Multiple Choice:

- 1. What does the "history" command do in Linux?
 - A. Possible Answer It shows all of the previous users who have logged into a Linux ser
 - B. Possible Answer It shows all of the previous commands by a user.
 - C. Possible Answer It shows all of the users internet browser history
 - D. Possible Answer It gives a synopsis of the history of the united states

Solution: (Answer B): The history commands gives a list of the previous commands by the user. The user can clear this.

- 2. Which of the following is not a proper Git command?
 - A. Possible Answer git status
 - B. Possible Answer git push origin master
 - C. Possible Answer git commit "This is my commit message"
 - D. Possible Answer git add .

Solution: (Answer C): When committing files using Git, you need to use "-m" for the message. I.e., git commit -m "This is my commit message".

- 3. Which two commands are used to transfer files between two machines using sftp?
 - A. Possible Answer get & post
 - B. Possible Answer move & pull
 - C. Possible Answer move & post
 - D. Possible Answer get & put

Solution: (Answer D): The "get" command copies a file from the remote host to the local machine. The "put" command copies a file from the local machine and puts it on the remote file system.

- 4. What is the proper way to begin bash script?
 - A. Possible Answer pound bang slash bin slash bash
 - B. Possible Answer bang bin slash bang slash bash

- C. Possible Answer bash pound slash bin slash bash
- D. Possible Answer bin slash bang slash bash

Solution: (Answer A): "pound bang slash bin slash bash" is the spelling out of "!/bin/bash" which is how you should begin every bash script.

Short Answer

Give an example of how to make a short LaTeX document.

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Solution:
"[12pt]article" "" "" ""

LaTeX Example

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"
This is how you make a .tex document."
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