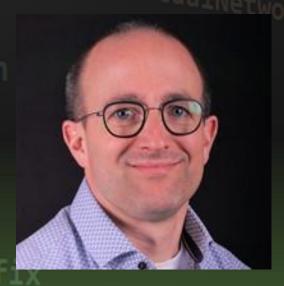


# Flexing your Infrastructure as Code muscles with Bicep Templates!





addressPrefixes:



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#### Agenda



**Azure Resource Manager & JSON** 

'Bicep' architecture

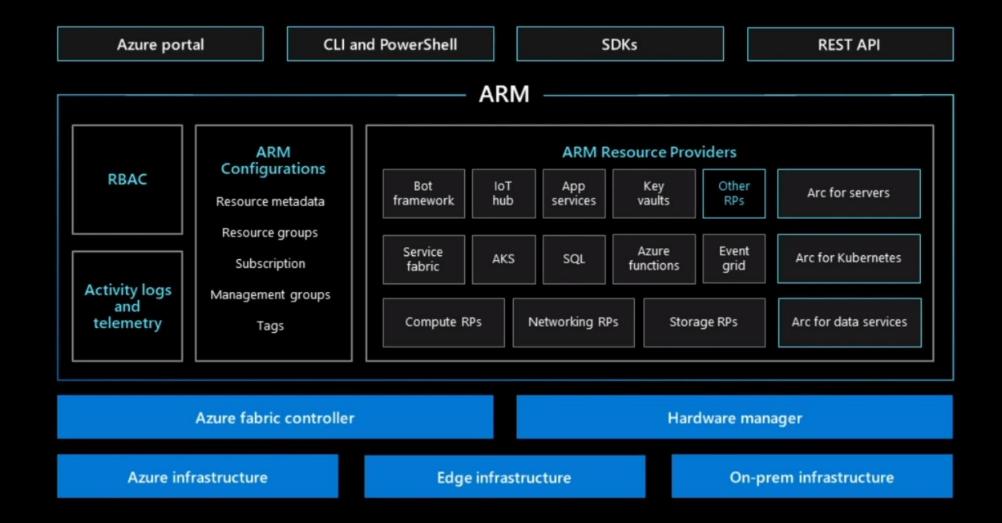
Bicep demos!



Bicep Roadmap & call to actions



### Azure Resource Manager





### ARM Template – Resources

ARM template documentation

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/templates/

Reference guide:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/templates/

Learning Path:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/paths/deploy-manage-resource-manager-templates/

Azure Quickstart Templates:

https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/templates/



### ARM Template – Automatic deployments

Deployment failed. Click here for details

#### Your deployment failed

Deployment name: ARM-WVDN Subscription:
Resource group: rg-wvd-infra

∧ Deployment details (Download)

#### Resource

- vmCreation-linkedTemplate-
- ✓ AVSet-linkedTemplate-
- ✓ Workspace-linkedTemplate-
- wvd-hp-demo-DAG
- wvd-hp-demo

Deployment failed. Click here for details

#### Your deployment failed

Deployment name: vmCreation-linkedTemplate-Subscription:

Resource group: rg-wvd-resources

Deployment details (Download)

Start time: 1/27/2021, 5:37:38 PM

Correlation ID: d26c3483-452c-462e-8838-8ba39d8490be

Resource	Туре	Status	Operation details
wvd-sh-0-nic	Microsoft.Network/	networkl BadRequest	Operation details
wvd-sh-1-nic	Microsoft.Network/	networkl BadRequest	Operation details
✓ NSG-linkedTempl	ate Microsoft.Resources	s/deploy OK	Operation details



### ARM Template – Automatic deployments

```
"$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
           "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
           "parameters": {
324
           "variables": {
346
           "resources": [
347
348
349
                   "apiVersion": "2018-05-01",
350
                  "name": "[concat('UpdateHostPool-', parameters('deploymentId'))]",
                   "type": "Microsoft.Resources/deployments",
351
                  "resourceGroup": "[parameters('hostpoolResourceGroup')]",
                  "condition": "[not(empty(parameters('hostpoolResourceGroup')))]",
                   "properties": {
354
369
370
403
404
                  "apiVersion": "2018-05-01",
405
                  "name": "[concat('vmCreation-linkedTemplate-', parameters('deploymentId'))]",
406
                  "resourceGroup": "[parameters('vmResourceGroup')]",
407
408
                   "dependsOn": [
                       "[concat('AVSet-linkedTemplate-', parameters('deploymentId'))]"
409
410
411
                   "type": "Microsoft.Resources/deployments",
                   "properties": {
412
522
523
524
525
           "outputs": {
526
               "rdshVmNamesObject": {
                  "value": "[variables('rdshVmNamesOutput')]",
527
528
                   "type": "object"
529
530
```

- 531 lines of code
- complex JSON formatting
- advanced options:
  - nested templates
  - linked templates





### What is 'Bicep'?



"..Bicep is a <u>Domain Specific Language</u> (DSL) for deploying Azure resources declaratively. It aims to <u>drastically simplify the authoring experience</u> with a cleaner syntax and better support for modularity and code re-use. Bicep is a transparent abstraction over ARM and ARM templates.



### 'Bicep'

Simple declarative language to provision infrastructure to Azure.

#### Intuitive

Easy to read and to author

#### Transpiles to ARM Templates

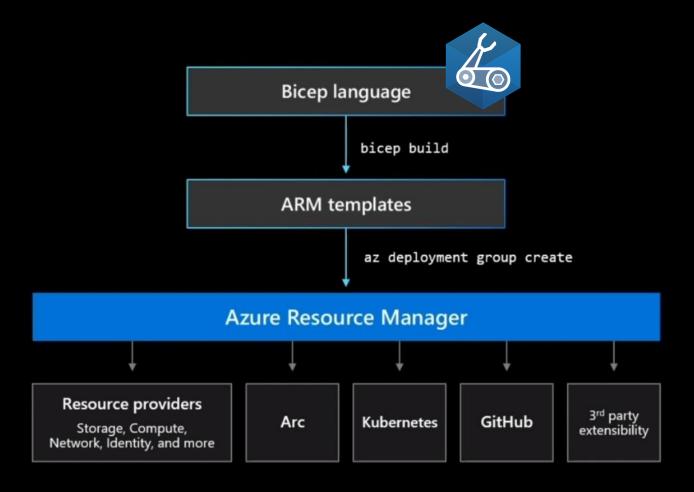
Leverage ARM template knowledge and investments

#### Modular

Abstract common blocks of code into reusable parts

#### **Open Source**

Transparency and community



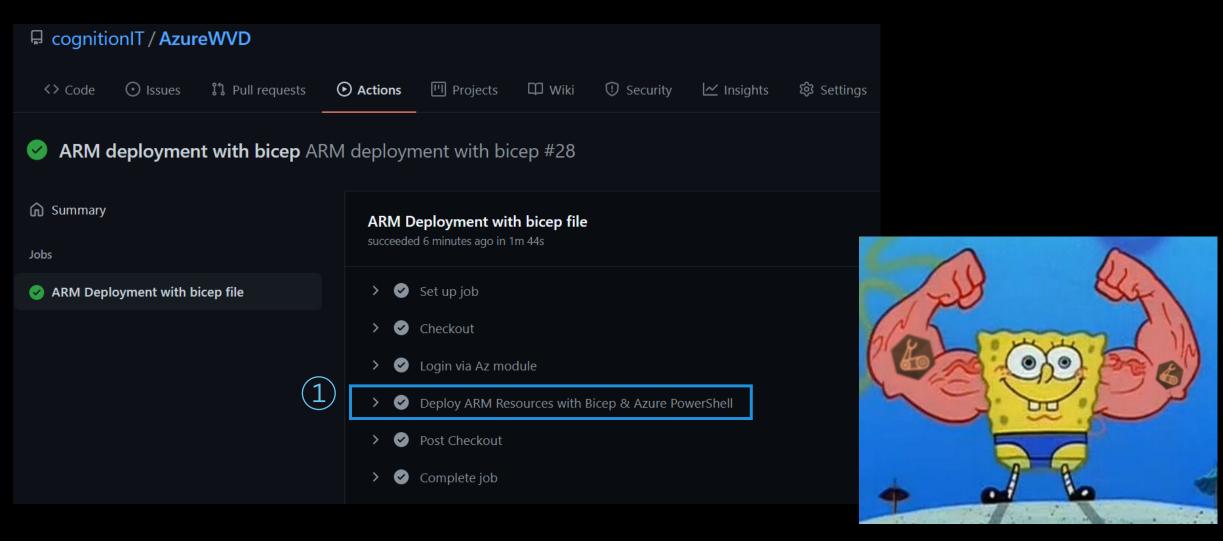


## Demo – Putting Bicep into Action!





### Demo - Putting Bicep into GitHub Action

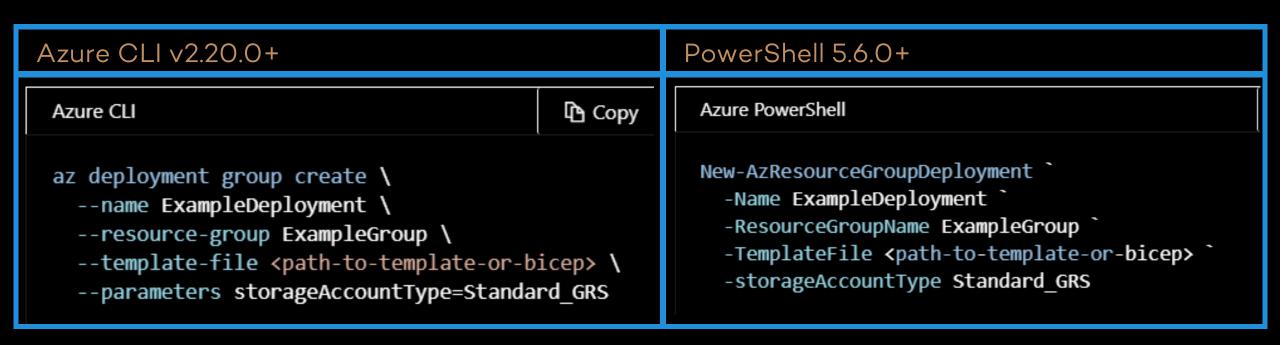




### Deploy local 'Bicep' files

Note: Currently, both Azure CLI and Azure PowerShell can only deploy local Bicep files.

Bicep CLI is needed locally to compile Bicep files to JSON templates before deployment.



Note: Azure CLI v2.20.0+ installs its own, self-contained version of Bicep CLI, which is not added to your PATH.

Note: Azure PowerShell does not have the capability to install the Bicep CLI <u>yet</u>. Azure PowerShell (v5.6.0+) expects that the Bicep CLI is already installed and available on the PATH.



### Tip: run Bicep on windows-latest agent

#### Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Datacenter

OS Version: 10.0.17763 Build 2061

• Image Version: 20210803.1

#### **Installed Software**

#### Language and Runtime

- Bash 4.4.23(1)-release
- Go 1.15.14
- Julia 1.6.2
- Node 14.17.4
- Perl 5.32.1
- PHP 8.0.9
- Python 3.7.9
- Ruby 2.5.9p229

#### **Package Management**

- Chocolatey 0.10.15
- NPM 6.14.14
- NuGet 5.10.0.7240

#### **Tools**

- 7zip 19.00
- azcopy 10.11.0
- Bicep 0.4.451
- Docker 20.10.6
- Docker-compose 1.29.2
- Git 2.32.0
- OpenSSL 1.1.1
- Packer 1.7.4

#### **CLI Tools**

- Azure CLI 2.27.0
- Azure DevOps CLI extension 0.18.0
- Cloud Foundry CLI 6.53.0
- GitHub CLI 1.13.1

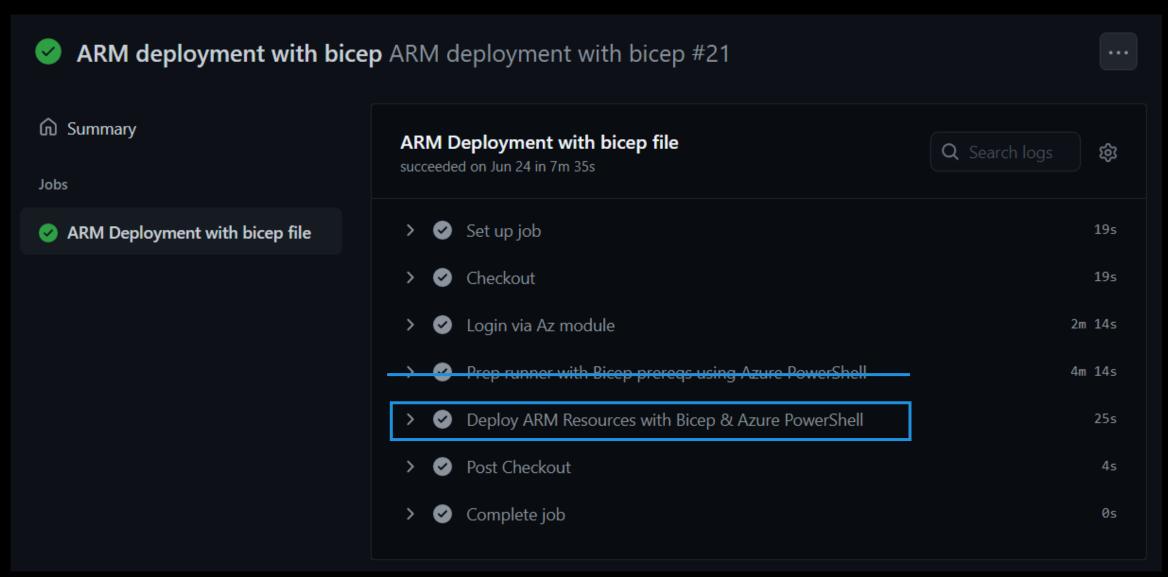
#### **PowerShell Tools**

• PowerShell 7.1.3

Azure Powershell Modules			
Module	Version		
Az	6.1.0		
Azure	5.3.0		
AzureRM	6131		



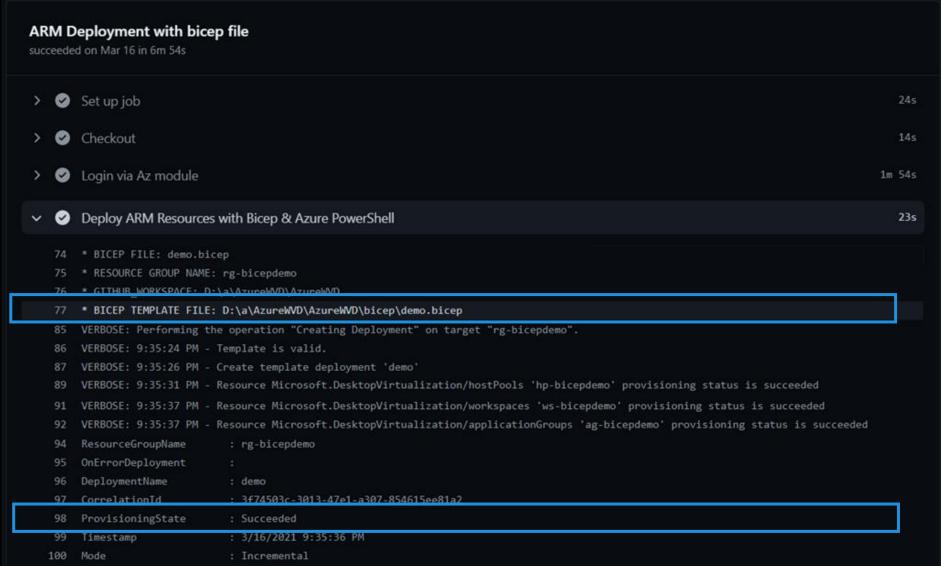
### Putting Bicep into GitHub Action



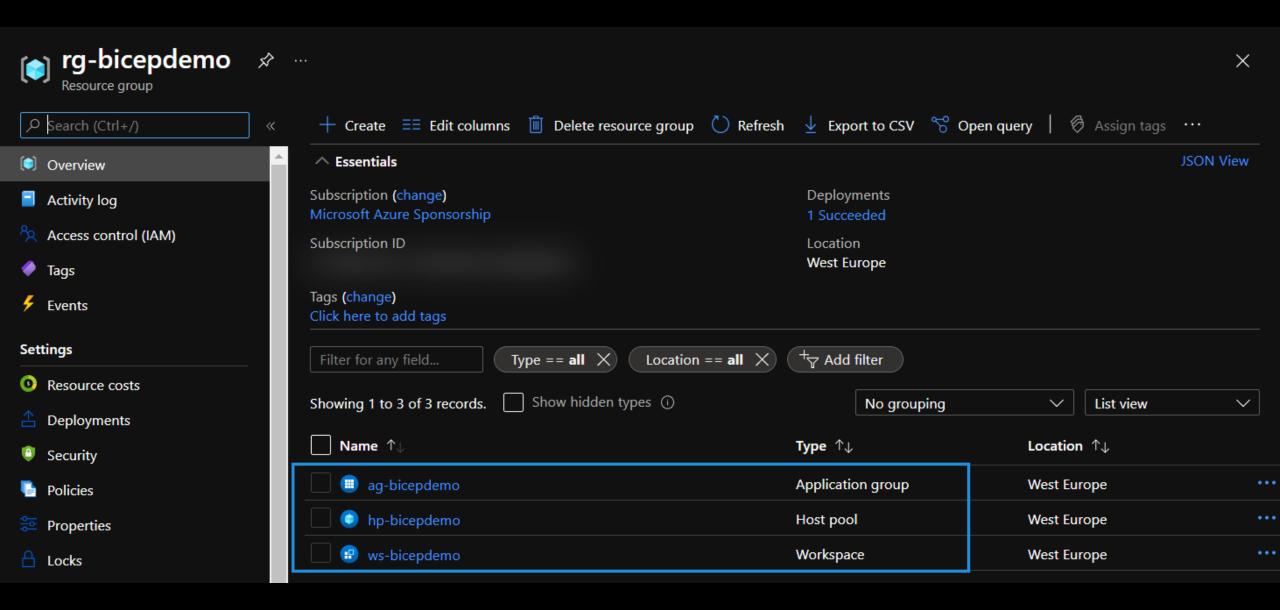


```
# Action = Azure PowerShell: Run inline script
# source: https://github.com/marketplace/actions/azure-powershell-action
- name: Deploy ARM Resources with Bicep & Azure PowerShell
 uses: azure/powershell@v1
 with:
    inlineScript:
      # Read the GitHub Actions variables
      [string]$githubWorkspace = "${{GITHUB.WORKSPACE}}"
      # Read the environment variables in PowerShell
      [string]$location = [System.Environment]::GetEnvironmentVariable('LOCATION')
      [string]$bicepFile = [System.Environment]::GetEnvironmentVariable('BICEP FILE')
      [string]$resourcegroupName = [System.Environment]::GetEnvironmentVariable('RESOURCE GROUP NAME')
      $namePostFix = $resourcegroupName.Replace("rg-","")
      ## Create a Template Parameter Object (hashtable)
      $objTemplateParameter = @{
        "location" = "$($location)";
        "workSpaceName" = "ws-$($namePostFix)";
        "hostpoolName" = "hp-$($namePostFix)";
        "appgroupName" = "ag-$($namePostFix)";
        "preferredAppGroupType" = "Desktop";
        "hostPoolType" = "pooled";
        "loadbalancertype" = "DepthFirst";
        "appgroupType" = "Desktop";
      # Location of the bicep file in the local checked-out repo
      $biceptemplateFile = [string]("$($githubWorkspace)" + "\bicep\" + "$($bicepFile)")
      ## Deploy resources based on bicep file for ARM Template
     New-AzResourceGroupDeployment -ResourceGroupName $resourcegroupName -TemplateFile $($biceptemplateFile) -TemplateParameterObject $objTemplateParameter
    azPSVersion: latest
```

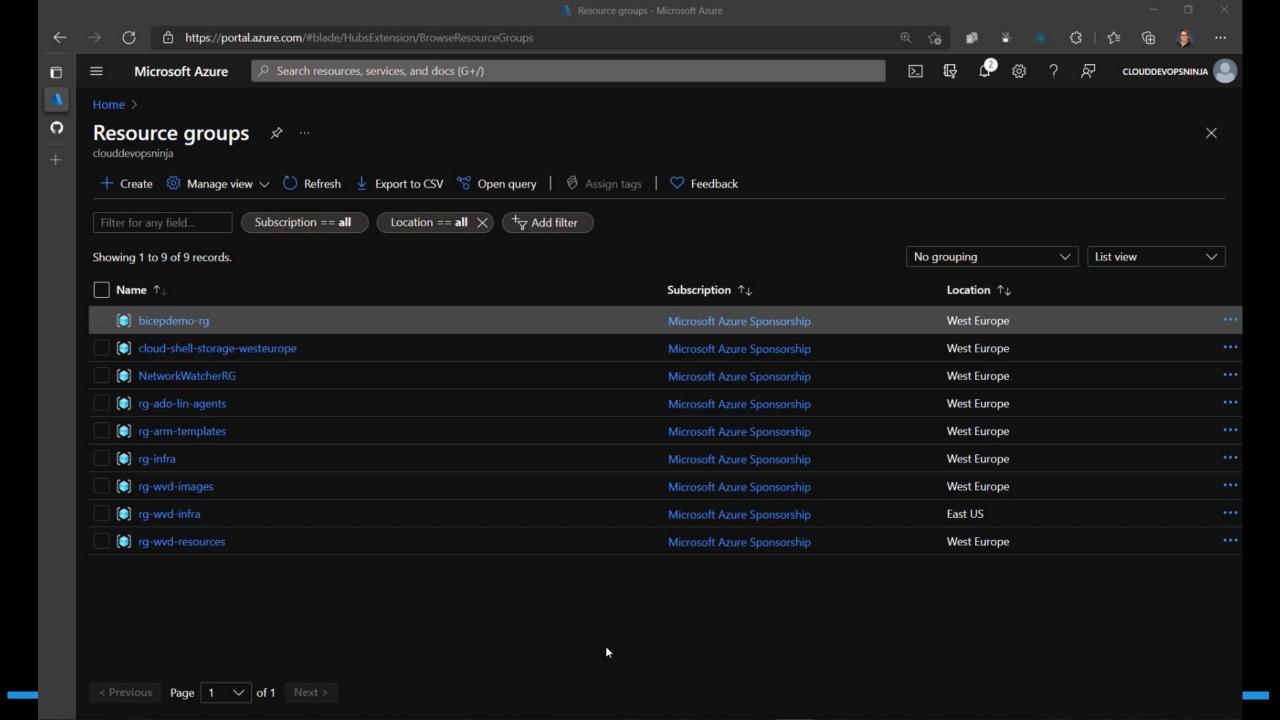
### Putting Bicep into GitHub Action











### Road map

Current release: CLI version 0.4.154

Or the nightly release for all dare devils! ©

(March '21)

- Conditionals

- Decompiler

- Production usage

- Loops

github.com/Azure/bicep/blob/main/docs/installing-nightly.md



Quality release

- Learn module

- Linter (TTK successor)

- Snippets & resource scaffolding

- Merging ARM Quickstarts & bicep

- IncludeFile() support

Module Registry

- Linter vNext

- Passing resource to module

- LoadTextContent(...)

Strict change policy

Separate type & core updates

cep Extensibility

preview

bha Release

available on August 31st

(Oct 20)

- VSCode

modules

Intellisense

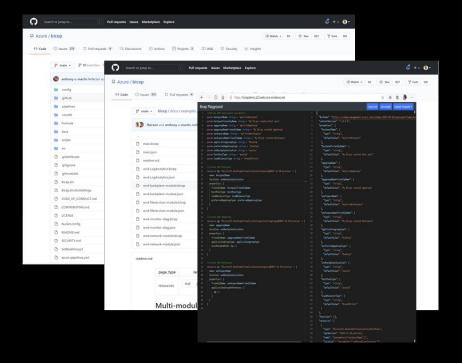
- Support for

Flexing your Infrastructure as Code muscles with Bicep Templates!

#### Call to actions:

Install guides, tutorials, example code & playgrounds!

#### aka.ms/bicep



#### Aka.ms/learnbicep

#### Introductory path The Deploy and manage resources in Azure by using Bicep learning path is the best place to start. It introduces you to the concept of infrastructure as code. The path takes you through the steps of building increasingly complex Bicep files. This path contains the following modules Introduction to This module describes the benefits of a Other modules infrastructure as code Manager, and Bicep to quickly and cor helps you determine the types of depk using Bicep deployment tool. In addition to the preceding path, the following modules contain Bicep content. Build your first Bicep In this module, you define Azure resou Learn module Description the consistency and reliability of your o required, and scale your deployments flexible and reusable by using paramet Manage changes to Learn how to use Git to support your Bicep development workflow by keeping track Ruild reusable Ricen This module describes how you can us your Bicep code by of the changes you make as you work. You'll find out how to commit files, view the templates by using for your template during each deployn history of the files you've changed, and how to use branches to develop multiple using Git decorators, which make your paramete versions of your code at the same time. You'll also learn how to use GitHub or Azure also learn about the different ways that protect them when you're working witl Repos to publish a repository so that you can collaborate with team members. Build flexible Bicep Learn how to use conditions to deploy templates by using are in place. Also learn how to use loop Publish libraries of Template specs enable you to reuse and share your ARM templates across your conditions and loops similar properties. reusable infrastructure organization. Learn how to create and publish template specs, and how to deploy code by using template them. You'll also learn how to manage template specs, including how to control Deploy child and This module shows how to deploy vari extension resources by Learn about child and extension resour access and how to safely update them by using versions. using Bicep within Bicep. Use Bicep to work with re template or module. Preview Azure This module teaches you how to preview your changes with the what-if operation. By Deploy resources to Deploy Azure resources at the subscrip deployment changes by using what-if, you can make sure your Bicep file only makes changes that you expect. scope. Learn what these resources are, using what-if management groups, and create Bicep code to deploy them. Also files that you can deploy across multip tenants by using Bicep Authenticate your Service principals enable your deployment pipelines to authenticate securely with Learn how to add custom steps to you Extend templates by using Azure. In this module, you'll learn what service principals are, how they work, and deployment scripts template (ARM template) by using dec Azure deployment pipeline by using how to create them. You'll also learn how to grant them permission to your Azure service principals resources so that your pipelines can deploy your Bicep files.









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