true
```

```
auth url = http://192.168.154.2:35357
auth type = password
project domain name = default
user domain id = default
project name = service
username = neutron
password = TkK0fbFRm4IFFMu1Nt93r224o1XhqPej1CE9f5HY
[database]
connection =
mysql+pymysql://nova:5GnBhO3QoXQP3Ly1mL30UH27x7GBhRFJ2akyeq
Km@192.168.154.2:3306/nova
\max pool size = 50
max overflow = 1000
max retries = -1
[api database]
connection =
mysql+pymysql://nova api:4sfRFI8uOHO94YDmhVj8Wgoo5sWAIkFRqY
hrsgta@192.168.154.2:3306/nova api
max retries = -1
[cache]
backend = oslo cache.memcache pool
enabled = True
memcache servers = 192.168.154.2:11211
[keystone authtoken]
auth uri = http://192.168.154.2:5000
auth url = http://192.168.154.2:35357
auth type = password
project domain id = default
user domain id = default
project name = service
username = nova
password = KXZUO0G0p68HukxqHq8UI86U7kxzJuSq8HGvbixK
memcache security strategy = ENCRYPT
memcache secret key =
mojgGPLte3GcJ5dto67zXhrEWlVOpreBRdf1Ev4l
memcached servers = 192.168.154.2:11211
# [libvirt]
# connection uri = "qemu+tcp://192.168.154.4/system"
[upgrade levels]
compute = auto
[oslo messaging notifications]
driver = noop
```

```
[conductor]
workers = 4

vi nova-compute.conf

[DEFAULT]
[libvirt]
virt type=gemu
```

#### Load the configuration files

```
cat ml2_conf.ini >>
/etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/linuxbridge_agent.ini

cp /etc/neutron/neutron.conf /etc/neutron/neutron.conf.orig

cp neutron.conf /etc/neutron/neutron.conf

cp /etc/nova/nova.conf /etc/nova/nova.conf.orig

cp nova.conf /etc/nova/nova.conf

cp nova-compute.conf /etc/nova/nova-compute.conf
```

## Start the service manually

```
/usr/bin/python /usr/bin/nova-compute
--config-file=/etc/nova/nova.conf
--config-file=/etc/nova/nova-compute.conf
--log-file=/var/log/nova/nova-compute.log
/usr/bin/python /usr/bin/neutron-linuxbridge-agent
--config-file=/etc/neutron/neutron.conf
--config-file=/etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/linuxbridge_agent.ini
--log-file=/var/log/neutron/neutron-linuxbridge-agent.log
```

#### Kill the services

#### Restart the services

```
service nova-compute start
service neutron-linuxbridge-agent start
```

## **Troubleshooting**

If nova-compute logs (docker logs nova-compute) show a 'permission denied error' on KVM:

```
chmod 777 /dev/kvm
```

## Test the registry

```
wget http://192.168.154.2:4000/v2/_catalog
wget http://192.168.154.2:4000/v2/ubuntu/tags/list

docker pull 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64
ppc64: Pulling from ubuntu
Digest:
sha256:2af24e0b4f901bfe26ca059c28099b939287c7c73bbe8c26b1dfc06b3
472f2ba
Status: Image is up to date for 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64

docker run -t -i 192.168.154.2:4000/ubuntu:ppc64 bash
root@e142a20f5597:/#
```

### Change global IP addresses

```
find ./ -type f -exec sed -i 's/192\.168\.154\.2/10\.154\.10\.212/g' \{\} \;
```

#### Test Cinder

openstack volume create --size 1 frb-test-vol

openstack volume list				·
ID	Display Name	Status	Size	Attached to
2a442bcc-533c-4909-9912-283acc040c5b	frb-test-vol	available	1	1