## Multiple Choice:

- 1. What does the "history" command do in Linux?
  - A. Possible Answer It shows all of the previous users who have logged into a Linux ser
  - B. Possible Answer It shows all of the previous commands by a user.
  - C. Possible Answer It shows all of the users internet browser history
  - D. Possible Answer It gives a synopsis of the history of the united states

**Solution:** (Answer B): The history commands gives a list of the previous commands by the user. The user can clear this.

- 2. Which of the following is not a proper Git command?
  - A. Possible Answer git status
  - B. Possible Answer git push origin master
  - C. Possible Answer git commit "This is my commit message"
  - D. Possible Answer git add .

**Solution:** (Answer C): When committing files using Git, you need to use "-m" for the message. I.e., git commit -m "This is my commit message".

- 3. Which two commands are used to transfer files between two machines using sftp?
  - A. Possible Answer get & post
  - B. Possible Answer move & pull
  - C. Possible Answer move & post
  - D. Possible Answer get & put

**Solution:** (Answer D): The "get" command copies a file from the remote host to the local machine. The "put" command copies a file from the local machine and puts it on the remote file system.

- 4. What is the proper way to begin bash script?
  - A. Possible Answer pound bang slash bin slash bash
  - B. Possible Answer bang bin slash bang slash bash

- C. Possible Answer bash pound slash bin slash bash
- D. Possible Answer bin slash bang slash bash

**Solution:** (Answer A): "pound bang slash bin slash bash" is the spelling out of "!/bin/bash" which is how you should begin every bash script.

## **Short Answer**

Give an example of how to make a short LaTeX document.

## Solution:

"\documentclass[12pt]{article}
\author{Francis Bell}
\title{LaTeX Example}
\begin{document}
\maketitle

This is how you make a .tex document.

\end{document}"